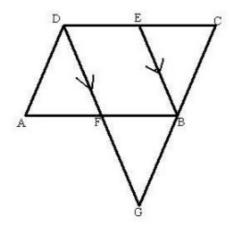


Exercise 9C

Question 6:

Given: ABCD is a paralleogram in whichE is the mid point of DC.



Through D, a line is drwan parallel to EB meeting AB at F and BC produced at G.

To Prove :(i) AD = $\frac{1}{2}$ GC

(ii) DG = 2EB

Proof: (i) In∆CDG,

EB || DG and E is the mid - point of CD.

The line drawn through the midpoint of one side of a triangle, parallel to another side, intersects the third side at its midpoint.

So, by Mid-point Theorem, B is the mid-point of CG.

As, ABCD is a parallelogram,

So, AD = BC

⇒ BG = CB

$$\Rightarrow$$
 AD = BG = $\frac{1}{2}$ CG

(ii)Midpoint Theorem: The line segment joining the midpoints of any two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and equal to half of it.

Since E is the mid point of DC and B is the mid point Of CG \therefore By Mid point Theorem, in \triangle CDG

$$EB = \frac{1}{2}DG$$

⇒ DG=2EB