SQL PROJECT

1. List the names of all customers who live in Delhi.

```
A. CREATE TABLE Customers (
      CustomerID INT,
      Name TEXT,
      City TEXT,
      Age INT
    );
    INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, City, Age) VALUES
   (1, 'Alice', 'Delhi', 25),
    (2, 'Bob', 'Mumbai', 30),
    (3, 'Charlie', 'Bangalore', 28),
    (4, 'David', 'Delhi', 35),
    (5, 'Eve', 'Hyderabad', 22);
   SELECT Name
   FROM Customers
   WHERE City = 'Delhi';
OTPUT:
 Query #3 Execution time: 0.27ms
  Name
  Alice
  David
```

```
2 . Find all orders with amount greater than 2000.

A . CREATE TABLE Orders (
    OrderID INT,
    CustomerID INT,
    Amount INT,
    OrderDate DATE
);
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, Amount, OrderDate) VALUES (101, 1, 2500, '2024-12-01'), (102, 2, 1800, '2024-12-03'), (103, 1, 3200, '2025-01-15'),
```

```
(104, 3, 1500, '2025-02-10'),
(105, 4, 2700, '2025-03-12');
SELECT *
FROM Orders
WHERE Amount > 2000;
```

Query #0 Execution time. v.o mis

OrderID	CustomerID	Amount	OrderDate
101	1	2500	2024-12-01
103	1	3200	2025-01-15
105	4	2700	2025-03-12

3. How many customers are from each city?

A. DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Customers;

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (
CustomerID INTEGER,
Name TEXT,
City TEXT,
Age INTEGER
);
```

INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, City, Age) VALUES

(1, 'Alice', 'Delhi', 25),

(2, 'Bob', 'Mumbai', 30),

(3, 'Charlie', 'Bangalore', 28),

(4, 'David', 'Delhi', 35),

(5, 'Eve', 'Hyderabad', 22);

SELECT City, COUNT(*) AS TotalCustomers FROM Customers GROUP BY City;

OUTPUT:

City	TotalCustomers
Bangalore	1
Delhi	2
Hyderabad	1
Mumbai	1

```
4. What is the total amount spent by customer 'Alice'?
```

```
A. DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Customers;
CREATE TABLE Customers (
  CustomerID INTEGER,
  Name TEXT,
  City TEXT,
  Age INTEGER
);
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, City, Age) VALUES
(1, 'Alice', 'Delhi', 25),
(2, 'Bob', 'Mumbai', 30),
(3, 'Charlie', 'Bangalore', 28),
(4, 'David', 'Delhi', 35),
(5, 'Eve', 'Hyderabad', 22);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Orders;
CREATE TABLE Orders (
  OrderID INTEGER,
  CustomerID INTEGER,
  Amount INTEGER,
  OrderDate TEXT
);
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, Amount, OrderDate) VALUES
(101, 1, 2500, '2024-12-01'),
(102, 2, 1800, '2024-12-03'),
(103, 1, 3200, '2025-01-15'),
(104, 3, 1500, '2025-02-10'),
(105, 4, 2700, '2025-03-12');
```

SELECT c.Name, SUM(o.Amount) AS TotalAmount FROM Customers c JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID WHERE c.Name = 'Alice';

Name	TotalAmount
Alice	5700

```
5. List all customers who have placed at least one order?
A. DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Customers;
CREATE TABLE Customers (
  CustomerID INTEGER,
  Name TEXT,
  City TEXT,
  Age INTEGER
);
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, City, Age) VALUES
(1, 'Alice', 'Delhi', 25),
(2, 'Bob', 'Mumbai', 30),
(3, 'Charlie', 'Bangalore', 28),
(4, 'David', 'Delhi', 35),
(5, 'Eve', 'Hyderabad', 22);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Orders;
CREATE TABLE Orders (
  OrderID INTEGER,
  CustomerID INTEGER,
  Amount INTEGER,
  OrderDate TEXT
);
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, Amount, OrderDate) VALUES
(101, 1, 2500, '2024-12-01'),
(102, 2, 1800, '2024-12-03'),
(103, 1, 3200, '2025-01-15'),
(104, 3, 1500, '2025-02-10'),
(105, 4, 2700, '2025-03-12');
```

SELECT DISTINCT c.Name FROM Customers c JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID;

```
Name
Alice
Bob
Charlie
David
```

6. Get the average age of customers who have placed orders.

```
A. CREATE TABLE Customers (
  CustomerID INT,
  Name TEXT,
  City TEXT,
  Age INT
);
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, City, Age) VALUES
(1, 'Alice', 'Delhi', 25),
(2, 'Bob', 'Mumbai', 30),
(3, 'Charlie', 'Bangalore', 28),
(4, 'David', 'Delhi', 35),
(5, 'Eve', 'Hyderabad', 22);
CREATE TABLE Orders (
  OrderID INT,
  CustomerID INT,
  Product TEXT
);
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, Product) VALUES
(101, 1, 'Laptop'),
(102, 3, 'Phone'),
(103, 1, 'Mouse'),
(104, 2, 'Tablet');
SELECT C.Name
LEFT JOIN Orders O ON C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID
```

FROM Customers C

WHERE O.CustomerID IS NULL;

OUTPUT:

Name		
David		
Eve		

```
7. List customer names and their total number of orders.
A. Create Customers table
CREATE TABLE Customers (
  CustomerID INT,
  Name TEXT,
  City TEXT,
  Age INT
);
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, City, Age) VALUES
(1, 'Alice', 'Delhi', 25),
(2, 'Bob', 'Mumbai', 30),
(3, 'Charlie', 'Bangalore', 28),
(4, 'David', 'Delhi', 35),
(5, 'Eve', 'Hyderabad', 22);
CREATE TABLE Orders (
  OrderID INT,
  CustomerID INT,
  Product TEXT
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, Product) VALUES
(101, 1, 'Laptop'),
(102, 3, 'Phone'),
(103, 1, 'Mouse'),
(104, 2, 'Tablet');
SELECT DISTINCT C.Name, C.Age
FROM Customers C
JOIN Orders O ON C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID;
```

Output

Name	Age	
Alice	25	
Bob	30	
Charlie	28	