

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.13 Q14

Let
$$I = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)} \left[9 + \left(\sin^{-1}x\right)^2\right]} dx$$

Let $\sin^{-1}x = t$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = dt$$

$$I = \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{(3)^2 + t^2}}$$

$$= \log \left| t + \sqrt{9 + t^2} \right| + c \qquad \left[\text{Since } \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} dx = \log \left| x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \right| + c \right]$$

$$I = \log \left| \sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{9 + \left(\sin^{-1} x \right)^2} \right| + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.13 Q15

Let
$$I = \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin^2 x - 2\sin x - 3}} dx$$

Let $\sin x = t$

Let
$$\sin x = t$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos x \, dx = dt$$

$$= \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t^2 - 2t - 3}}$$

$$= \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t^2 - 2t + (1)^2 - (1)^2 - 3}}$$

$$= \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{(t - 1)^2 - (2)^2}}$$

Let
$$t-1=u$$

$$I = \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{u^2 - (2)^2}}$$

$$= \log \left| u + \sqrt{u^2 - 4} \right| + c$$

$$= \log \left| t - 1 + \sqrt{(t-1)^2 + 4} \right| + C$$

$$= \log \left| u + \sqrt{u^2 - 4} \right| + c \qquad \left[\text{Since } \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} dx = \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} \right| + c \right]$$

$$I = \log \left| \sin x - 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 x - 2 \sin x - 3} \right| + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.13 Q16

Let
$$I = \int \sqrt{\cos c x - 1} \, dx$$

 $= \int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sin x}{\sin x}} \, dx$
 $= \int \sqrt{\frac{(1 - \sin x) + (1 + \sin x)}{\sin x + (1 + \sin x)}} \, dx$
 $= \int \sqrt{\frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x + \sin x}} \, dx$
 $= \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin^2 x + \sin x}} \, dx$
Let $\sin x = t$
 $\Rightarrow \cos x \, dx = dt$
 $= \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t^2 + t}}$
 $= \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t^2 + 2t}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$
 $== \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{\left(t + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}}$
Let, $t + \frac{1}{2} = u$
 $\Rightarrow dt = du$
 $= \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{u^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}}$
 $== \log \left|u + \sqrt{u^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}\right| + c$ [Since $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} \, dx = \log \left|x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}\right| + c$]
 $= \log \left|\left(t + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\left(t + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}\right| + c$

$$I = \log \left| \sin x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\sin^2 x + \sin x} \right| + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.13 Q17

To evaluate the following integral follow the steps:

$$\int \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x}} dx = \int \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sqrt{\left(\sin x + \cos x\right)^2 - 1}} dx$$

Let $\sin x + \cos x = t$ therefore $(\cos x - \sin x) dx = dt$

Now

$$\int \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sqrt{\left(\sin x + \cos x\right)^2 - 1}} dx = -\int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t^2 - 1}}$$
$$= -\ln\left|t + \sqrt{t^2 - 1}\right| + c$$
$$= -\ln\left|\sin x + \cos x + \sqrt{\sin 2x}\right| + c$$

********* END *******