

Aditya Nagar, ADB Road, Surampalem – 533437

#### R PROGRAMMING LAB

(R2022057)

#### **II B.Tech II SEMESTER**

Prepared by

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#### Computer Lab – I

#### DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Aditya College of Engineering & Technology



Aditya Nagar, ADB Road, Surampalem - 533437



#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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	R PROGRAMMING LAB (R2022057)				

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn statistical programming, computation, graphics, and modeling,
- To learn Writing functions and use R in an efficient way,
- To learn about basic types of statistical models

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Access online resources for R and import new function packages into the Rworkspace
- Import, review, manipulate and summarize data-sets in R
- Explore data-sets to create testable hypotheses and identify appropriate statistical tests
- Perform appropriate statistical tests using R
- · Create and edit visualizations with R
- 1) Write a R program to take input from the user (name and age) and display the values. Also print the version of R installation.
- 2) Write a R program to get the details of the objects in memory.
- 3) Write a R program to create a sequence of numbers from 20 to 50 and find the mean of numbers from 20 to 60 and sum of numbers from 51 to 91.
- 4) Write a R program to create a simple bar plot of five subjects marks.
- 5) Write a R program to get the unique elements of a given string and unique numbers of vector.
- 6) Write a R program to create three vectors a,b,c with 3 integers. Combine the three vectors to become a 3×3 matrix where each column represents a vector. Print the content of the matrix.
- 7) Write a R program to create a 5 x 4 matrix, 3 x 3 matrix with labels and fill the matrix by rows and  $2 \times 2$  matrix with labels and fill the matrix by columns.
- 8) Write a R program to combine three arrays so that the first row of the first array is followed by the first row of the second array and then first row of the third array.

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- 9) Write a R program to create a two-dimensional 5x3 array of sequence of even integers greater than 50.
- 10) Write a R program to create an array using four given columns, three given rows, and two given tables and display the content of the array.
- 11) Write a R program to create an empty data frame.
- 12) Write a R program to create a data frame from four given vectors.
- 13) Write a R program to create a data frame using two given vectors and display the duplicated elements and unique rows of the said data frame.
- 14) Write a R program to save the information of a data frame in a file and display the information of the file.
- 15) Write a R program to create a matrix from a list of given vectors.
- 16) Write a R program to concatenate two given matrices of same column but different rows.
- 17) Write a R program to find row and column index of maximum and minimum value in agiven matrix.
- 18) Write a R program to append value to a given empty vector.
- 19) Write a R program to multiply two vectors of integers type and length 3.
- 20) Write a R program to find Sum, Mean and Product of a Vector, ignore element like NAor NaN.
- 21) Write a R program to list containing a vector, a matrix and a list and give names to theelements in the list.
- 22) Write a R program to create a list containing a vector, a matrix and a list and give namesto the elements in the list. Access the first and second element of the list.
- 23) Write a R program to create a list containing a vector, a matrix and a list and remove thesecond element.
- 24) Write a R program to select second element of a given nested list.
- 25) Write a R program to merge two given lists into one list.
- 26) Write a R program to create a list named s containing sequence of 15 capital letters, starting from 'E'.
- 27) Write a R program to assign new names "a", "b" and "c" to the elements of a given list.
- 28) Write a R program to find the levels of factor of a given vector.
- 29) Write a R program to create an ordered factor from data consisting of the names of months.
- 30) Write a R program to concatenate two given factor in a single factor.



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	EXPERIMENT NO - 1						
Experiment	Write a R program to take input from the user (name and age) and display the values.						
•	Also print the version of R installation						
Program	#reading data from user and printing						
	name<-readline(prompt = "Enter your name :: ")						
	<pre>age&lt;-readline(prompt = "Enter your age ::") age&lt;-as.integer(age)</pre>						
	cat("\n\nyour name :: ",name)						
	cat("\nyour age ::",age)						
	#R version details						
	cat("\n\n======PRINTING DETAILS OF R VERION INSTALLED						
	========")						
	print(version)						
	ver=version[['version.string']]						
	cat("\n\n======PRINTING ONLY R VERION INSTALLED						
	========")						
	cat("\n\nPresent version installed is ",ver)						
Output	>						
	Enter your name :: Chaitanya						
	Enter your age ::19						
	your name :: Chaitanya						
	your age :: 19						
	======PRINTING DETAILS OF R VERION INSTALLED =======						
	platform x86_64-w64-mingw32						
	arch x86_64						
	os mingw32						
	system x86_64, mingw32						
	status						
	major 4						
	minor 1.2						
	year 2021						
	month 11						
	day 01						
	svn rev 81115						
	language R						
	version.string R version 4.1.2 (2021-11-01)						
	nickname Bird Hippie						
	======PRINTING ONLY R VERION INSTALLED =======						
	Present version installed is R version 4.1.2 (2021-11-01)						



	EXPERIMENT NO - 2				
Experiment	Write a R program to get the details of the objects in memory				
Program	#creating objects in R				
	x<-"Sunil"				
	y<-23				
	z<-23.6				
	lis < -list(c(1:3))				
	#printing names of the objects				
	print(ls())				
Output	>[1] "lis" "x" "y" "z"				
•	EXPERIMENT NO – 3				
Experiment	Write a R program to create a sequence of numbers from 20 to 50 and find the				
	mean of numbers from 20 to 60 and sum of numbers from 51 to 91				
Program	#creating a sequence of numbers from 20 to 50				
	cat("sequence of numbers from 20 to 50 :: \n",20:50)				
	#creating a vector consists of sequence of numbers from 20 to 60				
	v1 < -c(20:60)				
	#creating a vector consists of sequence of numbers from 51 to 91				
	v2<-c(51:91)				
	#finding sum of numbers from 51 to 91				
	cat("\nsequence of numbers from 51 to 91 :: \n",v2)				
	cat("\nsum of numbers from 51 to 91 is :: ",sum(v2))				
	#finding mean of numbers from 20 to 60				
	cat("\nsequence of numbers from 20 to 60 :: \n",v1)				
	cat("\nsum of numbers from 20 to 60 is :: ",sum(v1))				
	cat("\ntotal number of values are :: ",length(v1))				
	m=sum(v1)/length(v1)				
	cat("\nmean of numbers from 20 to 60 is :: ",m)				
Output	>sequence of numbers from 20 to 50 ::				
	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45				
	46 47 48 49 50				
	sequence of numbers from 51 to 91 ::				
	51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76				
	77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91				
	sum of numbers from 51 to 91 is :: 2911				
	sequence of numbers from 20 to 60 ::				
	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45				
	46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60				
	sum of numbers from 20 to 60 is :: 1640				
	total number of values are :: 41				
	mean of numbers from 20 to 60 is :: 40				
	>				



				E	XPERIMI	ENT N	NO – 4				
Experiment	Wr	ite a F	R progran	n to cı	reate a sim	ple ba	r plot of	five sub	jects r	narks	
Program	#plotting simple bar chart marks<-c(78,68,96,90,60) names(marks)<-c("subject 1","subject 2","subject 3","subject 4","subject 5") barplot(marks,xlab = "Subjects",ylab = "Marks",main = "Bar Plot for five subjects marks",col = "blue" )										
Output	Marks	0 20 40 60 80	subjec	t 1	Bar Plot	su	re subje bject 3	cts mark		subject 5	

