

# CS5200 Assignment-1

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## Step1 - List nouns that are candidate classes or attributes

Faculty

Student: undergrad, grad

Course

Learning module

Lesson

Topic

Calendar schedule

Widget

Youtube video

Slide

Text document

Raw HTML

Evaluation

Essay assignment

Submission assignment

Exam

Essay question

Multiple choice question

Fill in the blank question

Registrar's office

Section

Semester: fall, spring, full summer, summer 1, summer 2

Academic year

Enrollment

Seat capacity

Final grade

Letter grade

Student feedback

Personal profile info: username, password, first name, last name, email, phone, address

- for faculty: benefit, tenure status, parking, bank account info
- for student: financial aid info, work-study, scholarship

GPA

GPA threshold

Point

Office hour

Teaching assistant

## Step2 - List verbs as candidate relations between classes

Faculty authors courses  
Student has type undergraduate  
Student has type graduate  
Course contains learning modules  
Learning module composed of lessons  
Learning module has calendar schedule  
Lesson has calendar schedule  
Lesson has topics  
Topic build by widgets  
Widget contains youtube videos  
Widget contains slides  
Widget contains text documents  
Widget contains raw HTML  
Widget contains evaluations  
Evaluation contains essay assignments  
Evaluation contains submission assignments  
Evaluation contains exams  
Exam contains essay questions  
Exam contains multiple choice questions  
Exam contains fill in the blank questions  
Course has sections  
Section offered in semester  
Semester declared with academic year  
Semester has type fall  
Semester has type spring  
Semester has type full summer  
Semester has type summer 1  
Semester has type summer 2  
Student enrolls in sections  
Section contains seat capacity  
Section assigned with faculty  
Student receives final grade  
Student receives letter grade  
Student provides student feedback  
Student has personal profile info  
Faculty has personal profile info  
Personal profile info contains username  
Personal profile info contains password  
Personal profile info contains first name  
Personal profile info contains last name

- Personal profile info contains emails
- Personal profile info contains phones
- Personal profile info contains addresses
- Personal profile info contains benefits (faculty only)
- Personal profile info contains tenure status (faculty only)
- Personal profile info contains parking (faculty only)
- Personal profile info contains bank account info (faculty only)
- Personal profile info contains financial aid info (student only)
- Personal profile info contains work-study (student only)
- Personal profile info contains scholarship (student only)
- Scholarship has GPA threshold
- Student receives GPA
- Final grades calculated from grade assessments
- Grade assessment contains assignments
- Grade assessment contains exams
- Assignment grades with points
- Exam graded with points
- Student goes to office hours
- Office hour given by faculty or teaching assistant.

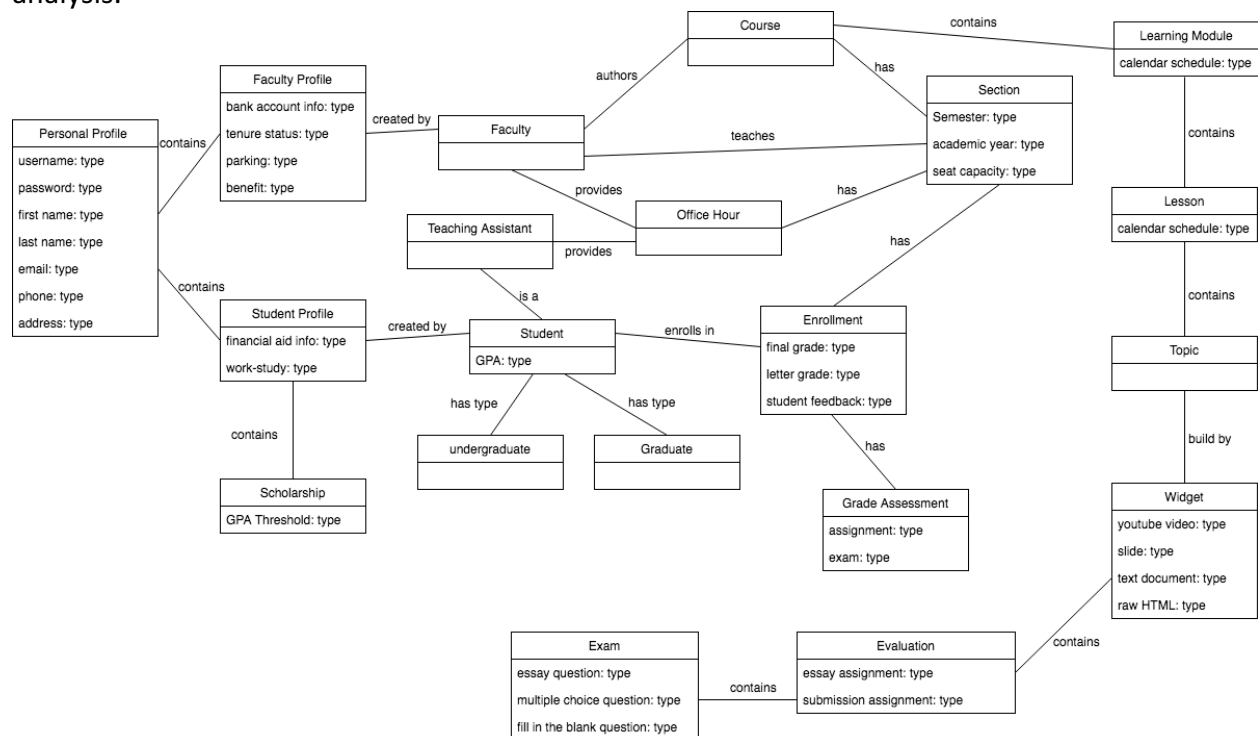
From the verb list in step2, we can then get the preliminary class diagram for this LMS system.

