

Functions Ex2.2 Q1(i)

Since,
$$f: R \to R$$
 and $g: R \to R$

$$f \circ g : R \to R$$
 and $g \circ f : R \to R$

Now,
$$f(x) = 2x + 3$$
 and $g(x) = x^2 + 5$

$$g \circ f(x) = g(2x + 3) = (2x + 3)^{2} + 5$$

 $\Rightarrow g \circ f(x) = 4x^{2} + 12x + 14$

$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = f(x^2 + 5) = 2(x^2 + 5) + 3$$

 $\Rightarrow f \circ g(x) = 2x^2 + 13$

Functions Ex2.2 Q1(ii)

$$f(x) = 2x + x^2$$
 and $g(x) = x^3$
 $g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(2x + x^2)$
 $g \circ f(x) = (2x + x^2)^3$
 $f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = f(x^3)$
 $f \circ g(x) = 2x^3 + x^6$

Functions Ex2.2 Q1(iii)

$$f(x) = x^{2} + 8$$
 and $g(x) = 3x^{3} + 1$
Thus, $g \circ f(x) = g[f(x)]$
 $\Rightarrow g \circ f(x) = g[x^{2} + 8]$
 $\Rightarrow g \circ f(x) = 3[x^{2} + 8]^{3} + 1$
Similarly, $f \circ g(x) = f[g(x)]$
 $\Rightarrow f \circ g(x) = f[3x^{3} + 1]$
 $\Rightarrow f \circ g(x) = [3x^{3} + 1]^{2} + 8$
 $\Rightarrow f \circ g(x) = [9x^{6} + 1 + 6x^{3}] + 8$
 $\Rightarrow f \circ g(x) = 9x^{6} + 6x^{3} + 9$

Functions Ex2.2 Q1(iv)

$$\widehat{f}(x) = x \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = |x|$$
Now,
$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(x)$$

$$g \circ f(x) = |x|$$

and,
$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = f(|x|)$$

$$f \circ g(x) = |x|$$

Functions Ex2.2 Q1(v)

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$$
 and $g(x) = 3x - 4$

Now,
$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(x^2 + 2x - 3)$$

$$g \circ f(x) = 3(x^2 + 2x - 3) - 4$$

$$\Rightarrow g \circ f(x) = 3x^2 + 6x - 13$$

and,
$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = f(3x - 4)$$

$$f \circ g(x) = (3x - 4)^2 + 2(3x - 4) - 3$$

$$= gx^2 + 16 - 24x + 6x - 8 - 3$$

$$f \circ g(x) = 9x^2 - 18x + 5$$

Functions Ex2.2 Q1(vi)

$$f(x) = 8x^3 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
Now,
$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(8x^3)$$

$$= (8x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$g \circ f(x) = 2x$$

and,
$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = f(x^{\frac{1}{3}})$$
$$= 8(x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3$$

$$\therefore \qquad f \circ g\left(x\right) = 8x$$

******* END ******