

Jawhar Navodaya Vidyalaya

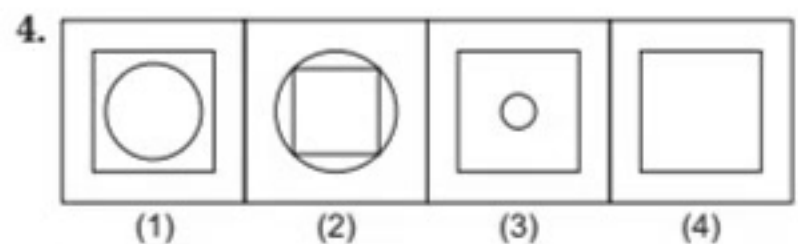
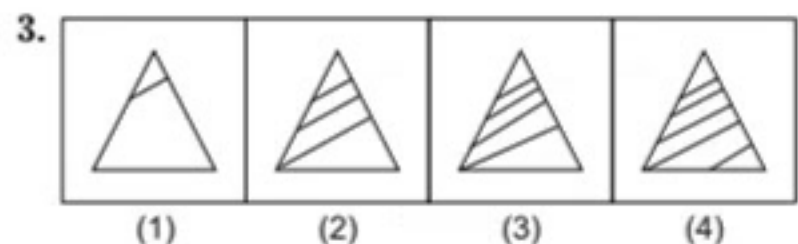
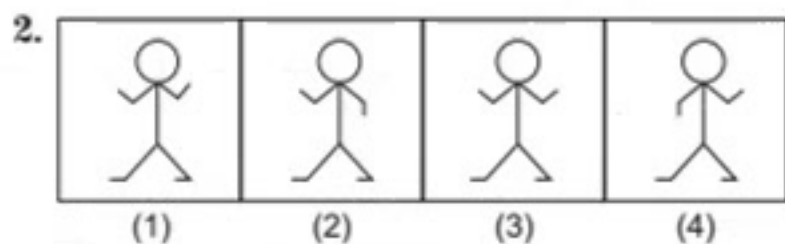
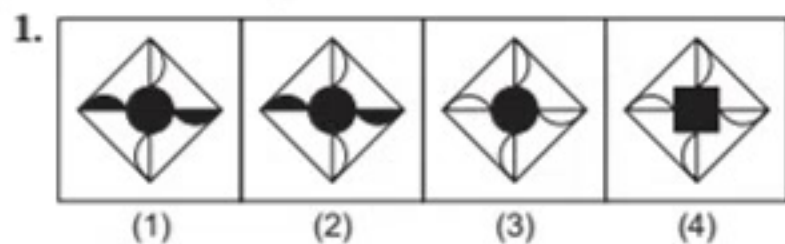
Entrance Exam (Class VI)

PRACTICE SET 2

Section I Mental Ability Test

Part I

Directions (Q.Nos. 1-4) *In questions, four figures 1, 2, 3 and 4 have been given in each question of these four figures, three figures are similar in some way and one figure is different. Select the figure which is different.*



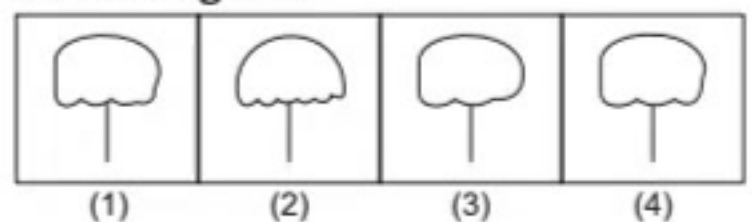
Part II

Directions (Q.Nos. 5-8) *In questions, a question figure is given and four answer figures marked 1, 2, 3 and 4 are also given. Select the answer figure which is exactly the same as the question figure.*

