

POKHARA UNIVERSITY

Level: Bachelor
Programme: BE
Course: Calculus II

Semester: Fall

Year : 2023
Full Marks: 100
Pass Marks: 45
Time : 3hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all the questions.

1.
 - a) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} \cos(x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ by changing into polar integration. 5
 - b) Evaluate: $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dz dy dx$ 5
 - c) Find the volume in the first octant bounded by the coordinate planes, the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $z + y = 3$. 5
 2.
 - a) Solve the differential equation $y'' + (1 - x^2)y = 0$ by using power series method. 7
 - b) Define Legendre's equation. Also derive the solution of Legendre's equation. 8
- OR**
- If $J_n(x)$ represents the Bessel's function of order n then show that:
- i. $\frac{d}{dx} [x^n J_n(x)] = x^n J_{n-1}(x).$
 - ii. $J_{\frac{1}{2}}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \sin x,$
3.
 - a) State First Shifting Theorem of Laplace transforms. 8
 - i. Find the Laplace transform of $te^{-t} \cosh t$
 - ii. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s^2 - 5s + 6}$
 - b) Solve the initial value problem:
 $y'' + 4y' + 3y = e^{-t}, y(0) = y'(0) = 1$ by using Laplace transform. 7
 4.
 - a) If $\Phi = \log(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$ then find $\text{div}(\text{grad} \Phi)$. 5

b) Find the directional derivative of $f = x^2yz + 4xz^2$ at $(1, -2, 1)$ in the direction $2\vec{i} - \vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$. 5

c) Calculate: $\oint_c \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ if $\vec{F} = (y, z, x)$, C ; $\vec{r} = (t, t^2, t^3)$, from $(0, 0, 0)$ and $(2, 4, 8)$. 5

5. a) Define Green's Theorem. Evaluate $\oint_c \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$, where 8

$\vec{F} = (\sin y, \cos x)$ and c is the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(\pi, 0)$, $(\pi, 1)$, by using Green's theorem.

b) Evaluate $\oint_c \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ by using Stoke's theorem, where $\vec{F} = (y^2, z^2, x^2)$ 7

and c is the boundary of the surface $S: x + y + z = 1$ in the first octant.

OR

Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dA$ where $\vec{F} = (x^2, y^2, z^2)$ and s :
 $\vec{r} = (u \cos v, u \sin v, 3v)$, $0 \leq u \leq 1$, $0 \leq v \leq 2\pi$

6. a) Find the fourier series of $f(x) = x + |x|$ for $-\pi < x < \pi$. 7

b) Expand the function $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $0 < x \leq \pi$ in half range Fourier cosine series and show that $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{16} + \dots$ 8

7. Solve Any Two: 2×5

a) Find the general solution of $2u_x + 2u_y - u = 0$.

b) Derive the one-dimensional traffic flow model using conservation law.

c) Show that the value under integral sign $\int_{(4,0,3)}^{(-1,1,2)} [(yz + 1)dx + (xz + 1)dy + (xy + 1)dz]$ is exact and evaluate the integral.