	EXPERIMENT NO – 5	
Experiment	Write a R program to get the unique elements of a given string and unique	
	numbers of vector	
Program	#creating vector	
	v<-c("sunil",23,12,12,34,"sunil","chaitanya","CSE","CSE",23,34,12,34,"sunil")	
	cat("\nvector :: ",v)	
	cat("\nunique values of the above vector are :: \n",unique(v))	
Output	> vector :: sunil 23 12 12 34 sunil chaitanya CSE CSE 23 34 12 34 sunil unique values of the above vector are :: sunil 23 12 34 chaitanya CSE >	



	EXPERIMENT NO - 6				
Experiment	Write a R program to create three vectors a,b,c with 3 integers. Combine the				
	three vectors to become a $3\times3$ matrix where each column represents a vector.				
	Print the content of the matrix				
Program	#creating vectors				
	a<-c(12,23,34)				
	b<-c(45,56,67)				
	c<-c(78,89,90)				
	#printing vectors				
	cat("\nvector - 1 :: ",a)				
	cat("\nvector - 2 :: ",b)				
	cat("\nvector - 3 :: ",c)				
	#creating matrix coloumns as vectors and printing				
	cat("\n\n required matrix is :: \n")				
	mat < -matrix(c(a,b,c),nrow=3,byrow = FALSE)				
	print(mat)				
Output					
•	vector - 1 :: 12 23 34				
	vector - 2 :: 45 56 67				
	vector - 3 :: 78 89 90				
	required matrix is ::				
	[,1] [,2] [,3]				
	[1,] 12 45 78				
	[2,] 23 56 89				
	[3,] 34 67 90				
	>				



	EXPERIMENT NO - 7
Experiment	Write a R program to create a 5 x 4 matrix, 3 x 3 matrix with labels and fill the
	matrix by rows and $2 \times 2$ matrix with labels and fill the matrix by columns
Program	#creating matrix of order 5x4 with row and column name
	m1 < -matrix(c(1:20), nrow = 5, byrow = TRUE)
	cat("\n\nMatrix with 5 Rows and 4 Columns without names:: \n")
	print(m1)
	rownames(m1)<-c("row1","row2","row3","row4","row5")
	colnames(m1)<-c("col1","col2","col3","col4")
	cat("\nMatrix with 5 Rows and 4 Columns with names:: \n")
	print(m1)  #emoting metric of order 2v2 with row and column name
	#creating matrix of order 3x3 with row and column name m2<-matrix(c(1:9),nrow = 3, byrow = TRUE)
	cat("\n\nMatrix with 3 Rows and 3 Columns without names :: \n")
	print(m2)
	rownames(m2)<-c("row1","row2","row3")
	colnames(m2)<-c("col1","col2","col3")
	cat("\nMatrix with 3 Rows and 3 Columns with names :: \n")
	print(m2)
	#creating matrix of order 2x2 with row and column name by column major
	m3 < -matrix(c(1:4), nrow = 2, byrow = FALSE)
	cat("\n\nMatrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns without names by column major::
	\n")
	print(m3)
	rownames(m3)<-c("row1","row2")
	colnames(m3)<-c("col1","col2")
	cat("\nMatrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns with names by column major:: \n")
	print(m3)
	#creating matrix of order 2x2 with row and column name by row major
	m4<-matrix(c(1:4),nrow =2 ,byrow = TRUE)
	cat("\n\nMatrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns without names by row major:: \n")
	print(m4)
	rownames(m4)<-c("row1","row2") colnames(m4)<-c("col1","col2")
	cat("\nMatrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns with names by row major:: \n")
	print(m4)
	Print(m+)
	print("====================================
	MATRICES========="")
	cat("\n MATRIX 5x4 :: \n")
	print(m1)
	cat("\n MATRIX 3x3 :: \n")



	print(m2) cat("\n MATRIX 2x2 by column major:: \n") print(m3) cat("\n MATRIX 2x2 by row major :: \n") print(m4)
Output	> Matrix with 5 Rows and 4 Columns without names::  [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [1,] 1 2 3 4 [2,] 5 6 7 8 [3,] 9 10 11 12 [4,] 13 14 15 16 [5,] 17 18 19 20
	Matrix with 5 Rows and 4 Columns with names::  col1 col2 col3 col4  row1
	Matrix with 3 Rows and 3 Columns without names ::  [,1] [,2] [,3] [1,] 1 2 3 [2,] 4 5 6 [3,] 7 8 9
	Matrix with 3 Rows and 3 Columns with names :: col1 col2 col3 row1 1 2 3 row2 4 5 6 row3 7 8 9
	Matrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns without names by column major::  [,1] [,2] [1,] 1 3 [2,] 2 4
	Matrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns with names by column major:: col1 col2



```
row1
                  1 3
           row2 2 4
            Matrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns without names by row major::
              [,1] [,2]
            [1,] 1 2
            [2,] 3 4
            Matrix with 2 Rows and 2 Columns with names by row major::
              col1 col2
           row1 1 2
           row2 3 4
            MATRIX 5x4 ::
              col1 col2 col3 col4
            row1 1 2 3 4
            row2 5 6 7 8
           row3 9 10 11 12
           row4 13 14 15 16
            row5 17 18 19 20
            MATRIX 3x3 ::
              col1 col2 col3
           row1 1 2 3
            row2 4 5 6
           row3 7 8 9
            MATRIX 2x2 by column major::
              col1 col2
            row1 1 3
           row2 2 4
            MATRIX 2x2 by row major ::
              col1 col2
            row1 1 2
           row2 3 4
                            EXPERIMENT NO - 8
            Write a R program to combine three arrays so that the first row of the first array is
Experiment
            followed by the first row of the second array and then first row of the third array
            num1 = rbind(rep("A",3), rep("B",3), rep("C",3))
Program
            print("num1")
            print(num1)
            num2 = rbind(rep("P",3), rep("Q",3), rep("R",3))
            print("num2")
```



	print(num2)
	num3 = rbind(rep("X",3), rep("Y",3), rep("Z",3))
	print("num3")
	print(num3)
	a = matrix(t(cbind(num1,num2,num3)),ncol=3, byrow=T)
	print("Combine three arrays, taking one row from each one by one:")
	print(a)
Output	>
<b>F</b>	[1] "num1"
	[,1] [,2] [,3]
	[1,] "A" "A" "A"
	[2,] "B" "B" "B"
	[3,] "C" "C" "C"
	[1] "num2"
	[,1] [,2] [,3]
	[1,] "P" "P" "P"
	[2,] "Q" "Q" "Q"
	[3,] "R" "R" "R"
	[1] "num3"
	= =
	[,1] [,2] [,3]
	[1,] "X" "X" "X"
	[2,] "Y" "Y" "Y"
	[3,] "Z" "Z" "Z"
	[1] "Combine three arrays, taking one row from each one by one:"
	[,1] [,2] [,3]
	[1,] "A" "A" "A"
	[2,] "P" "P" "P"
	[2,] 1 1 1 [3,] "X" "X" "X"
	[4,] "B" "B" "B"
	[5,] "Q" "Q" "Q"
	[6,] "Y" "Y" "Y"
	[7,] "C" "C" "C"
	[8,] "R" "R" "R"
	[9,] "Z" "Z" "Z"
	[5,1]
	EXPERIMENT NO - 9
Evm ovince on 4	
Experiment	Write a R program to create a two-dimensional 5x3 array of sequence of even
	integers greater than 50
Program	a <- array(seq(from = 50, length.out = 15, by = 2), c(5, 3))
	print("Content of the array:")
	print("5×3 array of sequence of even integers greater than 50:")
	print(a)
	F/-/



