

## Exercise 4B

## Question 8:

Since  $\angle$ COE and  $\angle$ EOD form a linear pair of angles.

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $\angle$ COE +  $\angle$ EOD = 180 $^{\circ}$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $\angle$ COE +  $\angle$ EOA +  $\angle$ AOD = 180 $^{\circ}$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5x +  $\angle$ EOA + 2x = 180

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5x +  $\angle$ BOF + 2x = 180

[ $\therefore$   $\angle$ EOA and BOF are vertically opposite angles so,  $\angle$ EOA =  $\angle$ BOF]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5x + 3x + 2x = 180

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10x = 180

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 18

Now 
$$\angle AOD = 2x^{O} = 2 \times 18^{O} = 36^{O}$$

$$\angle COE = 5x^{O} = 5 \times 18^{O} = 90^{O}$$

and, 
$$\angle EOA = \angle BOF = 3x^{O} = 3 \times 18^{O} = 54^{O}$$

## Question 9:

Let the two adjacent angles be 5x and 4x.

Now, since these angles form a linear pair.

So, 
$$5x + 4x = 180^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 9x = 180°

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 180/9 = 20

 $\therefore$  The required angles are  $5x = 5x = 520^{\circ} = 100^{\circ}$ 

and 
$$4x = 4 \times 20^{\circ} = 80^{\circ}$$

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*