

Q1. Explain String class in Java Programming?

In java String class is a built in class which is used to handle text or alphanumeric values. It can store maximum 2kb of the text

String(Immutable): if our content are fixed and we wont Change then we should go for String Class

Example:

Adhar No, Enrollment No, PAN CARD NO

String class Provide SCP(String Constant Pool) for Memory Management

String class can have in built constructor or methods

String class Constructor

1. String()
 2. String(String)
 3. String(char [])
 4. String(char[],int start,int no)
 5. String(byte[],int start,int no)
-

```
class S1{  
    public static void main(String args[]){
```

```
        String a=new String();  
        System.out.println(a);  
        String b=new String("Cybrom");  
        System.out.println(b);  
        char arr[]={'w','e','l','c','o','m','e'};  
        String c=new String(arr);  
        System.out.println(c);  
        String d=new String(arr,3,4);
```

```
System.out.println(d);  
byte b1[]={65,66,67,68,69,70};  
String e=new String(b1,0,3);  
System.out.println(e);
```

```
String f="welcome to bhopal";  
System.out.println(f);
```

```
}  
}
```

Q2. Explain String class methods in java Programming?

1. charAt()
2. compareTo()
3. concat()
4. contains()
5. endsWith()
6. startsWith()
7. equals()
8. equalsIgnoreCase()
9. indexOf()
10. lastIndexOf()
11. isEmpty()
12. length()
13. split()
14. substring()
15. toCharArray()
16. toLowerCase()
17. toUpperCase()

- 18. toString()
 - 19. trim()
 - 20. valueOf()
-

StringBuffer(Mutable): if our content are not fixed and we want to perform some modification but thread safety is required then we should go for StringBuffer.

StringBuilder(Mutable): if our content are not fixed and we want to perform some modification but thread safety is not required then we should go for StringBuilder.

Q1. Explain String charAt() method in java programming?

Ans: It is used to extract character by character from the specified index

Syntax:

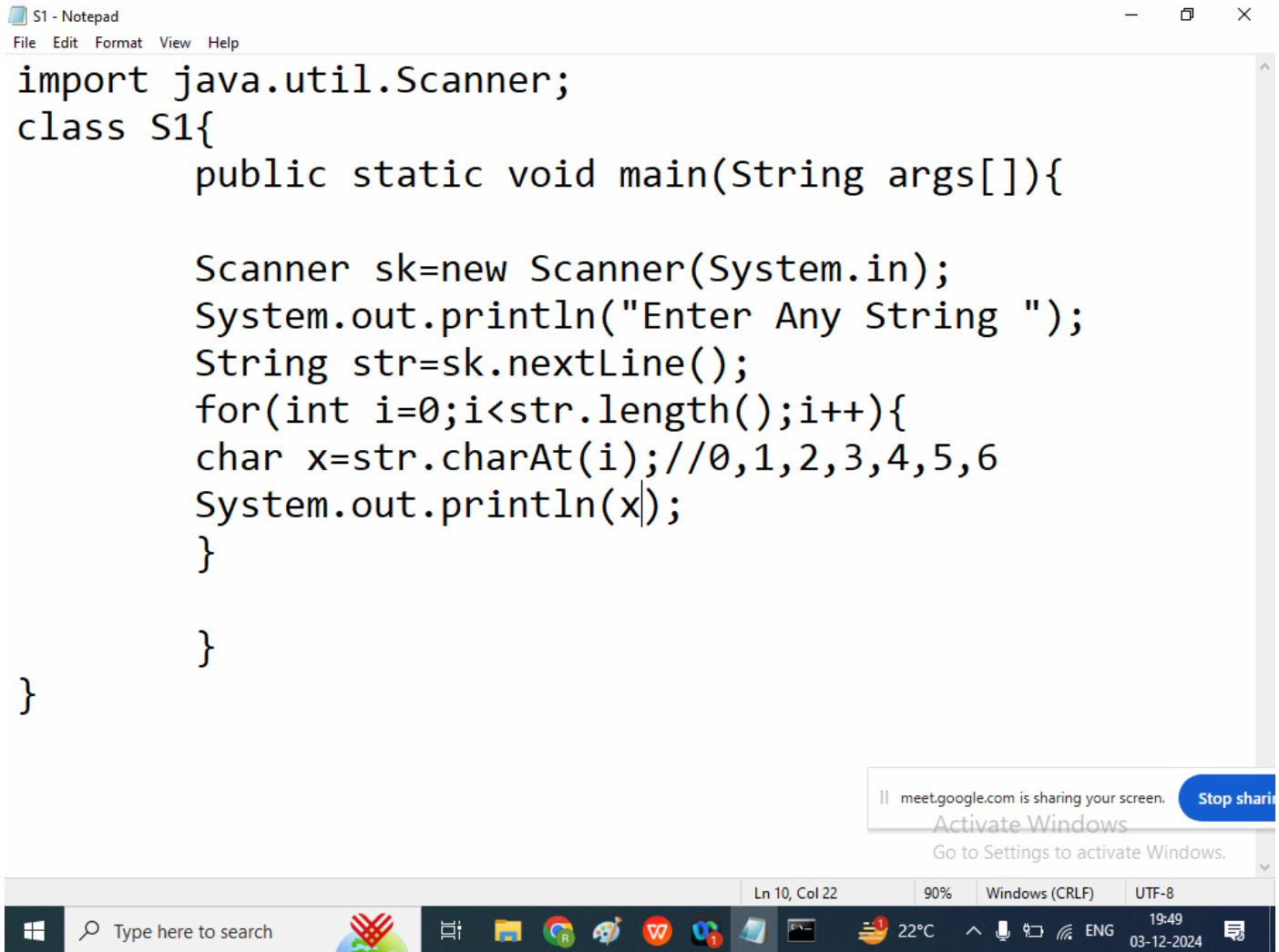
char charAt(int index)

Example:

Write a java program to print characters of the given String

Enter Any String: WELCOME

W
E
L
C
O
M
E



```
import java.util.Scanner;
class S1{
    public static void main(String args[]){

        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Any String ");
        String str=sk.nextLine();
        for(int i=0;i<str.length();i++){
            char x=str.charAt(i);//0,1,2,3,4,5,6
            System.out.println(x);
        }

    }

}
```

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Ln 10, Col 22 90% Windows (CRLF) UTF-8

Type here to search 22°C 19:49 03-12-2024

Q2. Write a java program to print reverse character of the given String?

Enter Any String: ABCDE

E
D
C
B
A

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class S1{
    public static void main(String args[]){

        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Any String ");
        String str=sk.nextLine();
        for(int i=str.length()-1;i>=0;i--){
            char x=str.charAt(i);//0,1,2,3,4,5,6
            System.out.println(x);
        }

    }
}
```

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Q2. Explain String class compareTo() method in java programming?

Ans: It is used to compare two strings in alphabetically order ()

Syntax:

```
int compareTo(String)
```

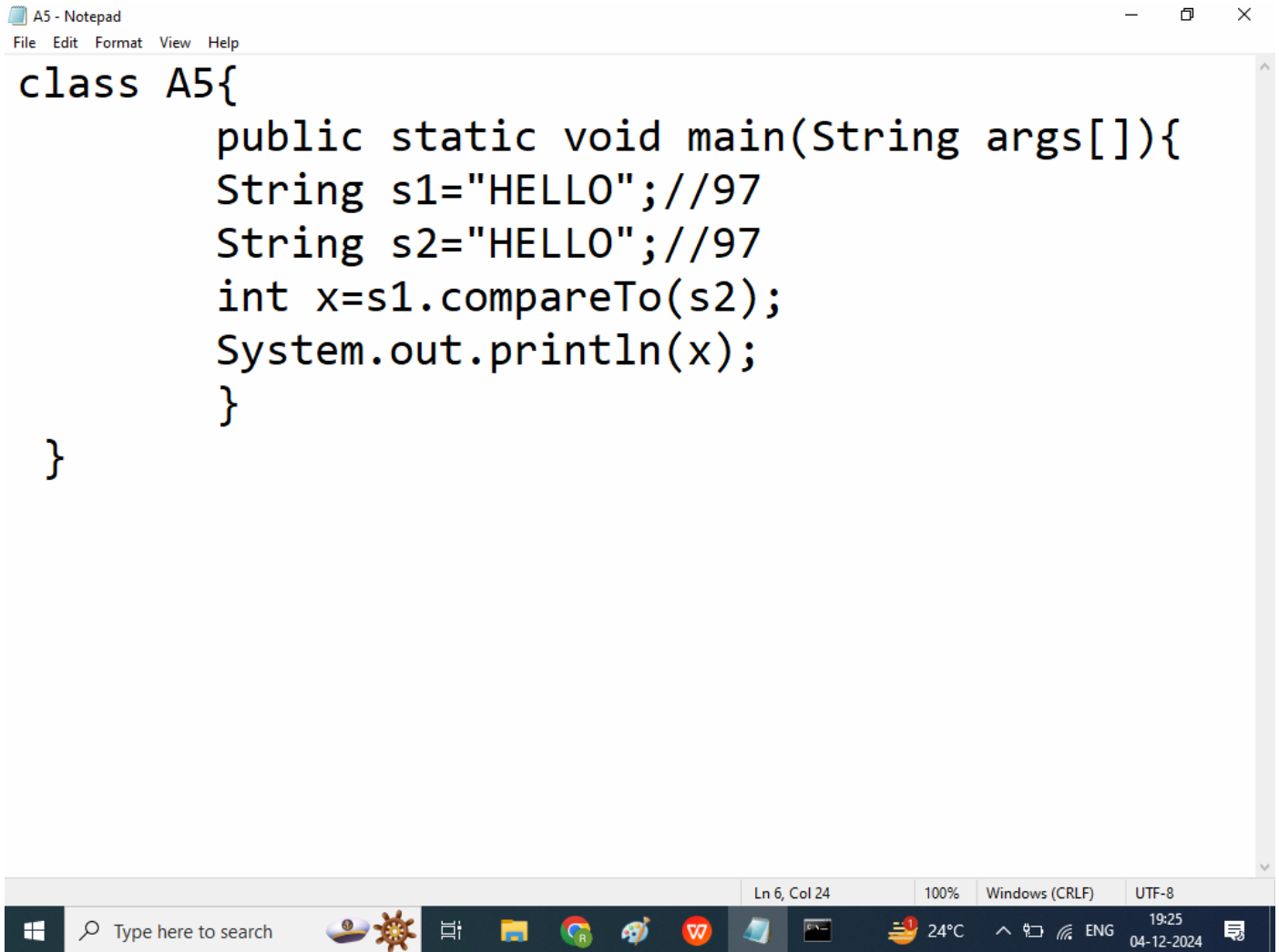
Example:

