### **ASSIGNMENT NO 4**

### Title of the Assignment:

Design & implementation of Parallel (CUDA) algorithm to Add two large Vector

#### **Problem Statement:**

Design & implementation of Parallel (CUDA) algorithm to Add two large Vector, Multiply Vector and Matrix and Multiply two  $N \times N$  arrays using n2.

## **Objective:**

To offload parallel computations to the graphics card, when it is appropriate to do so, and to give some idea of how to think about code running in the massively parallel environment presented by today's graphics cards.

#### **Outcome:**

Students should understand the basic of GPU computing in the CUDA environment.

### **Prerequisites:**

Strassen's Matrix Multiplication Algorithm and CUDA Tutorials.

## **Hardware Specification:**

x86\_64 bit, 2 – 2/4 GB DDR RAM, 80 - 500 GB SATA HD, 1GBNIDIA TITAN X Graphics Card.

# **Software Specification:**

Ubuntu 14.04, GPU Driver 352.68, CUDA Toolkit 8.0, CUDNNLibrary v5.0

### **Source Code:**

```
#include<iostream>
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<cuda.h>
#define BLOCK_SIZE 16
using namespace std;
void initialize_matrix(int *array, int rows, int cols){
for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
array[i*cols + j] = rand() \% 10;
void print_matrix(int *array, int rows, int cols){
for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
cout << array[i*cols + j] << " ";
cout << endl;
void matrix_multiplication_cpu(int *a, int *b, int *c, int common, int c_rows,int
c_cols){
for(int i = 0; i < c_rows; i++){
for(int j = 0; j < c_{cols}; j++){
int sum = 0;
for(int k = 0; k < \text{common}; k++){
sum += a[i*common + k] * b[k*c\_cols + j];
c[i*c\_cols + j] = sum;
__global__ void matrix_multiply(int *a, int *b, int *c, int c_rows, int common,
int c_cols)
int row = blockIdx.y*blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;
int col = blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
int sum=0;
if(col < c\_cols \&\& row < c\_rows) {
```

```
for(int j = 0; j < \text{common}; j++)
sum += a[row*common+j] * b[j*c\_cols+col];
c[c_cols*row+col]=sum;
int main(){
int A_rows, A_cols, B_rows, B_cols, C_rows, C_cols;
cout << "Dimensions of matrix 1:\n";
cout << "Rows: ";
cin >> A_rows;
cout << "Columns: ";</pre>
cin >> A_cols;
cout << "Dimensions of matrix 2:\n";
cout << "Rows: " << A_cols << endl << "Columns: ";
cin >> B_cols;
B rows = A cols;
C \text{ rows} = A \text{ rows};
C_{cols} = B_{cols};
int A_size = A_rows * A_cols;
int B_size = B_rows * B_cols;
int C size = C rows * C cols;
int *A, *B, *C;
int *m1,*m2,*result;
A = new int[A_size];
B = new int[B\_size];
C = new int[C_size];
initialize_matrix(A,A_rows,A_cols);
cout << "Matrix 1\n";
print_matrix(A,A_rows,A_cols);
initialize_matrix(B,B_rows,B_cols);
cout << "Matrix 2\n";
print_matrix(B,B_rows,B_cols);
cudaMallocManaged(&m1, A_size * sizeof(int));
cudaMallocManaged(&m2, B_size * sizeof(int));
cudaMallocManaged(&result, C_size * sizeof(int));
cudaMemcpy(m1,A,A_size * sizeof(int), cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
cudaMemcpy(m2,B,B_size * sizeof(int), cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
dim3 dimGrid(A_rows + BLOCK_SIZE - 1 / BLOCK_SIZE, B_cols +
```

```
BLOCK_SIZE - 1 / BLOCK_SIZE);
dim3 dimBlock(BLOCK_SIZE,BLOCK_SIZE);
float gpu_elapsed_time;
cudaEvent_t gpu_start,gpu_stop;
cudaEventCreate(&gpu_start);
cudaEventCreate(&gpu_stop);
cudaEventRecord(gpu_start);
matrix_multiply<<<dimGrid,dimBlock>>>(m1,m2,result,C_rows,A_cols,C_cols
);
cudaEventRecord(gpu_stop);
cudaEventSynchronize(gpu_stop);
cudaEventElapsedTime(&gpu_elapsed_time, gpu_start, gpu_stop);
cudaEventDestroy(gpu_start);
cudaEventDestroy(gpu_stop);
cudaMemcpy(C,result,C_size*sizeof(int),cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
cout << "GPU result:\n";</pre>
print_matrix(C,C_rows,C_cols);
cout<<"GPU Elapsed time is: "<<gpu_elapsed_time<<" milliseconds"<<endl;
cudaEventCreate(&gpu_start);
cudaEventCreate(&gpu_stop);
cudaEventRecord(gpu_start);
matrix_multiplication_cpu(A,B,C,A_cols,C_rows,C_cols);
cudaEventRecord(gpu_stop);
cudaEventSynchronize(gpu_stop);
cudaEventElapsedTime(&gpu_elapsed_time, gpu_start, gpu_stop);
cudaEventDestroy(gpu_start);
cudaEventDestroy(gpu_stop);
cout << "CPU result:\n";</pre>
print_matrix(C,C_rows,C_cols);
cout<<"CPU Elapsed time is: "<<gpu_elapsed_time<<" milliseconds"<<endl;
cudaFree(m1);
cudaFree(m2);
cudaFree(result);
return 0;
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
dcomp-msl-07@dcompmsl07-ThinkCentre-neo-50s-Gen-3:-$ g++ -o add -fopenmp matrix.cpp
dcomp-nsl-07@dcompmsl07-ThinkCentre-neo-50s-Gen-3:-$ ,/add
Enter number of rows (between 1 and 100): 3
Enter number of columns (between 1 and 100): 3
Enter elements of 1st matrix:
Enter element ail: 4
Enter element ail: 4
Enter element ail: 8
Enter element ail: 9
Enter element bil: 5
Enter element bil: 5
Enter element bil: 1
Enter element bil: 4
Enter element bil: 2
Enter element bil: 2
Enter element bil: 4
Enter element bil: 5
Enter element bil: 5
Enter element bil: 6
Enter element bil: 6
Enter element bil: 6
Enter element bil: 7
Enter element bil: 8
Enter element bil: 9
Enter element ail: 9
Enter element ail: 9
Enter element ail:
```

### **Conclusion:**

We have successfully implemented of Parallel (CUDA) algorithm to Add two large Vector