Output	>
_	[1] "Content of the array:"
	[1] "5×3 array of sequence of even integers greater than 50:"
	[,1] [,2] [,3]
	[1,] 50 60 70
	[2,] 52 62 72
	[3,] 54 64 74
	[4,] 56 66 76
	[5,] 58 68 78
	>

	EXPERIMENT NO - 10
Experiment	Write a R program to create an array using four given columns, three given rows, and two given tables and display the content of the array
Program	> array1 = array(1:30, dim=c(3,5,2)) print(array1) >
Output	<pre> [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [1,]</pre>



	EXPERIMENT NO - 11			
Experiment	Write a R program to create an empty data frame			
Program	#creating empty data frame			
	df = data.frame(Rno=integer(),			
	Name=character(),			
	Gender=factor(),			
	Department=factor(),			
	percentage=double()			
	)			
	print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")			
	print(str(df))			
Output	>			
	[1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"			
	'data.frame': 0 obs. of 5 variables:			
	\$ Rno : int			
	\$ Name : chr			
	\$ Gender : Factor w/ 0 levels:			
	\$ Department: Factor w/ 0 levels:			
	\$ percentage: num			
	NULL			
	RStudio			
	File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help			
	O → O Go to file/function			
	df × 👰 11.R ×			
	♦			
	Rno   Rno Gender Department percentage			
	No data available in table			

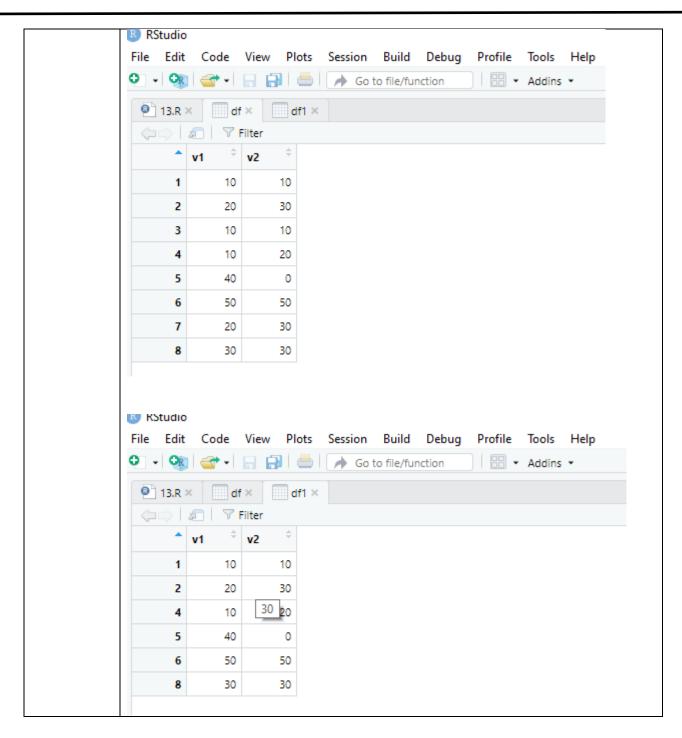


			EXPE	RIMENT	NO - 12	
Experiment	Write a R program to create a data frame from four given vectors					
Program	#creating data frame with for vectors					
	Rno < -c(1)					
	Name<-c("sunil","chaitanya","valli","Anagha")					
	Gender<-c("M","M","F","F")					
	Department<-c("CSE","CSE","ECE","EEE")					
	cat("\nVector -1:: ",Rno)					
	cat("\nVector -2:: ",Name)					
	cat("\nVector -3:: ",Gender)					
			",Departr			
					E VECTORS\:	n")
	df<-data.	frame(R	no,Name,	Gender,De	partment)	
	print(df)					
Output	>					
			02 103 10			
			-	valli Anag	ha	
	Vector -3					
	Vector -4:: CSE CSE ECE EEE					
	DTA FRAME WITH ABOVE VECTORS  Rno Name Gender Department  1 101 sunil M CSE  2 102 chaitanya M CSE  3 103 valli F ECE  4 104 Anagha F EEE  >					
	RStudio					
	File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help					
	O → O Go to file/function					
	● 12.R ×					
	♦⇒   Ø   Filter					
	^	Rno <sup>‡</sup>	Name <sup>‡</sup>	Gender <sup>‡</sup>	Department <sup>‡</sup>	
	1	101	sunil	М	CSE	
	2	102	chaitanya	М	CSE	
	3	103	valli	F	ECE	
	4	104	Anagha	F	EEE	



	EXPERIMENT NO - 13
Experiment	Write a R program to create a data frame using two given vectors and display the
	duplicated elements and unique rows of the said data frame
Program	v1 = c(10,20,10,10,40,50,20,30)
	v2 = c(10,30,10,20,0,50,30,30)
	print("Original data frame:")
	df = data.frame(v1,v2)
	print(df)
	print("Duplicate elements of the said data frame:")
	print(duplicated(df))
	print("Unique rows of the said data frame:")
	df1<-unique(df)
	print(df1)
Output	>
	[1] "Original data frame:"
	v1 v2
	1 10 10
	2 20 30
	3 10 10
	4 10 20
	5 40 0
	6 50 50
	7 20 30
	8 30 30
	[1] "Duplicate elements of the said data frame:"
	[1] FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE
	[1] "Unique rows of the said data frame:"
	v1 v2
	1 10 10 2 20 30
	4 10 20
	5 40 0
	6 50 50
	8 30 30
	>