```
String s1="A";
```

```
String s2="a";
```

Returning value of CompareTo method

1. Return Positive Value if S1 greater than s2
2. Return Negative Value if S1 less than s2
3. Return Zero if Both String are equal

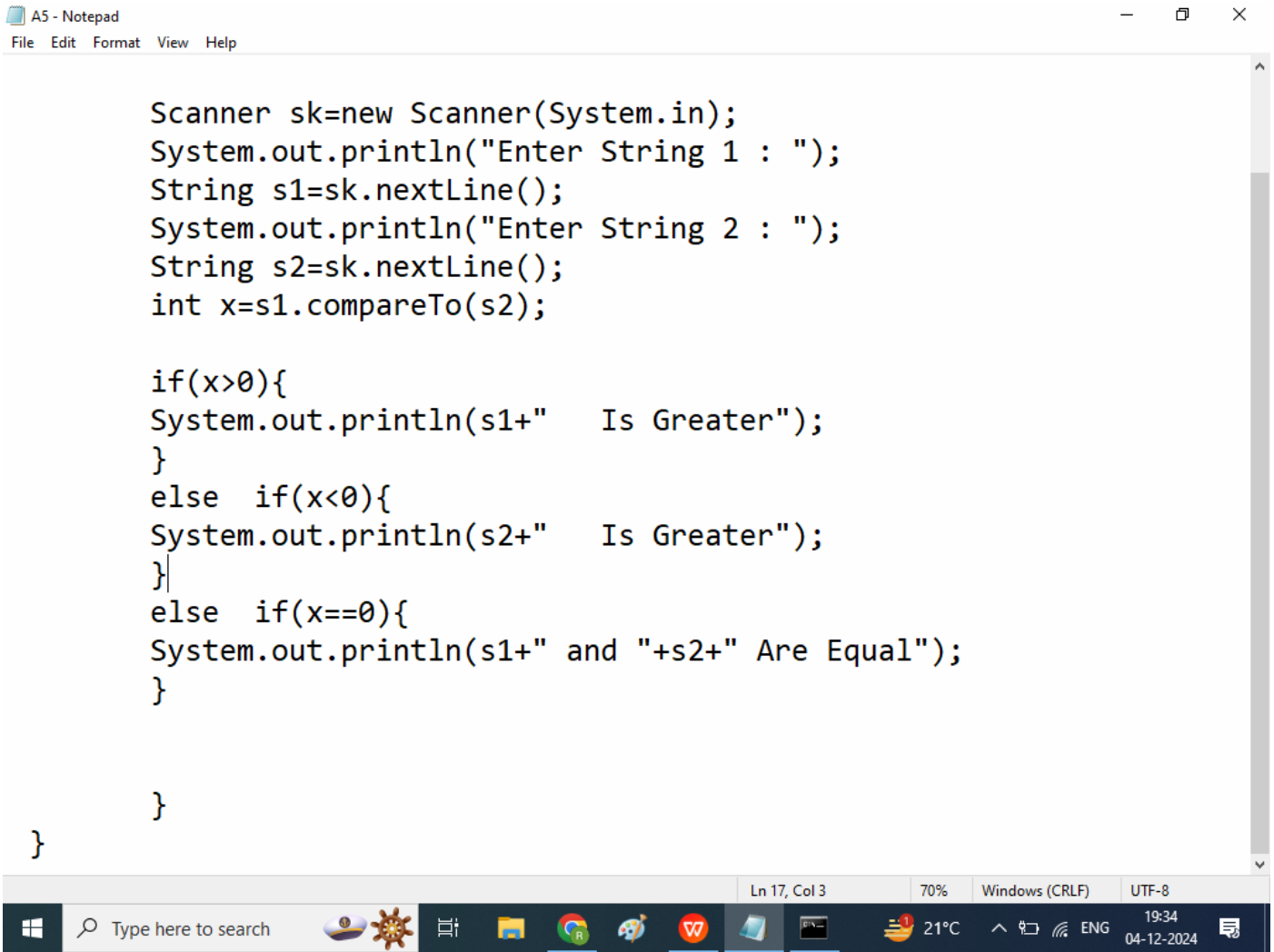


```
class A5{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="HELLO";//97
        String s2="HELLO";//97
        int x=s1.compareTo(s2);
        System.out.println(x);
    }
}
```

Q2. Write a java program to check which one String is greater on the basis order of the character?

Enter String 1: naman

Enter String 2: madam



A screenshot of a Notepad window titled 'A5 - Notepad'. The window contains Java code for comparing two strings. The code uses a Scanner to read two strings from the user, compares them using compareTo(), and prints the result. The status bar at the bottom shows 'Ln 17, Col 3', '70%', 'Windows (CRLF)', and 'UTF-8'. The Windows taskbar is visible at the bottom of the screen.

```
Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter String 1 : ");
String s1=sk.nextLine();
System.out.println("Enter String 2 : ");
String s2=sk.nextLine();
int x=s1.compareTo(s2);

if(x>0){
System.out.println(s1+"    Is Greater");
}
else if(x<0){
System.out.println(s2+"    Is Greater");
}
else if(x==0){
System.out.println(s1+" and "+s2+" Are Equal");
}

}
```

Q2. Explain String class concat() method?

Ans: It is used to combine two string

Syntax:

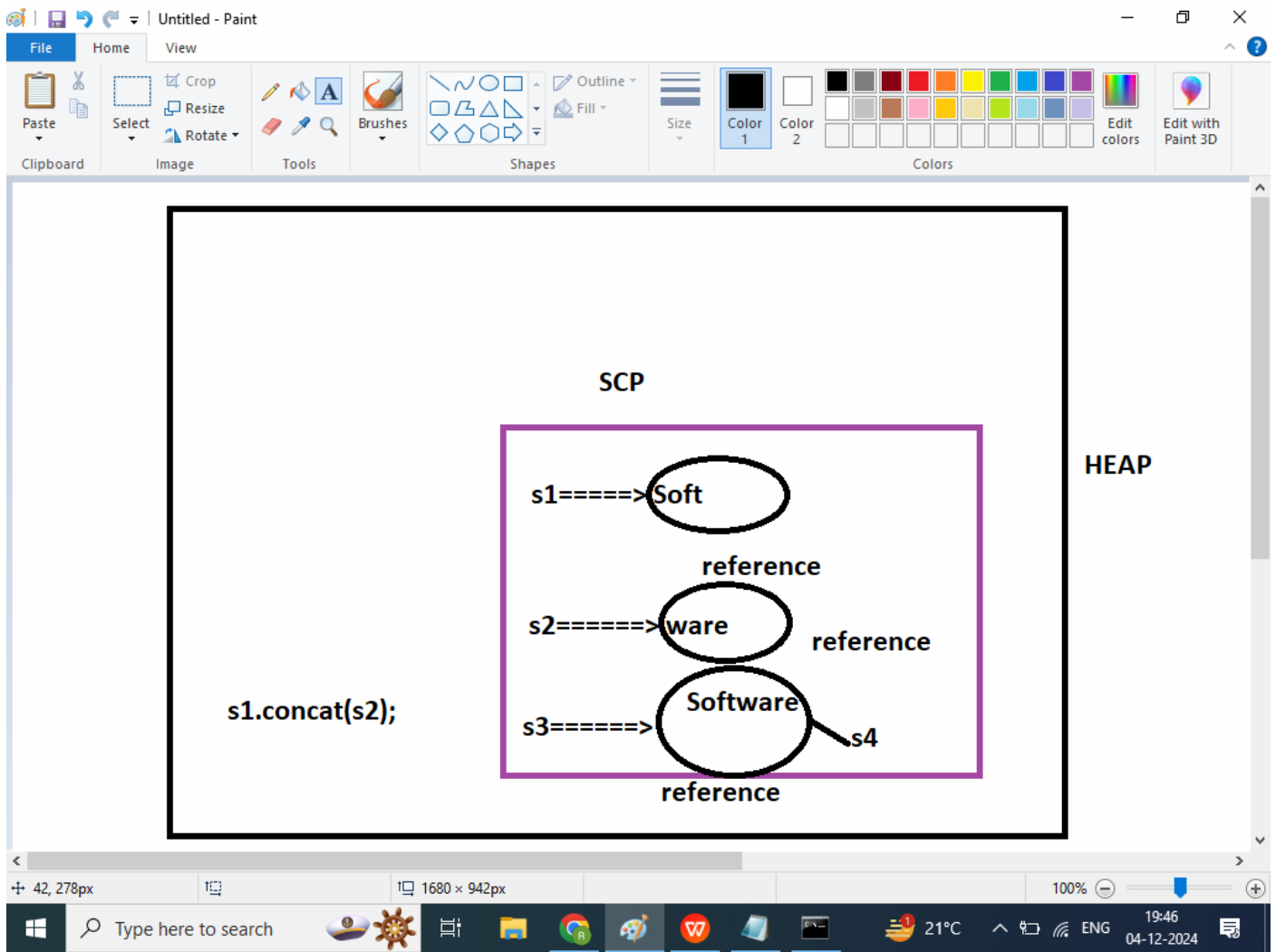
String concat(String)

Example:

String s1="Soft";

String s2="ware";

String s3=s1.concat(s2);//Software



```
class A5{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        String s1="Soft";  
        String s2="ware";  
        String s3=s1+s2;  
        String s4="Software";  
        System.out.println(s1);  
        System.out.println(s2);  
        System.out.println(s3);  
        System.out.println(s4);  
        System.out.println(s3==s4);  
        System.out.println(s3.compareTo(s4)==0);//true  
  
