

Cubes and Cubes Roots Ex 4.3 Q2

Answer:

(i)

We have:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 130 \\
 \hline
 1 \\
 129 \\
 \hline
 7 \\
 122 \\
 \underline{19} \\
 103 \\
 \hline
 37 \\
 \hline
 66 \\
 \underline{61} \\
 5
 \end{array}$$

- : The next number to be subtracted is 91, which is greater than 5.
- : 130 is not a perfect cube.

We have:

$$\begin{array}{r}
345 \\
\underline{1} \\
344 \\
7 \\
337 \\
\underline{19} \\
318 \\
\underline{37} \\
281 \\
\underline{61} \\
220 \\
\underline{91} \\
129 \\
\underline{127} \\
2
\end{array}$$

: The next number to be subtracted is 161, which is greater than 2.

. . 345 is not a perfect cube.

(iii)

We have:

$$792$$
 $_{1}$
 791
 $_{7}$
 784
 $_{19}$
 765
 $_{37}$
 728
 $_{61}$
 $_{667}$
 $_{91}$
 $_{576}$
 $_{127}$
 $_{449}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 169 \\
 \hline
 280 \\
 \hline
 217 \\
 \hline
 63
 \end{array}$$

- : The next number to be subtracted is 271, which is greater than 63.
- ...792 is not a perfect cube.

(iv)

We have:

 $\begin{array}{r}
 1331 \\
 \underline{} \\
 1330 \\
 \underline{} \\
 7 \\
 1323 \\
 \underline{} \\
 19 \\
 1304 \\
 \underline{} \\
 37 \\
 1267 \\
 \end{array}$

The subtraction is performed 11 times.

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{1331} = 11$$

Thus, 1331 is a perfect cube.