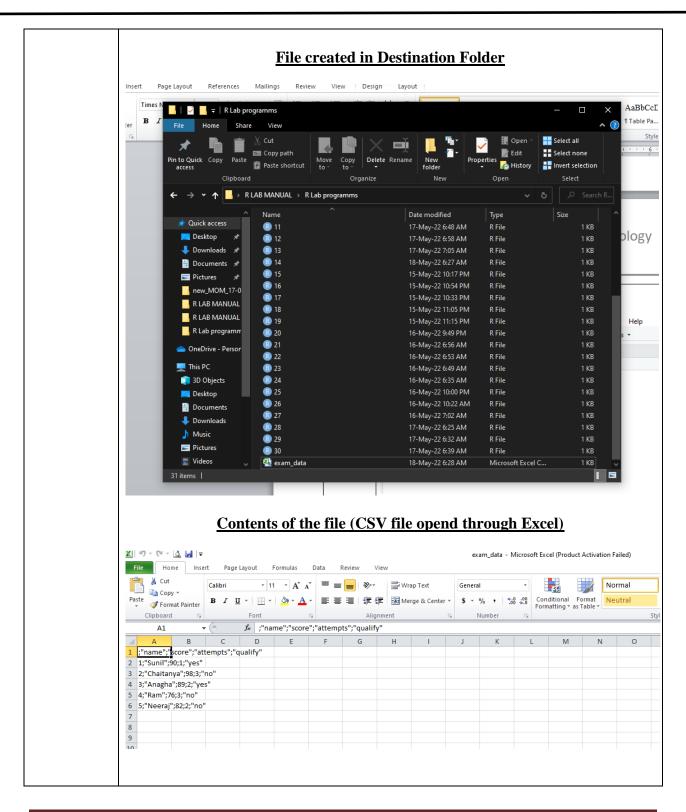






	EXPERIMENT NO - 14			
Experimen	Write a R program to save the information of a data frame in a file and display the			
t	information of the file			
Program	exam_data = data.frame(			
	name = c('Sunil', 'Chaitanya', 'Anagha', 'Ram', 'Neeraj'),			
	score = c(90,98,89,76,82),			
	attempts = $c(1, 3, 2, 3, 2)$ ,			
	qualify = c('yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no')			
	print("Original dataframe:")			
	print(exam_data)			
	save(exam_data,file="C:/Users/chaitanya/Desktop/R LAB MANUAL/R Lab			
	programms/da.Rdata")			
	write.csv2(exam_data,file="C:/Users/chaitanya/Desktop/R LAB MANUAL/R			
	Lab programms/exam_data.csv")			
	file.info("C:/Users/chaitanya/Desktop/R LAB MANUAL/R Lab			
	programms/exam_data.csv")			
Output	> source("C:/Users/chaitanya/Desktop/R LAB MANUAL/R Lab			
	programms/14.R")			
	[1] "Original dataframe:"			
	name score attempts qualify			
	1 Sunil 90 1 yes			
	2 Chaitanya 98 3 no			
	3 Anagha 89 2 yes			
	4 Ram 76 3 no 5 Neerai 82 2 no			
	1			
	> DtataEvama			
	DtataFrame  R RStudio			
	File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help			
	○ • ○ Addins •			
	● 14.R × exam_data ×			
	⟨□□⟩   Ø   ▼ Filter			
	name $\hat{\overline{}}$ score $\hat{\overline{}}$ attempts $\hat{\overline{}}$ qualify			
	1 Sunil 90 1 yes			
	2 Chaitanya 98 3 no			
	3 Anagha 89 2 yes			
	4 Ram 76 3 no			
	5 Neeraj 82 2 no			







	EXPERIMENT NO - 15
Experiment	Write a R program to create a matrix from a list of given vectors
Program	#creating vectors
	a<-c(12,23,34)
	b<-c(45,56,67)
	c<-c(78,89,90)
	#printing vectors
	cat("\nvector - 1 :: ",a)
	cat("\nvector - 2 :: ",b)
	cat("\nvector - 3 :: ",c)
	lis<-list(a,b,c)
	cat("\n list of vectors is :: \n")
	print(lis)
	#creating matrix coloumns as vectors and printing
	cat("\n\n required matrix is :: \n")
	mat<-matrix(unlist(lis),nrow=3,byrow = FALSE)
0.4.4	print(mat)
Output	>
	vector - 1 :: 12 23 34 vector - 2 :: 45 56 67
	vector - 2 :: 43 36 67 vector - 3 :: 78 89 90
	list of vectors is ::
	[[1]]
	[1] 12 23 34
	[[2]]
	[1] 45 56 67
	[[3]]
	[1] 78 89 90
	required matrix is ::
	[,1] [,2] [,3]
	[1,] 12 45 78
	[2,] 23 56 89
	[3,] 34 67 90
	>



	EXPERIMENT NO - 16
Experiment	Write a R program to concatenate two given matrices of same column but different rows
Program	#creating two matrices of same columns and different rows m1<-matrix(c(12,23,34,45,56,78,87,34,32,58,89,14,75,89,36),ncol = 3) m2<-matrix(c("A","B","C","S","U","N"),ncol=3) #printing matrices and their dimensions cat("\n\nMatrix - 1:: \n") print(m1) cat("\n\nMatrix - 2:: \n") print(m2) cat("\nDimension of matrix -1 (row,col) :: ",dim(m1)) cat("\nDimension of matrix -2 (row,col) :: ",dim(m2)) #combining matrices m<-rbind(m1,m2) #printing concatenated matrix and it's dimension cat("\n\n Resultant Matrix :: \n") print(m)
	cat("\nDimension (row,col) :: ",dim(m))
Output	>Matrix - 1::     [,1] [,2] [,3]     [1,] 12 78 89     [2,] 23 87 14     [3,] 34 34 75     [4,] 45 32 89     [5,] 56 58 36     Matrix - 2::     [,1] [,2] [,3]     [1,] "A" "C" "U"     [2,] "B" "S" "N"     Dimension of matrix -1 (row,col) :: 5 3     Dimension of matrix ::     [,1] [,2] [,3]     [1,] "12" "78" "89"     [2,] "23" "87" "14"     [3,] "34" "34" "75"     [4,] "45" "32" "89"     [5,] "56" "58" "36"     [6,] "A" "C" "U"     [7,] "B" "S" "N"     Dimension (row,col) :: 7 3



Experiment Write a R program to find row and column index of maximum and minimum value in agiven matrix  Program #creating matrix cat("\n\n consider the matrix :: \n") m<-matrix(c(23,12,34,45,56,67,78,90,89),nrow=3,byrow = TRUE) print(m) #minimum value of the matrix mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE) cat("\nIndex of minimum value (row,col) :: ",mi_ind)
#creating matrix cat("\n\n consider the matrix :: \n") m<-matrix(c(23,12,34,45,56,67,78,90,89),nrow=3,byrow = TRUE) print(m) #minimum value of the matrix mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
cat("\n\n consider the matrix :: \n") m<-matrix(c(23,12,34,45,56,67,78,90,89),nrow=3,byrow = TRUE) print(m) #minimum value of the matrix mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
m<-matrix(c(23,12,34,45,56,67,78,90,89),nrow=3,byrow = TRUE) print(m) #minimum value of the matrix mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
print(m) #minimum value of the matrix mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
#minimum value of the matrix mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
mi<-min(m) #maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
#maximum value of the matrix ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
ma<-max(m) cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
cat("\n Minimum value of the matrix :: ",mi) cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
cat("\n Maximum value of the matrix :: ",ma) mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
mi_ind<-which(m==mi,arr.ind = TRUE) ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
ma_ind<-which(m==ma,arr.ind = TRUE)
_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
cat("\nIndex of minimum value (row.col) :: ".mi_ind)
$\langle \cdot \rangle$
cat("\nIndex of maximum value (row,col) :: ",ma_ind)
Output >
consider the matrix ::
[,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,] 23 12 34
[2,] 45 56 67
[3,] 78 90 89
Minimum value of the matrix :: 12
Maximum value of the matrix :: 90
Index of minimum value (row,col) :: 1 2
Index of maximum value (row,col) :: 3 2
>



	EXPERIMENT NO - 18			
Experiment	Write a R program to append value to a given empty vector			
Program	#creating empty vector			
	v<-vector()			
	cat("\nEmpty vector :: ",v)			
	cat("\nlength of empty vector :: ",length(v))			
	#ading element			
	v[1]="sunil"			
	cat("\n\nStatus of vector :: ",v)			
	cat("\nlength of vector :: ",length(v))			
	#appending elemet			
	v < -append(v, "Chaitanya", after = length(v))			
	cat("\n\nStatus of vector :: ",v)			
	cat("\nlength of vector :: ",length(v))			
	v<-append(v,c("CSE","B.Tech"),after = length(v))			
	cat("\n\nStatus of vector :: ",v)			
	cat("\nlength of vector :: ",length(v))			
Output	>			
	Empty vector ::			
	length of empty vector :: 0			
	Status of vector :: sunil			
	length of vector :: 1			
	Status of vector :: sunil Chaitanya			
	length of vector :: 2			
	Status of vector :: sunil Chaitanya CSE B.Tech			
	length of vector :: 4			
	>			

	EXPERIMENT NO - 19	
Experiment	Write a R program to multiply two vectors of integers type and length 3	
Program	#creating vectors of length 3 with integers	
	v1<-c(1,2,3)	
	v2<-c(10,20,30)	
	cat("\nVector-1 (v1):: ",v1)	
	cat("\nVector-2 (v2):: ",v2)	
	cat("\nmultiplication of v1 and v2 (v1 * v2):: ",v1*v2)	
Output	>	
	Vector-1 (v1):: 1 2 3	
	Vector-2 (v2):: 10 20 30	
	multiplication of v1 and v2 (v1 * v2):: 10 40 90	
	>	



