Level: Bachelor Year: 2024

Programme: BE "Computer" Full Marks: 100

Course: Digital Signal Analysis and Processing Pass Mark: 45

Semester: VIII Time: 3 Hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all the questions.

- a) Define Signal Analysis and Signal Processing. What are the advantages of Digital signal processing over Analog signal processing? (4+3=7)
 - b) State and prove the necessary and sufficient conditions for an LTI system to be causal and stable.

(4+4=8)

2. a) Find the convolution between two signals $x(n) = a^n$, for $0 \le n \le 6$ and h(n) = 1, for $0 \le n \le 4$. (8)

b) Define Z-transform. Find the inverse z-transform of

$$X(z) = \log(1 + az^{-1}), |z| > |a|$$
 (1+6=7)

3. a) Why do we need DFT when we have DTFT? Determine the circular convolution of the sequence

$$x_1(n) = (1, 2, 3, 4) \text{ and } x_2(n) = (5, 6, 7, 8)$$
 (2+5=7)

b) Using DIT-FFT compute DFT of
$$x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)$$
, $0 \le n \le 7$ (8)

4. a) Obtain the parallel form realization of following IIR filter

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}{(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2})}$$
(7)

b) Convert the following IIR filter into lattice ladder structure

$$H(z) = \frac{1+z^{-1}+2z^{-2}+z^{-3}}{1+\frac{13}{24}z^{-1}+\frac{5}{8}z^{-2}+\frac{1}{3}z^{-3}}$$
(8)

5. a) Design a linear FIR filter using Kaiser window to meet the following specifications:

$$0.99 \le \left| H(e^{i\omega}) \right| \le 1.01; for \ 0 \le |\omega| \le 0.19\pi$$

$$\left| H(e^{i\omega}) \le 0.01; for \ 0.21\pi \le |\omega| \le \pi$$
(8)

- b) How can you design FIR filter using rectangular window? Explain. (7)
- 6. a) Obtain H(z) using the impulse invariant technique for an analog system function which is given by:

$$H_a(S) = \frac{1}{(S+0.5)(S^2+0.5S+2)} \tag{7}$$

b) Design a digital Butterworth filter that satisfies the following constraints using bilinear transformation. Assume T=1s.

$$0.8 \le \left| H(e^{j\omega}) \right| \le 1; \quad 0 \le \omega \le 0.2\pi$$

$$\left| H(e^{j\omega}) \right| \le 0.2; \quad 0.6\pi \le \omega \le \pi \tag{8}$$

7. Write short notes on (any two):

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- a) ROC and its Properties
- b) Gibbs Phenomena
- c) Elements of Digital Signal Processing