5. Question Figure



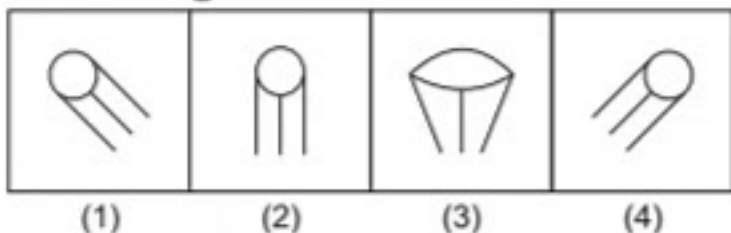
Answer Figures



6. Question Figure



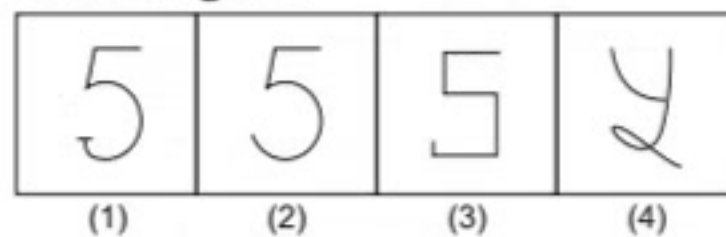
Answer Figures



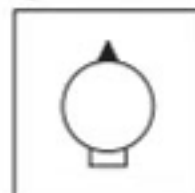
7. Question Figure



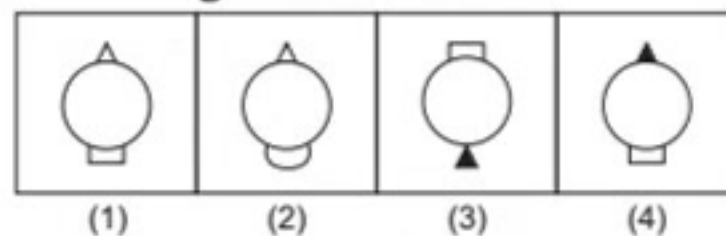
Answer Figures



8. Question Figure



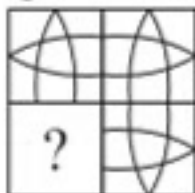
Answer Figures



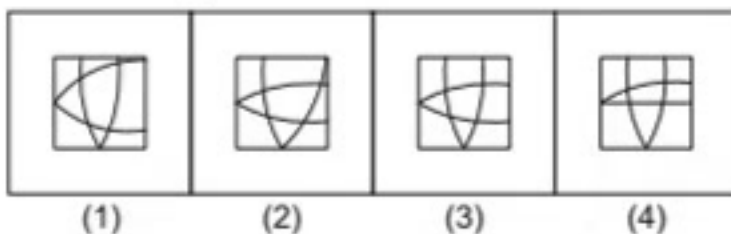
Part III

Directions (Q.Nos. 9-12) In questions, there is a question figure, a part of which is missing. Observe the answer figures 1, 2, 3 and 4 and find out the answer figure which without changing the direction, fits in the missing part of the question figure in order to complete the pattern in the question figure.

9. Question Figure



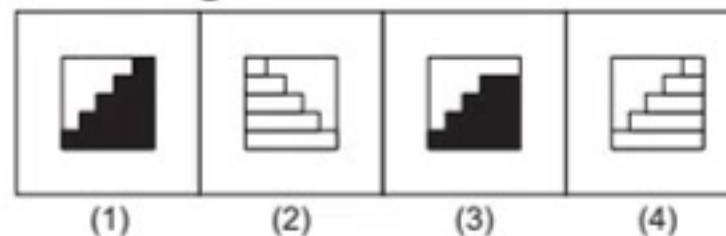
Answer Figures



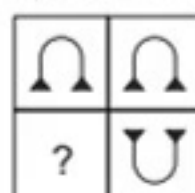
10. Question Figure



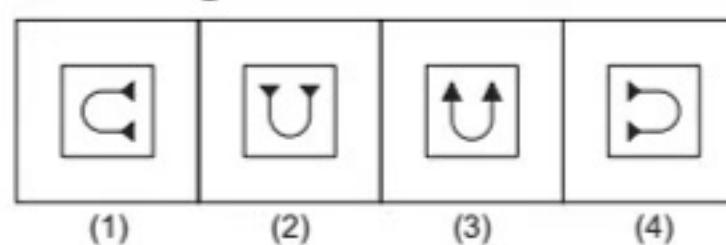
Answer Figures



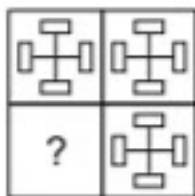
11. Question Figure



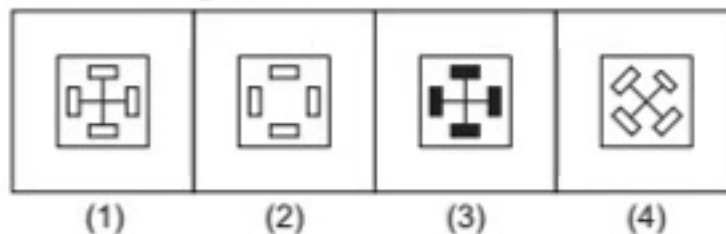
Answer Figures



12. Question Figure



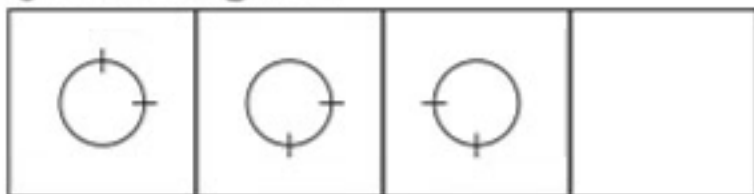
Answer Figures



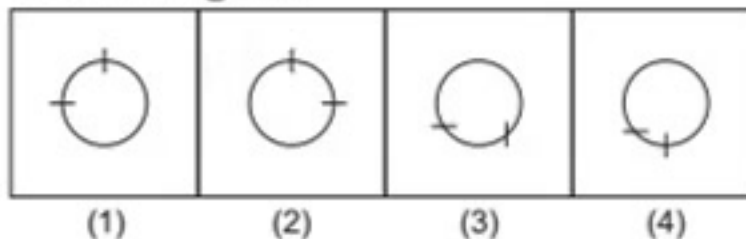
Part IV

Directions (Q.Nos. 13-16) In questions there are three question figures and the space for the fourth figure is left blank. The question figures are in a series. Find out one figure among the answer figures, which occupies the blank space for the fourth figure and completes the series.