## Step4 – Reification

Reification applied here to convert verb “*enroll*” into a class *Enrollment*, which connects between class *Student* and class *Section*, also it should contain *final grade*, *letter grade* and *student feedback*, which would make sense since a student should receive grade from a particular section, also provides feedback to this section.

## Step5 – Class vs. Attribute Analysis

From the preliminary class diagram, we could set each noun properly to be a class or an associated attribute. The result shown below for a very initial class diagram after class/attribute analysis.



## Step6 - Inadequacy or Redundancy

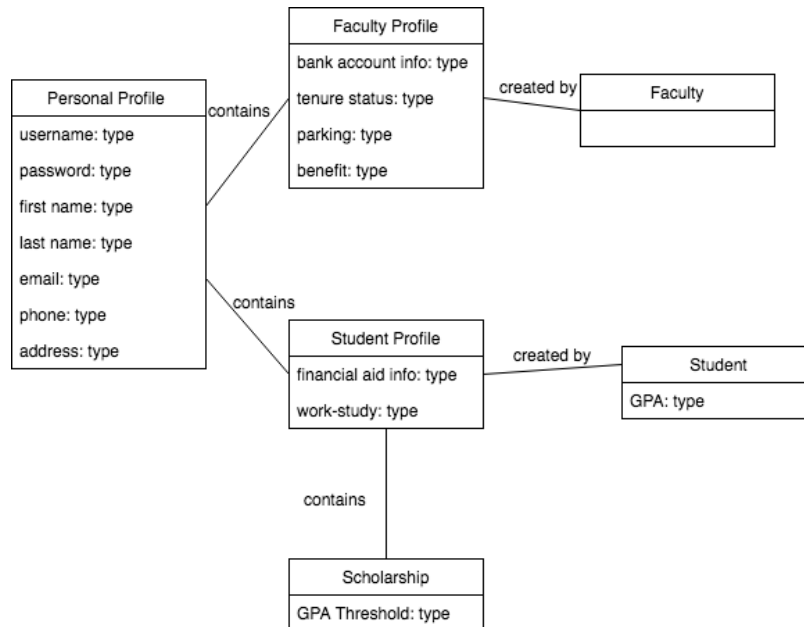
A.

By looking carefully at two paths start from *Personal profile*:

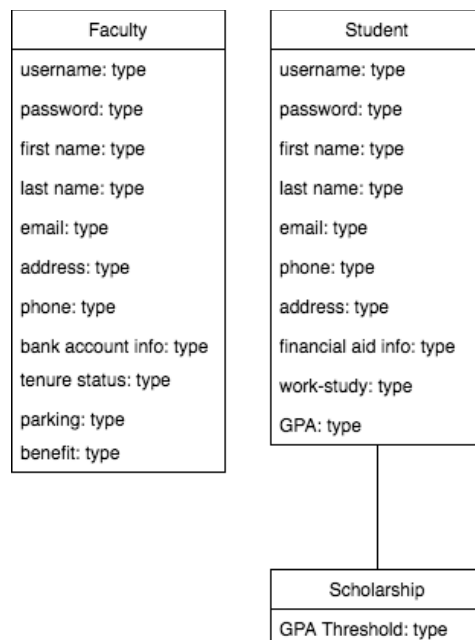
- personal profile → faculty profile → faculty
- personal profile → student profile → student

Those two paths are redundant since those attributes could be added to *Faculty* class and *Student* class directly.

Before:



After



B.

