## Q1. Explain Array in java programming?

Ans:

If we want to store multiple value under single variable name then we Should go for array

An Array in java is store multiple vales(same types) in a single variable with continuous memory allocation.

Elements of the array access or assigned by index

Index always start with 0.

Java Does not support negative index

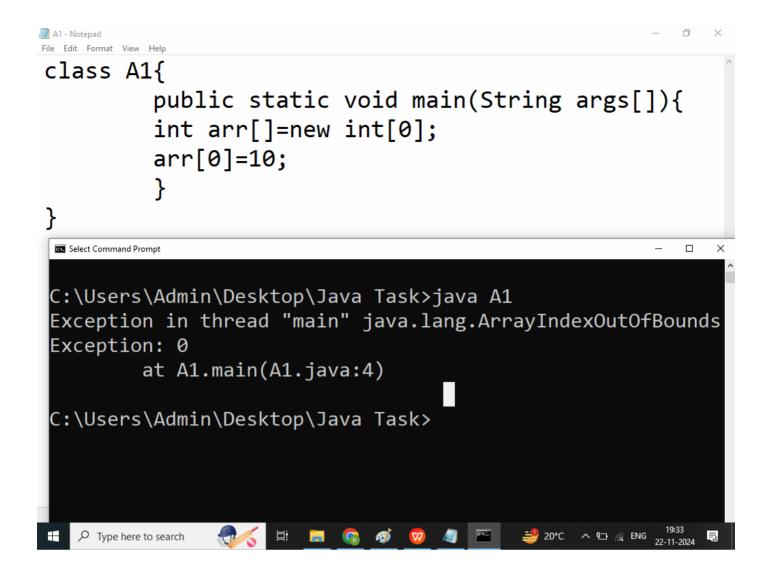
Arrays are fixed in size after declaring the array wen cannot increase or decrease the size of array

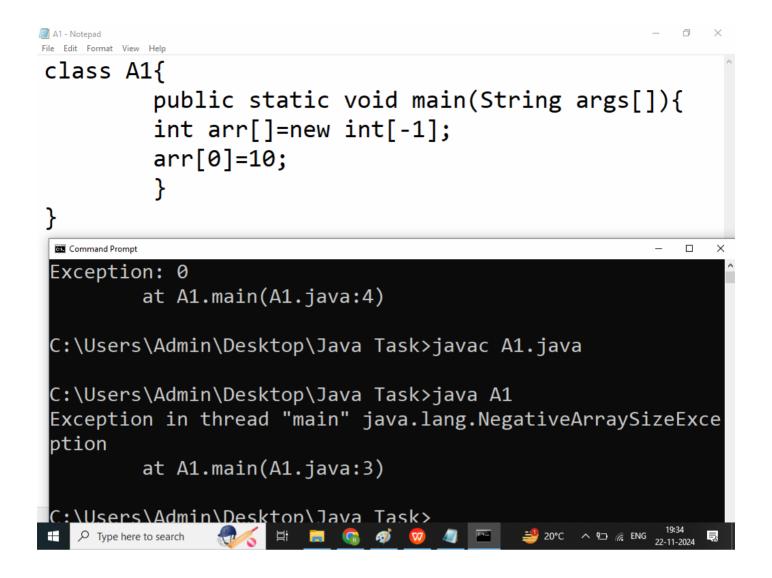
In java Array is dynamic Element of the array can be access sequentially and randomly

