



Exercise 2E

Q9

Answer :

The given numbers are 48, 64, 72, 96 and 108.

We have:

$$2 \overline{) 48, 64, 72, 96, 108}$$

$$2 \overline{) 24, 32, 36, 48, 54}$$

$$2 \overline{) 12, 16, 18, 24, 27}$$

$$2 \overline{) 6, 8, 9, 12, 27}$$

$$3 \overline{) 3, 4, 9, 6, 27}$$

$$2 \overline{) 1, 4, 3, 2, 9}$$

$$2 \overline{) 1, 2, 3, 1, 9}$$

$$3 \overline{) 1, 1, 3, 1, 9}$$

$$3 \overline{) 1, 1, 1, 1, 3}$$

$$1, 1, 1, 1, 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{LCM} &= 2^6 \times 3^3 \\ &= 1728 \end{aligned}$$

Q10

Answer :

The given numbers are 117 and 221.

We have:

$$3 \overline{) 117}$$

$$3 \overline{) 39}$$

$$13 \overline{) 221}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \overline{)13} \\ 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 17 \overline{)17} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

Now,

$$117 = 3 \times 3 \times 13$$

$$221 = 13 \times 17$$

$$\therefore \text{HCF} = 13 \times 1$$

$$\text{Now, LCM} = 13 \times 17 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$= 1989$$

Q11

Answer :

The given numbers are 234 and 572.

We have:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)234} \\ 3 \overline{)117} \\ 3 \overline{)39} \\ 13 \overline{)13} \\ 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)572} \\ 2 \overline{)286} \\ 13 \overline{)143} \\ 11 \overline{)11} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

Now, we have:

$$234 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 13$$

$$572 = 2 \times 2 \times 13 \times 11$$

$$\therefore \text{LCM} = 13 \times 2 \times 2 \times 11 \times 3$$

$$= 5148$$

$$\text{Also, HCF} = 13 \times 2 = 26$$

Q12

Answer :

The given numbers are 693 and 1078.

We have:

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{)693} \quad 2 \overline{)1078} \\ 3 \overline{)231} \quad 7 \overline{)539} \\ 7 \overline{)77} \quad 7 \overline{)77} \\ 11 \overline{)11} \quad 11 \overline{)11} \\ 1 \quad 1 \end{array}$$

Now, we have:

$$693 = 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 11$$

$$1078 = 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 11$$

$$\therefore \text{HCF} = 7 \times 11 = 77$$

$$\text{Also, LCM} = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7 \times 11 = 9702$$

Q13

Answer :

The given numbers are 145 and 232.

We have:

$$\begin{array}{r} \quad \quad \quad 2 \overline{)232} \\ 5 \overline{)145} \quad 2 \overline{)116} \\ 29 \overline{)29} \quad 2 \overline{)58} \\ 1 \quad 29 \overline{)29} \\ \quad 1 \end{array}$$

Now, we have:

$$145 = 5 \times 29$$

$$232 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 29$$

$$\therefore \text{HCF} = 29$$

$$\text{Also, LCM} = 29 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 1160$$

Q14

Answer :

The given numbers are 861 and 1353.

We have:

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 861 \\ 7 & 287 \\ 41 & 41 \\ & 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 1353 \\ 11 & 451 \\ 41 & 41 \\ & 1 \end{array}$$

Now, we have:

$$861 = 3 \times 41 \times 7$$

$$1353 = 41 \times 11 \times 3$$

$$\therefore \text{HCF} = 41 \times 3 = 123$$

$$\text{Also, LCM} = 41 \times 3 \times 11 \times 7 = 9471$$

Q15

Answer :

HCF of 2923 and 3239:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 2923 \overline{) 3239} \\ \underline{-2923} \\ 316 \\ 316 \overline{) 2923} 9 \\ \underline{-2844} \\ 79 \\ 79 \overline{) 316} 4 \\ \underline{-316} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$\therefore \text{HCF} = 79$

We know that product of two numbers = HCF \times LCM

$$\Rightarrow \text{LCM} = \frac{\text{Product of two numbers}}{\text{HCF}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{LCM} = \frac{2923 \times 3239}{79}$$

$$\therefore \text{LCM} = 119843$$

Q16

Answer :

(i) 87 and 145

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 3 & 87 \\ \hline 29 & 29 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c|c} 5 & 145 \\ \hline 29 & 29 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$$

We have:

$$87 = 3 \times 29$$

$$145 = 5 \times 29$$

$$\text{HCF} = 29$$

$$\text{LCM} = 29 \times 15 \times 1 = 435$$

$$\text{Now, HCF} \times \text{LCM} = 29 \times 435 = 12615$$

$$\text{Product of the two numbers} = 87 \times 145 = 12615$$

$$\therefore \text{HCF} \times \text{LCM} = \text{Product of the two numbers}$$

Verified.

***** END *****