	EXPERIMENT NO - 20
Experiment	Write a R program to find Sum, Mean and Product of elements of a Vector,
	ignore element like NAor NaN
Program	v<-c(10,23,34,NaN,NA,5,10)
	su=0
	pr=1
	count=1
	for(i in v){
	if(is.na(i)   is.na(i)){
	next
	}else{
	su=su+i
	pr=pr*i
	count=count+1
	}
	m=su/6
	print("Sum, Product, Mean of a vector after neglecting both NA and NaN")
	cat("\nVector :: ",v)
	cat("\nsum :: ",su)
	cat("\nProduct :: ",pr) cat("\nMean :: ",m)
Output	cat (inviean ,in)
Output	[1] "Sum, Product, Mean of a vector after neglecting both NA and NaN"
	[1] Suin, I foduct, Wear of a vector after neglecting both NA and Natv
	Vector :: 10 23 34 NaN NA 5 10
	sum :: 82
	Product :: 391000
	Mean :: 13.66667
	> 13.00007
	1*



	EXPERIMENT NO - 21
Experiment	Write a R program to list containing a vector, a matrix and a list and give names to theelements in the list
Program	cat("\n List containing vector matrix and list :: \n") vect=c(1,2,3,4) matr=matrix(c(1:12),nrow = 4) lis=list(vect) #creating named list lis_final<-list(ve=vect,mt=matr,li=lis) print(lis_final) print(names(lis_final))
Output	List containing vector matrix and list ::  \$ve [1] 1 2 3 4  \$mt     [,1] [,2] [,3] [1,] 1 5 9 [2,] 2 6 10 [3,] 3 7 11 [4,] 4 8 12  \$li \$li[[1]] [1] 1 2 3 4  [1] "ve" "mt" "li"  >



	EXPERIMENT NO - 22								
Experiment	Write a R program to create a list containing a vector, a matrix and a list and give								
	namesto the elements in the list. Access the first and second element of the list								
Program	cat("\n List containing vector matrix and list :: \n")								
	$lis\_final < -list(v = c(1,2,3,4), m = matrix(c(1:12), nrow = 4), lis = list(v))$								
	print(lis_final) cat("\n First element of the list :: ")								
	cat("\n First element of the list :: ")								
	<pre>print(lis_final[1]) cot("\n Second element of the list :: ")</pre>								
	cat("\n Second element of the list :: ")								
	print(lis_final[2])								
Output	>								
	List containing vector matrix and list u								
	List containing vector matrix and list ::  \$v								
	[1] 1 2 3 4								
	\$m								
	[,1] [,2] [,3]								
	[1,] 1 5 9								
	[2,] 2 6 10								
	[3,] 3 7 11								
	[4,] 4 8 12								
	\$lis								
	\$lis[[1]]								
	[1] 1 2 3 4								
	First element of the list :: \$v								
	[1] 1 2 3 4								
	Second element of the list :: \$m								
	[,1] [,2] [,3]								
	[1,] 1 5 9								
	[2,] 2 6 10								
	[3,] 3 7 11								
	[4,] 4 8 12								
	>								



	EXPERIMENT NO - 23							
Experiment								
	remove thesecond element							
Program	cat("\n List containing vector matrix and list :: \n")							
	$lis\_final < -list(v=c(1,2,3,4), m=matrix(c(1:12), nrow = 4), lis=list(v))$							
	print(lis_final)							
	cat("\n Removing second element in nested list :: \n")							
	lis2<-lis_final[-2]							
	cat("\n List after removal of second element :: \n")							
Outnut	print(lis2)							
Output	>							
	List containing vector matrix and list ::							
	\$v							
	[1] 1 2 3 4							
	\$m							
	[,1] [,2] [,3]							
	[2,] 2 6 10							
	[3,] 3 7 11							
	[4,] 4 8 12							
	\$lis							
	\$lis[[1]]							
	Removing second element in nested list ::							
	List after removal of second element ::							
	\$v							
	[1] 1 2 3 4							
	\$lis							
	\$lis[[1]]							
	[1] 1 2 3 4							
	>							



	EXPERIMENT NO - 24							
Experiment	Write a R program to select second element of a given nested list							
Program	#creating lists							
	lis1<-list(c("sunil","chaitanya"))							
	lis2<-list(c("101","102"))							
	lis3<-list(c("CSE","CSE"))							
	#creating nested list							
	lis=list(lis1,lis2,lis3)							
	#displaying lists							
	cat("\nList-1 :: \n")							
	print(lis1)							
	cat("\nList-2 :: \n")							
	print(lis2)							
	cat("\nList-3 :: \n")							
	print(lis3)							
	cat("\nNested List :: \n")							
	print(lis) #printing second element of the nested list							
	cat("\n Second element of Nested List :: \n")							
	print(lis[2])							
Output	source("C:/Users/chaitanya/Desktop/R Lab programms/24.R")							
	List-1 ::							
	[1] "sunil" "chaitanya"							
	List-2 ::							
	[1] "101" "102"							
	List-3 ::							
	[1] "CSE" "CSE"							
	Nested List ::							
	[[1]][[1]] [1] "speit" "speitense"							
	[1] "sunil" "chaitanya"							
	[[2]][[1]] [1] "101" "102"							
	[1] 101 102 [[3]]							
	[[3]][[1]] [1] "CSE" "CSE"							
	Second element of Nested List ::							
	[[1]]							
	[[+]][[+]]							



	[1] "101" "102"								
EXPERIMENT NO - 25									
Experiment									
Program	#creating lists								
	lis1<-list(c(1:5))								
	lis2<-list(c("sunil","chaitamya")) #merging lists								
	#merging lists								
	lis4 <annable(lis2)< th=""></annable(lis2)<>								
	lis4<-append(lis2,lis1)								
	cat("\n List-1 :: \n")								
	print(lis1)								
	cat("\n List-2 :: \n") print(lis2)								
	cat("\n Combining List-1 and List-2 :: \n")								
	print(lis3)								
	cat("\n Combining List-2 and List-4 :: \n")								
	print(lis4)								
Output	>								
	List-1 ::								
	[[1]]								
	[1] 1 2 3 4 5								
	List-2 ::								
	[[1]]								
	[1] "sunil" "chaitamya"								
	Combining List-1 and List-2 ::								
	[1] 1 2 3 4 5								
	[[2]]								
	[1] "sunil" "chaitamya"								
	Combining List-2 and List-4 ::								
	[[1]]								
	[1] "sunil" "chaitamya"								
	[-]								
	[[2]]								
	[1] 1 2 3 4 5								
	>								



EXPERIMENT NO - 26								
Experiment	Write a R program to create a list named s containing sequence of 15 capital							
	letters, starting from 'E'							
Program	#printing sequence of Alphabets A to Z							
	cat("Sequence of upper case alphaberts :: \n",LETTERS)							
	print(LETTERS)							
	s<-LETTERS[seq(5,19)]							
	cat("\n List containing 15 sequence of Alphabers starts at E ::\n")							
	print(s)							
	cat("\n number of elements in above list are :: ",length(unlist(s)))							
Output	>							
	Sequence of upper case alphaberts ::							
	ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[1] "A" "B" "C" "D"							
	"E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K" "L" "M" "N" "O" "P" "Q" "R" "S" "T" "U"							
	[22] "V" "W" "X" "Y" "Z"							
	List containing 15 sequence of Alphabers starts at E ::							
	[1] "E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K" "L" "M" "N" "O" "P" "Q" "R" "S"							
	number of elements in above list are :: 15							
	>							

