

## Quadrilaterals Ex 14.1 Q4

## Answer:

We have,  $\angle A: \angle B: \angle C: \angle D=3:5:9:13$ .

So, let 
$$\angle A = 3x$$
,

$$\angle B = 5x$$
.

$$\angle C = 9x$$

and 
$$\angle D = 13x$$

By angle sum property of a quadrilateral, we get:

$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 360$$

$$3x + 5x + 9x + 13x = 360$$

$$30x = 360$$

$$x = \frac{360}{30}$$

$$x = 12$$

$$\angle A = 3x$$

$$\angle A = 3(12^{\circ})$$

$$\angle A = \boxed{36^{\circ}}$$

Also,

$$\angle B = 5x$$

$$\angle B = 5(12^{\circ})$$

$$\angle B = \boxed{60^{\circ}}$$

And

$$\angle C = 9x$$

$$\angle C = 9(12^{\circ})$$

$$\angle C = \boxed{108^{\circ}}$$

Similarly,

$$\angle D = 13x$$

$$\angle D = 13(12^{\circ})$$

$$\angle D = 156^{\circ}$$

Hence, the four angles are  $\boxed{36^{\circ}}$ ,  $\boxed{60^{\circ}}$ ,  $\boxed{108^{\circ}}$  and  $\boxed{156^{\circ}}$ .

\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*