Disadvantage of Bubble sort

- 1. Slow for Large data Set
- 2. Unnecessary comparision
- 3. Not Suitable for large Data Set

When we use Bubble Sort

1. When the input size is small

Q2. Explain Selection sort in data Structure? Ans:

Selection sort is a sorting algorithm that repeatedly select the smallest element/ largest element from the given unsorted array and swap it with the first element of that part

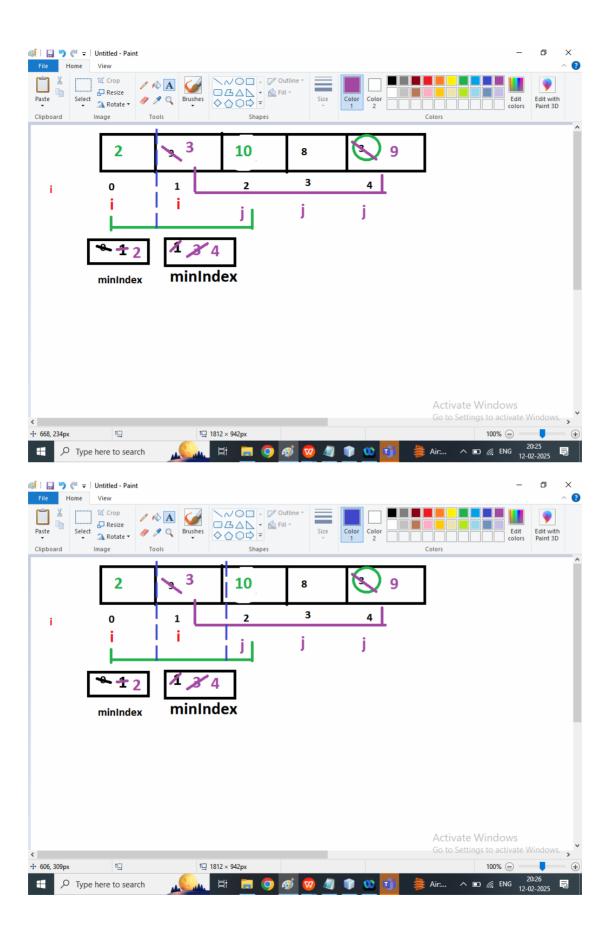
Algorithm

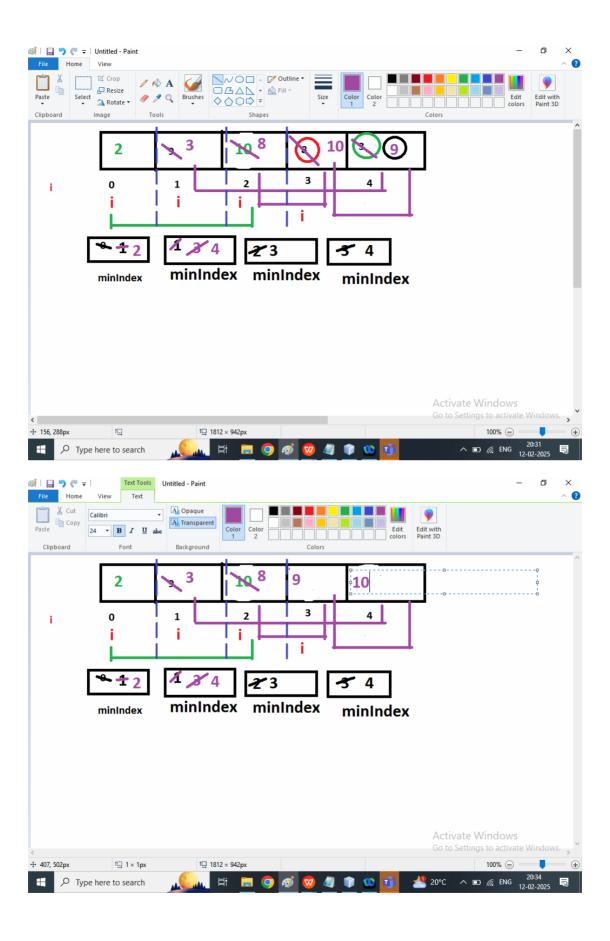
Step1: Find The smallest element from the un sorted list

Step2: Swap it with the first element of the unsorted Array

Step3: Move the boundary of the sorted part of the position

Step4: Repeat until the given array is sorted





```
* To change this license header, choose License Headers in Project Properties.
* To change this template file, choose Tools | Templates
* and open the template in the editor.
*/
package dsafeb2025;
* @author Admin
public class SelectionSortDemo {
  public static void selectionSort(int arr[]){
    int n=arr.length;
    for(int i=0;i< n-1;i++){//i=0,1,2,3,4
       int minIndex=i;//minIndex=3
       for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){//j=4,5
         if(arr[minIndex]>arr[j]){
           //arr[3]>arr[4]
           //8 > 3
           minIndex=j;
         }
       }
       int temp=arr[minIndex];//temp=3
       arr[minIndex]=arr[i];//arr[4]=9
       arr[i]=temp;//3
    }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int arr[]={10,9,2,8,3};
    System.out.println("Print Before Sorting ");
    for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++){</pre>
       System.out.print("\t"+arr[i]);
    }
    selectionSort(arr);
        System.out.println("\nPrint After Sorting ");
    for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++){</pre>
       System.out.print("\t"+arr[i]);
    }
  }
}
```

```
Decending Order selection

/*

* To change this license header, choose License Headers in Project Properties.

* To change this template file, choose Tools | Templates

* and open the template in the editor.

*/
package dsafeb2025;

/**
```

```
* @author Admin
public class SelectionSortDemo {
  public static void selectionSort(int arr[]){
    int n=arr.length;
    for(int i=0;i< n-1;i++){//i=0,1,2,3,4
       int minIndex=i;//minIndex=3
       for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){//j=4,5
         if(arr[minIndex]<arr[j]){</pre>
           //arr[3]>arr[4]
           //8 > 3
           minIndex=j;
         }
       }
       int temp=arr[minIndex];//temp=3
       arr[minIndex]=arr[i];//arr[4]=9
       arr[i]=temp;//3
    }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int arr[]={10,9,2,8,3};
    System.out.println("Print Before Sorting ");
    for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++){</pre>
       System.out.print("\t"+arr[i]);
    }
    selectionSort(arr);
         System.out.println("\nPrint After Sorting ");
    for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++){</pre>
       System.out.print("\t"+arr[i]);
    }
  }
}
```