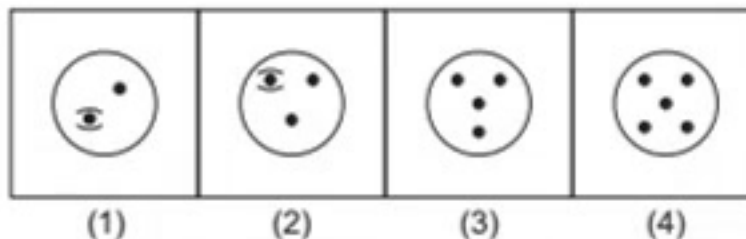
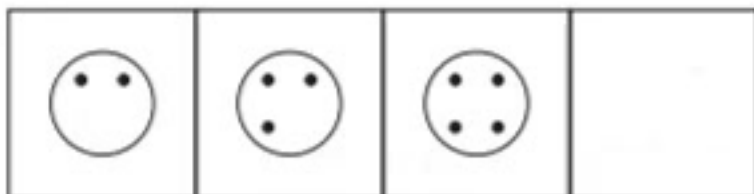
13. Question Figures



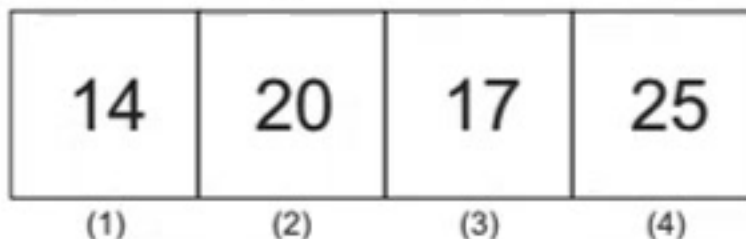
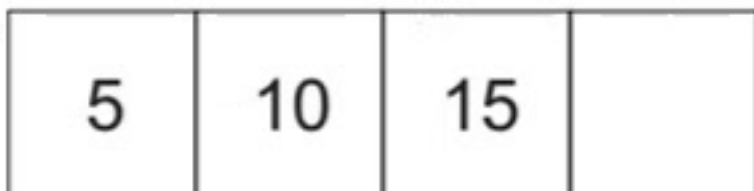
Answer Figures



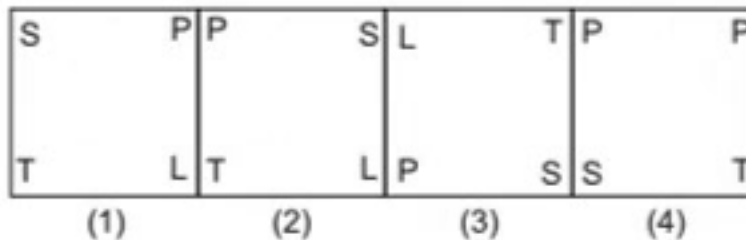
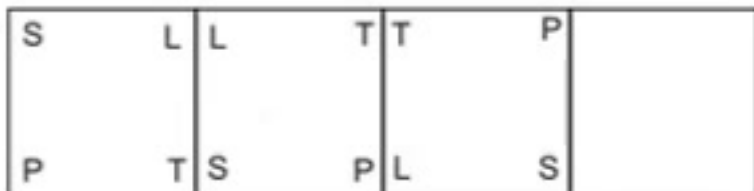
14.



15.



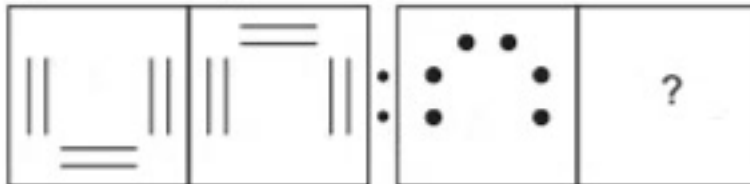
16.



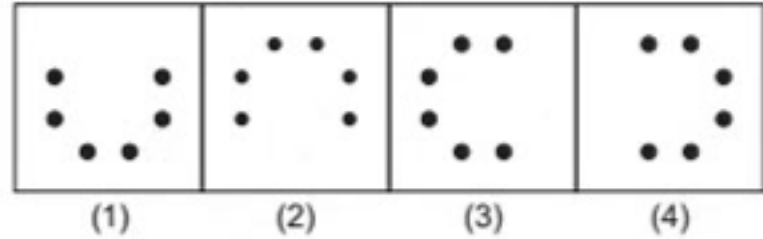
Part V

Directions (Q.Nos. 17-20) In questions, there are two sets of two question figures each. The second set has a mark of interrogation (?). There exists a relationship between the first two question figures, similar relationship should exist between the third and fourth question figure. Select one of the answer figure which replaces the mark of interrogation.

