

# Homework 5

CMSY-199, Fall 2010

The source code and sample output for this assignment must be submitted electronically using the CE6 course website prior to the start of class on Monday, November 22.

1. Write a class called `Calculator` which *is a* `JFrame` from the `javax.swing` package.
2. Make the `Calculator` class a Java application by adding a `main` method with a single line of code that creates an instance of the `Calculator` class called `c`.
3. In addition to the `main` function, the `Calculator` class *has* 22 member variables, a no-argument constructor, and a method called `makeButton` which takes a `String` argument and returns a  `JButton`. The 22 member variables consist of:
  - (a) A  `JTextField` for the display.
  - (b) A  `JPanel` container to hold the buttons.
  - (c) Twenty  `JButton` objects for:
    - i. The numbers 0-9.
    - ii. The arithmetic operators plus, minus, times, and divided by.
    - iii. The clear display and plus/minus toggle operation.
    - iv. The equals operation and the decimal point.
    - v. The store to memory and the recall from memory operations.
4. Write code in the no-argument constructor to:
  - (a) Call the constructor of the superclass with the argument `"Calculator"`.
  - (b) Set the default close operation to exit on close.
  - (c) Set the width and height to 300 pixels.
  - (d) Set the resizable property to false.
  - (e) Initialize the display to `12345`.
  - (f) Set the horizontal alignment of the display to the right.
  - (g) Set the font of the display to 48 point Courier Bold.
  - (h) Set the focusable property of the display to false.
  - (i) Create a  `GridLayout` object with 5 rows and 4 columns.
  - (j) Set the horizontal and vertical gaps of the layout to 5 pixels.
  - (k) Initialize the  `JPanel` which will hold the buttons with the layout.

- (l) Call the `makeButton` function to initialize the twenty buttons as shown in the figure below.
  - (m) Add the display to the calculator at the north field of a `BorderLayout`.
  - (n) Add the buttons to the calculator at the center field of a `BorderLayout`.
  - (o) Set the visible property of the calculator to true.
5. Write code in the `makeButton` method to:
- (a) Create a `JButton` with the text from the `String` argument.
  - (b) Set the font of the button to 18 point Courier Bold.
  - (c) Set the focusable property of the button to false.
  - (d) Add the button to the `JPanel` containing the buttons.
  - (e) Return the button to the caller.

