Final Exam

CMSY-199, Fall 2010

Circle the letter of the best response for each item.

1.	What	class is the root of the Java class hierarchy?
	(a)	java.Object
	(b)	java.lang.Object
	(c)	java.system.Object
	(d)	java.default.Object
2.	Which	of the following represents the is a relationship between classes?
	(a)	Inheritance
	(b)	Composition
	(c)	Dependency
	(d)	Realization
3.	Which	n of the following represents the $has\ a$ relationship between classes?
	(a)	Inheritance
	(b)	Composition
	(c)	Dependency
	(d)	Realization
4.		nechanism by which a superclass variable invokes an overriden method in a subsist called
	(a)	Abstraction
	(b)	Encapsulation
	(c)	Information Hiding
	(d)	Polymorphism
5.	Which	n of the following may not contain any method implementations?
	(a)	abstract class
	(b)	enum
	(c)	interface
	(d)	superclass

- 6. Which of the following is *not* a runtime exception thrown by the JVM?
 - (a) ClassCastException
 - (b) NullPointerException
 - (c) SemicolonMissingException
 - (d) ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
- 7. The size (in bits) of the primitive char type in Java is
 - (a) 8
 - (b) 16
 - (c) 32
 - (d) 64
- 8. What character encoding set does Java use to represent characters?
 - (a) ASCII
 - (b) EBCDIC
 - (c) Unicode
 - (d) UTF-8
- 9. A car dealership needs a program to store information about the cars for sale. For each car, they want to keep track of the following information: number of doors (2 or 4), whether the car has air conditioning, and its average number of miles per gallon. Which of the following is the best design?
 - (a) Use one class, Car, which has three data fields: int numDoors, boolean hasAir, and double milesPerGallon.
 - (b) Use four unrelated classes: Car, Doors, AirConditioning, and MilesPerGallon.
 - (c) Use a class Car which has three subclasses: Doors, AirConditioning, and MilesPerGallon.
 - (d) Use a class Car, which has a subclass Doors, with a subclass AirConditioning, with a subclass MilesPerGallon.
 - (e) Use three classes: Doors, AirConditioning, and MilesPerGallon, each with subclass Car.

10. Consider the following Java classes: public class DavidBanner public DavidBanner() { System.out.println("Mr. McGee, don't make me angry."); } public void speak() System.out.println("You wouldn't like me when I'm angry."); } } public class IncredibleHulk extends DavidBanner public void speak() { System.out.println("Roar!"); } What is the output produced by the following statements? DavidBanner david = new IncredibleHulk(); david.speak(); (a) Mr. McGee, don't make me angry. You wouldn't like me when I'm angry. (b) Mr. McGee, don't make me angry. Roar! (c) You wouldn't like me when I'm angry. (d) Roar! 11. All subclasses of which class are considered unchecked exceptions? (a) Throwable (b) Exception (c) Error

(d)

RuntimeException

- 12. Which of the following is *not* one of the three stream objects associated with devices that Java creates when a program begins executing?
 - (a) System.in
 - (b) System.out
 - (c) System.err
 - (d) System.exit
- 13. What class from the javax.swing class is often extended to produce the top-level window of a GUI-based desktop application?
 - (a) JApplet
 - (b) JFrame
 - (c) JPanel
 - (d) JTextField
- 14. Given the following two constructors for the Complex class:

```
public Complex(double r, double i)
{
    this.real = r;
    this.imaginary = i;
}

public Complex()
{
    /* Insert line of code here */
}
```

Which line of code could be inserted into the no argument constructor to make it create a Complex object with the real part and imaginary part both equal to 0?