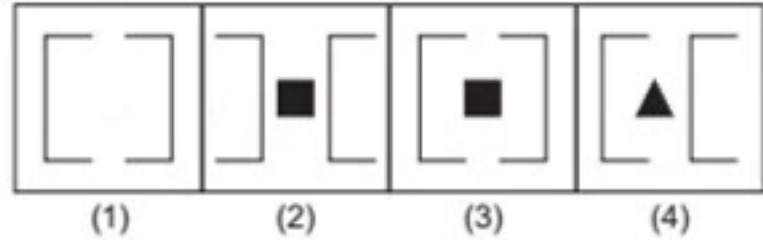
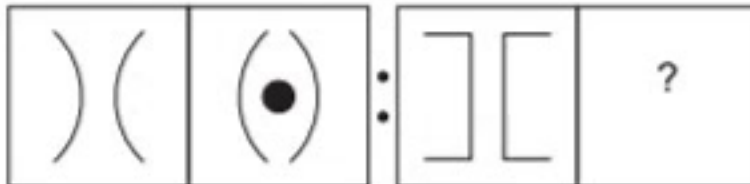
17. Question Figures



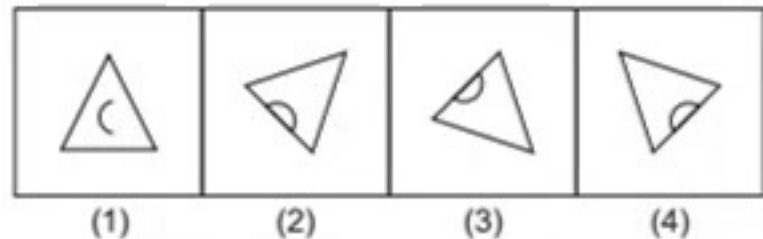
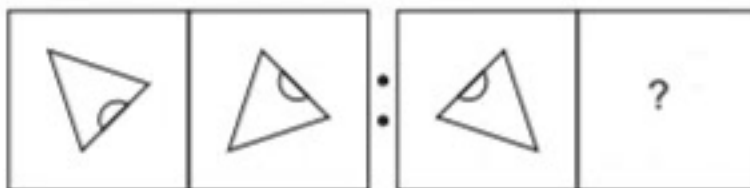
Answer Figures



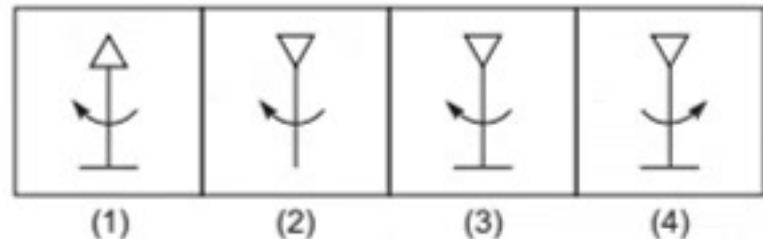
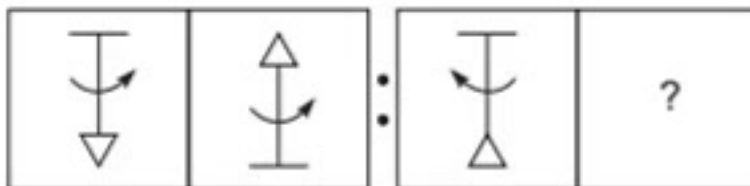
18.



19.



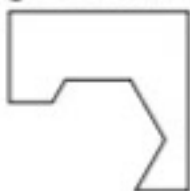
20.



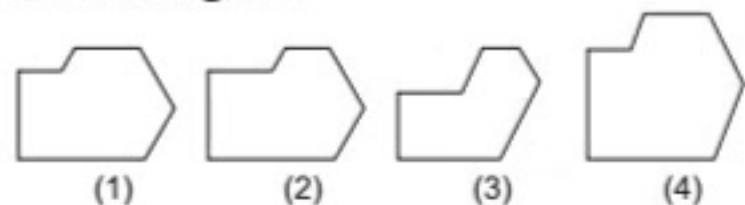
Part VI

Directions (Q.Nos. 21-24) In questions, one part of a geometrical figure is given as question figure and the other one is among the four answer figures 1, 2, 3 and 4 are also given. Find out the figure that completes the geometrical figure.

