

## IV. Multiple Choice Questions

Question 1. Cathode rays are deflected by

- (a) electric field only
- (b) electric and magnetic field
- (c) magnetic field only
- (d) none of these

Question 2. In a sodium atom (atomic number = 11 and mass number = 23) and the number of neutrons is

- (a) equal to the number of protons
- (b) less than the number of protons
- (c) greater than the number of protons
- (d) none of these

Question 3. The Balmer series in the spectrum of hydrogen atom falls in

- (a) ultraviolet region
- (b) visible region
- (c) infrared region
- (d) none of these

Question 4. The idea of stationary orbits was first given by

- (a) Rutherford
- (b) J.J. Thomson
- (c) Niels Bohr
- (d) Max Planck

Question 5. de Broglie equation is

(a) 
$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$
 (b)  $\lambda = \frac{hv}{m}$  (c)  $\lambda = \frac{mv}{h}$  (d)  $\lambda = hmv$ 

(b) 
$$\lambda = \frac{hv}{m}$$

(c) 
$$\lambda = \frac{mv}{h}$$

(d) 
$$\lambda = hma$$

Question 6. The orbital with n = 3 and l = 2 is,

(a) 3s (b) 3p (c) 3d (d) 3j

Question 7. The outermost electronic configuration of manganese (at. no. = 25) is

- (a)  $3d^5 4s^2$
- (b)  $3d^6 4s^1$
- (c)  $3d^7 4s^0$
- (d)  $3d^6 4s^2$

Question 8. The energy needed to remove a single electron (most loosely bound) from an isolated - gaseous atom is called

- (a) ionisation energy
- (b) electronegativity
- (c) kinetic energy
- (d) electron affinity

Ouestion 9. The maximum number of electrons in a sub-shell is given by the equation

(a) 
$$n^2$$
 (b)  $2n^2$  (c)  $2l - 1$  (d)  $2l + 1$ 

Question 10. If the value of azimuthal quantum number is 2, what will be the values for magnetic quantum number?

Answer:

- 1. (b)
- 2. (c)
- 3. (b)
- 4. (c)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (c)
- 7. (a)
- 8. (a)
- 9. (d) 10. (d)
- V. Hots Questions

Question 1. Give flic name and atomic number of the inert gas atom in which the total number of d-electrons is equal to the difference between the numbers of total p and total s-electrons.

Answer: Electronic configuration of Kr (atomic no. = 36) =  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6$  Total no. of s-electrons = 8 Total no. of p-electrons = 18 Difference = 10, no. of d-electrons = 10

Question 2. What is the minimum product of uncertainty in position and momentum of an electron?

Answer:  $h/4\pi$ 

Question 3. Which orbital is non-directional?

Answer: s-orbital.

Question 4. What is the difference between the notations I and L? Answer: I represents the sub shell and L represents shell.

Question 5. How many electrons in an atom can have n + l = 6? Answer: 18.

Question 6. An anion  $A^{3+}$  has 18 electrons. Write the atomic number of A.

Answer: 15.

Question 7. Arrange the electron (e), protons (p) and alpha particle  $(\alpha)$  in the increasing order for the values of e/m (charge/mass). Answer:  $\alpha$  < p < e.

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