- (a) this();
- (b) this(0,0);
- (c) super(0,0);
- (d) return new Complex(0,0);
- 15. What type of relationship exists when a class must implement the behavior specified in another abstract class or interface?
 - (a) Inheritance
 - (b) Composition
 - (c) Dependency
 - (d) Realization

16. The BasePlusCommissionEmployee class is to be rewritten using an inheritance relationship rather than composition.

```
public class BasePlusCommissionEmployee
{
   private CommissionEmployee commissionEmployee;
   private double baseSalary;
   public BasePlusCommissionEmployee(String first, String last, String ssn,
      double sales, double rate, double salary)
   {
      commissionEmployee = new CommissionEmployee(first, last, ssn, sales, rate)
      baseSalary = salary;
   }
}
public class BasePlusCommissionEmployee extends CommissionEmployee
   private double baseSalary;
   public BasePlusCommissionEmployee(String first, String last, String ssn,
      double sales, double rate, double salary)
      /* Insert line of code here */
      baseSalary = salary;
   }
}
```

Which line of code should be inserted to complete the rewritten six-argument constructor?

- (a) this();
- (b) this(first, last, ssn, sales, rate);
- (c) super(first, last, ssn, sales, rate);
- (d) return new CommissionEmployee(first, last, ssn, sales, rate);
- 17. What type of relationship exists between the classes Chocolate, PeanutButter, and ReesesCup given the following method header from the ReesesCup class? public ReesesCup combine(Chocolate c, PeanutButter pb)
 - (a) Inheritance
 - (b) Composition
 - (c) Dependency
 - (d) Realization

18. Consider the following Java class:

```
1 public abstract class Art
 2 {
 3
      public String name;
 4
      public double value;
 5
 6
      public String toString()
 7
 8
         return String.format("name=%s value=%s ",name,value);
9
      }
10
11
      public static void main(String args[])
12
13
         Art pollock = new Art();
14
         pollock.name = "No. 5, 1948";
15
         pollock.value = 1.518E8;
16
         System.out.println(pollock);
17
      }
18 }
```

What is the output when the class is compiled and run?

- (a) name=No. 5, 1948 value=1.518E8
- (b) Compilation error on line 6
- (c) Compilation error on line 13
- (d) An exception is thrown at runtime
- 19. What must be done to prevent classes which implement the following interface from modifying the values of its fields?

```
public interface PhysicalConstant
{
    public double SPEED_OF_LIGHT = 2.99792458e8;
    public double IDEAL_GAS_CONSTANT = 8.314472;
    public double PLANCKS_CONSTANT = 6.62606896e-34;
    public double AVOGADROS_NUMBER = 6.0221415e23;
}
```

- (a) Add the modifier final to each field declaration
- (b) Add the modifier static to each field declaration
- (c) Add the modifiers final and static and to each field declaration
- (d) Nothing needs to be done

20. Consider the following Java class:

```
import java.io.*;

public class ExceptionCatcher
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        String filename = "Foo.java";
        try
        {
            FileReader foo = new FileReader(filename);
        }
        catch(Exception e)
        {
                System.out.println("An exception has occurred.");
        }
        catch(FileNotFoundException fnfe)
        {
                System.out.println("The file " + filename + " cannot be found.");
        }
    }
}
```

If the file Foo.java does not exist, what is the output when the class is compiled and run?

- (a) The file Foo.java cannot be found.
- (b) An exception has occurred.
- (c) Compilation error
- (d) An exception is thrown at runtime
- 21. Which of the following has the items in the correct order for a valid Java source code file?
 - (a) import declarations, package declaration, class declarations
 - (b) package declaration, import declarations, class declarations
 - (c) package declaration, class declarations, import declarations
 - (d) class declarations, package declaration, import declarations

22. Given the following Java classes which are already compiled and in the classpath:

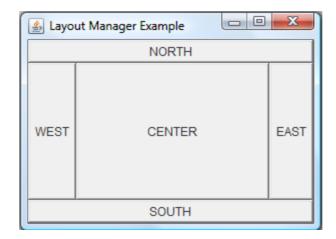
```
package car.japan;
public class Honda
   public static void printSlogan()
      System.out.println("Honda: The Power of Dreams");
   }
}
package car.germany;
public class Volkswagen
   public static void printSlogan()
      System.out.println("Volkswagen: Das Auto");
}
What is the output when the following application is compiled and run?
 1 import car.japan.*;
 2 import car.germany.*;
 4 public class Automobile
 5 {
 6
      public static void main(String args[])
 7
 8
         Honda.printSlogan();
         Volkswagen.printSlogan();
 9
10
11 }
(a)
      Honda: The Power of Dreams
      Volkswagen: Das Auto
 (b)
      Compilation error on line 1
 (c)
      Compilation error on line 8
 (d)
      An exception is thrown at runtime
```

