

Playing with Numbers Ex 2.8 Q1

Answer:

We have to find the largest number which divides (615 - 6) and (963 - 6) exactly. Therefore, the required number = HCF of 609 and 957

Resolving 609 and 957 into prime factors, we have:

 $609 = 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 29$

957 = 3 - 11 - 29

Therefore, HCF of 609 and 957 = 29 - 3 = 87

Hence, the required largest number is 87.

Playing with Numbers Ex 2.8 Q2

Answer:

We have to find the greatest number which divides (285 - 9) and (1,249 - 7) exactly. The required number will be given by the HCF of 276 and 1242.

Resolving 276 and 1242 into prime factors, we have:

 $276 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 23$ $1242 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 23$

: HCF of 276 and 1242 is $2 \times 3 \times 23 = 138$.

Playing with Numbers Ex 2.8 Q3

Answer:

We have to find the largest number which divides (626 - 1), (3,127 - 2), and (15,628 - 3) exactly. The required number will be given by the HCF of 625, 3,125 and 15,625.

Resolving 625, 3125, and 15625 into prime factors, we have: $625 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$ 3,125 = $5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$

 $15,625 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$

Therefore, HCF of 625, 3125 and $15625 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 625$ Hence, the required largest number is 625.

Playing with Numbers Ex 2.8 Q4

Answer:

Given:

Length of the room = 8 m 25 cm = 825 cm Breadth of the room = 6 m 75 cm = 675 cm Height of the room = 4 m 50 cm = 450 cm

The longest rod will be given by the HCF of 825, 675 and 450. Prime factorisation of $825 = 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 11$ Prime factorisation of $675 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$ Prime factorisation of $450 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$ Therefore, HCF of 825, 675 and $450 = 3 \times 5 \times 5 = 75$

Thus, the required length of the longest rod is 75 cm.