There is a loop between *Faculty*, *course* and *Section* which imply a redundancy. A faculty teaches a particular section, which belongs to a particular course. Therefore there is no need for the connection between *faculty* and *course* since we could know exactly a faculty teaches which course by searching through *faculty* → *section* → *course*.

C.

The class *office hour* is kind of redundant here that we could make it to be an attribute of class *section*.

D.

The abstract class *widget* is kind of redundant here that we could move its attributes to class *topic*, which could simplify the structure.

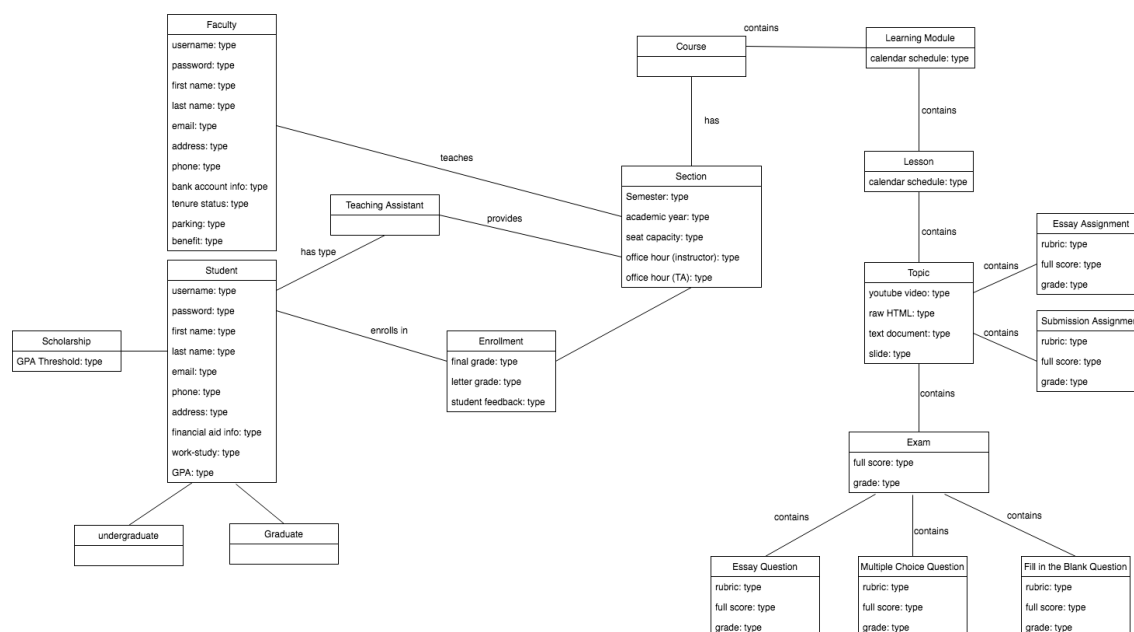
E.

The class *evaluation* could be removed by making its attributes to be classes. This is better since we miss an important part --- points in the initial diagram. From the requirement, LMS should have the ability to provide grade for each course, which is calculated by each part of evaluation, a student should receive a score for each assignment/exam/question, which is based on points. By changing assignments / exam's questions to be class, we could assign additional attributes to illustrate it.

F.

The class *Grade Assessment* could be removed since it is actually the same to the assignment and exam classes. So there is no need to leave both of them.

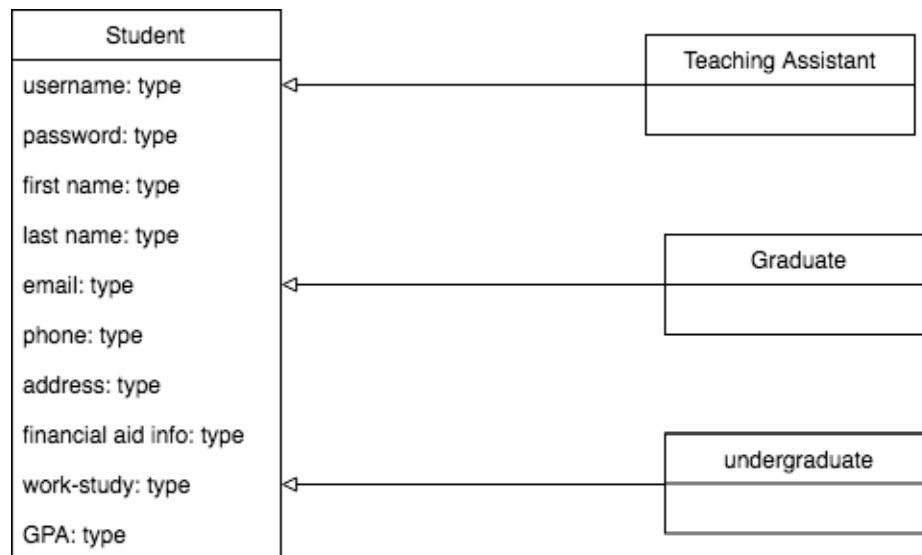
Diagram after step 6



## step7 – Generalization / Specialization

There are three parts applied inheritance (however all those parts would be edited in further step)