23. Given the following Java class which is already compiled and in the classpath:

```
package cigar.cuba;
class Cohiba
   public String toString()
      return new String("Handmade from the finest tobacco available in Cuba");
   }
}
What may be done to make the following application compile and run?
import cigar.cuba.Cohiba;
public class CigarAficionado
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
      System.out.println(new Cohiba());
}
```

- (a) Nothing needs to be done to make the application compile and run
- (b) Move the CigarAficionado class to the cigar package
- (c) Make the CigarAficionado class a subclass of the Cohiba class
- (d)Change the access modifier of the Cohiba class
- 24. What interface can be implemented to allow for event-handling capabilities to be associated with a JButton?
 - (a) ActionEvent
 - (b) ActionListener
 - (c) actionPerformed
 - (d) ActiontHandler
- 25. The process by which an entire object may be written to or read from a file is called
 - (a) Abstraction
 - Encapsulation (b)
 - (c) Realization
 - Serialization (d)

26. Which layout manager is depicted in the following figure?



- (a) BorderLayout
- (b) FlowLayout
- (c) GridLayout
- (d) DefaultLayout
- 27. Which layout manager is depicted in the following figure?

<u></u> Anot	Another Layout Manager		
(0,0)	(0,1)	(0,2)	
(1,0)	(1,1)	(1,2)	
(2,0)	(2,1)	(2,2)	
(3,0)	(3,1)	(3,2)	

- (a) BorderLayout
- (b) FlowLayout
- (c) GridLayout
- (d) DefaultLayout

28. Consider the following Java class:

```
package animal.mammal.marine;

public class Whale
{
    protected String getMantra()
    {
       return "Save the Whales";
    }
}
```

From which of the following can a method not access the getMantra method

- (a) Inside the Whale class
- (b) A subclass of the Whale class
- (c) A class in the animal.mammal.marine package
- (d) A class in the default package which doesn't extend the Whale class
- 29. What is the output when the following Java class is compiled and run?

```
1 public class FrayedKnot extends String
 2 {
 3
      public void setCharAt(int i, char c)
 4
 5
         this.charAt(i) = c;
 6
      }
 7
8
      public static void main(String args[])
9
         FrayedKnot f = new FrayedKnot("I'm afraid not.");
10
11
         f.setCharAt(14, '!');
12
         System.out.println(f);
13
      }
14 }
```

- (a) I'm afraid not!
- (b) Compilation error on line 1
- (c) Compilation error on line 11
- (d) An exception is thrown at runtime

30. Given the following Java class:

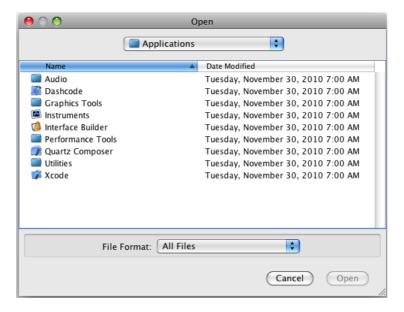
```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class TextFileReader
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try
        {
             /* Insert line of code here */
             Scanner s = new Scanner(f);
             while(s.hasNext()) System.out.println(s.nextLine());
        }
        catch(IOException ioe)
        {
             ioe.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

Which line of code could be inserted in order to read input from the file textfile.txt?

- (a) File f = new File("textfile.txt");
- (b) FileInputStream f = new FileInputStream("textfile.txt");
- (c) FileReader f = new FileReader("textfile.txt");
- (d) All of the above
- 31. Which modifier can be used to cause a member variable to be ignored during the serialization process?
 - (a) abstract
 - (b) protected
 - (c) static
 - (d) transient
- 32. What class can be used to output data to any text-based stream?
 - (a) Formatter
 - (b) Outputter
 - (c) Scanner
 - (d) Streamer

33. What Swing component is shown in the following figure?



- (a) JFileReader
- (b) JFileInputStream
- (c) JFileChooser
- (d) JFileOpener
- 34. What is the output when the following Java class is compiled and run?

