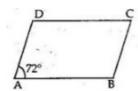


Exercise 9B

Question 1:



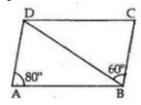
In a parallelogram, opposite angles are equal.

The sum of all the four angles of a parallelogram is 360°

So,
$$∠A + ∠B + ∠C + ∠D = 360^{\circ}$$

⇒ $72^{\circ} + ∠B + 72^{\circ} + ∠D = 360^{\circ}$ [:: $∠A = ∠C$]
⇒ $2∠B + 144^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$ [:: $∠B = ∠D$]
⇒ $2∠B = 360^{\circ} - 144^{\circ} = 216^{\circ}$
⇒ $∠B = \frac{216}{2} = 108^{\circ}$
∴ $∠B = 108^{\circ}, ∠C = 72^{\circ} \text{ and } ∠D = 108^{\circ}$.

Question 2:



ABCD is a parallelogram, so opposite angles are equal.

As AD | BC and BD is a transversal.

So,
$$\angle ADB = \angle DBC = 60^{\circ}$$

[Alternate angles]

In AABD

In a parallelogram, opposite angles are equal.

So,
$$\angle ADC = \angle ABC = \angle 100^{\circ}$$

 $\angle CDB = \angle ADC - \angle ADB$
 $= 100^{\circ} - 60^{\circ} = 40^{\circ}$

and $\angle ADB = 60^{\circ}$.