## mnist-eager.py

```
import numpy as np
   import tensorflow as tf
3 | tf.enable_eager_execution()
4
5
   # supress warnings when loading mnist
   old_v = tf.logging.get_verbosity()
7
   tf.logging.set_verbosity(tf.logging.ERROR)
8
9
   from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
10 | mnist = input_data.read_data_sets('MNIST_data', one_hot=True)
11 | tf.logging.set_verbosity(old_v)
12
13
  dim_hidden = 1024
14
15 | layer_cnn0 = tf.layers.Conv2D(32, 5, activation = tf.nn.relu)
16 | layer_pool0 = tf.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2)
17 | layer_cnn1 = tf.layers.Conv2D(64, 5, activation = tf.nn.relu)
18 | layer_pool1 = tf.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2)
19 | layer_flatten = tf.layers.Flatten()
20 | layer_fc0 = tf.layers.Dense(dim_hidden, activation = tf.nn.relu)
   layer_dropout = tf.layers.Dropout(rate=0.75) # dropout rate is 0.75. Retain 0.25
22 | layer_fc1 = tf.layers.Dense(10, activation = None) # 1
23
24
25
   # forward propagation
26
   def prediction(X, training):
27
       inputs = tf.constant(X)
28
       cnn0 = layer_cnn0(inputs)
29
       pool0 = layer_pool0(cnn0)
30
       cnn1 = layer_cnn1(pool0)
31
       pool1 = layer_pool1(cnn1)
       flatten = layer_flatten(pool1)
32
33
       fc0 = layer_fc0(flatten)
34
       dropout = layer_dropout(fc0, training=training)
35
       output = layer_fc1(dropout)
36
       return output
37
38
   # cross entropy loss
39
   def loss(X, y, training):
40
       logits = prediction(X, training)
41
       loss = tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits_v2(labels = y, logits = logits)
42
       loss = tf.reduce_mean(loss)
43
       return loss
44
45
   def binary_accuracy(X, y):
       logits = prediction(X, training = False)
46
       predict = tf.argmax(logits, 1).numpy()
47
48
       target = np.argmax(y, 1)
       binary_accuracy = np.sum(predict == target)/len(target)
49
       return(binary_accuracy)
50
51
52 | X_validation = mnist.validation.images
```

```
y_validation = mnist.validation.labels
54 | X_validation = X_validation.reshape([-1,28,28,1])
55
56
  def v_binary_accuracy() :
       return(binary_accuracy(X_validation, y_validation))
57
58
59
60
   optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate = 1e-3)
61
62
   batch\_size = 50
63
   iters = 1000
64
   for i in range(iters):
65
66
       X, y = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
67
       X = X.reshape([-1,28,28,1])
68
       optimizer.minimize(lambda: loss(X, y, True))
69
       if i % 100 == 0:
70
           batch_accuracy = binary_accuracy(X, y)
71
72
           validation_accuracy = v_binary_accuracy()
73
           print("batchu%d,ubatchuaccuracyu%.3fuvalidationuaccuracyu%.3f" %
74
                                     (i, batch_accuracy, validation_accuracy))
75
76
   # evaluate the result
77 | X, y = mnist.test.images, mnist.test.labels
78 \mid X = X.reshape([-1,28,28,1])
79 | test_accuracy = binary_accuracy(X, y)
   print("test_accuracy_%g" % (test_accuracy))
```