

Mensuration I Ex 20.4 Q7

Answer:

We have.

$$AC = 84 \text{ cm}, DL = 16.5 \text{ cm} \text{ and } BM = 12 \text{ cm}$$

 $Area \text{ of } \triangle ADC = \frac{1}{2} \times AC \times DL$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 84 \text{ cm} \times 16.5 \text{ cm} = 693 \text{ cm}^2$
 $Area \text{ of } \triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} \times AC \times BM$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 84 \text{ cm} \times 12 \text{ cm} = 504 \text{ cm}^2$

Hence,

Area of quadrilateral ABCD = Area of
$$\triangle$$
 ADC + Area of \triangle ABC = (693 + 504) cm² = 1197 cm²

Mensuration I Ex 20.4 Q8

Answer:

We have,

Diagonal AC = 48 cm and diagonal BD = 32 m \therefore Area of a quadrilateral = $\frac{1}{2}$ x Product of diagonals $= \frac{1}{2} \times AC \times BD$ $= (\frac{1}{2} \times 48 \times 32) \text{ m}^2 = (24 \times 32) \text{ m}^2 = 768 \text{ m}^2$

Mensuration I Ex 20.4 Q9

Answer:

We have,

Area of the rectangle = AB x BC

$$= 32 \text{ m} \times 18 \text{ m}$$

$$= 576 \text{ m}^2$$

Area of the triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 x AD x FE
= $\frac{1}{2}$ x BC x FE [Since AD = BC]
= $\frac{1}{2}$ x 18 m x 14 m
= 9 m x 14 m = 126 m²

: Area of the shaded region = Area of the rectangle - Area of the triangle

$$=(576 - 126) \text{ m}^2$$

= 450 \text{ m}^2

********* END *******