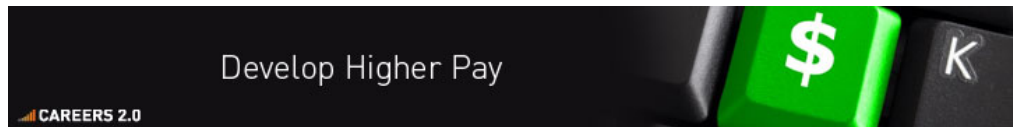


## Ruby: How to post a file via HTTP as multipart/form-data?



I want to do an HTTP POST that looks like an HTML form posted from a browser. Specifically, post some text fields and a file field.

Posting text fields is straightforward, there's an example right there in the net/http rdocs, but I can't figure out how to post a file along with it.

Net::HTTP doesn't look like the best idea. [curb](#) is looking good.

[ruby](#) | [http](#) | [post](#)

edited [Dec 4 '09 at 21:07](#)

asked [Oct 8 '08 at 18:31](#)



[kch](#)

**15.2k** 14 62 99

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protected by [Flexo](#) [Jan 15 at 17:09](#)

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## 9 Answers

I like RestClient. It encapsulates net/http with cool features like multipart form data:

```
require 'rest_client'
RestClient.post('http://localhost:3000/foo',
  :name_of_file_param => File.new('/path/to/file'))
```

It also supports streaming.

gem install rest-client will get you started.

edited [Mar 20 '11 at 3:13](#)



[eric](#)

**623** 3 13

answered [Nov 25 '08 at 4:03](#)



[Pedro](#)

**560** 1 4 10

1 this looks purty – [kch](#) [Nov 25 '08 at 4:12](#)

I take that back, file uploads now work. Problem I'm having now is the server gives a 302 and the rest-client follows the RFC (which no browser does) and throws an exception (since browsers are supposed to warn about this behavior). The other alternative is curb but I've never had any luck installing curb in windows. – [Matt Wolfe](#) [Mar 6 '10 at 9:19](#)

2 The API has changed a little since this was first posted, multipart now is invoked like: RestClient.post 'localhost:3000/foo', :upload => File.new('/path/tofile')) See [github.com/archiloque/rest-client](#) for more details. – [Clinton](#) [Mar 14 '10 at 9:16](#)

This worked fine for me for posting to an Apache+Php script. – [Matt Connolly](#) [May 20 '11 at 5:25](#)

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I can't say enough good things about Nick Sieger's multipart-post library.

It adds support for multipart posting directly to Net::HTTP, removing your need to manually worry about boundaries or big libraries that may have different goals than your own.

Here is a little example on how to use it from the [README](#):

```
require 'net/http/post/multipart'

url = URI.parse('http://www.example.com/upload')
File.open("./image.jpg") do |jpg|
  req = Net::HTTP::Post::Multipart.new url.path,
    "file" => UploadIO.new(jpg, "image/jpeg", "image.jpg")
  res = Net::HTTP.start(url.host, url.port) do |http|
    http.request(req)
  end
end
```

You can check out the library here: <http://github.com/nicksieger/multipart-post>

or install it with:

```
$ sudo gem install multipart-post
```

edited May 9 '10 at 7:42

answered Apr 8 '10 at 22:12



eric  
623 3 13

- 
- 1 That one did it for me, exactly what I was looking for and exactly what should be included without the need for a gem. Ruby is so far ahead, yet so far behind. – [Trey](#) Apr 27 '10 at 0:45

---

awesome, this comes as a God send! used this to monkeypatch the OAuth gem to support file uploads. took me only 5 minutes. – [Matthias](#) Mar 9 '11 at 15:20

---

@matthias I'm trying to upload photo with OAuth gem, but failed. could you give me some example of your monkeypatch? – [Hooopo](#) May 16 '11 at 8:01

- 
- 1 The patch was quite specific to my script (quick-and-dirty), but have a look at it and maybe you can some up with a more generic approach ([gist.github.com/974084](http://gist.github.com/974084)) – [Matthias](#) May 16 '11 at 8:19
- 

feedback

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curb looks like a great solution, but in case it doesn't meet your needs, you *can* do it with Net::HTTP. A multipart form post is just a carefully-formatted string with some extra headers. It seems like every Ruby programmer who needs to do multipart posts ends up writing their own little library for it, which makes me wonder why this functionality isn't built-in. Maybe it is... Anyway, for your reading pleasure, I'll go ahead and give my solution here. This code is based off of examples I found on a couple of blogs, but I regret that I can't find the links anymore. So I guess I just have to take all the credit for myself...

The module I wrote for this contains one public class, for generating the form data and headers out of a hash of String and File objects. So for example, if you wanted to post a form with a string parameter named "title" and a file parameter named "document", you would do the following:

```
data, headers = Multipart::Post.prepqre_query("title" => my_string, "document" =>
```



Then you just do a normal POST with Net::HTTP:

```
http = Net::HTTP.new(upload_uri.host, upload_uri.port)
res = http.start {|con| con.post(upload_uri.path, data, headers) }
```