    }  
}
```

Ln 15, Col 1

70%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8

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Homework:

Q2. What is difference between concat method and + Operators?

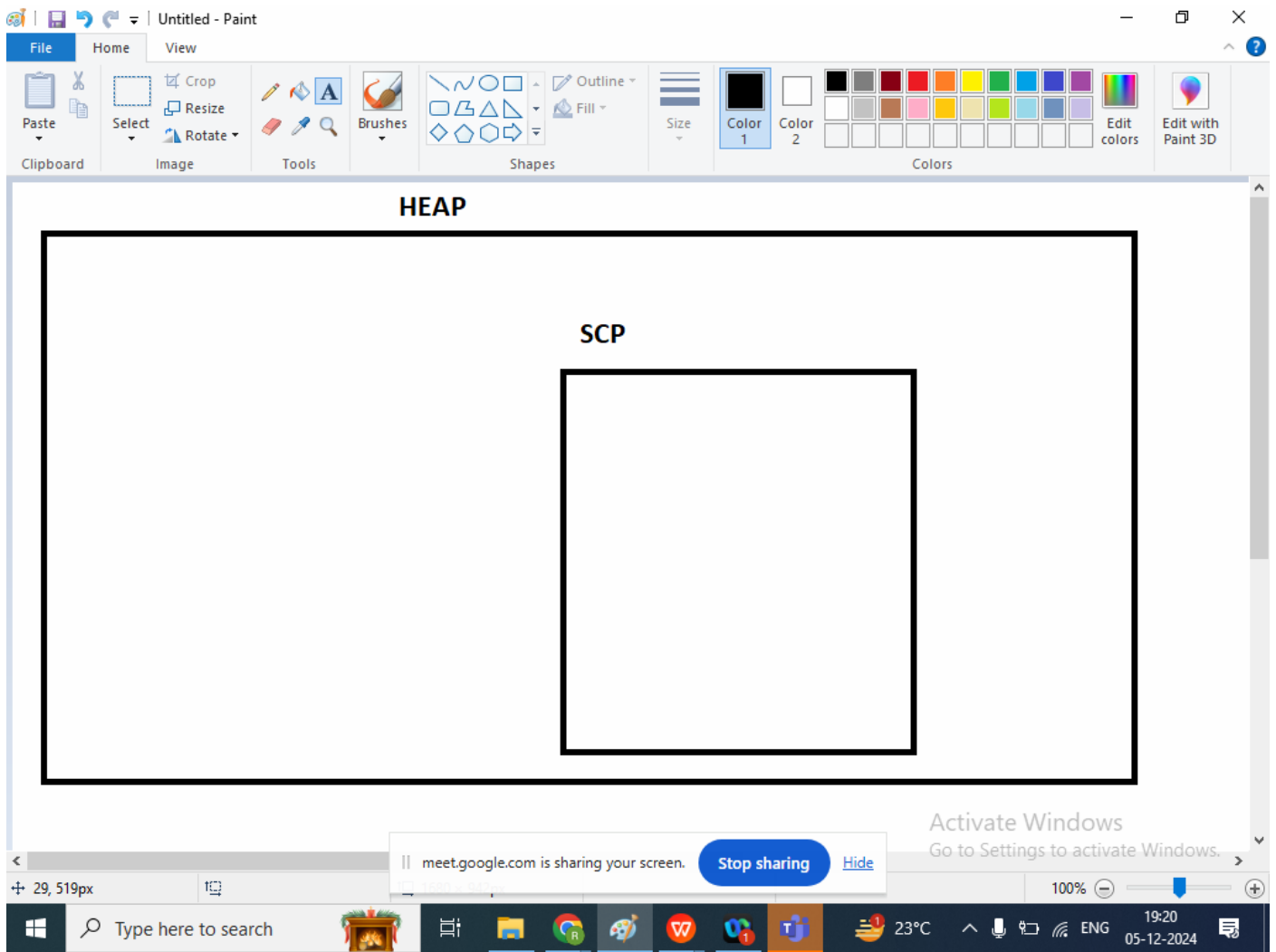
Q1.Explain String Constant Pool(SCP) in java Programming?

Ans: The String Constant Pool in java is a special memory area in the java heap where String literals are stored

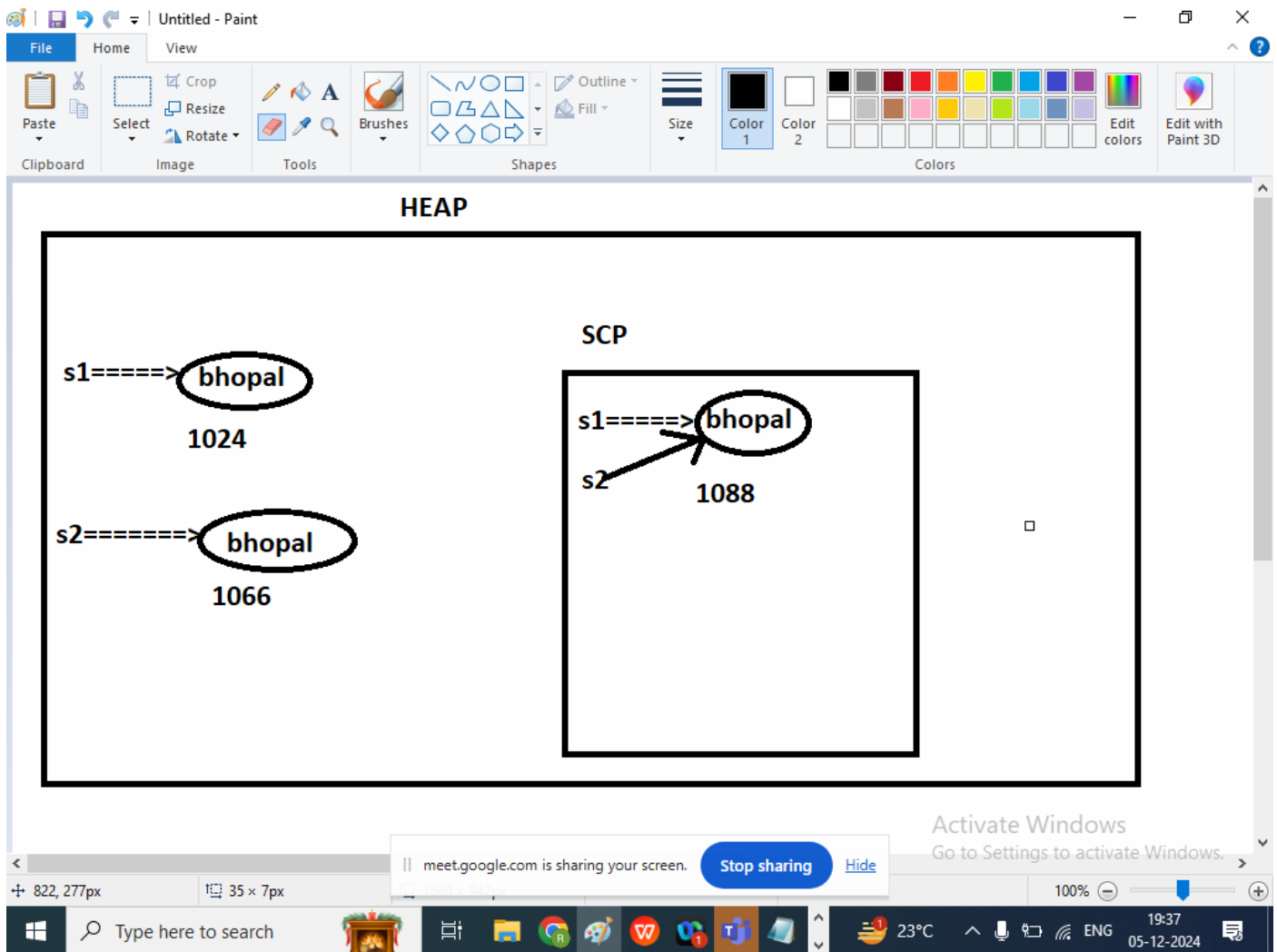
This Mechanism is a part of Java Memory Utilization for Strings, as String are Immutable class in java Once we create an object we cannot perform any modification.

Key features of SCP:

1. Storage of String Literals

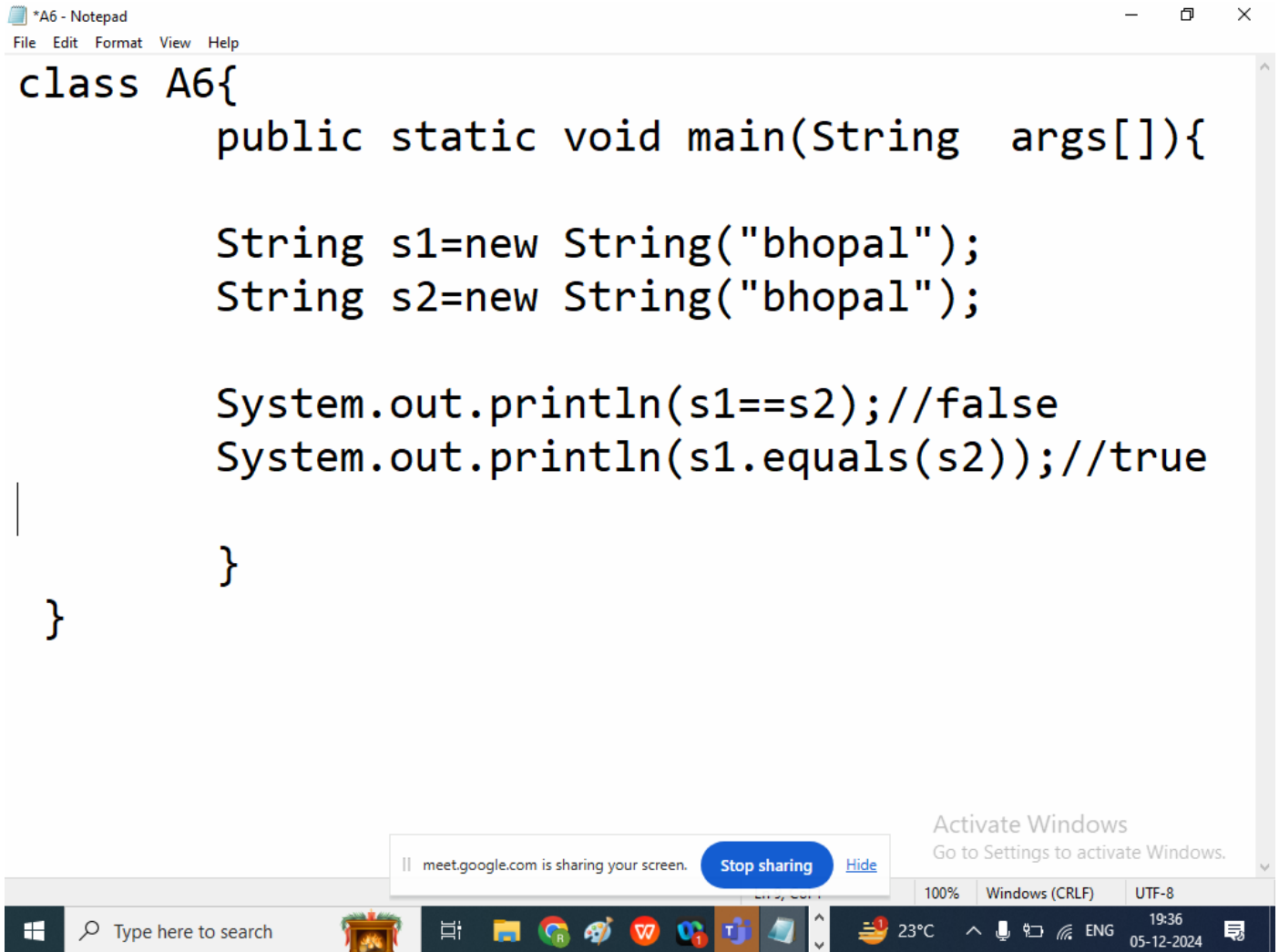


Case 1: Create an Object(String) of a Class Using new



== Meant for reference compare [First check reference in heap, if Heap reference not found then it will check SCP reference]

equals meant for content compare



```
class A6{
    public static void main(String args[]){

        String s1=new String("bhopal");
        String s2=new String("bhopal");

        System.out.println(s1==s2);//false
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));//true