EXPERIMENT NO - 27								
Experiment	Write a R program to assign new names "a", "b" and "c" to the elements of a							
	given list							
Program	cat("\n List containing vector matrix and list :: \n")							
	vect = c(1,2,3,4)							
	matr=matrix(c(1:12),nrow = 4)							
	lis=list(vect)							
	#creating named list							
	lis_final<-list(ve=vect,mt=matr,li=lis)							
	print(lis_final)							
	print(names(lis_final))							
	#creating named list							
	print("LIST WITH NEW NAMES")							
	lis_final<-list(a=vect,b=matr,c=lis)							
	print(lis_final)							
	print(names(lis_final))							
Output	>							



```
List containing vector matrix and list ::
$ve
[1] 1 2 3 4
$mt
  [,1] [,2] [,3]
     1
        5 9
[1,]
[2,]
        6 10
[3,] 3 7 11
[4,] 4 8 12
$li
$li[[1]]
[1] 1 2 3 4
[1] "ve" "mt" "li"
[1] "LIST WITH NEW NAMES"
$a
[1] 1 2 3 4
$b
  [,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,] 1 5 9
[2,] 2 6 10
[3,] 3 7 11
[4,] 4 8 12
$c
$c[[1]]
[1] 1 2 3 4
[1] "a" "b" "c"
```



	EXPERIMENT NO - 28						
Experiment	Write a R program to find the levels of factor of a given vector						
Program	<pre>#creating a vector x&lt;-c("CSE","sunil","IT","CSE","ACET","ACET","R","CSE") #converting it into factor f&lt;-factor(x) cat("\n factor is :: ") print(f) cat("\n levels of the facor :: ") print(levels(f))</pre>						
Output	factor is :: [1] CSE sunil IT CSE ACET ACET R CSE Levels: ACET CSE IT R sunil  levels of the facor :: [1] "ACET" "CSE" "IT" "R" "sunil" >						

	EXPERIMENT NO - 29								
Experiment	Write a R program to create an ordered factor from data consisting of the names of months								
Program	month_vector = c("March","April","January","November","January",  "September","October","September","November","August","February",								
	"January","November","November","February","May","August","February",								
	"July", "December", "August", "September", "November", "September", "February", "April")								
	print("Original vector ::")								
	print(month_vector)  f = factor(month_vector)								
	cat("\n\nOrdered factors of above vector ::\n") print(f)								
	cat("\n\nLevels of the factor ::\n") print(levels(f))								
	cat("\n\ntable of Levels of the factor ::\n") print(table(f))								
Output	> [1] "Original vector ::" [1] "March" "April" "January" "November" "January" "September"								
	[1] "March" "April" "January" "November" "January" "September" "October" "September"								

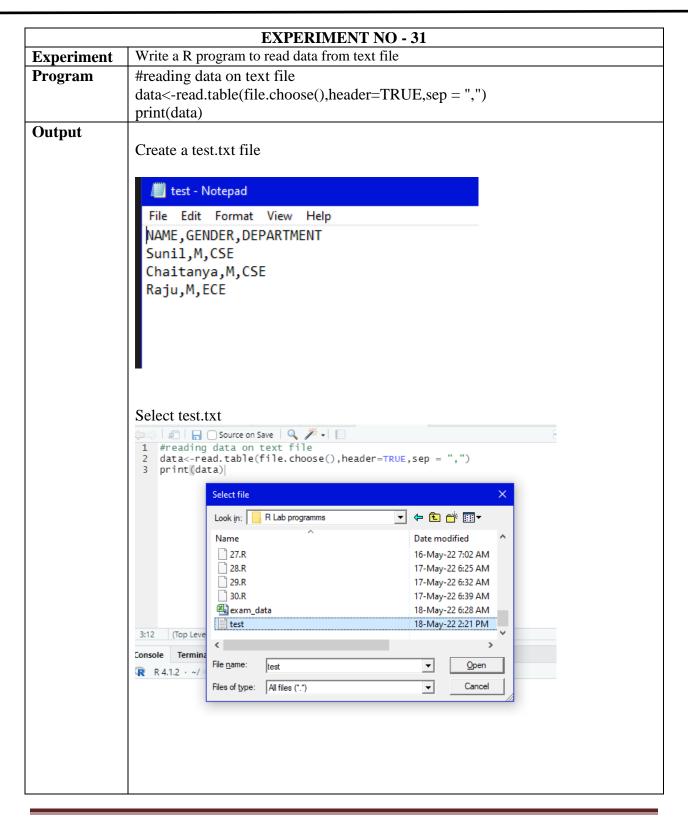


```
[9] "November" "August" "February" "January" "November" "November"
"February" "May"
[17] "August" "February" "July" "December" "August" "August"
"September" "November"
[25] "September" "February" "April"
Ordered factors of above vector ::
                  January November January September October
[1] March April
September November
[10] August February January November November February May
August February
[19] July
          December August August September November September
February April
Levels: April August December February January July March May November
October September
Levels of the factor ::
[1] "April" "August" "December" "February" "January" "July"
                                                              "March"
"May"
[9] "November" "October" "September"
table of Levels of the factor ::
  April August December February January July March
                                                           May
November October
         4
                                                     1
    2
               1
                           3
                             1
                                   1 1
September
```

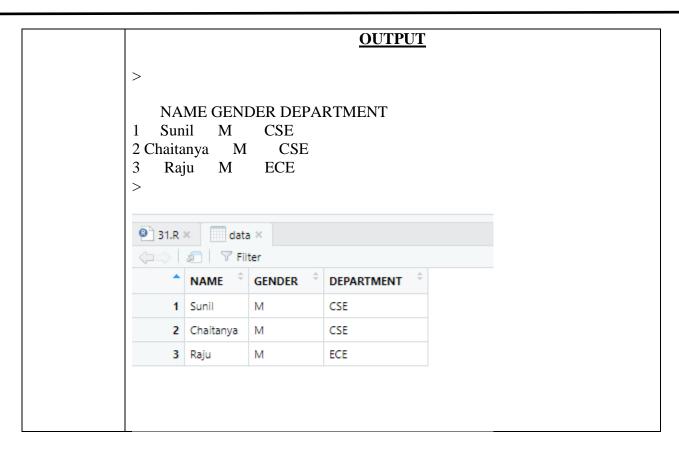


	EXPERIMENT NO - 30								
Experiment	Write a R program to concatenate two given factor in a single factor								
Program	f1 <- factor(c("sunil","chaitanya","valli","CSE","ACET"))								
	f2 <- factor(c("Python Programming","R Programming","Java Programming"))								
	cat("\n\nOriginal factors::")								
	cat("\n\nFactor -1 \n")								
	print(f1)								
	cat("\n\nFactor -2 \n")								
	print(f2)								
	f = factor(c(levels(f1)[f1], levels(f2)[f2]))								
	cat("\n\nAfter concatenate factor resultant factor is :: \n")								
	print(f)								
Output									
	Original factors::								
	Faston 1								
	Factor -1								
	[1] sunil chaitanya valli CSE ACET								
	Levels: ACET chaitanya CSE sunil valli								
	Factor -2								
	[1] Python Programming R Programming Java Programming								
	Levels: Java Programming Python Programming R Programming								
	After concatenate factor resultant factor is ::								
	[1] sunil chaitanya valli CSE ACET								
	[6] Python Programming R Programming Java Programming								
	Levels: ACET chaitanya CSE Java Programming Python Programming R								
	Programming sunil valli								
	>								

