

Mensuration Ex 20.2 Q7

Answer:

Given:

Perimeter = 50 cm

Length of the first side = 15 cm

Length of the second side = 20 cm

We have to find the length of the third side.

Perimeter of a triangle = Sum of all three sides of the triangle

:. Length of the third side = (Perimeter of the triangle) — (Sum of the length of the other two sides)

=50-(15+20)

= 50 - 35 = 15 cm

Mensuration Ex 20.2 Q8

Answer:

It is given that a wire of length 20 m is to be folded in the form of a rectangle; therefore, we have:

Perimeter of the rectangle = 20 m

⇒ 2(Length + Breadth) = 20 m

⇒ (Length + Breadth) = 20/2 = 10 m

Since, length and breadth are positive integers in metres, therefore, the possible dimensions are: (1m, 9m), (2m, 8m), (3m, 7m), (4m, 6m) and (5m, 5m)

Thus, five rectangles can be formed with the given wire.

Mensuration Ex 20.2 Q9

Answer:

Side of the square field = 100 m

Wire required to fence the square field = Perimeter of the square field = 4 \times Side of the square field Perimeter = 4 \times 100 = 400 m

This perimeter is the length of wire required to fence one layer.

Therefore, the length of wire required to fence three layers = $3 \times 400 \text{ m} = 1200 \text{ m}$

Mensuration Ex 20.2 Q10

Answer:

Shikha and Priya, while running around the square and rectangular field respectively, actually cover a distance equal to the perimeters of these fields.

 \therefore Distance covered by Shikha = Perimeter of the square = 4 \times 75 m = 300 m

Similarly, distance covered by Priya = Perimeter of the rectangle = $2 \times (60 + 45) = 2 \times 105 = 210$ m Thus, it is evident that the distance covered by Priya is less than that covered by Shikha.

Mensuration Ex 20.2 Q11

Answer:

Dimensions of the photograph = $30 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$

So, the required length of wooden frame = Perimeter of the photograph

= 2 (Length + Breadth)

 $= 2 \times (30 + 20) \text{ cm}$

 $= 2 \times 50 \text{ cm}$

= 100 cm

Mensuration Ex 20.2 Q12

Answer:

Length of the rectangular field = 100 m
Perimeter of the rectangular field = 300 m
Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (Length + Breadth)
Applying the above formula, we get:
Breadth of the rectangular field = $\frac{Perimeter}{2} - Length = \frac{300}{2} - 100 = 150 - 100 = 50 \text{ m}$

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