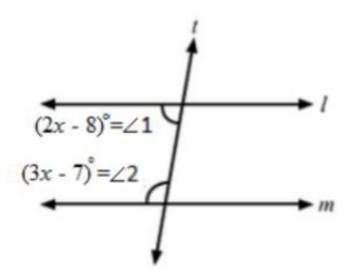


Exercise 14A

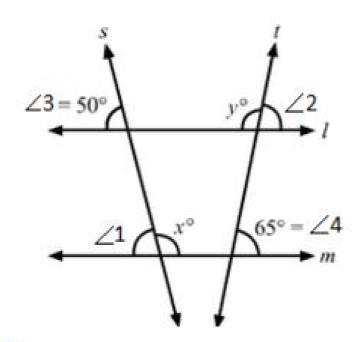


### Q4

#### Answer:

From the given figure:

$$\angle 1 = \angle 3 = 50^\circ$$
 (corresponding angles)  
and  $\angle 1 + x^\circ = 180^\circ$  (linear pair)  
or  $x^\circ = 180^\circ - 50^\circ = 130^\circ$   
or  $x = 130$   
 $\angle 2 = \angle 4 = 65^\circ$  (corresponding angles)  
and  $\angle 2 + y^\circ = 180^\circ$  (linear pair)  
or  $y^\circ = 180^\circ - 65^\circ = 115^\circ$   
or  $y = 115$ 



Q5

#### Answer:

### Given:

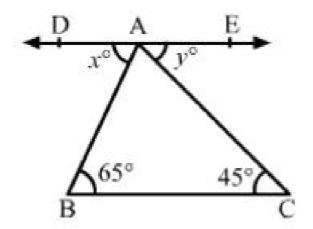
$$\angle B = 65^{\circ}$$

$$\angle C = 45^{\circ}$$

# DAE | BC

## The given lines are parallel.

 $\therefore$   $x^\circ=\angle B=65^\circ$  (alternate angles when AB is taken as the transversal)  $y^\circ=\angle C=45^\circ$  (alternate angles when AC is taken as the transversal)  $\therefore$  x=65 y =45



### Q6

### Answer:

# Given: CE | BA

$$\angle BAC = 80^{\circ}, \angle ECD = 35^{\circ}$$

```
(i) \angle BAC = \angle ACE = 80^{\circ} (alternate angles with AC as a transversal)
```

(ii) 
$$\angle ACB + \angle ACD = 180^{\circ}$$
 (linear pair)

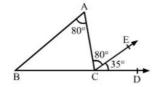
or 
$$\angle$$
ACB +  $\angle$ ACE +  $\angle$ ECD = 180° or  $\angle$ ACB + 80° + 35° = 180°

or 
$$\angle ACB + 80^{\circ} + 35^{\circ} =$$
  
or  $\angle ACB = 65^{\circ}$ 

(iii) In  $\triangle$  ABC:

$$80^{\circ} + 65^{\circ} + \angle ABC = 180^{\circ}$$

$$\angle ABC = 35^{\circ}$$



Q7

Answer:

$$\angle AOB = 50$$
"

$$\angle AOD = \angle CDB = 50^{\circ}$$
 (when AO  $\parallel$  CD and OB is the transversal)  $\angle ECD + \angle CDB = 180^{\circ}$  (consecutive interior angles are supplementary, DB

\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*