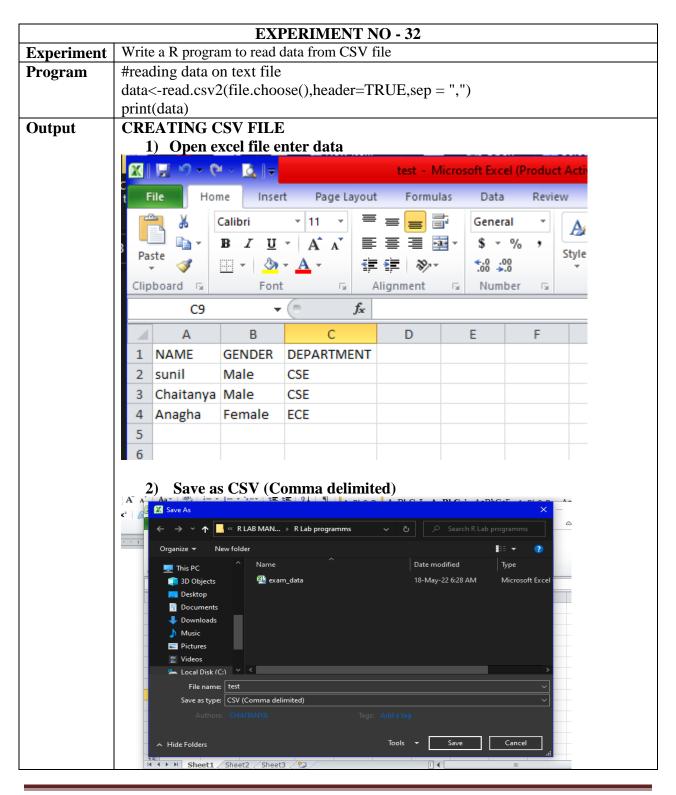




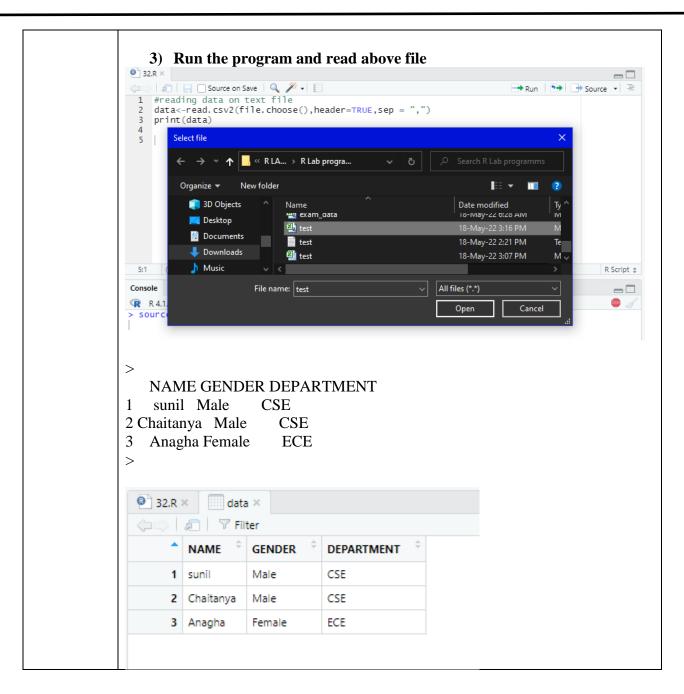




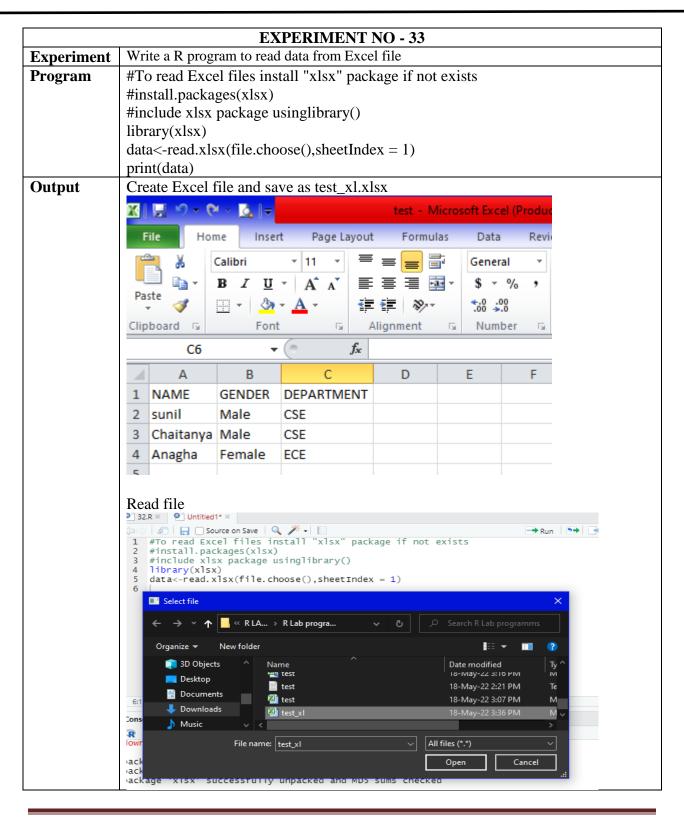




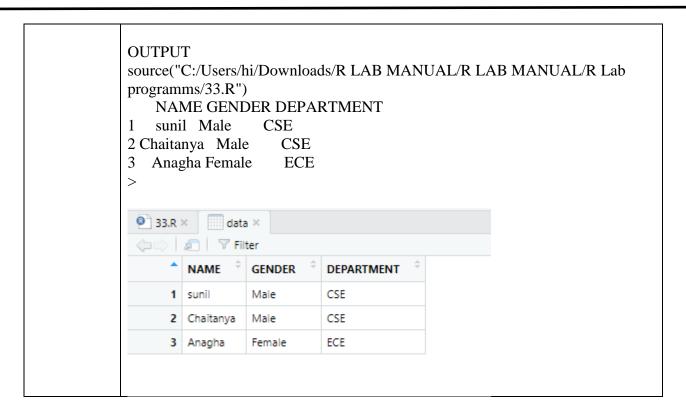








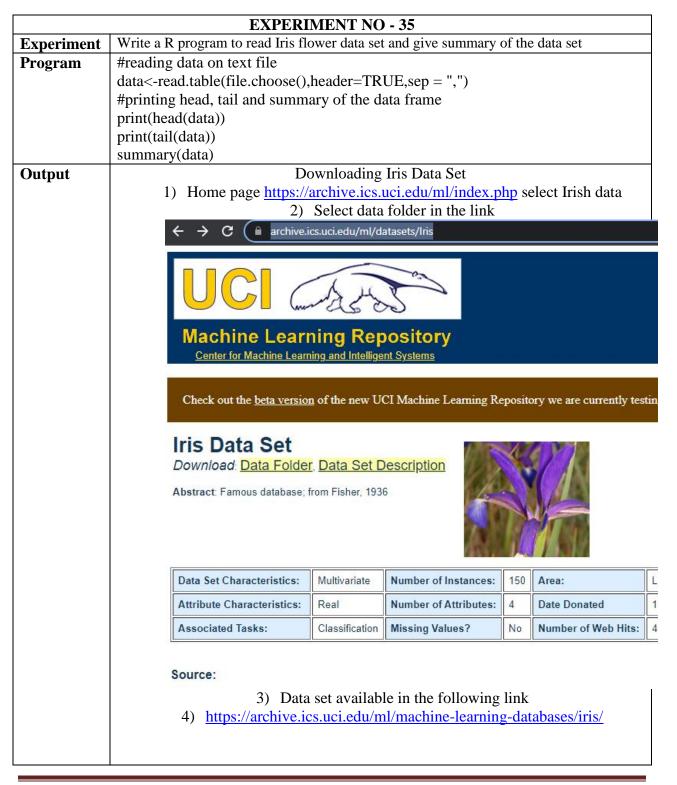




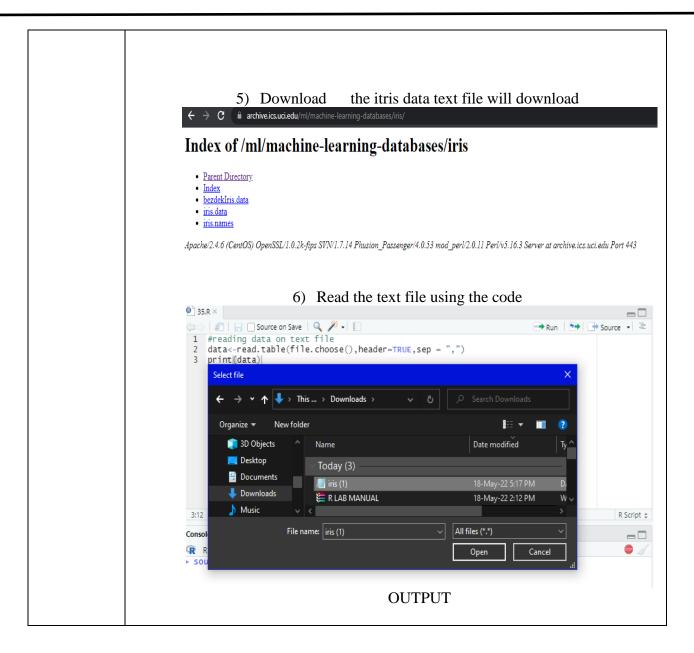


	EXPERIMEN	NT NO - 34	1					
Experiment	Write a R program to read data from URL							
Program	#to read a csv file syntax is							
_	#dataframe<-read.csv2("url")							
	data<-							
	read.csv2("http://gattonweb.uky.edu/sheather/book/docs/datasets/magazines.csv",							
header = TRUE,sep = ",")								
	print(head(data))							
Output	Data stored into	o data fran	ne first 6	records				
	>							
	> source("C:/Users/chaitanya/Desk	top/R LAB	MANU	AL/R LAB	MANUAL/R			
	Lab programms/34.R")							
	Magazine AdRever				sRevenue			
	1 Weekly World News				3			
		382 380	968	27215				
	3 J-14 4218			453				
	4 Soap Opera Weekly				,			
	•	523.69	4155					
	6 Mary Engelbreit's Home Compan	ion 525	9 189	9048	4363			
	>							
	Da	ta frame v	iew					
● 34.R ×								
Magazine   AdPevenue   AdPevenue   AdPevenue				- ·				
	Magazine	AdRevenue	AdPages	SubRevenue	NewsRevenue			
	1 Weekly World News	2280	300	854	16568			
	2 National Examiner	3382		968	27215			
	3 J-14	4218		2206	12453			
	4 Soap Opera Weekly	4622		5555	24282			
	5 Easyriders		523.69	4155	9929			
	6 Mary Engelbreit's Home Companion	5259		9048	4363			
7 Official Xbox Magazine 5838				4311	10320			
	8 Weight Watchers 9 Globe		287.27	9202	4048			
	10 PSM: 100% Independent PlayStation 2 Magazine	7634		2180 6846	62771			
