

## Lab 2: Data Cleaning Process: Handling missing values and performing deduplication.

### 1. Create a dataset as below:

CustomerID	Name	Age	JoinDate	MonthlyCharges	Churn
C001	John	25	12/1/2024	29.85	No
C002	Alice	34	11/15/2023	56.95	Yes
C003	BOB	17	6/1/2022	4000	No
C004	BOBY	29	6/1/2022	75.5	No
C004	Eve	29	12/5/2024	75.5	No
C005	eve	120	invalid_date	45.99	Yes
C006	Steve	-5		60	No
C007	Ramu		1/1/2024	49.99	
C008	mary	220	3/5/2023	-30	Yes
C008	Bob	30	3/5/2023	55	No

```
import pandas as pd

# Creating the dataset
data = {
    "CustomerID": ["C001", "C002", "C003", "C004", "C004", "C005",
"C006", "C007", "C008", "C008"],
    "Name": ["John", "Alice", "BOB", "BOBY", "Eve", "eve", "Steve",
"Ramu", "mary", "Bob"],
    "Age": [25, 34, 17, 29, 29, 120, -5, None, 220, 30],
    "JoinDate": ["12/1/2024", "11/15/2023", "6/1/2022", "6/1/2022",
"12/5/2024", "invalid_date", None, "1/1/2024", "3/5/2023",
"3/5/2023"],
    "MonthlyCharges": [29.85, 56.95, 4000, 75.5, 75.5, 45.99, 60,
49.99, -30, 55],
    "Churn": ["No", "Yes", "No", "No", "No", "Yes", "No", None,
"Yes", "No"]
}

# Converting the dictionary into a pandas DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Display the dataset
```

```
print(df)
```

2. Find out the missing values in the dataset using `isnull()`, `isna()`, `notna()`, `notnull()` and using `any()` or `sum()` functions individually with each of them.

```
# Checking for missing values using isnull()
print("Missing values using isnull():")
print(df.isnull())

# Checking for missing values using isna()
print("\nMissing values using isna():")
print(df.isna())

# Checking for non-missing values using notna()
print("\nNon-missing values using notna():")
print(df.notna())

# Checking for non-missing values using notnull()
print("\nNon-missing values using notnull():")
print(df.notnull())

# Checking if any column has missing values using any()
print("\nColumns with missing values using any():")
print(df.isnull().any())

# Checking if any column has missing values using sum()
print("\nCount of missing values in each column using sum():")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

3. Visualize the missing values using `msno.matrix()` function.

```
import missingno as msno
import pandas as pd

# Assuming 'df' is your DataFrame

# Visualizing missing values using msno.matrix()
msno.matrix(df)
```

4. Fill the missing values with mean, median or mode wherever necessary. And display the new dataset.

```
import pandas as pd

# Assuming 'df' is your original DataFrame

# Fill missing values for 'Age' and 'MonthlyCharges' using mean
df['Age'] = df['Age'].fillna(df['Age'].mean())
df['MonthlyCharges'] =
df['MonthlyCharges'].fillna(df['MonthlyCharges'].mean())

# Fill missing values for 'Churn' using mode (since it's categorical)
df['Churn'] = df['Churn'].fillna(df['Churn'].mode()[0])

# Fill missing values for 'JoinDate' using mode (since it's
categorical)
df['JoinDate'] = df['JoinDate'].fillna(df['JoinDate'].mode()[0])

# Fill missing values for 'Name' using mode (since it's categorical)
df['Name'] = df['Name'].fillna(df['Name'].mode()[0])

# Display the new dataset with missing values filled
print(df)

df['Age'] = df['Age'].replace(-5, df['Age'].mean()) # Replace -5 with
the mean of Age
df['MonthlyCharges'] = df['MonthlyCharges'].replace(-30,
df['MonthlyCharges'].mean())
df['JoinDate'] = df['JoinDate'].replace('invalid_date',
df['JoinDate'].mode()[0]) # Replace 'invalid_date' with the mode of
JoinDate
# Display the new dataset with missing values filled
print(df)
```

5. Display the unique names.

```
import pandas as pd

# Assuming 'df' is your DataFrame

# Displaying the unique names in the 'Name' column
```

```
unique_names = df['Name'].unique()

# Printing the unique names
print(unique_names)
```

6. Identify the duplicated row with reference to the attribute “CustomerID” and remove the duplicated row.

```
import pandas as pd

# Assuming 'df' is your DataFrame

# Identify the duplicated rows based on 'CustomerID'
duplicated_rows = df[df.duplicated(subset='CustomerID', keep=False)]

# Display duplicated rows
print("Duplicated rows based on 'CustomerID':")
print(duplicated_rows)

# Remove duplicated rows based on 'CustomerID'
df_cleaned = df.drop_duplicates(subset='CustomerID', keep='first')

# Display the cleaned dataset
print("\nDataset after removing duplicated rows:")
print(df_cleaned)
```

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