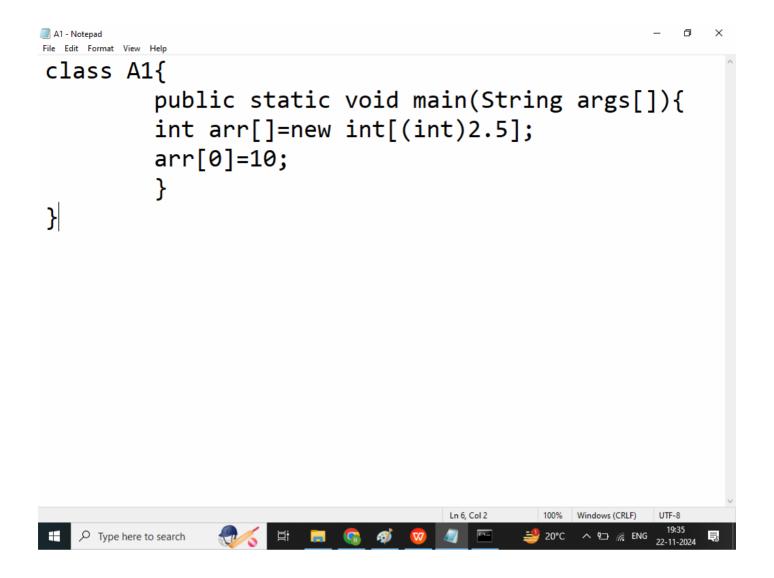
## How to declare array in java

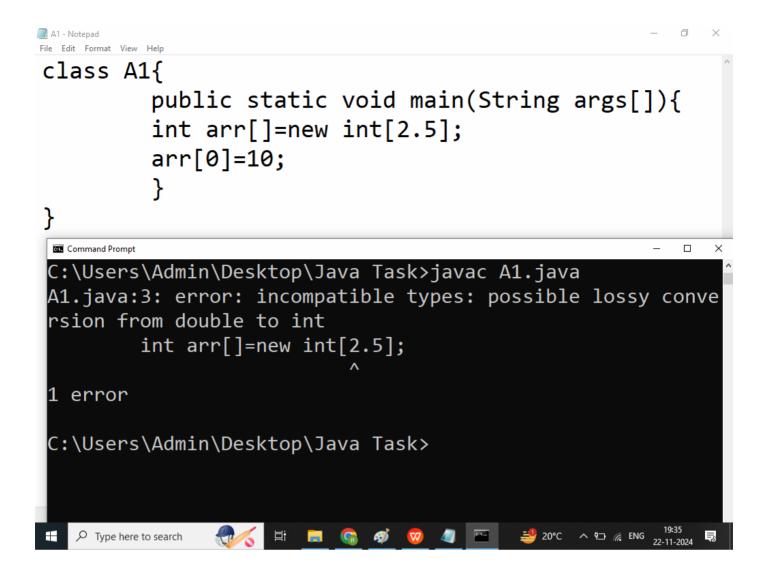
Data type ArrayName[]=new Data type[size]; Size should not be negative or float/double

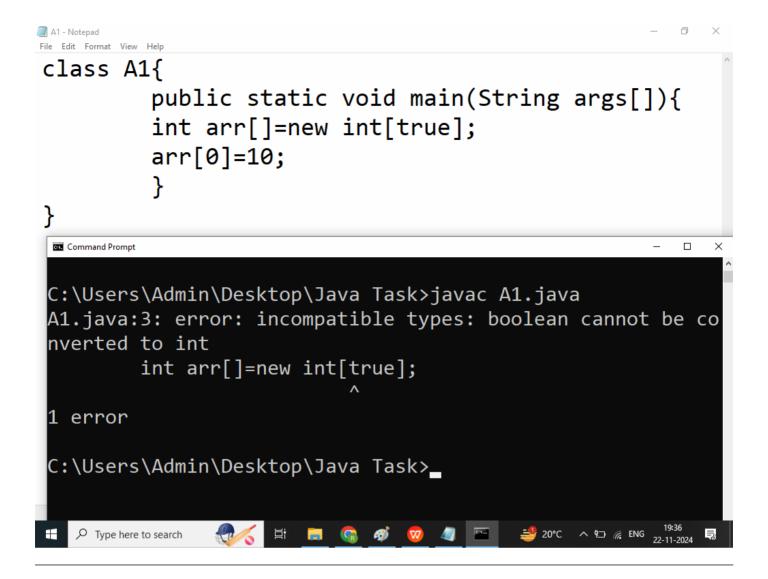
```
Data type []ArrayName=new Data type[size];
OR
Data type[] ArrayName=new Data type[size];
Example:
int x[]=new int[-2];//invalid
int arr[]=new int [1];//valid
int num[]=new int[5/2];//valid
int num[]=new int[5.0/2];//invalid
String names[]=new String [10];//valid
float per[]=new floa[10];//valid
char Grade[] = new char [10];//valid
int ages[]=new int['A'];//valid
int ages[]=new int["A"];//valid
int ages[]=new int[0];//valid
```