21. Question Figure



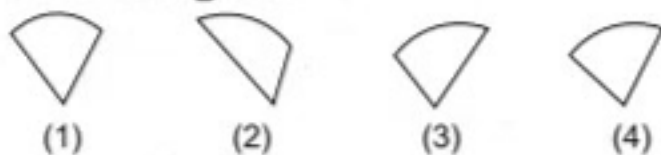
Answer Figures



22. Question Figure



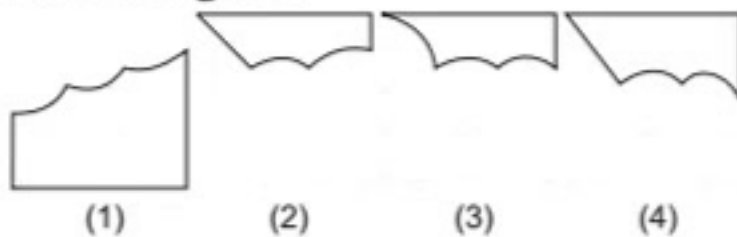
Answer Figures



23. Question Figure



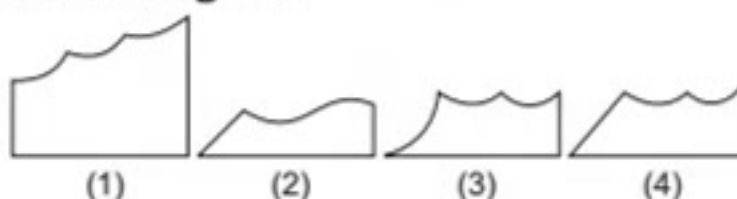
Answer Figures



24. Question Figure



Answer Figures



Part VII

Directions (Q.Nos. 25-28) In questions, there is a question figure and four answer figures marked 1, 2, 3 and 4 are also given. Select the answer figure which is exactly the mirror image of the question figure when the mirror is held at AB.

25. Question Figure



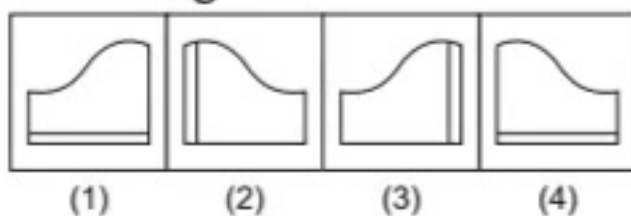
Answer Figures



26. Question Figure



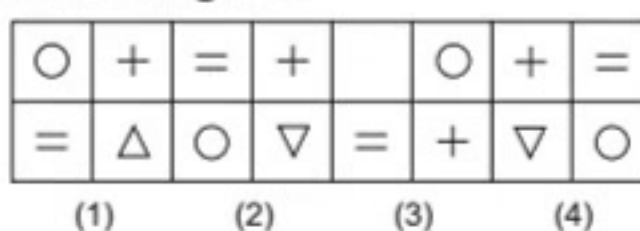
Answer Figures



27. Question Figure



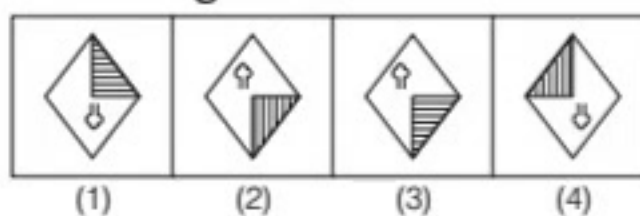
Answer Figures



28. Question Figure



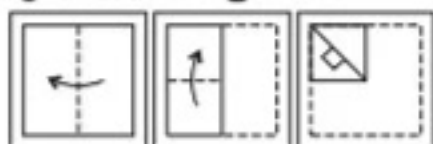
Answer Figures



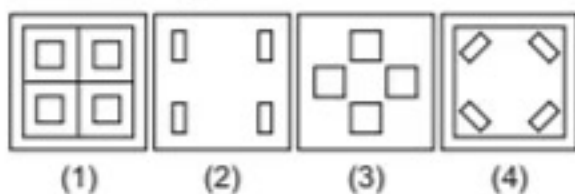
Part VIII

Directions (Q.Nos. 29-32) In questions, a piece of paper is folded and punched as shown in question figures and four answer figures marked 1, 2, 3 and 4 are also given. Select the answer figure which indicates how the paper will appear when opened (unfolded).