    }
}
```

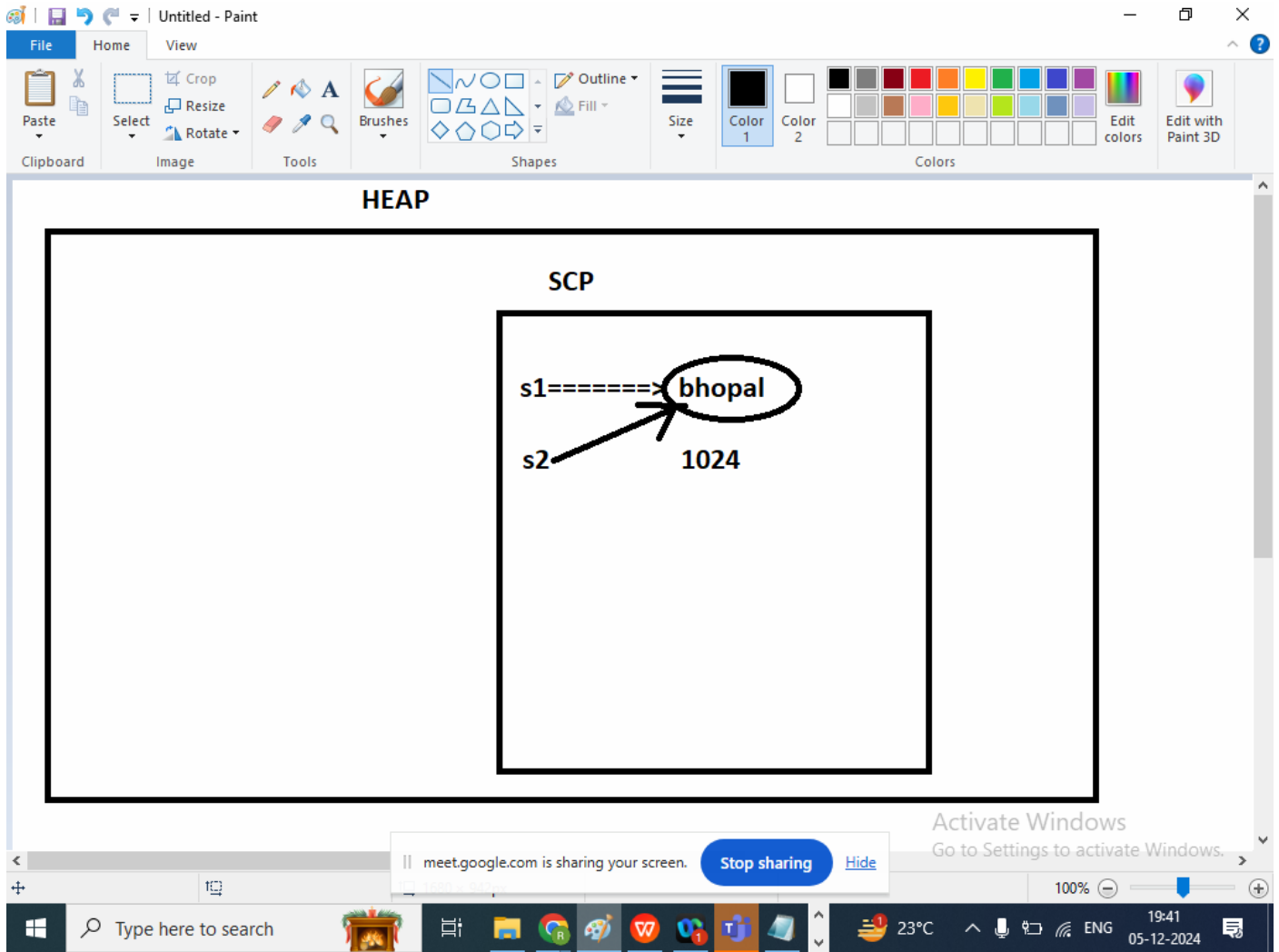
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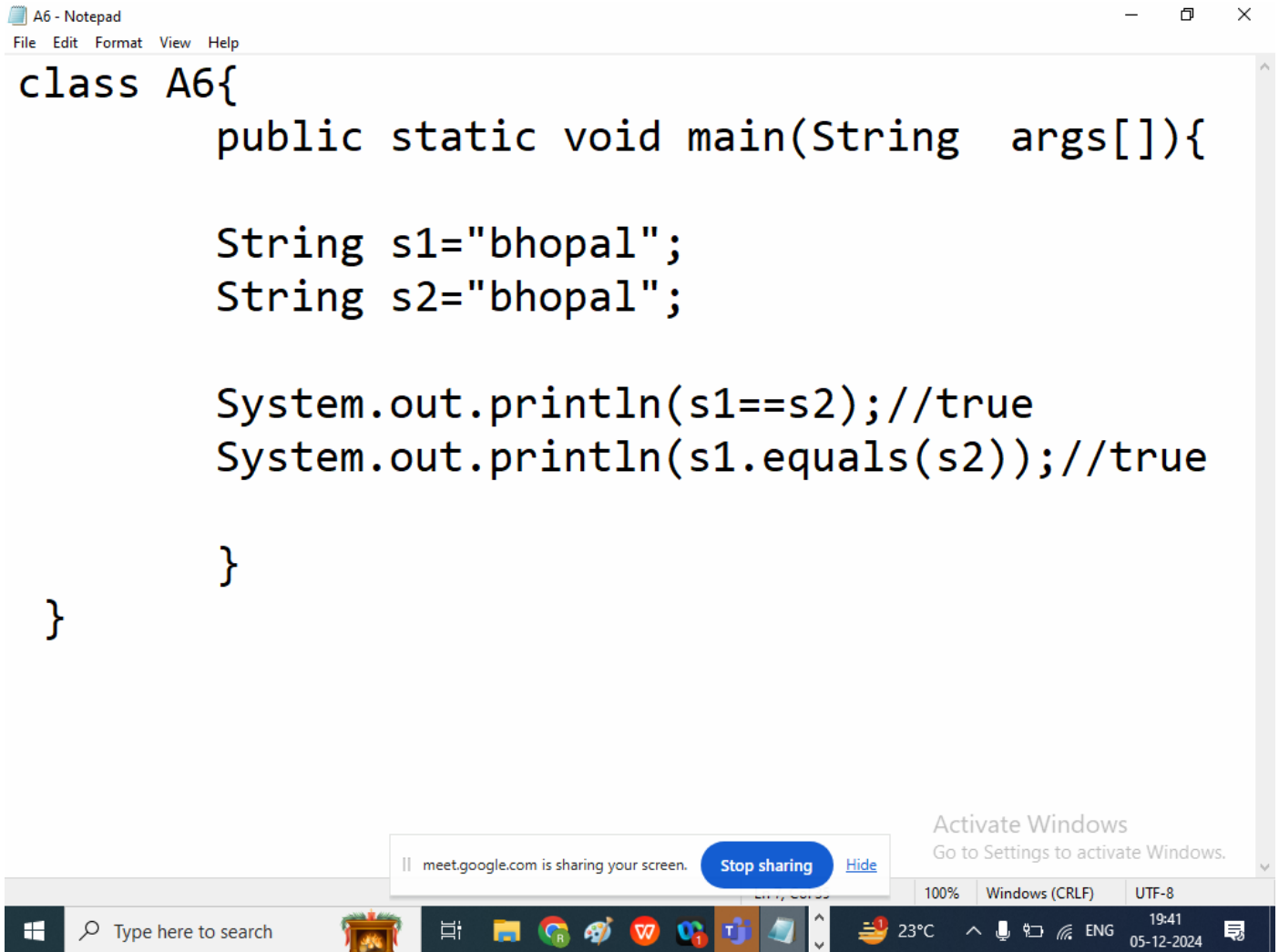
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Case 2: Create an Object of String class without using new





```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        String s1="bhopal";  
        String s2="bhopal";  
  
        System.out.println(s1==s2);//true  
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));//true  
  
    }  
}
```

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23°C 19:41 05-12-2024 ENG

Case 3: Create One object using new keyword and another object create without new keyword


```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        String s1=new String("bhopal");  
        String s2="bhopal";  
  
        System.out.println(s1==s2);//false  
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));//true  
  
    }  
}
```

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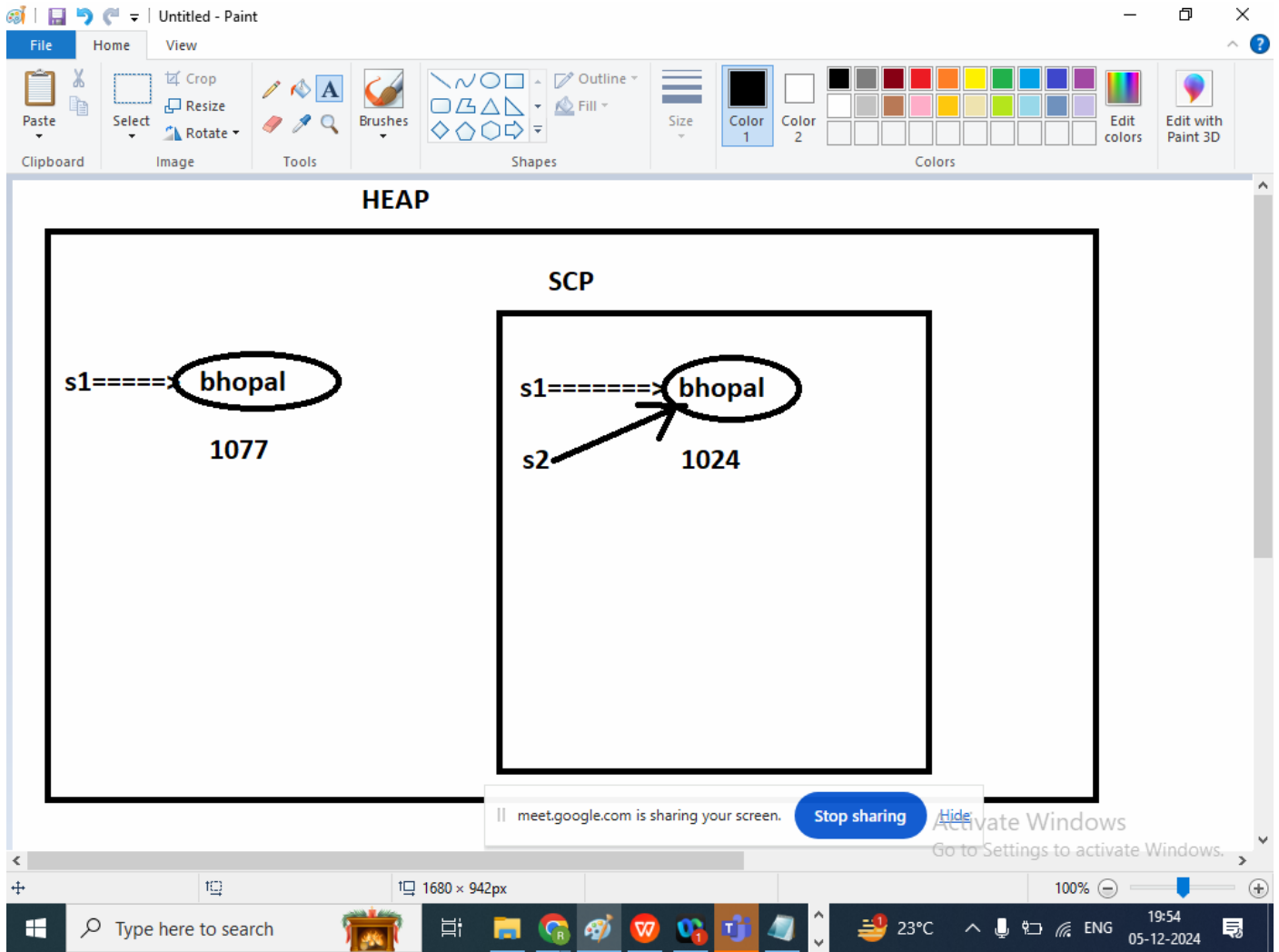










```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        String s1=new String("bhopal");  
        String s2="bhopal";  
        String s3=s1;  
        System.out.println(s1==s3);//true  
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));//true  
  
    }  
}
```

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Ln 7, Col 35

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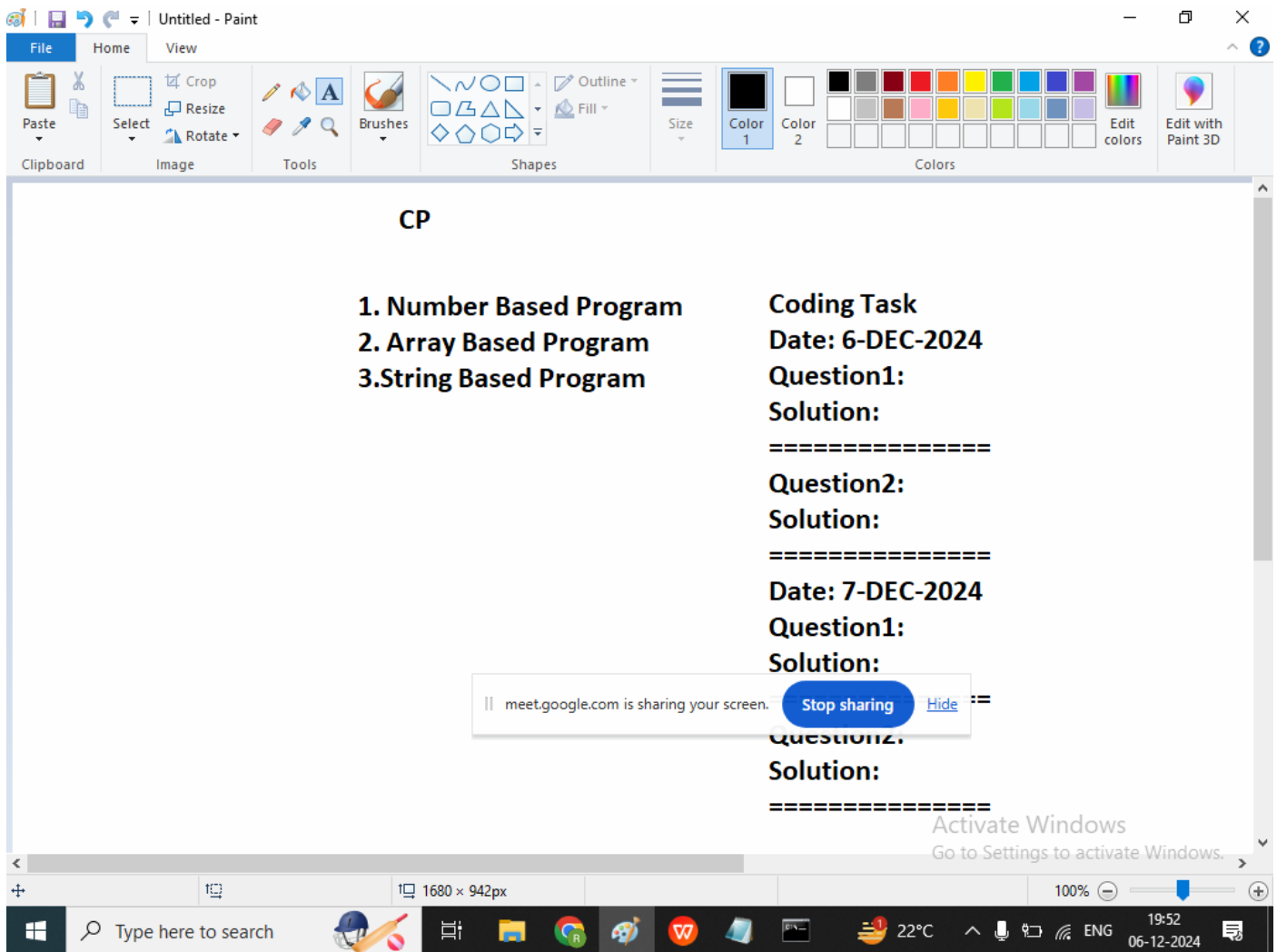










Q1. Explain String class isEmpty() method in java programming?

Ans: It is used to check given String is empty or not

Syntax:

boolean isEmpty()

Example:

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s1="";  
        System.out.println(s1.isEmpty()); //true  
    }  
}
```

