NAME: MANI GARG ROLL NO:102003470 BATCH:2CO19

EXPERIMENT-5

GAUSS-SEIDEL QUESTION:

ASSIGMENT QUES:

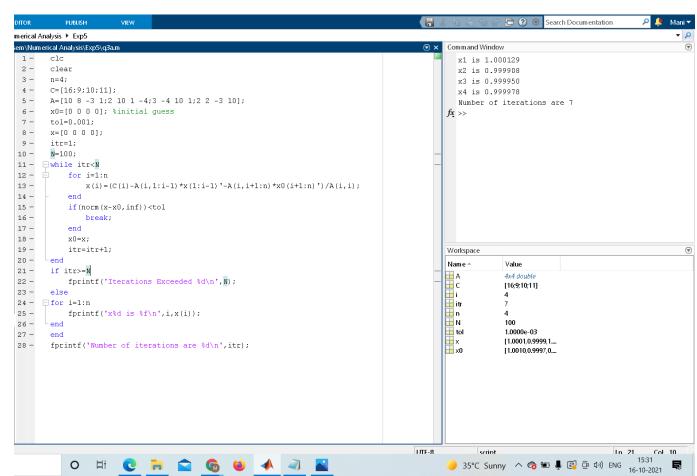
Q3

3. Use Gauss Seidel method and SOR method with w = 1.2 to find the solution of the following linear systems with an initial vector [0,0,0,0] and tolerance value 10^{-3} in the $\|.\|_{\infty}$ norm:

(a)
$$10x + 8y - 3z + u = 16$$
$$2x + 10y + z - 4u = 9$$
$$3x - 4y + 10z + u = 10$$
$$2x + 2y - 3z + 10u = 11$$

(b)
$$4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = -2$$
$$x_1 + 4x_2 - x_3 - x_4 = -1$$
$$-x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 + x_4 = 0$$
$$x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 = 1$$

ANS3(a)



```
clc
clear
n=4;
C=[16;9;10;11];
A=[10 8 -3 1;2 10 1 -4;3 -4 10 1;2 2 -3 10];
x0=[0 0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0 0 0 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')/A(i,i);
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
if itr>=N
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

ANS3(b)

```
🕒 😗 💿 Search Documentation
merical Analysis 🕨 Exp5
sem\Numerical Analysis\Exp5\Q3bGS.m
                                                                                                                                                           x1 is -0.753176
             clear
                                                                                                                                                                       x3 is -0.280705
           C=[-2;-1;0;1];
A=[4 1 -1 1;1 4 -1 -1;-1 -1 5 1;1 -1 1 3];
                                                                                                                                                                      x4 is 0.691630
                                                                                                                                                                      Number of iterations are 8
 6 -
7 -
8 -
9 -
            x0=[0 0 0 0]; %initial guess tol=0.001;
            x=[0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0];
            itr=1;
9- itr=1;

10- N=100;

11- while itr<N

12- for i=1:

13- x(i)
                   \stackrel{-}{x}\stackrel{\cdot}{(i)}=\left(C\left(i\right)-A\left(i,1\colon i-1\right)\star_{X}\left(1\colon i-1\right)\;'-A\left(i,i+1\colon n\right)\star_{X}0\left(i+1\colon n\right)\;'\right)/A\left(i,i\right); end
14 -
15 -
16 -
17 -
18 -
                 break;
                   if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol</pre>
                  x0=x;
19 -
20 - end
                  itr=itr+1;
                                                                                                                                                                   Workspace
                                                                                                                                                                   Name
20 - end

21 - if itr>=N

22 - fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %c

23 - else

24 - ⊖ for i=1:n

25 - fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));

26 - end
                                                                                                                                                                                        4x4 double
[-2;-1;0;1]
                                                                                                                                                                 A
C
i
itr
n
N
tol
                  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %dn',N);
                                                                                                                                                                                        4
100
1.0000e-03
[-0.7532,0.0410,-...
27 -
           fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
                                                                                                                                                                                        [-0.7527,0.0409,-...
```

```
clc
clear
n=4;
C=[-2;-1;0;1];
A=[4 1 -1 1;1 4 -1 -1;-1 -1 5 1;1 -1 1 3];
x0=[0 0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0 0 0 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')/A(i,i);
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
if itr>=N
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