- class *undergraduate* inherits *student*
- class *graduate* inherits *student*
- class *teaching assistant* inherits *student*



## Step8 - Associations, aggregation and/or composition

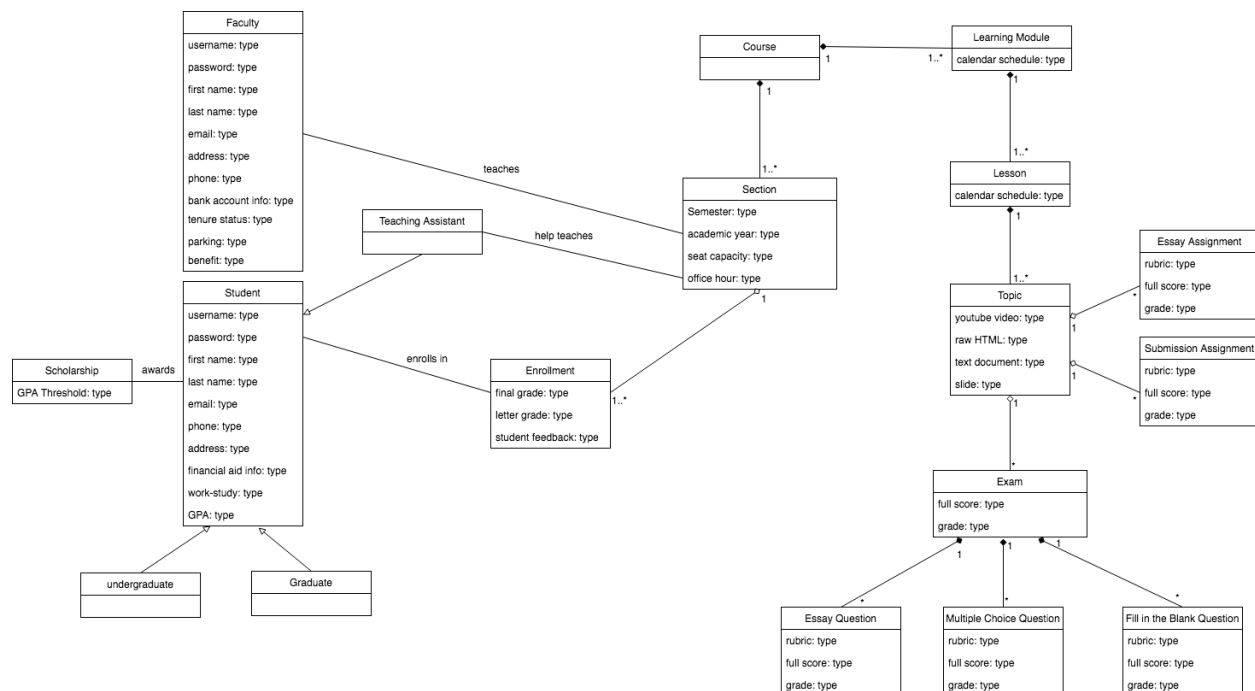
Let's look carefully at connections between each classes and edit them to be a proper type.

### A. Aggregation

- *Section* and *enrollment*: A section should have at least one enrollment (1 to 1..\*), which means at least one student registers for this section. Also the enrollment record for student should remain valid even if the section has been removed.
- *Topic* and *Essay Assignment*, *Submission Assignment*, *Exam*: A topic should have zero or more assignments and exams (1 to \*). Also those evaluation widgets should be remained after topic's deletion since they are part of students' grade, which should always exist as long as the student is in record.

