EXPERIMENT NO 2

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AIM: - Implement following programs to exhibit UNIX Process

Control "Program where parent process sorts array elements in

ascending order and child process sorts array elements in descending

order". Show the demonstration of walk() and zombie process"

Theory Related Questions: -

1. What is Process: - Process is an program in execution. & OS time shares CPU across multiple

processes & visualizes the CPU.

2. How to create a new process: - A new process can be created by the fork() system call. The

new process consists of a copy of the address space of the original process. fork() creates new

process from existing process. Existing process is called the parent process and the process is

created newly is called child process.

3. Fork(): - By using an fork() system call an new process is created by making a copy of parents

memory image. The new process is added to the OS process list and schedule. Then parent and

child process start executing just after fork(). Parent and child executes & modify the memory &

data independently.

- **4. Exec():** After implementing an fork(), parent and child are running same code code. Its not useful if parent want to perform some different operations by child in that case we are using an exec() system call & when child process called exec() system call its memory image would be replaced by another executable it will no longer executes the code of its parents that it have.
- **5. Orphan Processes: -** Orphan processes are those processes that are still running even though their parent process has terminated or finished. A process can be orphaned intentionally or unintentionally. An intentionally orphaned process runs in the background without any manual support.
- **6. Zombie Processes: -** A zombie process is a process whose execution is completed but it still has an entry in the process table. Zombie processes usually occur for child processes, as the parent process still needs to read its child's exit status.

Programs: -

1. Demonstration of fork, wait System Call

Code: -

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void CreateArray(int *Arr, int iSize)
{
   int iElement = 0;
   int p = 0;
   int i = 0;
   int j = 0;
   int temp = 0;

for(i = 0; i < iSize; i++)
   {</pre>
```

```
printf("Enter the %d element in the array = \n", i + 1);
    scanf("%d",&iElement);
    Arr[i] = iElement;
}
printf("The Entered Array Elements Are = \n");
for(i = 0; i < iSize; i++)</pre>
{
    printf("%d\n",Arr[i]);
}
p = fork();
if(p == 0)
{
    printf("Child => PPID: %d PID: %d\n", getppid(), getpid());
    for(i = 0; i < iSize; i++)</pre>
    {
         for(j = i+1; j < iSize; j++)
        {
             if(Arr[i] < Arr[j])</pre>
            {
                 temp = Arr[i];
                 Arr[i] = Arr[j];
                 Arr[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("The Entered Array Elements In Descending Order Are = \n");
    for(i = 0; i < iSize; i++)</pre>
    {
```

```
printf("%d\n",Arr[i]);
   }
}
else
if(p > 0)
{
    printf("Parent => PID: %d\n", getpid());
    for(int i = 0; i < iSize; i++)</pre>
    {
        for(int j = i+1; j < iSize; j++)
        {
            if(Arr[i] > Arr[j])
            {
                temp = Arr[i];
                Arr[i] = Arr[j];
                Arr[j] = temp;
            }
       }
    }
    printf("The Entered Array Elements In Ascending Order Are = \n");
    for(i = 0; i < iSize; i++)</pre>
    {
        printf("%d\n",Arr[i]);
    }
   wait(NULL);
}
else
{
```

```
printf("Child process is created successfully but error while creating an child
process !\n");
}

int main()
{

   int iSize = 0;
   int *Arr = NULL;

   printf("Enter the number of elements you want to add in the array = \n");
   scanf("%d",&iSize);

   Arr = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*iSize);

   CreateArray(Arr,iSize);
   return 0;
}
```

2. Demonstration of Zombie Process: -

```
Code: -
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
void Demo();
int main()
{
    Demo();
    return 0;
}
void Demo()
{
    int p = 0;
    p = fork();
    if(p == 0)
    {
        printf("Child => PPID: %d PID: %d\n", getppid(), getpid());
```

```
exit(0);
}
else if(p > 0)
{
    printf("Parent => PID: %d\n", getpid());
    sleep(10);
}
else
{
    printf("Unable to create an child process !\n");
}
```

```
manish@manish-HP-15-Notebook-PC:~/OS Programs... Q =

manish@manish-HP-15-Notebook-PC:~/OS Programs/Process system calls implementati
on using 'C'/Demonstartion of Zombie Process$ gcc Zombie.c -o Myexe
manish@manish-HP-15-Notebook-PC:~/OS Programs/Process system calls implementati
on using 'C'/Demonstartion of Zombie Process$ ./Myexe
Parent => PID: 11164
Child => PPID: 11164 PID: 11165
manish@manish-HP-15-Notebook-PC:~/OS Programs/Process system calls implementati
on using 'C'/Demonstartion of Zombie Process$
```

3. Demonstration of Orphan Process: -

```
Code: -
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void Demo();
int main()
{
    Demo();
    return 0;
}
void Demo()
    int p = 0;
    p = fork();
    if(p > 0)
   {
       printf("Parent Process : \n");
       printf("Parent => PID: %d\n", getpid());
    }
    else if(p == 0)
    {
```

```
printf("Child Process Before Parent Die = \n");
printf("Child => PPID: %d PID: %d\n", getppid(), getpid());
sleep(1);
printf("Child Process After Parent Die = \n");
printf("Child => PPID: %d PID: %d\n", getppid(), getpid());
}
else
{
    printf("Unable to create an child process !\n");
}
```

```
manish@manish-HP-15-Notebook-PC:-/OS Programs/Process system calls implementation using 'C'/Demonstartion of Orphan Process' gcc Orphan.c -o Myexe manish@manish-HP-15-Notebook-PC:-/OS Programs/Process system calls implementation using 'C'/Demonstartion of Orphan Process' J. Hyexe Parent Process: Parent => PID: 11607

Parent Process : Parent => PID: 11607

Parent Process =: Parent => PID: 11608

Child Process Before Parent Die = Child >> PID: 11608

Child SPODS == PID: 11609

Child SPODS == PID: 11609
```

4. Demonstration of exec System call: -

```
Code: -
```

```
1. Exec.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main()
{
    char *Args[] = {"Hello",NULL};
    printf("Process id of Exec.c = %d\n",getpid());
    execv("./Hello",Args);
    return 0;
}
2. Hello.c
#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Process id of Hello.c = %d\n",getpid());
    printf("Hello ! From Hello.c\n");
    return 0;
}
```