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Ln 4, Col 41

100%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8



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22°C



19:35
06-12-2024

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s1="hello";  
        System.out.println(s1.isEmpty()); //false  
    }  
}
```

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>javac A7.java
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A7  
false
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>
```

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22°C

19:36
06-12-2024

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s1;  
        System.out.println(s1.isEmpty()); //compile Time error  
    }  
}
```

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Ln 4, Col 55

80%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8



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22°C



19:37
06-12-2024

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        System.out.println("hello".isEmpty());  
  
    }  
  
}
```

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Ln 4, Col 40

70%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8



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22°C



19:39
06-12-2024

The screenshot shows a Windows desktop environment. In the foreground, a Notepad window titled 'A7 - Notepad' contains the following Java code:

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        System.out.println("hello".compareTo("hello"));  
  
    }  
}
```

Below the Notepad window, a Command Prompt window is open, showing the command 'java A7' being executed. The output of the command is '0'. The Windows taskbar at the bottom displays various icons, including the Start button, search bar, and system tray with the date '06-12-2024' and time '19:40'.

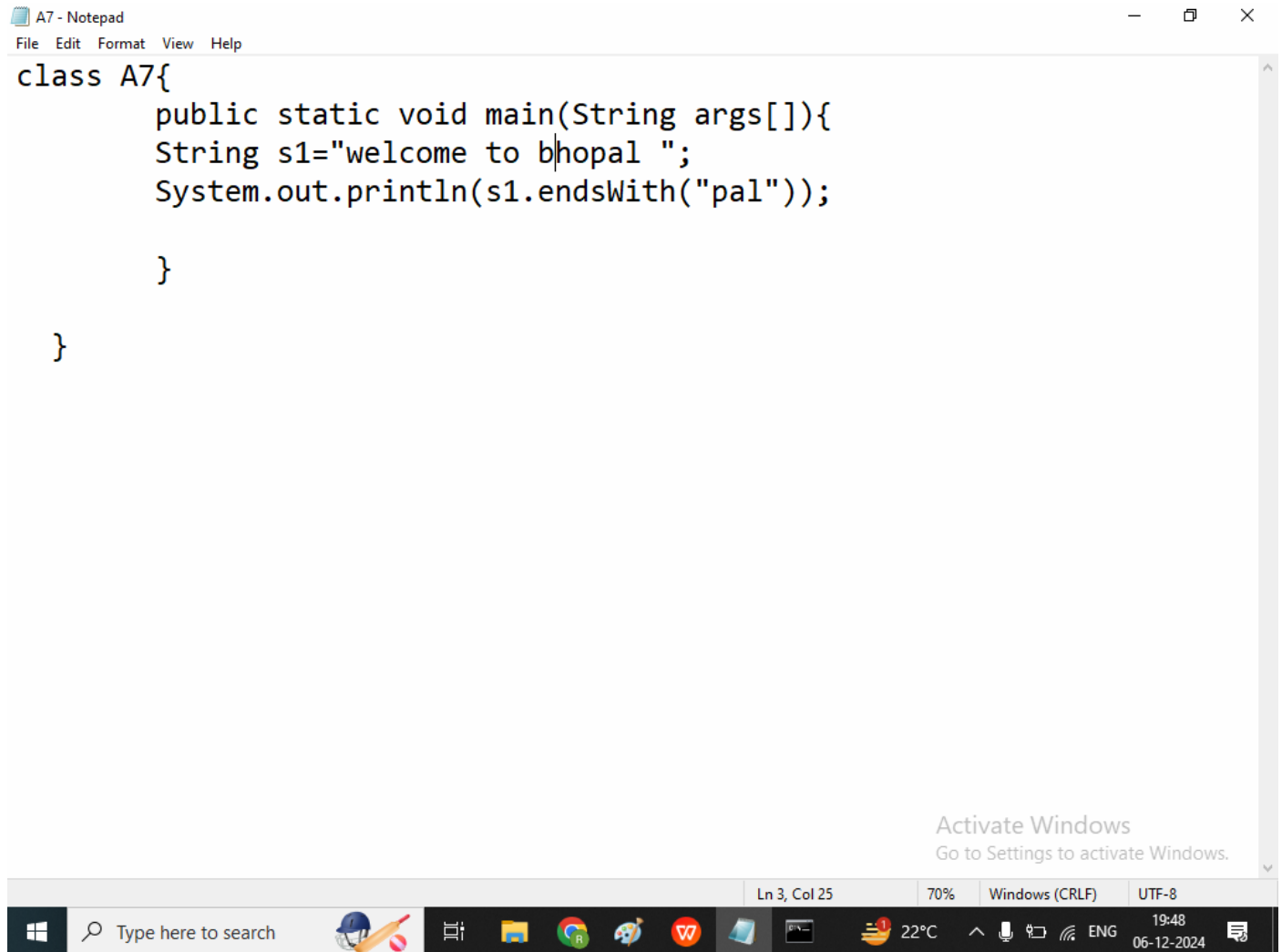
Q2. Explain String class endsWith() method in java Programming?

Ans: In java endsWith() method of the String is used to check if a given String ends with a specified suffix.

Suffix: A String to be checked at the end of the current String

Syntax:

boolean endsWith(String)



The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled 'A7 - Notepad' with a menu bar (File, Edit, Format, View, Help). The code inside is as follows:

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s1="welcome to bhopal ";  
        System.out.println(s1.endsWith("pal"));  
    }  
}
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Ln 3, Col 25', '70%', 'Windows (CRLF)', and 'UTF-8'. A Windows taskbar is visible at the very bottom with various icons and a system clock showing 19:48 on 06-12-2024.

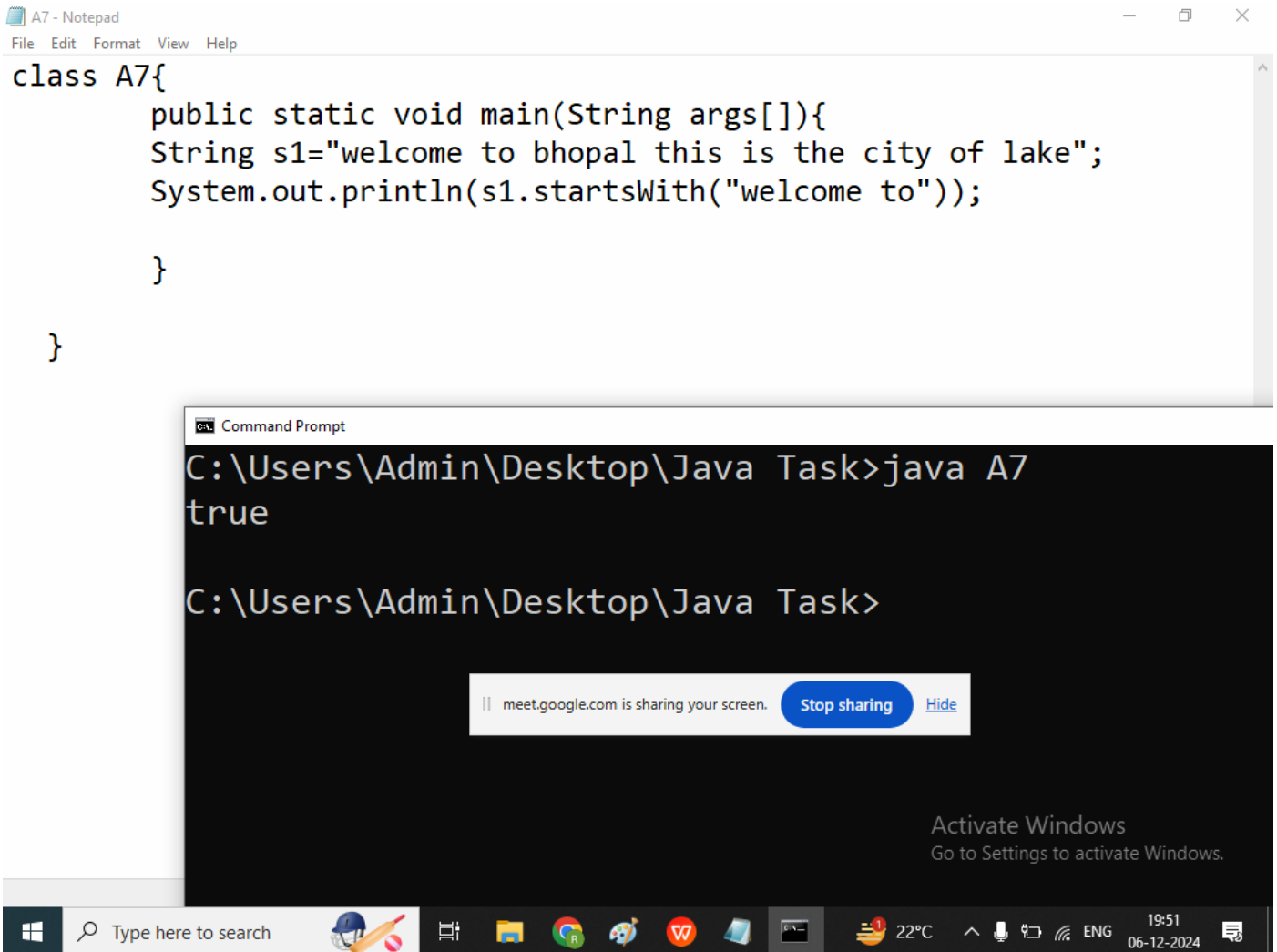
Q2. Explain String class startsWith() method in java Programming?

Ans: In java startsWith() method of the String is used to check if a given String starts with a specified prefix.

Prefix: A String to be checked at the starts of the current String

Syntax:

Boolean startsWith(String)



The image shows a Notepad window titled 'A7 - Notepad' with the following Java code:

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s1="welcome to bhopal this is the city of lake";  
        System.out.println(s1.startsWith("welcome to"));  
    }  
}
```