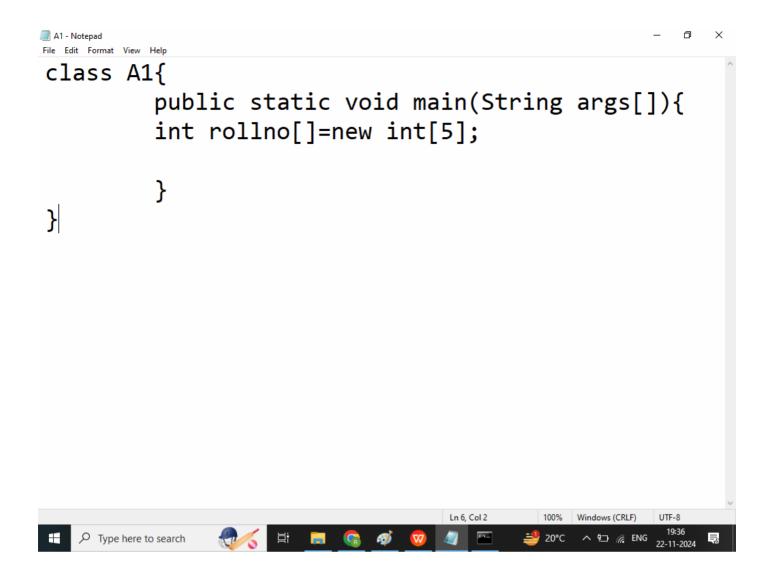


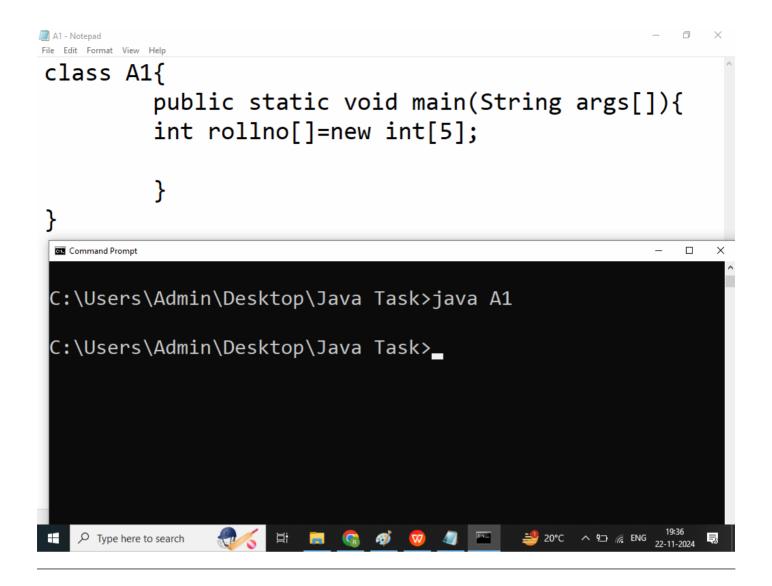




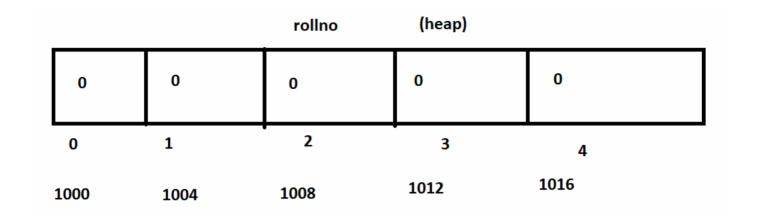






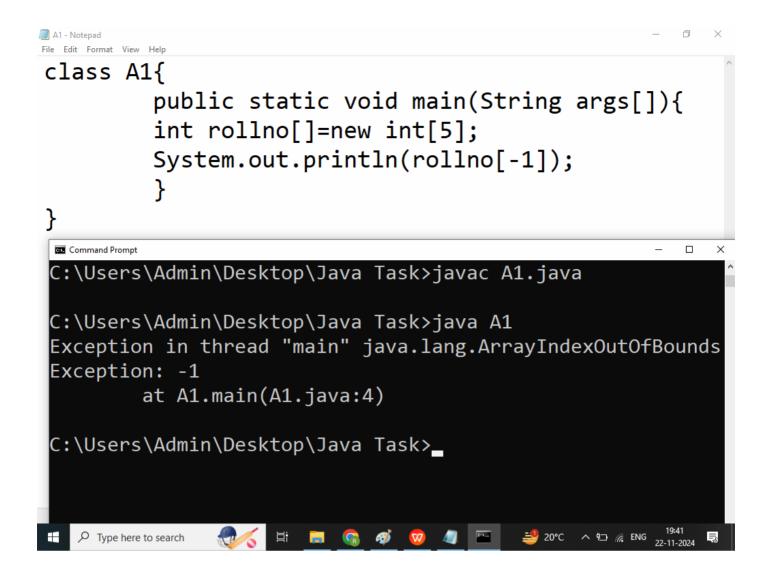


```
int rollno[]=new int[5];
OR
int []rollno=new int[5];
OR
Int[] rollno=new int[5];
```



How to print value of the array

## System.out.println(arrayName[index]);



How to Initialize array in java?

1. Initializing array using index

```
ArraName[index]=value;
rollno[0]=101;
rollno[1]=102;
rollno[2]=156;
rollno[3]=564;
rollno[4]=888;

class A1{
    public static void main(String args[]){
    int rollno[]=new int[5];
    rollno[0]=0101;
    rollno[1]=102;
    rollno[2]=156;
    rollno[3]=564;
    rollno[4]=888;
```

```
System.out.println(rollno[0]);
System.out.println(rollno[1]);
System.out.println(rollno[2]);
System.out.println(rollno[3]);
System.out.println(rollno[4]);

}
}
```