	10 PSM: 100% Independent PlayStation 2 Magazine 11 PC Gamer	8034	720.11	0040	63771			
	FL SQUIE	0154	005 68	6020	5271			
			905.68	6028	5271 12508			
	12 Saveur	8582	306.33	9621	5271 12508 2299			
	12 Saveur 13 Yankee	8582 9353	306.33 496.09	9621 11427	5271 12508 2299 1136			
	12 Saveur 13 Yankee 14 Diabetes Forecast	8582 9353 9441	306.33 496.09 666.35	9621 11427 11306	5271 12508 2299 1136 519			
	12 Saveur 13 Yankee	8582 9353 9441 9551	306.33 496.09	9621 11427	5271 12508 2299 1136			

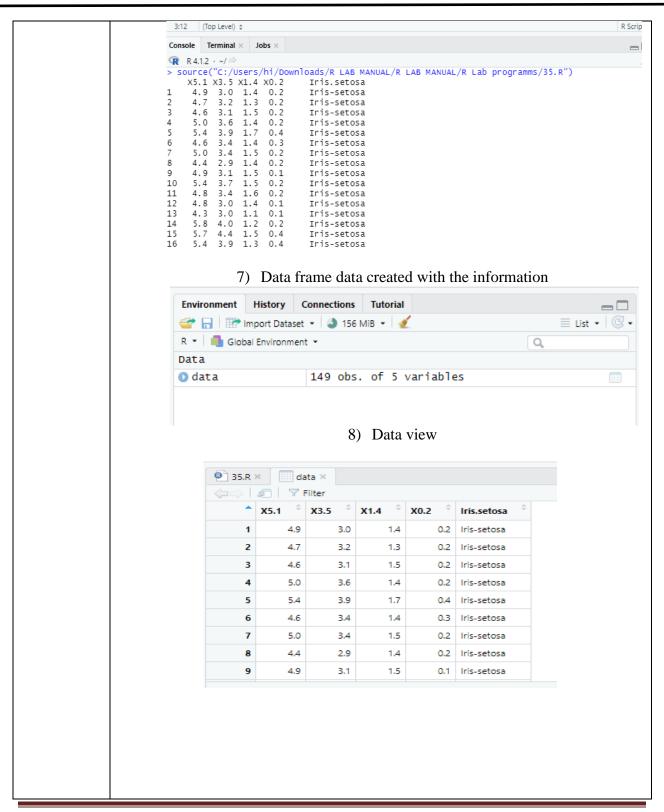














OUTPUT					
sepal 1 2 3 4 5 6	5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.0 5.4	epal.widtl 3.5 3.0 3.2 3.1 3.6 3.9	1.4 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.4	ength petal.width variety 0.2 Setosa 0.2 Setosa 0.2 Setosa 0.2 Setosa 0.2 Setosa 0.4 Setosa	
sepa 145 146 147 148 149 150 > summan sepal Min. 1st Qual Media :characa Mean 3rd Q	6.7 6.7 6.3 6.5 6.2 5.9 mary(dat .length :4.300 an:5.100 an:5.800 cter :5.843 u.:6.400	3.3 3.0 2.5 3.0 3.4 3.0 3.4 3.0 (a) sepal.wid Min. :2. 1st Qu.:2 Median Mean : 3rd Qu.:	5.7 5.2 5.0 5.2 5.4 5.1 8th per 000 Mi 2.800 1s :3.000 3.057 M 3.300 3	2.3 Virginica 1.9 Virginica 2.0 Virginica 2.3 Virginica 1.8 Virginica 1.8 Virginica  tal.length petal.width variety in. :1.000 Min. :0.100 Length:150 st Qu.:1.600 1st Qu.:0.300 Class :character Median :4.350 Median :1.300 Mode  Mean :3.758 Mean :1.199 Brd Qu.:5.100 3rd Qu.:1.800	
3rd Qu.:6.400 3rd Qu.:3.300 3rd Qu.:5.100 3rd Qu.:1.800 Max. :7.900 Max. :4.400 Max. :6.900 Max. :2.500 >					