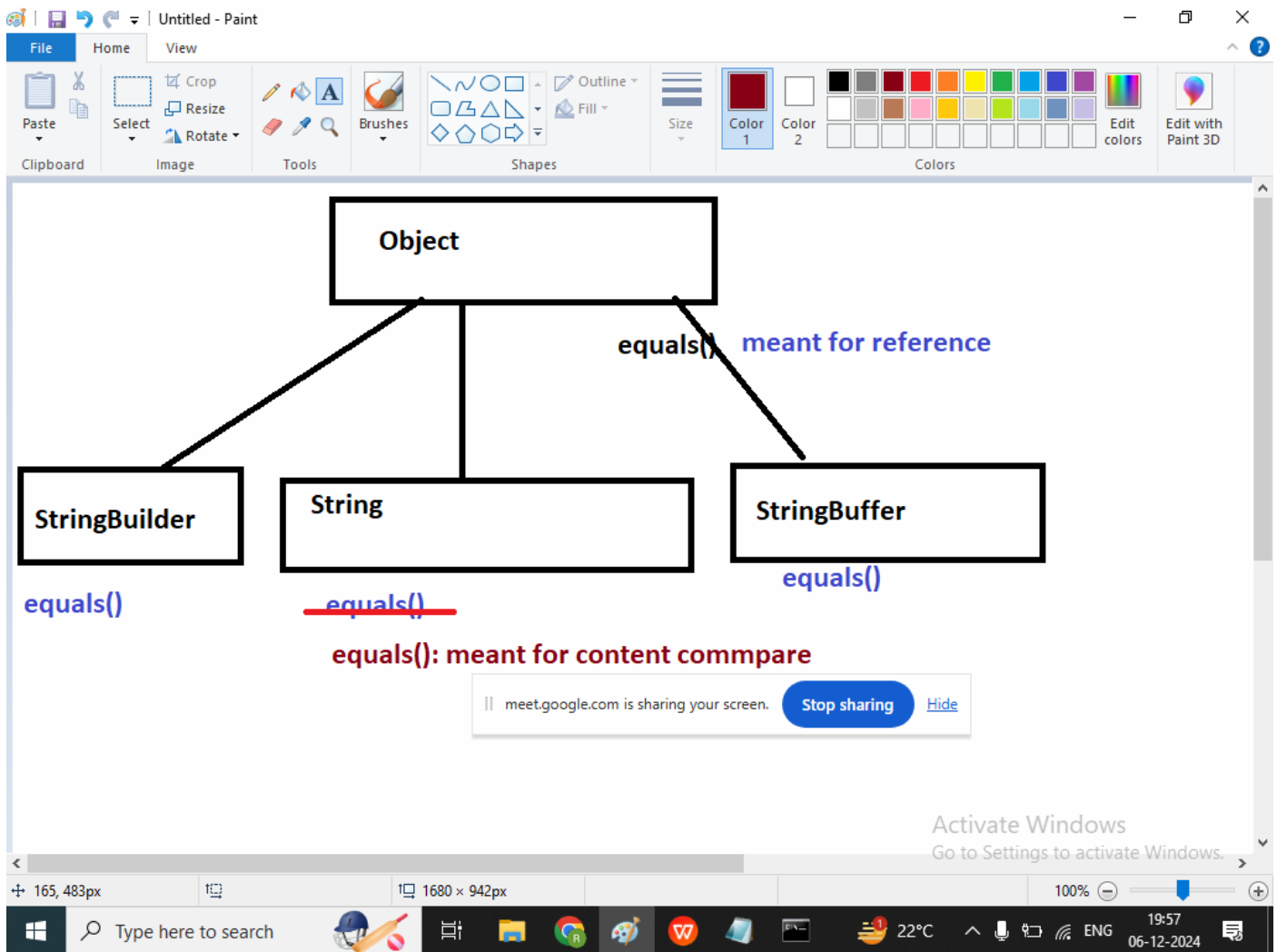
Below the Notepad window is a Command Prompt window titled 'Command Prompt' showing the execution of the code:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A7  
true  
  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>
```

The Command Prompt window also displays a notification from meet.google.com and an 'Activate Windows' watermark.

Q3. Explain String class equals() method In java Programming?

Ans:



Note: equals() method belongs to Object class
Object class equals method meant for reference
compare , but String not satisfied this
implementation
So String class override this method for content
compare

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s1="hello";  
        String s2="hello";  
  
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));  
  
    }  
}
```

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>javac A7.java
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A7  
true
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>
```

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22°C

20:00
06-12-2024

```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        Object s1="hello";  
        Object s2="hello";  
  
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));  
    }  
}
```

Command Prompt

true

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>javac A7.java

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A7
true

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>

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22°C



ENG

20:02

06-12-2024



```
class A7{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        Object s1=new StringBuffer("hello");  
        Object s2=new StringBuffer("hello");  
  
        System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));  
  
    }  
}
```

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>javac A7.java
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A7  
false
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>
```

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Tru...



20:03

06-12-2024

Q1. Explain String class indexOf() method in java Programming?

Ans:The indexOf() method is overloaded method. It will return first occurrence index position of the specified String

It will return -1 if given String is not found

Syntax:

```
int indexOf(String str);  
int indexOf(String str,int start);
```

Example:

Untitled - Paint

File Home View

Paste Select Crop Resize Rotate Image Tools Brushes Shapes Outline Fill Size Color 1 Color 2 Colors Edit colors Edit with Paint 3D

w	e	l	c	o	m	e
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

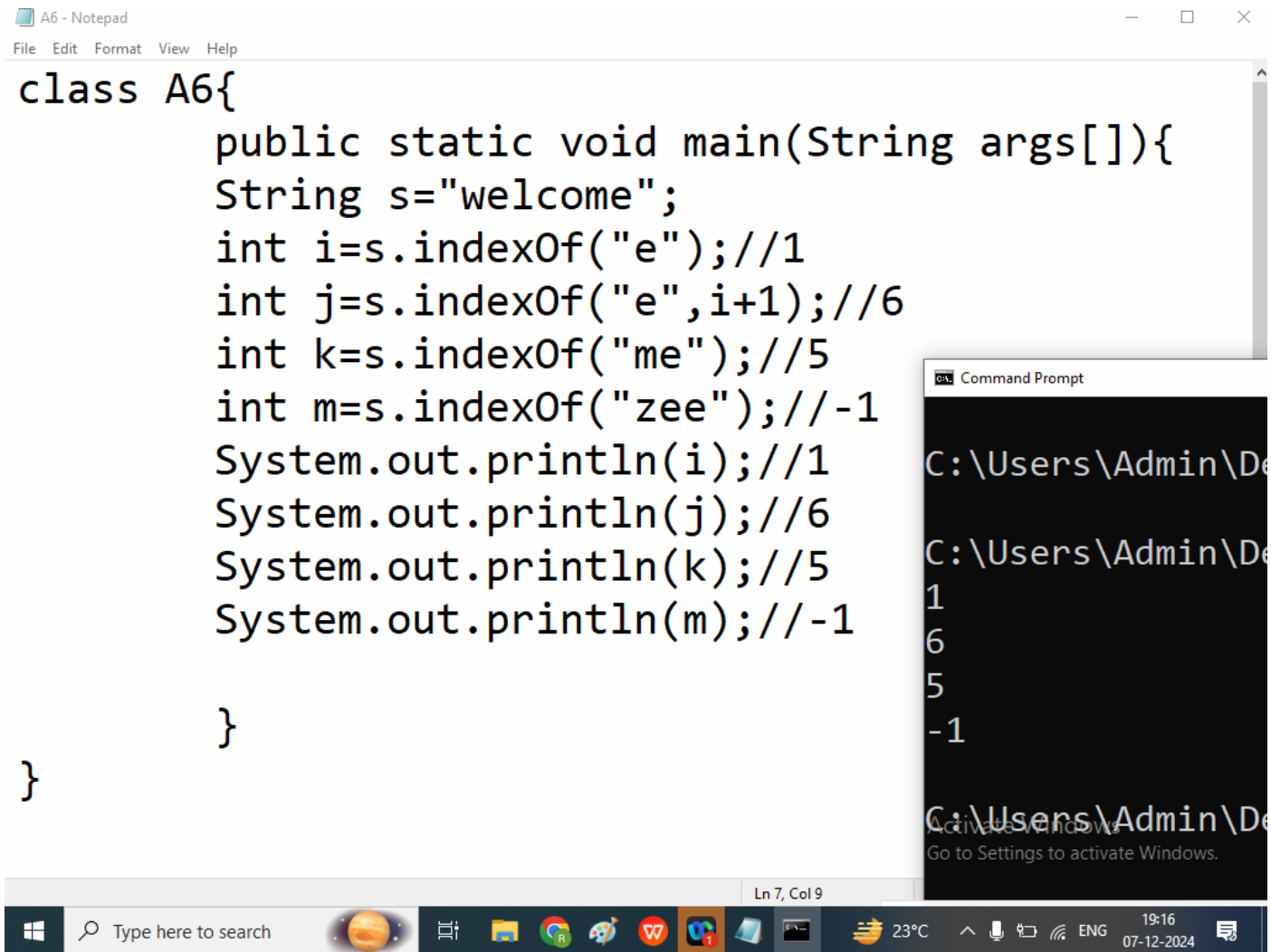
indexOf()

indexOf()====> L To R
String s="welcome";
int i=s.indexOf("e");//1
int j=s.indexOf("e",i+1);//6
int k=s.indexOf("me");//5
int m=k.indexOf("zee");//-1

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774, 471px 1 x 140px 1680 x 942px 100%

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The screenshot shows a Windows desktop environment. In the foreground, a Notepad window titled 'A6 - Notepad' contains the following Java code:

```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s="welcome";  
        int i=s.indexOf("e");//1  
        int j=s.indexOf("e",i+1);//6  
        int k=s.indexOf("me");//5  
        int m=s.indexOf("zee");//-1  
        System.out.println(i);//1  
        System.out.println(j);//6  
        System.out.println(k);//5  
        System.out.println(m);//-1  
    }  
}
```

Below the Notepad window, a Command Prompt window is open, displaying the output of the Java program:

```
C:\Users\Admin\De  
C:\Users\Admin\De  
1  
6  
5  
-1  
C:\Users\Admin\De  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```

The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the search bar, task view button, and several application icons. The system tray on the right indicates the temperature is 23°C, the language is ENG, and the date is 07-12-2024.

Q1. Explain String class lastIndexOf() method in java Programming?

Ans:The lastIndexOf() method is overloaded method. It will return last occurrence index position of the specified String

It will return -1 if given String is not found

Syntax:

```
int lastIndexOf(String str);
```

int lastIndexOf(String str,int start);

Untitled - Paint

File Home View

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Last Index Of

w	e	l	c	o	m	e
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

R To L

```
String s="welcome";  
int i=s.lastIndexOf("e");//6  
int j=s.lastIndexOf("e",5);//1  
int k=s.lastIndexOf("me");//5
```

int m=s.lastIndexOf("zee");//-1

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Go to Settings to activate Windows.

16,111px 1680 x 942px 100% 19:26 07-12-2024

Untitled - Paint

File Home View

Paste Select Crop Resize Rotate Image Tools Brushes Shapes Outline Fill Size Colors Edit colors Edit with Paint 3D

Last Index Of

w	e	l	c	o	m	e
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

R To L

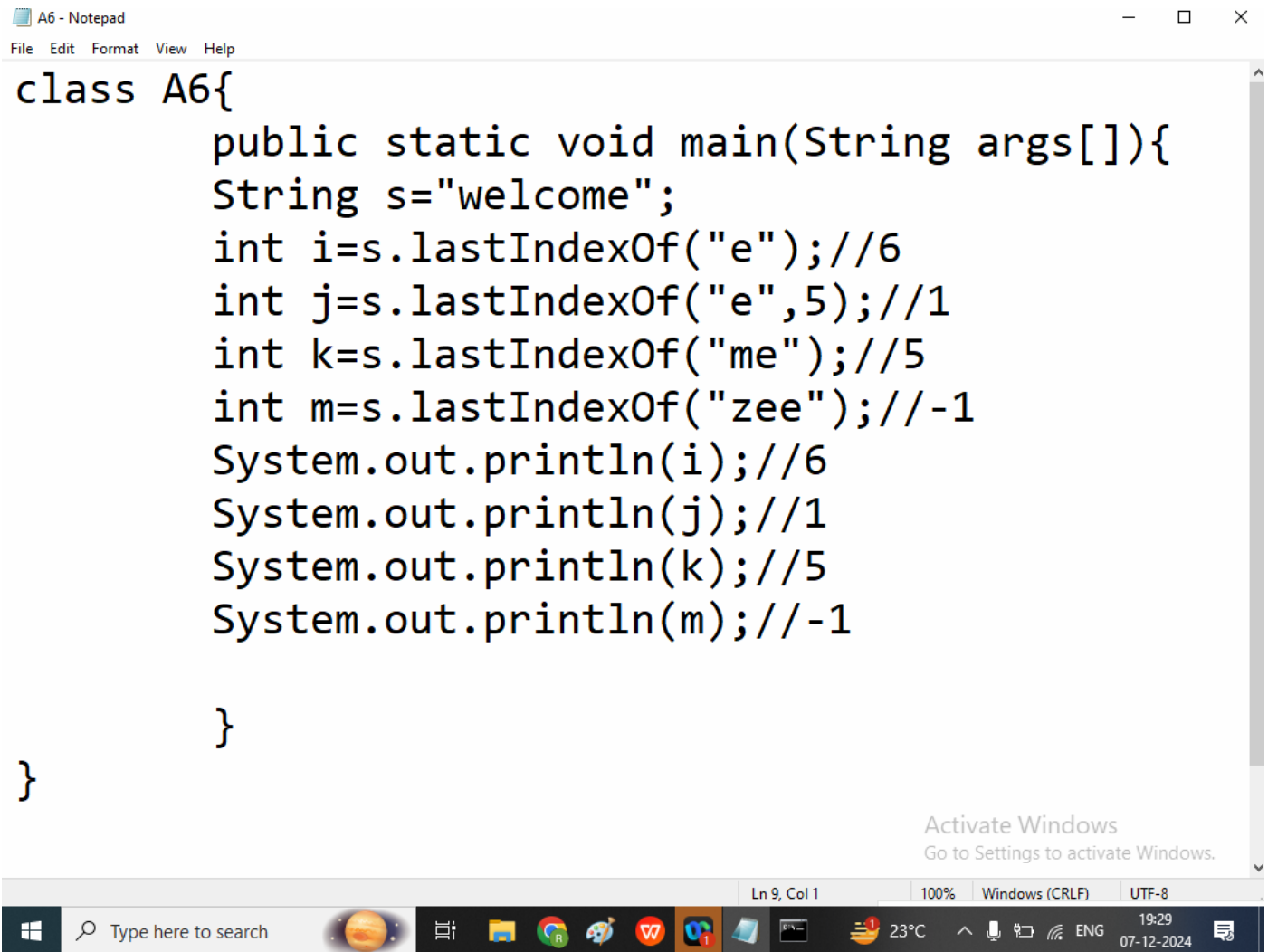
```
String s="welcome";  
int i=s.lastIndexOf("e");//6  
int j=s.lastIndexOf("e",5);//1  
int k=s.lastIndexOf("me");//5
```

