

## Problem 1

1)

$$H(Y_1) = -\left(\frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$H(Y_2) = -\left(\frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$H(Y_3) = -\left(\frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

Entropy  $H(Y)$  is the expected value of the probability of  $y$ :

$$H(Y) = -\sum_y p(y) \log p(y)$$

$$\text{Therefore, } H(y) = -\left(\frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

2)

$$E(S) = -\left(\frac{1}{6} \log_2 \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} \log_2 \frac{2}{6} + \frac{3}{6} \log_2 \frac{3}{6}\right) = -(-0.43083 - 0.52857 - 0.5) = 1.45940$$

The entropy for  $X_1$  split:

$$E(X_1 = 1) = -\left(\frac{1}{3} \log_2 \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \log_2 \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \log_2 \frac{1}{3}\right) = 1.58496$$

$$E(X_1 = 0) = -\left(\frac{1}{2} \log_2 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 \frac{1}{2}\right) = 1$$

$$E_{\text{weighted}}(X_1) = \frac{4}{6} \cdot E(X_1 = 1) + \frac{2}{6} \cdot E(X_1 = 0) = 1.38997$$

$$IG(X_1) = E(S) - E_{\text{weighted}}(X_1) = 1.45940 - 0.33333 = 1.12617$$

The entropy for  $X_2$  split:

$$E(X_2 = 1) = -\left(\frac{1}{2} \log_2 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$E(X_2 = 1) = -2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \log_2 \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$E(X_2 = 1) = 1$$

For  $X_2 = 0$ , with 4 instances, the entropy is:

$$E(X_2 = 0) = - \left( \frac{1}{4} \log_2 \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \log_2 \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$E(X_2 = 0) = 1.5$$

The weighted sum of these entropies is:

$$E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = \frac{2}{6} E(X_2 = 1) + \frac{4}{6} E(X_2 = 0)$$

$$E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot (1) + \frac{2}{3} \cdot 1.5$$

$$E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = \frac{1}{3} + 1$$

$$E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$IG(X_2) = E(S) - E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = 1.45940 - 1.22221 = 0.23719$$

$$E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = \frac{2}{6} \cdot E(X_2 = 1) + \frac{4}{6} \cdot E(X_2 = 0) = 0.33333 + 0.88888 = 1.22221$$

$$IG(X_2) = E(S) - E_{\text{weighted}}(X_2) = 1.45940 - 1.22221 = 0.23719$$

4) It can be determined from the decision tree that when  $X_1$  is equal to 0, Y will be 3 regardless of the value of  $X_2$ . Therefore, when  $X_1$  is equal to 0 and  $X_2$  is equal to 1, Y will be equal to 3.