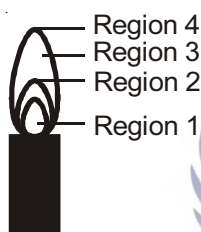


Principles of Qualitative Analysis

1. Which of the following compounds is not colored yellow?
[JEE (Main)-2015]

- (1) $\text{Zn}_2[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$
- (2) $\text{K}_3[\text{Co}(\text{NO}_2)_6]$
- (3) $(\text{NH}_4)_3[\text{As}(\text{Mo}_3\text{O}_{10})_4]$
- (4) BaCrO_4

2. The hottest region of Bunsen flame shown in the figure below is
[JEE (Main)-2016]



- (1) Region 2
- (2) Region 3
- (3) Region 4
- (4) Region 1

3. Sodium salt of an organic acid 'X' produces effervescence with conc. H_2SO_4 . 'X' reacts with the acidified aqueous CaCl_2 solution to give a white precipitate which decolourises acidic solution of KMnO_4 . 'X' is
[JEE (Main)-2017]

- (1) CH_3COONa
- (2) $\text{Na}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$
- (3) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COONa}$
- (4) HCOONa

4. Hydrogen peroxide oxidises $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ to $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ in acidic medium but reduces $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ to $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ in alkaline medium. The other products formed are, respectively.
[JEE (Main)-2018]

- (1) $(\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2)$ and H_2O
- (2) $(\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2)$ and $(\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{OH}^-)$
- (3) H_2O and $(\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2)$
- (4) H_2O and $(\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{OH}^-)$

5. When metal 'M' is treated with NaOH , a white gelatinous precipitate 'X' is obtained, which is soluble in excess of NaOH . Compound 'X' when heated strongly gives an oxide which is used in chromatography as an adsorbent. The metal 'M' is
[JEE (Main)-2018]

- (1) Zn
- (2) Ca
- (3) Al
- (4) Fe

6. An organic compound 'A' is oxidized with Na_2O_2 followed by boiling with HNO_3 . The resultant solution is then treated with ammonium molybdate to yield a yellow precipitate

Based on above observation, the element present in the given compound is :
[JEE (Main)-2019]

- (1) Fluorine
- (2) Nitrogen
- (3) Phosphorus
- (4) Sulphur

7. Thermal decomposition of a Mn compound (X) at 513 K results in compound Y, MnO_2 and a gaseous product. MnO_2 reacts with NaCl and concentrated H_2SO_4 to give a pungent gas Z. X, Y and Z respectively are:
[JEE (Main)-2019]

- (1) K_2MnO_4 , KMnO_4 and Cl_2
- (2) K_3MnO_4 , K_2MnO_4 and Cl_2
- (3) K_2MnO_4 , KMnO_4 and SO_2
- (4) KMnO_4 , K_2MnO_4 and Cl_2

8. A metal (A) on heating in nitrogen gas gives compound B. B on treatment with H_2O gives a colourless gas which when passed through CuSO_4 solution gives a dark blue-violet coloured solution. A and B respectively, are
[JEE (Main)-2020]

- (1) Mg and Mg_3N_2
- (2) Na and Na_3N
- (3) Mg and $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$
- (4) Na and NaNO_3

9. The mechanism of action of "Terfenadine" (Seldane) is
[JEE (Main)-2020]
- (1) Activates the histamine receptor
 - (2) Helps in the secretion of histamine
 - (3) Inhibits the secretion of histamine
 - (4) Inhibits the action of histamine receptor
10. Reaction of an inorganic sulphite X with dilute H_2SO_4 generates compound Y. Reaction of Y with NaOH gives X. Further, the reaction of X with Y and water affords compound Z. Y and Z, respectively, are
[JEE (Main)-2020]
- (1) S and Na_2SO_3
 - (2) SO_2 and NaHSO_3
 - (3) SO_2 and Na_2SO_3
 - (4) SO_3 and NaHSO_3