```
int m=s.lastIndexOf("zee");//-1
```

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437, 306px 1680 x 942px 100%

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```
class A6{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s="welcome";
        int i=s.lastIndexOf("e");//6
        int j=s.lastIndexOf("e",5);//1
        int k=s.lastIndexOf("me");//5
        int m=s.lastIndexOf("zee");//-1
        System.out.println(i);//6
        System.out.println(j);//1
        System.out.println(k);//5
        System.out.println(m);//-1

    }
}
```

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Ln 9, Col 1 100% Windows (CRLF) UTF-8

Windows taskbar: Search, File Explorer, Chrome, Paint, Word, OneDrive, Task View, 23°C, 19:29, 07-12-2024

Q3. Explain String class length method in java programming?

Ans:

It will return number of characters in the String including space

Syntax:

```
int length();
```

Example:

```
String s="welcome";
```

```
int x=s.length();
```

```
int y="a b c".length();//5
```

*A6 - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s="welcome";  
        int x=s.length();  
        System.out.println(x);//7  
        int y=" a b c".length();  
        System.out.println(y);//6  
    }  
}
```

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Ln 9, Col 2 100% Windows (CRLF) UTF-8

Windows taskbar: Search bar, taskbar icons (File Explorer, Chrome, etc.), system tray (clock, date, language).

Q4. Explain String class split() method in java programming?

Ans:

In java the split method is used to split the string on the basis of delimiter(space,).

It also split the string and convert into the array

Syntax:

String [] split(String separator)

```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s="welcome to bhopal";  
        String arr[]=s.split("o");  
        System.out.println(arr[0]);  
        System.out.println(arr[1]);  
        System.out.println(arr[2]);  
        System.out.println(arr[3]);  
    }  
}
```

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A6  
welc  
me t  
bh  
pal
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>



Type here to search



























































































































































































































































































































```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s="welcome to bhopal";  
        String arr[]=s.split(" ");  
        System.out.println(arr[0]);  
        System.out.println(arr[1]);  
        System.out.println(arr[2]);  
    }  
}
```

Command Prompt

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>javac A6.java

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A6  
welcome  
to  
bhopal
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

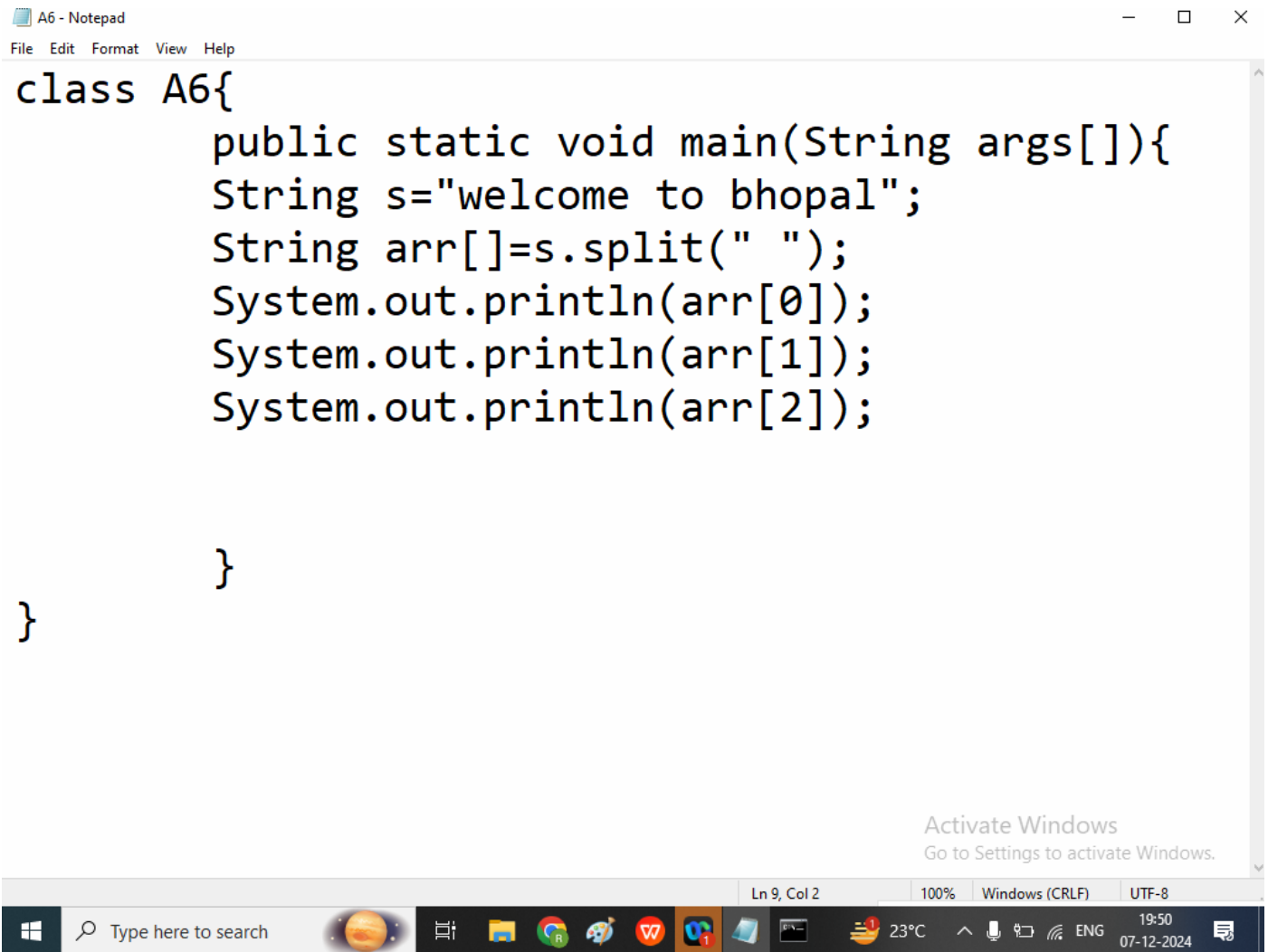


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23°C

19:46
07-12-2024



```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        String s="welcome to bhopal";  
        String arr[]=s.split(" ");  
        System.out.println(arr[0]);  
        System.out.println(arr[1]);  
        System.out.println(arr[2]);  
    }  
}
```

Q5. Explain substring() method in java programming?

Ans:It is used to extract string from the given String on the basis of starting or ending positions

Syntax:

String substring(int start): it will return remaining String from the specified position(starting must be include)

String substring(int start,int end):it will return substring from the specified starting position(starting must be include) and ending position(ending must be exclude end-1)

String s="welcome";

String x=s.substring(3);//come

String y=s.substring(3,5);

A6 - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

```
class A6{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s="welcome";
        String x=s.substring(3);//come
        String y=s.substring(3,5);//co
        System.out.println(x);
        System.out.println(y);
    }
}
```

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>java A6
come
co
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Java Task>
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search

Indi... 19:56
07-12-2024

Q1. Explain foreach() loop in java programming?

Ans: it is used to get value one by one from the array / collection object

Syntax:

```
for(data type variable : array/collection){  
  
}
```

Example:

```
String s="welcome";  
char arr[]={ 'w','e','l','c','o','m','e'};  
  
for(char x:arr){  
System.out.println(x);//W,e,l,c,o,m,e  
}
```

Q2. Write a Java program to print sum and average of all array elements using for each loop?

```
class A6{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        int nums[]={10,20,30,40,50};  
  
        int sum=0;  
        for(int x:nums){  
            sum=sum+x;
```

```
}

    System.out.println("sum : "+sum);
    System.out.println("Average :
"+(sum/nums.length));

}
}
```

Q2. Explain String class toCharArray() method in java programming?

Ans: It is used to convert given String into char Array

Syntax:

```
char[] toCharArray();
```

Example:

```
String s="welcome";
```

```
char arr[]=s.toCharArray();
```

```
class A6{
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]){
```

```
String s="welcome";
```

```
char arr[]=s.toCharArray();
```

```
System.out.println("Using for Loop ");
```

```
int i;
```

```
for(i=0;i<arr.length;i++){
```

```
System.out.println(arr[i]);//W,e,l,c,o,m,e
```

```
}
```

```
System.out.println("Using for Each Loop ");
```

```
for(char x:arr){
```

```
System.out.println(x);//W,e,l,c,o,m,e
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Q3. Write a Java Program to convert given lowerCase String into UpperCase without using pre-defined method?

Example1:

Enter Any String: welcome

Upper Case : WELCOME

Example2:

Enter Any String: WeLcOmE

Upper Case : WELCOME

a(97) b(98) c(99)

A(65) B(66) C(67)

32 32 32

char x='a';

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class A6{
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]){
```

```
        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter Any String : ");
```

```
        String s=sk.nextLine();
```

```
String r="";
for(int x:s.toCharArray()){
    if(x>='a'&&x<='z'){
        x=x-32;
        r=r+(char)x;
    }

    else{
        r=r+(char)x;
    }
}

System.out.println(r);
}
}
```

Q3. Write a Java Program to convert given UpperCase String into lowerCase without using pre-defined method?

Example1:

Enter Any String: WELCOME

Upper Case : welcome

Example2:

Enter Any String: WeLcOmE

Upper Case : welcome

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A6{
    public static void main(String args[]){

        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Any String : ");
        String s=sk.nextLine();

        String r="";
        for(int x:s.toCharArray()){
            if(x>='A'&&x<='Z'){
                x=x+32;
                r=r+(char)x;
            }

            else{
                r=r+(char)x;
            }
        }

        System.out.println(r);
    }
}
```

Homework for (10-DEC-2024)

Q3. Write a java program to convert a character of the String if character is UpperCase then it convert into lowerCase and if Character is lowerCase then it convert into UpperCase

Example1:

Enter Any String: WeLcOmE

Toggle Case: wElCoMe

Q1. Explain toUpperCase() and toLowerCase() method in java programming?

