



NCERT SOLUTIONS FOR CLASS 6 MATHS FRACTIONS EXERCISE 7.6

Question 1:

Solve

$$(a) \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{7} \quad (b) \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{15}$$

$$(c) \frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{7} \quad (d) \frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(e) \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \quad (f) \frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(g) \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3} \quad (h) \frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(i) \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \quad (j) \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$(k) 1\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{2}{3} \quad (l) 4\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{1}{4}$$

$$(m) \frac{16}{5} - \frac{7}{5} \quad (n) \frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(a) \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$= \frac{(2 \times 7) + (1 \times 3)}{21} \quad \text{(Taking L.C.M as 21)}$$

$$= \frac{14 + 3}{21} = \frac{17}{21}$$

$$(b) \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{15}$$

$$= \frac{(3 \times 3) + (7 \times 2)}{30} \quad \text{(Taking 30 as L.C.M)}$$

$$= \frac{9 + 14}{30} = \frac{23}{30}$$

Question 2:

Sarita bought $\frac{2}{5}$ metre of ribbon and Lalita $\frac{3}{4}$ metre of ribbon. What is the total length of the ribbon they bought?

Answer:

$$\text{Length of ribbon bought by Sarita} = \frac{2}{5} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Length of ribbon bought by Lalita} = \frac{3}{4} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Total length of ribbon bought by them} = \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(2 \times 4) + (3 \times 5)}{20} = \frac{8 + 15}{20} = \frac{23}{20} \text{ m}$$

Question 3:

Naina was given $1\frac{1}{2}$ piece of cake and Najma was given $1\frac{1}{3}$ piece of cake. Find the total amount of cake was given to both of them.

Answer:

$$\text{Fraction Naina got} = 1\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\text{Fraction Najma got} = 1\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total amount of cake given to them} &= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{3 \times 3 + 4 \times 2}{6} \\ &= \frac{9+8}{6} = \frac{17}{6} = 2\frac{5}{6} \end{aligned}$$

Question 4:

Fill in the boxes: (a) $\square - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\square - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2} - \square = \frac{1}{6}$

Answer:

$$(a) \quad \square - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\square = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1 \times 2 + 5}{8} = \frac{2+5}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$(b) \quad \square - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\square = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{(1 \times 5) + (1 \times 2)}{10} = \frac{5+2}{10} = \frac{7}{10}$$

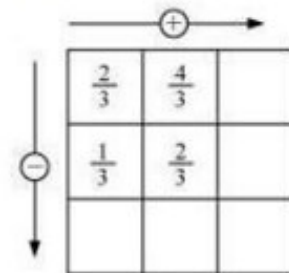
$$(c) \quad \frac{1}{2} - \square = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\square = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{(1 \times 3) - 1}{6} = \frac{3-1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

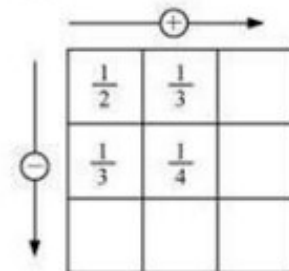
Question 5:

Complete the addition-subtraction box.

(a)



(b)



Answer:

$$(a) \frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{2+4}{3} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1+2}{3} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2-1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4-2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

Hence, the given box can be completed as

	+		
	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	2
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	1
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	1

$$(b) \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{(1 \times 3) + (1 \times 2)}{6} = \frac{3+2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{(1 \times 4) + (1 \times 3)}{12} = \frac{4+3}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{(1 \times 3) - (1 \times 2)}{6} = \frac{3-2}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{(1 \times 4) - (1 \times 3)}{12} = \frac{4-3}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{(1 \times 2) + 1}{12} = \frac{2+1}{12} = \frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Hence, the given box can be completed as

	+		
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{6}$
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{7}{12}$
	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{4}$

Question 6:

A piece of wire $\frac{7}{8}$ metre long broke into two pieces. One piece was $\frac{1}{4}$ metre long. How long is the other piece?

Answer:

$$\text{Length of one piece} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ m}$$

The length of the other piece of wire will be the difference of the lengths of the original wire and this piece of wire.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hence, length of the other piece of wire} &= \frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{4} \\ &= \frac{7 - (1 \times 2)}{8} = \frac{7-2}{8} = \frac{5}{8} \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Question 7:

Nandini's house is $\frac{9}{10}$ km from her school. She walked some distance and then took a

bus for $\frac{1}{2}$ km to reach the school. How far did she walk?

Answer:

Distance walked by Nandini = Total distance – Distance for which she took the bus

$$= \frac{9}{10} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{9-1 \times 5}{10} = \frac{9-5}{10} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5} \text{ km}$$

Question 8:

Asha and Samuel have bookshelves of the same size partly filled with books.

Asha's shelf is $\frac{5}{6}$ th full and Samuel's shelf is $\frac{2}{5}$ th full. Whose bookshelf is more full? By what fraction?

Answer:

$$\text{Fraction of Asha's shelf} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\text{Fraction of Samuel's shelf} = \frac{2}{5}$$

Converting these into like fractions,

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{5} = \frac{25}{30}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{6}{6} = \frac{12}{30}$$

$$\frac{25}{30} > \frac{12}{30}$$

Clearly, Asha's bookshelf is more full.

$$\text{Difference} = \frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{25}{30} - \frac{12}{30} = \frac{13}{30}$$

Question 9:

Jaidev takes $2\frac{1}{5}$ minutes to walk across the school ground. Rahul takes $\frac{7}{4}$ minutes to do the same. Who takes less time and by what fraction?

Answer:

$$\text{Time taken by Jaidev} = 2\frac{1}{5} \text{ minutes} = \frac{11}{5} \text{ min}$$

$$\text{Time taken by Rahul} = \frac{7}{4} \text{ min}$$

Converting these into like fractions,

$$\frac{11}{5} = \frac{11}{5} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{44}{20}$$

$$\frac{7}{4} = \frac{7}{4} \times \frac{5}{5} = \frac{35}{20}$$

As $44 > 35$,

$$\frac{11}{5} > \frac{7}{4}$$

Hence, Rahul takes lesser time.

$$\text{Difference} = \frac{11}{5} - \frac{7}{4}$$

$$= \frac{44}{20} - \frac{35}{20} = \frac{9}{20} \text{ min}$$

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