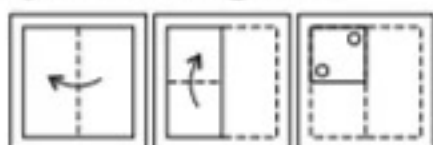
29. Question Figures



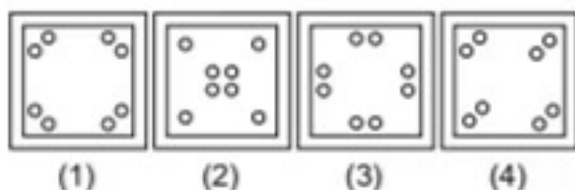
Answer Figures



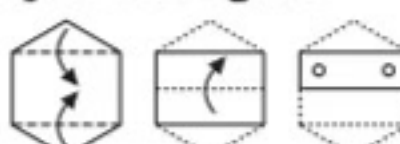
30. Question Figures



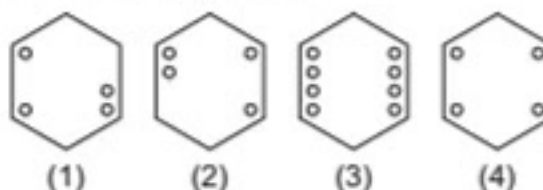
Answer Figures



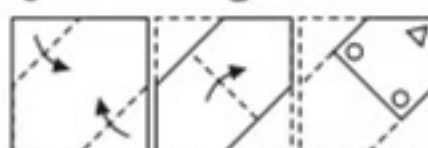
31. Question Figures



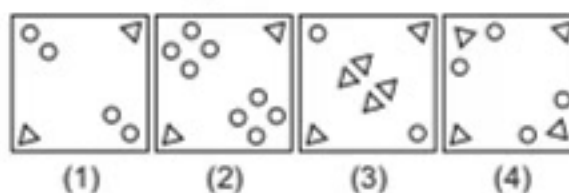
Answer Figures



32. Question Figures



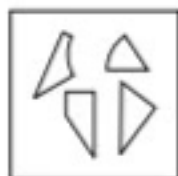
Answer Figures



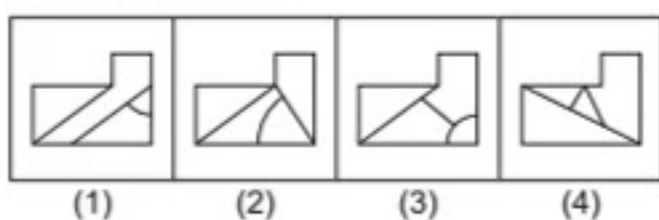
Part IX

Directions (Q.Nos. 33-36) In questions, a question figure is given and four answer figures, marked 1, 2, 3 and 4 are also given. Select the answer figure which can be formed from the cut off pieces given in the question figure.

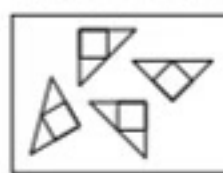
33. Question Figure



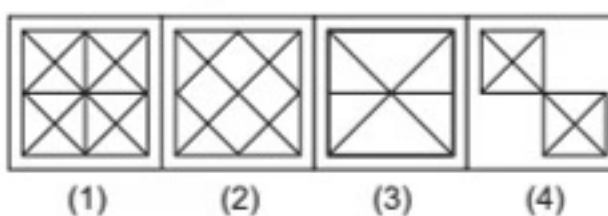
Answer Figures



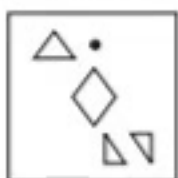
34. Question Figure



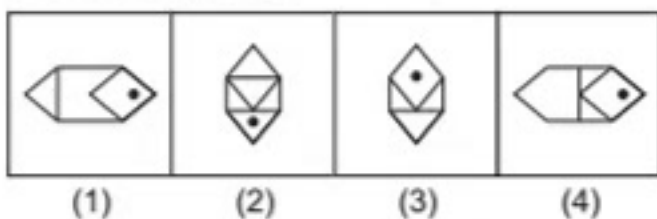
Answer Figures



35. Question Figure



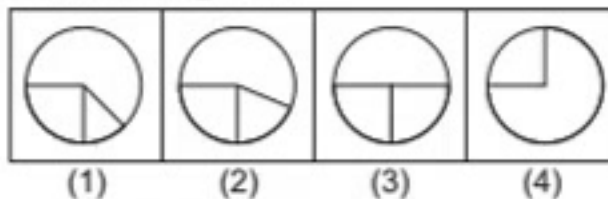
Answer Figures



36. Question Figure



Answer Figures



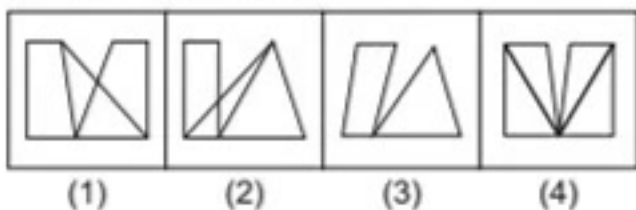
Part X

Directions (Q.Nos. 37-40) In questions, a question figure is given and four answer figures, marked 1, 2, 3 and 4 are also given. Select the answer figure in which the question figure is hidden/embedded.

37. Question Figure



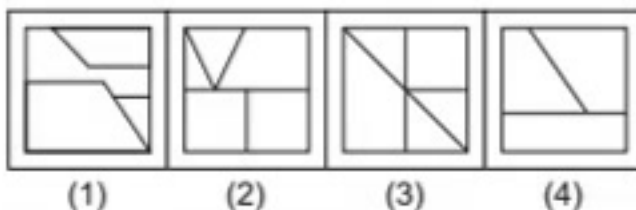
Answer Figures



38. Question Figure



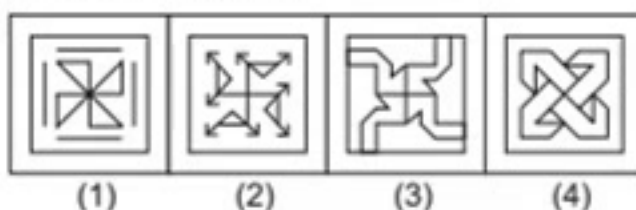
Answer Figures



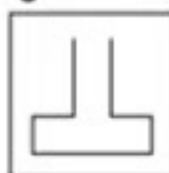
39. Question Figure



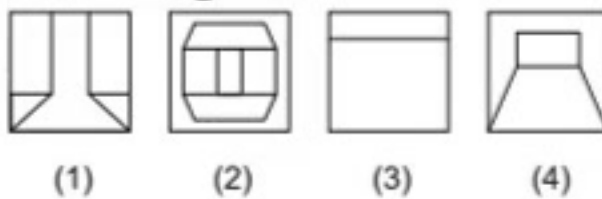
Answer Figures



40. Question Figure



Answer Figures



Section II Arithmetic Test

Directions (Q.Nos. 41-60) For every question four probable answers bearing numbers (1), (2), (3) and (4) are given. Only one out of these is correct. You have to choose the correct answer.