Or however else you want to do the POST. The point is that Multipart returns the data and headers that you need to send. And that's it! Simple, right? Here's the code for the Multipart module (you need the mime-types gem):

```

# Author:: Cody Brimhall <mailto:cbrimhall@ucdavis.edu>
# Created:: 22 Feb 2008

require 'rubygems'
require 'mime/types'
require 'cgi'

module Multipart
  VERSION = "1.0.0" unless const_defined?(:VERSION)

  # Formats a given hash as a multipart form post
  # If a hash value responds to :string or :read messages, then it is
  # interpreted as a file and processed accordingly; otherwise, it is assumed
  # to be a string
  class Post
    # We have to pretend like we're a web browser...
    USERAGENT = "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; PPC Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/523
    BOUNDARY = "0123456789ABLEWASIEREISAWELBA9876543210" unless const_defined?(:
    CONTENT_TYPE = "multipart/form-data; boundary=#{ BOUNDARY }" unless const_de
    HEADER = { "Content-Type" => CONTENT_TYPE, "User-Agent" => USERAGENT } unles

    def self.prepare_query(params)
      fp = []

      params.each do |k, v|
        # Are we trying to make a file parameter?
        if v.respond_to?(:path) and v.respond_to?(:read) then
          fp.push(FileParam.new(k, v.path, v.read))
          # We must be trying to make a regular parameter
        else
          fp.push(StringParam.new(k, v))
        end
      end
    end
  end
end

```

edited Sep 11 '09 at 20:18

answered Oct 17 '08 at 18:24



Cody Brimhall  
689 3 13

Hi! What's the license on this code? Also: It might be nice to add the URL for this post in the comments at the top. Thanks! – The Doctor What Sep 23 '10 at 14:34

- 2 The code in this post is licensed under the WTFPL ([sam.zoy.org/wtfpl](http://sam.zoy.org/wtfpl)). Enjoy! – Cody Brimhall Oct 14 '10 at 19:49

you should not pass the filestream into the initialize call of the FileParam class. The assignment in the to\_multipart method copies the file content again, which is unnecessary! Instead pass only the file descriptor and read from it in to\_multipart – mobier Jul 28 at 3:28

feedback

Here is my solution after trying other ones available on this post, I'm using it to upload photo on TwitPic:

```

def upload(photo)
  `curl -F media=@#{photo.path} -F username=#{@username} -F password=#{@password}
end

```



answered Dec 26 '08 at 13:09



Alex  
4,504 4 16 24

Despite seeming a bit hackish, this is probably the nicest solution for me so big thanks for this suggestion! – bjeanes Feb 28 '09 at 6:35

Just a note for the unwary, the media=@... is what makes curl thing that ... is a file and not just a string. A bit confusing with ruby syntax, but @#{photo.path} is not the same as #{@photo.path}. This solution is one of the best imho. – Evgeny Feb 22 '10 at 17:48

feedback

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Ok, here's a simple example using curb.

```
require 'yaml'
require 'curb'

# prepare post data
post_data = fields_hash.map { |k, v| Curl::PostField.content(k, v.to_s) }
post_data << Curl::PostField.file('file', '/path/to/file'),

# post
c = Curl::Easy.new('http://localhost:3000/foo')
c.multipart_form_post = true
c.http_post(post_data)

# print response
y [c.response_code, c.body_str]
```

edited Oct 8 '08 at 21:02

answered Oct 8 '08 at 18:55



kch

15.2k 14 62 99

feedback

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there's also nick sieger's [multipart-post](#) to add to the long list of possible solutions.

answered Apr 23 '09 at 12:26



Jan Berkel

893 10 8

feedback

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restclient did not work for me until I overrode create\_file\_field in RestClient::Payload::Multipart.

It was creating a '**Content-Disposition: multipart/form-data**' in each part where it should be '**Content-Disposition: form-data**'.

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2388.txt>

My fork is here if you need it: [git@github.com:kcrawford/rest-client.git](https://github.com/kcrawford/rest-client)

edited Jan 23 '10 at 5:47

answered Jan 14 '10 at 23:05

user243633

---

This is fixed in the latest restclient. – user243633 Feb 23 '10 at 18:41

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feedback

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I had the same problem (need to post to jboss web server). Curb works fine for me, except that it caused ruby to crash (ruby 1.8.7 on ubuntu 8.10) when I use session variables in the code.

I dig into the rest-client docs, could not find indication of multipart support. I tried the rest-client examples above but jboss said the http post is not multipart.

answered Feb 5 '09 at 19:01

zd

feedback

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Well the solution with NetHttp has a drawback that is when posting big files it loads the whole file into memory first.

After playing a bit with it I came up with the following solution:

```
class Multipart
```

```
  def initialize( file_names )  
    @file_names = file_names  
  end
```

```
  def post( to_url )  
    boundary = '-----RubyMultipartClient' + rand(1000000).to_s + 'ZZZZZ'
```

```
    parts = []  
    streams = []  
    @file_names.each do |param_name, filepath|  
      pos = filepath.rindex('/')  
      filename = filepath[pos + 1, filepath.length - pos]  
      parts << StringPart.new ( "--" + boundary + "\r\n" +  
        "Content-Disposition: form-data; name=\"" + param_name.to_s + "\"; filename=" +  
        "Content-Type: video/x-msvideo\r\n\r\n")  
      stream = File.open(filepath, "rb")  
      streams << stream  
      parts << StreamPart.new (stream, File.size(filepath))  
    end
```

```
    parts << StringPart.new ( "\r\n--" + boundary + "--\r\n" )
```

```
    post_stream = MultipartStream.new( parts )
```

```
    url = URI.parse( to_url )  
    req = Net::HTTP::Post.new(url.path)  
    req.content_length = post_stream.size  
    req.content_type = 'multipart/form-data; boundary=' + boundary  
    req.body_stream = post_stream  
    res = Net::HTTP.new(url.host, url.port).start {|http| http.request(req) }
```

```
    streams.each do |stream|
```

answered Dec 25 '08 at 15:46

Stanislav Vitvitskiy

[feedback](#)

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