



Trigonometric Identities Ex 6.1 Q78

Answer :

Given:

$$x = a \cos^3 \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{a} = \cos^3 \theta,$$

$$x = b \sin^3 \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{b} = \sin^3 \theta$$

$$\text{We have to prove } \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1$$

$$\text{We know that } \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

So, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} &= (\cos^3 \theta)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (\sin^3 \theta)^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ \Rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} &= \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta \\ \Rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Hence proved.

Trigonometric Identities Ex 6.1 Q79

Answer :

Given: $3\sin\theta + 5\cos\theta = 5$

We have to prove that $5\sin\theta - 3\cos\theta = \pm 3$.

We know that, $\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$

Squaring the given equation, we have

$$\begin{aligned}(3\sin\theta + 5\cos\theta)^2 &= (5)^2 \\ \Rightarrow 9\sin^2\theta + 2 \times 3\sin\theta \times 5\cos\theta + 25\cos^2\theta &= 25 \\ \Rightarrow 9(1 - \cos^2\theta) + 2 \times 3\sin\theta \times 5\cos\theta + 25(1 - \sin^2\theta) &= 25 \\ \Rightarrow 9 - 9\cos^2\theta + 2 \times 3\sin\theta \times 5\cos\theta + 25 - 25\sin^2\theta &= 25 \\ \Rightarrow 34 - (9\cos^2\theta - 2 \times 3\sin\theta \times 5\cos\theta + 25\sin^2\theta) &= 25 \\ \Rightarrow -(25\sin^2\theta - 2 \times 5\sin\theta \times 3\cos\theta + 9\cos^2\theta) &= -9 \\ \Rightarrow (25\sin^2\theta - 2 \times 5\sin\theta \times 3\cos\theta + 9\cos^2\theta) &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow (5\sin\theta - 3\cos\theta)^2 &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow 5\sin\theta - 3\cos\theta &= \pm 3\end{aligned}$$

Hence proved.

Trigonometric Identities Ex 6.1 Q80

Answer :

Given:

$$a\cos\theta + b\sin\theta = m,$$

$$a\sin\theta - b\cos\theta = n$$

We have to prove $a^2 + b^2 = m^2 + n^2$

We know that, $\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$

Now, squaring and adding the two equations, we get

$$\begin{aligned}(a\cos\theta + b\sin\theta)^2 + (a\sin\theta - b\cos\theta)^2 &= m^2 + n^2 \\ \Rightarrow (a^2\cos^2\theta + 2ab\sin\theta\cos\theta + b^2\sin^2\theta) + (a^2\sin^2\theta - 2ab\sin\theta\cos\theta + b^2\cos^2\theta) &= m^2 + n^2 \\ \Rightarrow a^2(\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta) + b^2(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta) &= m^2 + n^2 \\ \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 &= m^2 + n^2\end{aligned}$$

Hence proved.

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