- SELECT customer_id, COUNT(*) AS num_accounts FROM accounts GROUP BY customer_id HAVING COUNT(*) > 2;
- 2. SELECT * FROM accounts ORDER BY balance DESC LIMIT 5;
- 3. SELECT account_type, COUNT(*) FROM accounts GROUP BY account_type;
- 4. SELECT account id,

SUM(CASE WHEN transaction_type = 'Credit' THEN amount ELSE 0 END) AS total_credit, SUM(CASE WHEN transaction_type = 'Debit' THEN amount ELSE 0 END) AS total_debit FROM transactions

GROUP BY account id;

5. SELECT DISTINCT l.customer_id

FROM loans I

WHERE I.customer_id NOT IN (SELECT customer_id FROM accounts);

SELECT loan_type, AVG(loan_amount) AS avg_loan FROM loans

GROUP BY loan_type;

7. SELECT a.customer_id, COUNT(t.transaction_id) AS txn_count

FROM transactions t

JOIN accounts a ON t.account_id = a.account_id

GROUP BY a.customer_id

HAVING COUNT(t.transaction_id) > 10;

8. SELECT customer_id, SUM(balance) AS total_balance

FROM accounts

GROUP BY customer id

HAVING SUM(balance) > 500000;

9. SELECT DISTINCT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name

FROM customers c

JOIN accounts a ON c.customer_id = a.customer_id

JOIN loans I ON c.customer_id = I.customer_id;

10. SELECT * FROM accounts WHERE opened_date < '2022-01-01';