



Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.2 Q9

Answer :

To find the total capacity of the tank, we have to add the volume of the cylinder and cone.

Diameter of the cylinder, $d = 21 \text{ cm}$

Radius of the cylinder, $r = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{21}{2} \text{ cm}$

Height of the cylinder, $h_1 = 18 \text{ cm}$

Also, radius of cone, $r = \frac{21}{2} \text{ cm}$

Height of the cone, $h_2 = 9 \text{ cm}$

Now,

Total capacity of the tank

= Volume of the cylinder + Volume of 2 cones

$$\begin{aligned} &= \pi r^2 h_1 + 2 \times \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h_2 \\ &= \pi r^2 \left(h_1 + \frac{2}{3} h_2 \right) \\ &= \frac{22}{7} \times \left(\frac{21}{2} \right)^2 \times \left(18 + \frac{2}{3} \times 9 \right) \\ &= \frac{22}{7} \times \left(\frac{21}{2} \right)^2 \times 24 \\ &= 8316 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Hence the total capacity of the tank is 8316 cm^3 .

Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.2 Q10

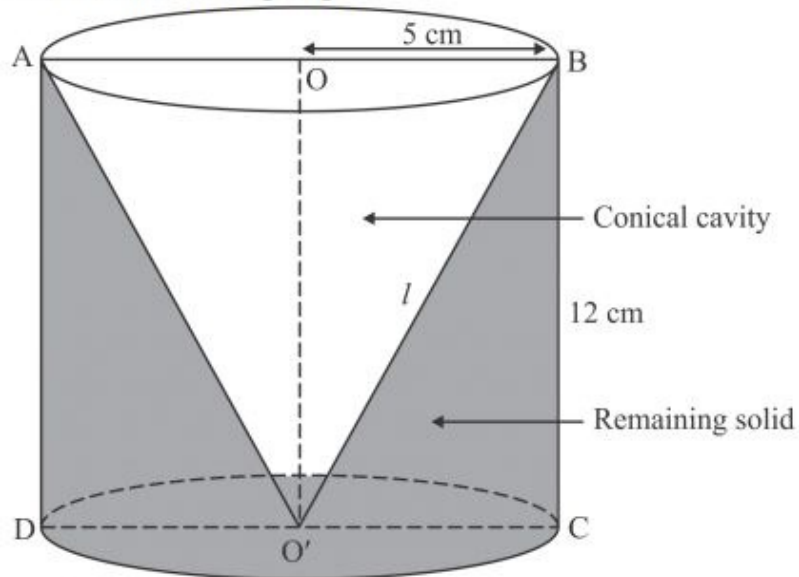
Answer :

Given that:

$$r = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$h = 12 \text{ cm}$$

We have the following diagram



Slant height of cone is given by

$$\begin{aligned} l &= \sqrt{r^2 + h^2} \\ &= \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2} \\ &= 13 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

The total surface area of the remaining part is given by

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 2\pi rh + \pi r^2 + \pi rl \\ &= 2 \times \pi \times 5 \times 12 + \pi \times 5^2 + \pi \times 5 \times 13 \\ &= 120\pi + 25\pi + 65\pi \\ &= 210\pi \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

The volume of the remaining part is given by

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h - \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \pi r^2 h \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 12 \\ &= 200\pi \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Hence, } \boxed{S = 210\pi \text{ cm}^2, V = 200\pi \text{ cm}^3}$$

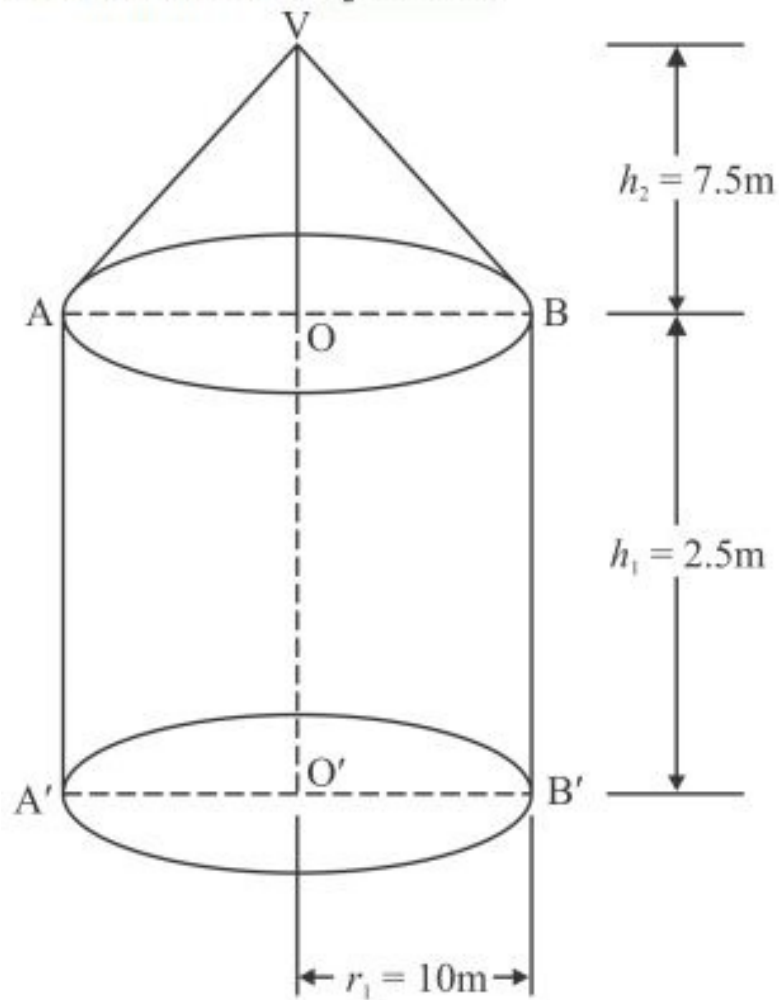
Answer :

Given that:

Radius of the base $r = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{20}{2} = 10 \text{ m}$

Height of the cylinder $h_1 = 2.5 \text{ m}$

Height of the cone $h_2 = 7.5 \text{ m}$



Slant height of the cone

$$\begin{aligned}l &= \sqrt{r^2 + h^2} \\&= \sqrt{10^2 + 7.5^2} \\&= 12.5 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

The total capacity of the tent is given by

$$\begin{aligned}V &= \pi r^2 h_1 + \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h_2 \\&= \pi \times 10^2 \times 2.5 + \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 10^2 \times 7.5 \\&= \pi \times 250 + \pi \times 250 \\&= 500\pi \text{ m}^3\end{aligned}$$

The total area of canvas required for the tent is

$$\begin{aligned}S &= 2\pi r h_1 + \pi r l \\&= 2 \times 3.14 \times 10 \times 2.5 + 3.14 \times 10 \times 12.5 \\&= \pi (2 \times 10 \times 2.5 + 10 \times 12.5) \\&= \pi (50 + 125) \\&= \frac{22}{7} \times 175 \\&= 550 \text{ m}^2\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the total cost of the canvas is

$$= 100 \times 550$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 55000$$

Hence, the total capacity and cost is $V = 500\pi \text{ m}^3$, and Rs. 55000

***** END *****