41. How many 4 digit numbers, in all are there?
(1) 9999 (2) 9990
(3) 9000 (4) 8999
42. Which statement is true for 11 and 21?
(1) Both are divisible numbers
(2) Both are even numbers
(3) Both are co-prime numbers
(4) Both are multiple of 3
43. How many days are there in 2 months, 5 weeks and 18 days?
(1) 113 (2) 115
(3) 116 (4) 114
44. After allowing a discount of 18% a washing machine is available for ₹ 13489. What is the market price of the washing machine?
(1) ₹ 16540 (2) ₹ 15450
(3) ₹ 16450 (4) ₹ 15540
45. Using digits 1, 0, 5 and 7 the greatest 4 digit number formed is
(1) 1075 (2) 1057
(3) 5017 (4) 7510
46. A train crosses a pole in 15 sec and a platform 100 m long in 25 sec. Its length is
(1) 50 m (2) 100 m
(3) 150 m (4) 200 m
47. The product of two numbers is $\frac{5}{4}$. If one number is $\frac{5}{6}$, what is the other number?
(1) 2 (2) $\frac{1}{2}$
(3) $\frac{3}{2}$ (4) $\frac{2}{3}$
48. The fraction equivalent to 1.25 is
(1) $1\frac{1}{4}$ (2) $12\frac{1}{2}$
(3) $1\frac{1}{8}$ (4) $12\frac{1}{4}$
49. The LCM of 12, 24 and 30 is
(1) 2 (2) 30
(3) 60 (4) 120
50. If $178 \times 34 = 6052$, what is $60.52 \div 17.8$?
(1) 34 (2) 3.4
(3) 0.34 (4) 0.034
51. 0.075 when expressed as per cent, is
(1) 75% (2) 7.5%
(3) 0.75% (4) 0.075%
52. On simplifying $15 \times 4 - 10 \div 5$, we get
(1) 10 (2) 30
(3) 58 (4) 120
53. A rectangular plot has sides 100 m \times 80 m. Find the length of wire to surround it three times.
(1) 180 m (2) 1080 m
(3) 360 m (4) 720 m
54. A man buys a radio for ₹ 900 and sells it for ₹ 1200. Find his gain per cent.
(1) 20 (2) 25
(3) 30 (4) $33\frac{1}{3}$
55. A fish tank length, breadth and height is 40 cm, 60 cm and 50 cm respectively. It contains 50 l of water. How much water is needed to fill it completely.
(1) 50 l (2) 60 l
(3) 70 l (4) 120 l
56. Three bells start ringing together at 8 : 30 am. If they ring after 4 min, 5 min and 6 min respectively each time, the next time they will ring together at
(1) 8 : 45 am (2) 9 : 30 am
(3) 9 : 45 am (4) 10 : 15 am
57. In how many years will ₹ 500 amount to ₹ 600 at the rate of 5% per annum at simple interest?
(1) 3 yr (2) 4 yr
(3) 5 yr (4) 6 yr
58. A person crosses a 600 m long street in 5 min. What is his speed in km per hour?
(1) 3.6 (2) 7.2
(3) 8.4 (4) 10
59. How many rectangular plots of dimensions 40 m by 60 m can be made from a rectangular field of dimensions 120 m by 160 m?
(1) 2 (2) 3 (3) 4 (4) 8
60. A boy slept at 9 : 45 pm and woke up the next morning at 5 : 30 am. He slept for
(1) 4 h 15 min (2) 7 h 15 min
(3) 7 h 45 min (4) 8 h 15 min

SECTION III Language Test (English)

Directions (Q.Nos. 61-80) *There are four passages. Each passage is followed by five questions. Read each passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. For each question four probable answer bearing letters (1), (2), (3) and (4) are given. Only one out of these is correct. You have to choose the correct answer.*

Passage 1

People think all insects are our enemies. Children like to kill flies, bugs and mosquitoes. Many kinds of insects are our enemies. Some of them harm our trees, our clothes, our books, our houses and some of them poison our food. Some of them bite us and spread diseases. But many insects are our friends too. They eat insects that we want to get rid of. There are many insects that are neither our friends nor our enemies. They do nothing to help or harm us.

