

Exercise 1H

Q13

## Answer:

(c)  $\frac{32}{75}$ 

Let the other number be x.

Now,

$$\begin{array}{c} \boldsymbol{x} \times \frac{-15}{4} = \frac{-16}{35} \\ \Rightarrow \boldsymbol{x} = \frac{-16}{35} \div \frac{-15}{14} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{-16}{35} \times \frac{14}{-15}$$

$$= \frac{-(16 \times 14)}{-(35 \times 15)}$$

$$= \frac{16 \times 14}{35 \times 15} = \frac{224}{525} = \frac{32}{75}$$

Thus, the other number is  $\frac{32}{75}$ 

(d)  $\frac{7}{5}$ 

Let the required number be x.

Now.

$$-\frac{3}{5} - x = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{3}{5} = -2 + x$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \left(-\frac{3}{5} + 2\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{(-3+10)}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{7}{5}$$

Thus, the required number is  $\frac{7}{5}$ 

(c)  $\frac{1}{3}$ 

Let the other number be x.

Now.

$$x + \left(-\frac{10}{3}\right) = -3$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -3 + \left(\text{Additive inverse of } -\frac{10}{3}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \left(-3 + \frac{10}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-3}{1} + \frac{10}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\left(-9 + 10\right)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}$$

Thus, the other number is  $\frac{1}{3}$ 

Q16

Answer:

(b) 
$$\frac{-49}{71}$$
 and (c)  $\frac{-9}{16}$ 

The numbers  $\frac{-49}{71}$  and  $\frac{-9}{16}$  are in the standard form because they have no common divisor other than 1 and their denominators are positive.

Q17

(a) 
$$\frac{-3}{10}$$

$$\left(\frac{-9}{16} \times \frac{8}{15}\right) = \frac{-9 \times 8}{16 \times 15}$$

$$=\frac{-72}{240}$$
 $=\frac{-3}{10}$ 

$$(d) -\frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{-5}{9} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{-5}{9} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$=\frac{-5\times 3}{9\times 2}$$
 $=\frac{-15}{18}$ 
 $=\frac{-5}{6}$ 

\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*