



Linear Inequations Ex 15.3 Q7

We have,

$$\frac{|2x-1|}{x-1} - 2 > 0$$

$$\frac{|2x-1| - 2(x-1)}{x-1} > 0$$

$$\frac{|2x-1| - 2x + 2}{x-1} > 0 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Case I: when } |2x-1| &\geq 0 \\ \text{i.e., } 2x-1 &\geq 0 \\ 2x &\geq 1 \\ x &\geq \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow |2x-1| - 2x + 2 &> 0 \quad \text{and } x-1 > 0 \\ \Rightarrow 2x-1-2x+2 &> 0 \quad \text{and } x > 1 \\ \Rightarrow x &> 1 \quad \dots(ii) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Case II: when } |2x-1| &< 0 \\ \text{i.e., } 2x-1 &< 0 \\ 2x &< 1 \\ x &< \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow -(2x-1) - 2x + 2 &> 0 \quad \text{and } x < 1 \\ \Rightarrow -4 + 3 &> 0 \\ \Rightarrow -x &> -\frac{3}{4} \\ \Rightarrow x &< \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{and } x < 1 \\ \Rightarrow x &\in \left(\frac{3}{4}, 1\right) \quad \dots(iii) \end{aligned}$$

Combining (ii) and (iii) we get $\left(\frac{3}{4}, 1\right) \cup (1, \infty)$ as the solution set.

Linear Inequations Ex 15.3 Q8

We have,

$$|x - 1| + |x - 2| + |x - 3| - 6 \geq 0 \quad \dots (i)$$

$$\text{Case I: } |x - 1| \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 1 - (x - 2) - (x - 3) - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -x + 4 - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -x \geq 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x \leq -2$$

$$\Rightarrow (-\infty, -2] \quad \dots (ii)$$

$$\text{Case II: } |x - 2| \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 1 + x - 2 - (x - 3) - 6 \geq 0$$

$$x - 6 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 6$$

$$\Rightarrow [6, \infty) \dots\dots\dots (iii)$$

$$\text{case III: When } |x - 3| \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 3$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 1 + x - 2 + x - 3 - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x - 12 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x \geq 12$$

$$\Rightarrow x \geq 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \therefore x \in [4, \infty)$$

also

$$\Rightarrow |x - 1| < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -(x - 1) - (x - 2) - (x - 3) - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -3x \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x \leq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow |x - 2| < 0$$

$$x < 2$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 1) - (x - 2) - (x - 3) - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 1 - x + 2 - x + 3 - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -x - 2 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -x \geq 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x \leq -2$$

$$\Rightarrow |x - 3| < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x < 3$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 1) + (x - 2) - (x - 3) - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 6 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x \geq 6$$

Combining all cases we get $\{-\infty, 0\} \cup [4, \infty)$ as the solution set.

***** END *****