61. "Some of them bite us"
"Some" here refers to
(1) people
(2) children
(3) enemies
(4) insects
62. Some insects do good to us because
(1) they live in our houses
(2) they spoil some kinds of food
(3) they save us from harmful insects
(4) they eat harmful insects
63. Some insects do more harm than good because
(1) they are annoying
(2) they are covered with dirt
(3) they spread diseases
(4) they eat other insects
64. In this passage, the writer tells us about
(1) the nature of children
(2) many kinds of insects
(3) usefulness of insects
(4) the nature of insects
65. Which of the following is the correct antonym of the given word 'Enemies'
(1) Rival (2) Adversary
(3) Opponent (4) Friend

Passage 2

Fishing is my favourite sport. I often fish for hours without catching anything. But this does not worry me. Some fishermen are unlucky. Instead of catching fish, they catch old boots and rubbish. I am even less lucky. I never catch anything—not even old boots. After having spent the whole mornings on the river, I always go home with an empty bag. "You must give up fishing!" my friends say, "It's a waste of time." But they don't realise one important thing. I am not really interested in fishing. I am only interested in sitting in a boat and doing nothing at all.

66. Some fishermen are unlucky because
(1) they never catch a fish
(2) fishing is not their favourite sport
(3) they fish for hours together
(4) sometimes they catch old boots and rubbish instead of fish
67. Fishing is the writer's favourite sport as he
(1) always catches fish
(2) finds it a funny sport
(3) enjoys doing nothing while sitting in a boat
(4) collects old boots
68. The writer is not a good fisherman because
(1) he never catches anything
(2) he only catches old boots and rubbish
(3) he goes alone
(4) he spends hours fishing
69. The bag that writer carries home is
(1) empty
(2) old
(3) full of fish
(4) full of old boots and rubbish
70. Select the suitable antonym of 'Favourite' from the options given below.
(1) Preferred
(2) Favoured
(3) Ideal
(4) Dislike

Passage 3

It was a full-moon's night. Bright moonlight flooded the road. I was walking slowly. Suddenly I heard a whistling sound. At first, I thought it was another late evening stroller like me. The sound was loud and cheerful. Suddenly, a boy on a bicycle sped past me. I could not see his face. After a few minutes, he was back again. This time, he stopped a few feet away from me and gave me a smile. He looked like a slim boy of fourteen. He wore a school blazer, a cap and a scarf. His eyes were bright and cool like moon-light. "You don't have a bell on your bicycle", I said. He said nothing. I put out my hand but he did not take it. Then quite suddenly, he sped past again. The next day, I learnt that, that whistling boy was a ghost.

- 71.** Who appeared quite rapidly?
 (1) The whistling boy
 (2) The author
 (3) The moon
 (4) The bicycle
- 72.** Why could the narrator not see the face of the boy?
 (1) He was afraid of the boy
 (2) The boy sped past quickly
 (3) The boy did not like him
 (4) He was an ugly looking boy
- 73.** What did the boy not wear?
 (1) A scarf (2) A cap
 (3) An overcoat (4) A blazer
- 74.** The word 'Stroller' means
 (1) a wanderer (2) a fast runner
 (3) an athlete (4) a beggar
- 75.** What was most unusual about the boy?
 (1) He was cycling fast
 (2) His eyes were bright but cool like moon-light
 (3) He wore a school uniform
 (4) He was whistling

Passage 4

The Sahara is the biggest desert in the world. It stretches across the whole of North Africa. The Arabian desert is also a very large desert. In India too, there is a desert called Thar desert in Rajasthan. Life in a desert is tough. The days are very hot and nights are cold.

- 76.** The biggest desert in the world is in
 (1) India
 (2) Africa
 (3) Arabia
 (4) America
- 77.** In desert regions
 (1) there is no rainfall
 (2) it rains heavily
 (3) there is enough rain
 (4) there is a little rain
- 78.** The climate in a desert is
 (1) pleasant (2) difficult
 (3) comfortable (4) cold
- 79.** Date palms grow in
 (1) plains (2) hilly regions
 (3) deserts (4) snowy regions
- 80.** Which of the following is correct synonym of the given word 'biggest'.
 (1) Huge (2) Small
 (3) Tiny (4) Miniature

Answer Sheet

1 (4)	2 (4)	3 (3)	4 (4)	5 (3)	6 (3)	7 (2)	8 (4)	9 (3)	10 (2)
11 (2)	12 (1)	13 (1)	14 (4)	15 (2)	16 (2)	17 (1)	18 (3)	19 (2)	20 (3)
21 (1)	22 (2)	23 (2)	24 (2)	25 (3)	26 (4)	27 (1)	28 (3)	29 (4)	30 (4)
31 (3)	32 (2)	33 (2)	34 (2)	35 (3)	36 (2)	37 (2)	38 (4)	39 (2)	40 (1)
41 (3)	42 (3)	43 (1)	44 (3)	45 (4)	46 (3)	47 (3)	48 (1)	49 (4)	50 (2)
51 (2)	52 (3)	53 (2)	54 (4)	55 (3)	56 (2)	57 (2)	58 (2)	59 (4)	60 (3)
61 (4)	62 (4)	63 (3)	64 (2)	65 (4)	66 (4)	67 (3)	68 (1)	69 (1)	70 (4)
71 (1)	72 (2)	73 (3)	74 (1)	75 (2)	76 (2)	77 (3)	78 (4)	79 (2)	80 (1)