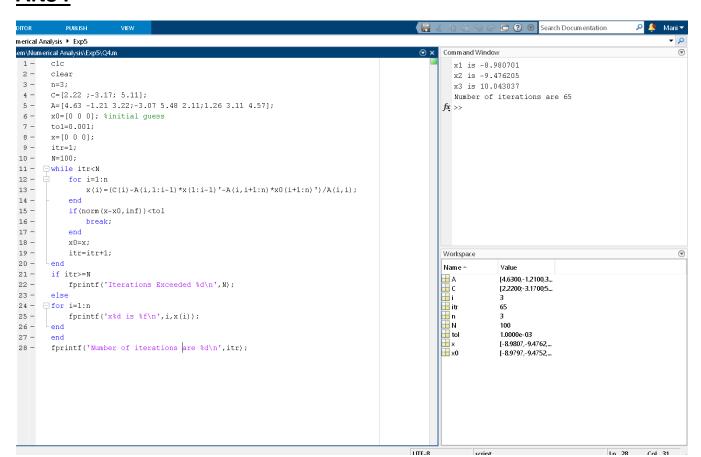
Q4

4. Use Gauss Seidel method to solve the following linear system with an initial vector [0,0,0] and tolerance value 10^{-3} in the $\|.\|_{\infty}$ norm:

$$4.63x_1 - 1.21x_2 + 3.22 x_3 = 2.22$$

 $-3.07x_1 + 5.48x_2 + 2.11x_3 = -3.17$
 $1.26x_1 + 3.11x_2 + 4.57x_3 = 5.11$

ANS4



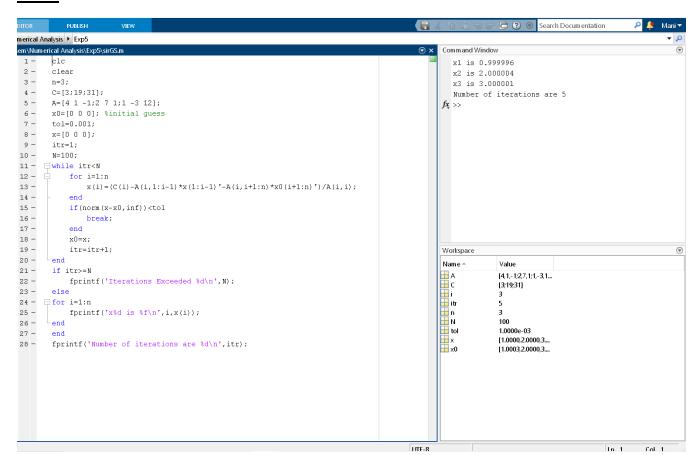
```
clc
clear
n=3;
C=[2.22;-3.17; 5.11];
A=[4.63 -1.21 3.22;-3.07 5.48 2.11;1.26 3.11 4.57];
x0=[0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0\ 0\ 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')/A(i,i);
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
if itr>=N
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

EXTRA QUES (GIVEN BY SIR IN LAB):

Example 5. Use the Gauss-Seidel method to approximate the solution of the following system:

```
4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 3
2x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 = 19
x_1 - 3x_2 + 12x_3 = 31.
```

ANS



```
clc
clear
n=3;
C=[3;19;31];
A=[4 1 -1;2 7 1;1 -3 12];
x0=[0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0\ 0\ 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')/A(i,i);
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol</pre>
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
if itr>=N
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

SOR QUESTION:

ASSIGMENT QUES:

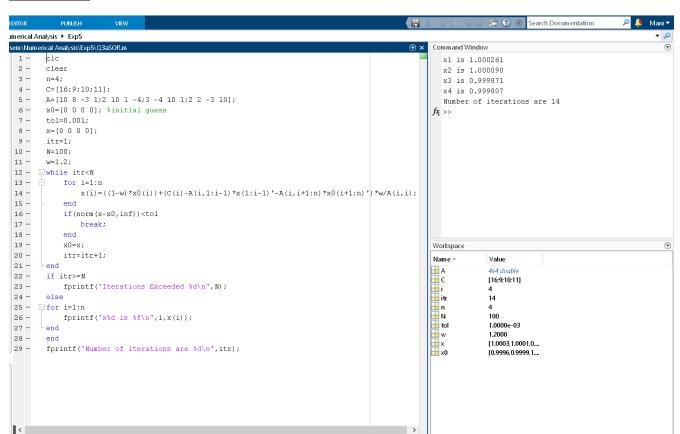
<u>Q3</u>

3. Use Gauss Seidel method and SOR method with w = 1.2 to find the solution of the following linear systems with an initial vector [0,0,0,0] and tolerance value 10^{-3} in the $\|.\|_{\infty}$ norm:

(a)
$$10x + 8y - 3z + u = 16$$
$$2x + 10y + z - 4u = 9$$
$$3x - 4y + 10z + u = 10$$
$$2x + 2y - 3z + 10u = 11$$

(b)
$$4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = -2$$
$$x_1 + 4x_2 - x_3 - x_4 = -1$$
$$-x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 + x_4 = 0$$
$$x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 = 1$$

ANS3(a)



```
clc
clear
n=4;
C=[16;9;10;11];
A=[10 8 -3 1;2 10 1 -4;3 -4 10 1;2 2 -3 10];
x0=[0 0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0 0 0 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
w=1.2;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=((1-w)*x0(i))+(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')*w/A(i,i);
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol</pre>
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
if itr>=N
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

ANS3(b)

```
umerical Analysis 🕨 Exp5
sem\Numerical Analysis\Exp5\Q3bSOR.n
                                                                                                                        Command Window
 1 -
2 -
3 -
                                                                                                                           x1 is -0.753090
x2 is 0.041173
          clear
                                                                                                                           x3 is -0.280748
x4 is 0.691635
         n=4;
4 -
5 -
6 -
7 -
8 -
9 -
10 -
        A=[4 1 -1 1;1 4 -1 -1;-1 -1 5 1;1 -1 1 3];
x0=[0 0 0 0]; %initial guess
         tol=0.001;
         x=[0 0 0 0];
         itr=1;
         N=100;
11 - w=1.2;

12 - while itr<N

13 - for i=1:
             14 -
15 -
16 -
17 -
              if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol</pre>
                  break;
              end
19 -
              x0=x;
                                                                                                                         Workspace
20 -
             itr=itr+1;
                                                                                                                                         4x4 double
[-2;-1;0;1]
22 -
23 -
        if itr>=N
              fprintf('Iterations Exceeded d\n', N);
24 -
25 - for i=1:n

26 - fprintf('x*d is *f\n',i,x(i));

27 - end
                                                                                                                                         100
1.0000e-03
                                                                                                                        tol
                                                                                                                                        1.2000
[-0.7531,0.0412,-...
[-0.7540,0.0404,-...
28 -
29 -
         fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

LITE-8

Col 1

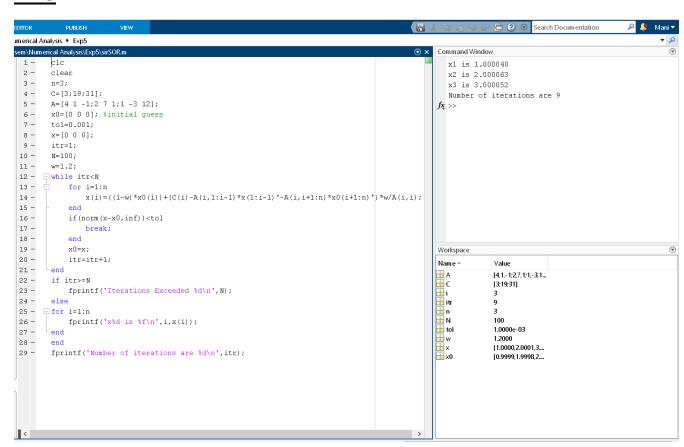
```
clc
clear
n=4;
C=[-2;-1;0;1];
A=[41-11;14-1-1;-1-151;1-113];
x0=[0 0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0 0 0 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
w=1.2;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=((1-w)*x0(i))+(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')*w/A(i,i);
  end
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```

EXTRA QUES (GIVEN BY SIR IN LAB):

Example 5. Use the Gauss-Seidel method to approximate the solution of the following system:

```
4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 3
2x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 = 19
x_1 - 3x_2 + 12x_3 = 31.
```

ANS



```
clc
clear
n=3;
C=[3;19;31];
A=[4 1 -1;2 7 1;1 -3 12];
x0=[0 0 0]; %initial guess
tol=0.001;
x=[0\ 0\ 0];
itr=1;
N=100;
w=1.2;
while itr<N
  for i=1:n
    x(i)=((1-w)*x0(i))+(C(i)-A(i,1:i-1)*x(1:i-1)'-A(i,i+1:n)*x0(i+1:n)')*w/A(i,i);
  end
  if(norm(x-x0,inf))<tol
    break;
  end
  x0=x;
  itr=itr+1;
end
if itr>=N
  fprintf('Iterations Exceeded %d\n',N);
else
for i=1:n
  fprintf('x%d is %f\n',i,x(i));
end
end
fprintf('Number of iterations are %d\n',itr);
```