Ans:

toUpperCase(): It is used to convert given String into upperCase

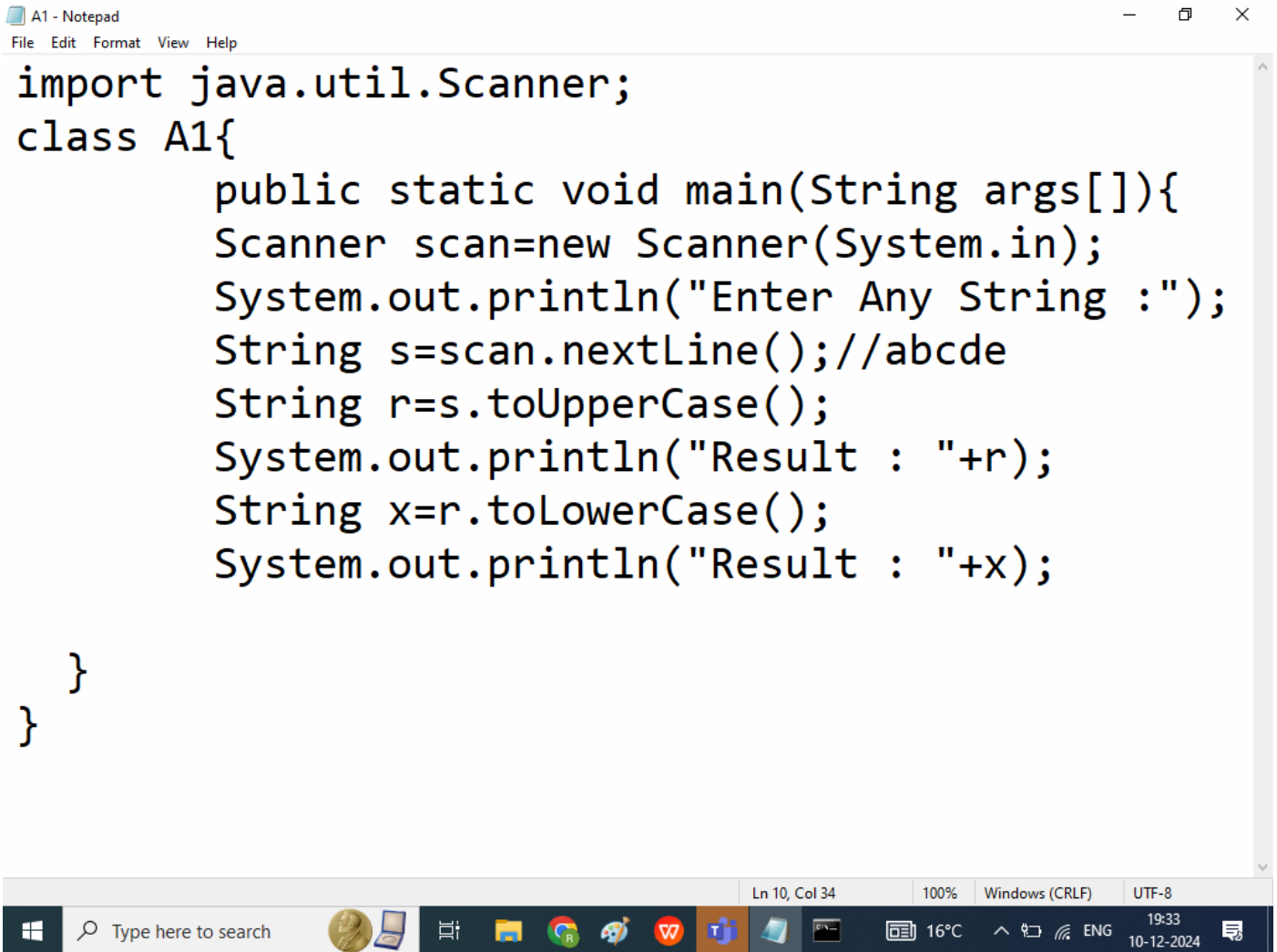
Syntax:

String toUpperCase()

toLowerCase(): It is used to convert given String into lowerCase

Syntax:

String toLowerCase();



```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A1{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Any String :");
        String s=scan.nextLine();//abcde
        String r=s.toUpperCase();
        System.out.println("Result : "+r);
        String x=r.toLowerCase();
        System.out.println("Result : "+x);
    }
}
```

Homework (10-DEC-2024):

Q1. Write a Java Program to check given String is UpperCase or not?

Example1:

Enter Any String: WELCOME
true

Example2:

Enter Any String: WELCOME
false

Example3:

Enter Any String: welCOME
False

Q3. Write a java Program to convert given sentence into Title Case?

Example1:

Enter Any String: welCOme to bhopAl this Is The
City of lake

Result: **Welcome To Bhopal This Is The City Of
Lake**

Q4. Write a java Program to check given String is in Title Case or Not?

Example1:

Enter Any String :

Welcome To Bhopal This Is The City Of Lake

Result: true

Example2:

Enter Any String :

This is bhopal

Result: false

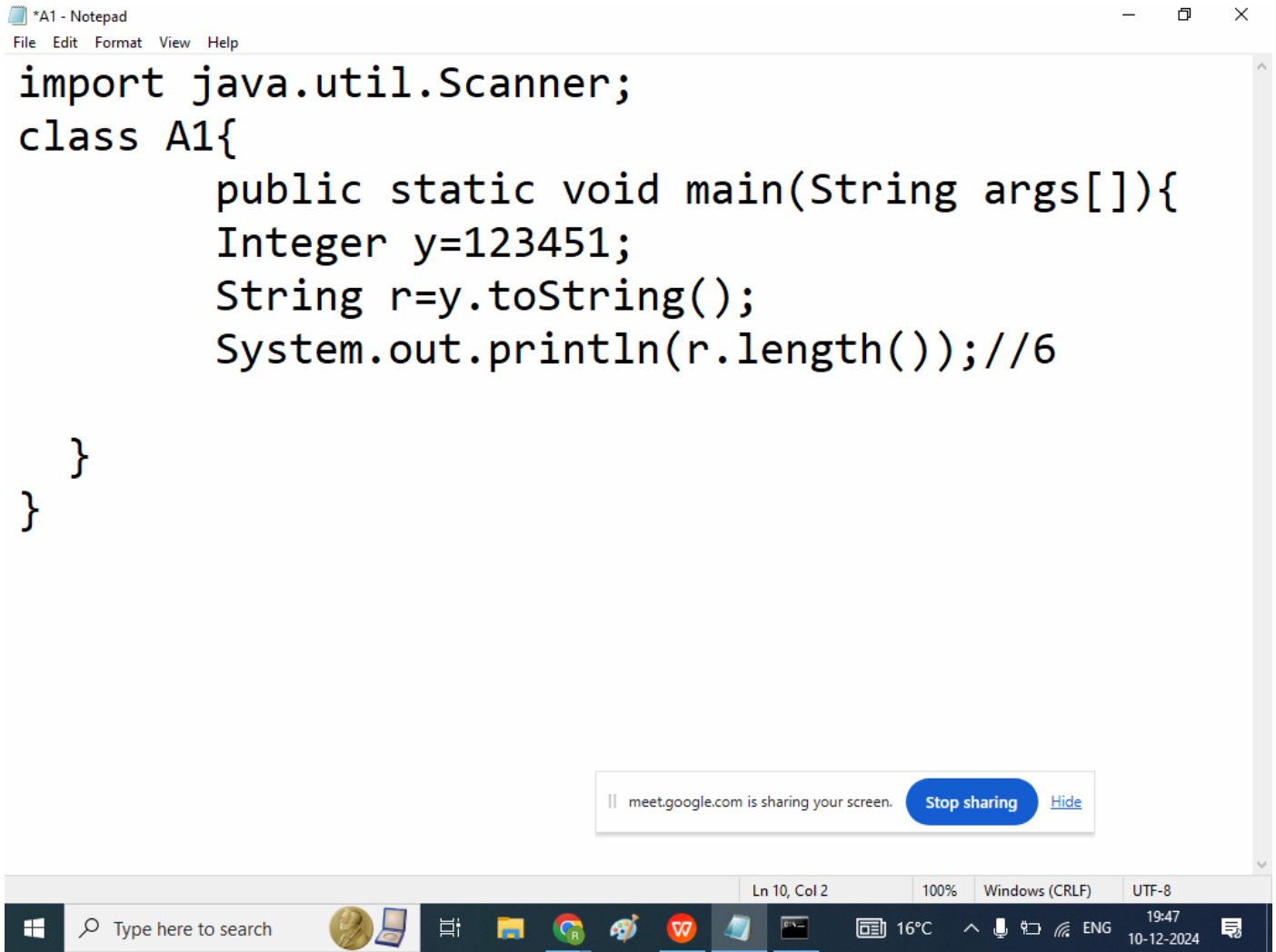
Q2. Explain toString() method in java programming?

Ans: It is used to convert any object into String

Integer y=1234;// y is an object

String r=y.toString();

int x=1234;// x is an variable



The image shows a Notepad window titled '*A1 - Notepad' with a menu bar (File, Edit, Format, View, Help). The code inside is a Java program that imports the Scanner class, defines a class A1, and has a main method that takes an array of strings, converts the integer 123451 to a string, and prints its length (6). The code is as follows:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A1{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Integer y=123451;
        String r=y.toString();
        System.out.println(r.length()); //6
    }
}
```

Below the code, there is a notification bar from meet.google.com stating 'meet.google.com is sharing your screen.' with buttons for 'Stop sharing' and 'Hide'. The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the search bar, task view, and several application icons. The system tray on the right displays the temperature (16°C), time (19:47), date (10-12-2024), and language (ENG).

Q2.Explain String class valueOf() in java?

Ans: It is used to convert any types of variables into String

Syntax:

```
static String valueOf(int)
static String valueOf(float)
static String valueOf(double)
static String valueOf(char)
static String valueOf(boolean)
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A1{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Integer x=3345;
        String a=String.valueOf(x);
        System.out.println(a.length());

        float y=33.45f;
        String b=String.valueOf(y);
        System.out.println(b.length());

        char z='A';
        String c=String.valueOf(z);
        System.out.println(c.length());
    }
}
```

meet.google.com is sharing your screen.

Stop sharing

[Hide](#)

Ln 8, Col 17

90%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8

Windows taskbar showing search bar, taskbar icons (File Explorer, Google Chrome, Microsoft Word, etc.), system tray (16°C, 19:54, 10-12-2024).

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A1{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Integer x=3345;
        String a=String.valueOf(x);
        System.out.println(a.length());

        float y=33.45f;
        String b=String.valueOf(y);
        System.out.println(b.length());

        char z='A';
        String c=String.valueOf(z);
        System.out.println(c.length());
        boolean k=true;
        String j=String.valueOf(k);
        System.out.println(j.length());

    }
}
```


Q1. Explain String class trim() method?

Ans: It is used to remove starting and ending space from the given string.

Note: It cannot remove space at middle of the String

Syntax:

String trim()

Example:

String s=" Hello World ";

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class A7{
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]){
```

```
        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter Any String ");
```

```
        String s=" Hello World ";
```

```
        System.out.println("Length of String before  
trim "+s.length());
```

```
        String s1=s.trim();
```

```
        System.out.println("Length of String after trim  
"+s1.length());
```

```
    }
```

}

Q2. Explain String class join() method?

Ans: The String.join() method is a static method introduced in java 1.8 version. It is used to join multiple String or elements of an iterable object (list or array) with a specified delimiter.

Syntax:

Static String join(String delimiter)

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A7{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Any String ");
        String s="welcome to bhopal";
        // welcome:to:bhopal
        String arr[]=s.split(" ");//

        String r=String.join("|",arr[0],arr[1],arr[2]);

        System.out.println(r);

    }
}
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Ln 17, Col 3

70%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8



Type here to search



16°C

19:55
11-12-2024

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A7{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sk=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Any String ");
        String s="welcome to bhopal";
        // welcome:to:bhopal
        String arr[]=s.split(" ");//

        String r=String.join(":",arr);

        System.out.println(r);

    }
}
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Ln 13, Col 24

70%

Windows (CRLF)

UTF-8



Type here to search



16°C

19:57
11-12-2024