### B. Composition

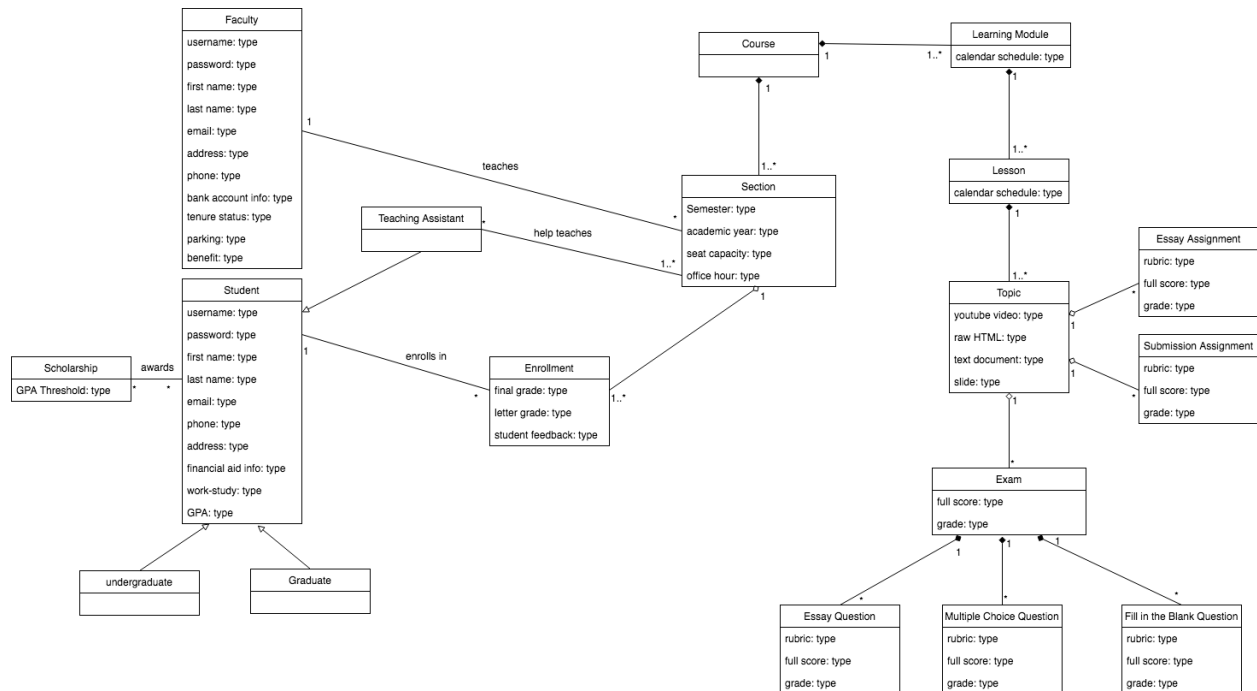
- *Course* and *Section*: A course should have at least one section (1 to 1..\*). When delete course, along with its section.
- *Course* and *Learning Module*: A course should have at least one learning module (1 to 1..\*). When delete course, along with its learning module.
- *Learning Module* and *lesson*: A learning module should have at least one lesson (1 to 1..\*). When delete learning module, along with its lesson.
- *Lesson* and *topic*: A lesson should have at least one topic (1 to 1..\*). When delete lesson, along with its topic.
- *Exam* and *its questions*: A exam should have zero or more questions (1 to \*). When delete exam, along with its questions.





## Step9 – Cardinality

- *Faculty* and *Section*: A section should be instructed by one faculty; A faculty could teach more than one class.
- *Teaching Assistant* and *Section*: A section could have zero or more TAs; A TA could assist more than one sections but at least one section.
- *Student* and *Enrollment*: A student could have zero or more enrollment; A enrollment must corresponds to a student.
- *Student* and *Scholarship*: A student could have zero or more scholarship; A scholarship could have zero or more student.



## Step10 – Correct Data Type & Add Additional Attribute

A.

There are two classes *undergraduate* / *graduate* inherit from *student* but do not provide any additional useful info, what they relate to is a constraint that undergraduate should enroll in more course than graduate. However, this constraint seems like not easy to solve at database level. So we could roll those two classes to be attribute of student and solve this constraint in application level. We could add an attribute “level” and make its type to be an enumeration with “undergraduate” and “graduate”

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<b>&lt;&lt;enumeration&gt;&gt; StudentLevel</b>
Undergraduate Graduate

B. Other customized type applied

<b>&lt;&lt;enumeration&gt;&gt; LetterGrade</b>	<b>&lt;&lt;enumeration&gt;&gt; SemesterList</b>	<b>&lt;&lt;enumeration&gt;&gt; File</b>
A B C D F	Fall Spring Full Summer Summer 1 Summer 2	URL PDF PPT TXT

For “youtube video”, “text document”, “raw HTML”, “slide”, I defined a new type “File” since there is not a clear requirement for them. This “file” type could be a URL link that direct to those content widgets, or it could be specific file types, like PDF, PPT, TXT, etc.

Those attributes might be adjusted to separate classes if any detailed action required for them.

# Final Class Diagram