```
import java.io.*;

public class IdentityVerifier
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        String s = new String("id");
        if (s instanceof Object) System.out.println("s is an Object");
        if (s instanceof Serializable) System.out.println("s is Serializable");
    }
}
```

- (a) s is an Object s is Serializable
- (b) s is Serializable
- (c) Compilation error
- (d) An exception is thrown at runtime

35. What is the output when the following Java class is compiled and run? import java.io.*; public class CornFlakes implements Serializable public static void main(String args[]) try { CornFlakes firstBowl = new CornFlakes(); Object secondBowl = firstBowl.cerealize(); System.out.printf("%s %s %n",firstBowl.getClass().getName(), secondBowl.getClass().getName()); } catch(Exception e) e.printStackTrace(); } } public Object cerealize() throws Exception { ObjectOutputStream output = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream("breakfast.ser")); output.writeObject(this); ObjectInputStream input = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream("breakfast.ser")); return input.readObject(); } }

- (a) CornFlakes Object
- (b) CornFlakes CornFlakes
- (c) Object CornFlakes
- (d) Object Object

36. Given the following Java classes which are already compiled and in the classpath:

```
public abstract class Dog
   public void speak()
   {
      System.out.println("Bark ");
   }
public class Achilles extends Dog
   public void speak()
      System.out.print("RUFF ");
   }
}
public class Chloe extends Dog
   public void speak()
      System.out.print("woof ");
}
What is the output when the following application is compiled and run?
public class DogSpeak
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
      Dog pets[] = new Dog[2];
      pets[0] = new Achilles();
      pets[1] = new Chloe();
      for (Dog d : pets) d.speak();
   }
}
 (a)
      Bark Bark
     RUFF woof
 (b)
 (c)
      Compilation error
 (d)
      An exception is thrown at runtime
```

37. What is the output when the following Java classes are compiled and the Simulation application is run?

```
public class Simulation
   public static void main(String args[])
      Building b = new Building();
      System.out.println("Building with 4 elevators created");
}
public class Building
   Elevator elevators[];
   public Building()
      elevators = new Elevator[4];
      for (int i=0; i < 4; i++)
         elevators[i].setFloor(0);
      System.out.println("Elevators have been initialized");
   }
}
public class Elevator
   private int floor;
   public void setFloor(int floor)
   {
      this.floor = floor;
   }
   public int getFloor()
      return this.floor;
}
```

- (a) Elevators have been initialized
- (b) Elevators have been initialized Building with 4 elevators created
- (c) Compilation error
- (d) An exception is thrown at runtime

38. The following Java classes do not compile and run:

```
public class FootballTeam
   private String city;
   public FootballTeam(String city)
      this.city = city;
   }
   /* Insert line of code here */
   public static void main(String args[])
      FootballTeam winners = new Steelers();
      FootballTeam losers = new Ravens();
      System.out.println("Steelers vs. Ravens - 12/05/2010");
      System.out.println("Winners = " + winners.getClass().getName());
      System.out.println("Losers = " + losers.getClass().getName());
   }
}
public class Steelers extends FootballTeam
}
public class Ravens extends FootballTeam
{
}
Which line of code could be inserted to make them compile and run?
(a) public this(){}
 (b) public super(){}
 (c) public FootballTeam()\{\}
 (d) public void FootballTeam(){}
```

```
39. What is the output when the following Java class is compiled and run?
   public class DivideByZero
      public static void main(String args[])
          System.out.println("100 divided by 0 = " + (100/0));
      }
   }
    (a)
          100 divided by 0 = 0
    (b)
          100 divided by 0 = Infinity
    (c)
         Compilation error
         An exception is thrown at runtime
    (d)
40. Given the following Java class:
   public class TheEnd
      public static void main(String args[])
          /* Insert line of code here */
      }
      public void finish()
          System.out.println("Congratulations! You have finished the exam.");
      }
   }
   Which line of code could be inserted to call the finish method?
    (a)
          finish();
    (b)
         this.finish();
    (c)
         TheEnd.finish();
```

(d) None of the above