## Loan Calculator

CMSY-217, Fall 2011

The source code for this assignment must be submitted electronically using the Canvas course website no later than Thursday, December 15.

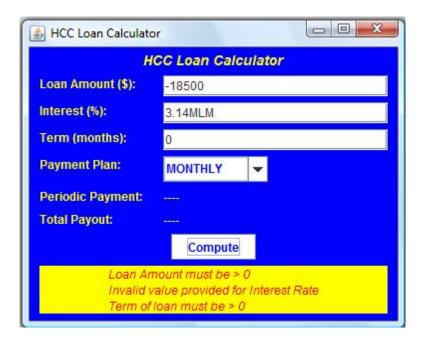
- Write a Java application called LoanCalculator which is a subclass of JFrame and implements an ActionListener interface. In addition to the main and actionPerformed methods, the LoanCalculator class will have one instance variable of type UserInterface and a no-argument constructor which initializes the UserInterface and adds it to the content pane of the LoanCalculator.
- 2. Write a Java class called UserInterface which is a subclass of JPanel and has the Swing components as shown in the figure below. You may use the GUI Builder in the NetBeans IDE to create this class or code it by hand using the techniques presented in Chapter 14 of the textbook.

H	CC Loan Calcula	ator
Loan Amount (\$):	15000	
Interest (%):	8	
Term (months):	60	
Payment Plan:	MONTHLY	•
Periodic Payment:	\$304.15	
Total Payout:	\$18248.75	
	Compute	

3. In the UserInterface class, provide getter methods which return a String for the three JTextField objects (loan amount, interest rate, and term) and a getter method which returns an int for the JComboBox (payment plan). Also provide setter methods which take a String for the two JLabel objects that will display the calculated monthly payment and total payout.

- 4. Write a class called Validator which has a four-argument constructor to set its instance variables three String objects (loan amount, interest rate, and term ) and an int (payment plan). When the user presses the compute button, a Validator object should be created which has a method to ensure that the loan parameters satisfy the following constraints
  - (a) A loan amount in dollars which must be a positive value and need not be an integral value
  - (b) An annual interest rate for the loan which must be a decimal between 0 and 100 (inclusive) so a four and a half percent interest rate will be input as 4.5 and not 0.045.
  - (c) The number of payments to be made over the course of a year which will be limited to the following options:
    - i. Monthly 12 payments per year
    - ii. Quarterly 4 payments per year
    - iii. Biannually 2 payments per year
    - iv. Annually 1 payment per year
  - (d) The term of the loan in months which must be a positive integer

If the parameter(s) are determined to be invalid, provide a useful error message for each invalid input as shown in the figure below.



5. Provide getter methods in the Validator class which return the loan amount, interest rate, number of payments per year, and term of the loan as a double.

6. Write a class called Formula which has methods to compute and return the periodic payment and total payout as a formatted String with two decimal places. Use the following equations to compute the periodic payment and total payout when given valid input parameters from the Validator object.

```
double p = loanAmount;
double r = interestRate;
double t = term;
double f = paymentPlan;

double m = 12 / f;
double i = Math.pow(1 + r/1200, m) - 1;
double v = 1 / (1 + i);
double n = t * f / 12;
double a = (1 - Math.pow(v,n)) / i;

double periodicPayment = p / a;
double totalPayout = n * periodicPayment;
```

- 7. Compile your project and package it as an executable JAR file. Write a JNLP file which allows you to deploy your project as a Java Web Start application. For more details on Java Web Start, please visit the following URL. http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/deployment/webstart/deploying.html
- 8. Reimplement you project as an applet by copying the LoanCalculator class as LoanCalculatorApplet and making it a subclass of JApplet instead of JFrame. For more details on Applets, please visit the following URL. http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/uiswing/components/applet.html