

NCERT Solutions For Class 7 Maths Simple Equations Exercise 4.3

Q1. Solve the following equations.

(a)
$$2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$
 (b) $5t + 28 = 10$ (c) $\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$

(d)
$$\frac{q}{4}$$
 + 7 = 5 (e) $\frac{5}{2}x$ = -10 (f) $\frac{5}{2}x$ = $\frac{25}{4}$

(g)
$$7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$
 (h) $6z + 10 = -2$ (i) $\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$

(j)
$$\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$

Ans:

(a)
$$2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$

$$2y = \frac{37}{2} - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{32}{2} = 16$$
 (Transposing $\frac{5}{2}$ to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$y = \frac{16}{2} = 8$$

(b)
$$5t + 28 = 10$$

$$5t = 10 - 28 = -18$$
 (Transposing 28 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$t = \frac{-18}{5}$$

$$(c)\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$$

$$\frac{a}{5} = 2 - 3 = -1$$
 (Transposing 3 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 5,

$$a = -1 \times 5 = -5$$

(d)
$$\frac{q}{4}$$
 + 7 = 5

$$\frac{q}{4} = -2$$
 (Transposing 7 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 4,

$$q = -8$$

(e)
$$\frac{5}{2}x = -10$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$5x = -10 \times 2 = -20$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$x = \frac{-20}{5} = -4$$

$$(f)\frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$5x = \frac{25}{4} \times 2 = \frac{25}{2}$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$x = \frac{25}{2} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{5}{2}$$

(g)
$$7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$

$$7m = 13 - \frac{19}{2} = \frac{26 - 19}{2}$$
 (Transposing $\frac{19}{2}$ to R.H.S.)

$$7m = \frac{7}{2}$$

Dividing both sides by 7,

$$m = \frac{1}{2}$$

(h)
$$6z + 10 = -2$$

$$6z = -2 - 10 = -12$$
 (Transposing 10 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 6,

$$z = \frac{-12}{6} = -2$$

(i)
$$\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$3l = \frac{2}{3} \times 2 = \frac{4}{3}$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$l = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

(j)
$$\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$

$$\frac{2b}{3}$$
 = 3+5 = 8 (Transposing - 5 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 3,

$$2b = 8 \times 3 = 24$$

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$b = \frac{24}{2} = 12$$

Q2. Solve the following equations.

(a)
$$2(x+4) = 12(b) 3(n-5) = 21$$

(c)
$$3(n-5) = -21(d) - 4(2+x) = 8$$

(e)
$$4(2-x) = 8$$

Ans:

(a)
$$2(x+4) = 12$$

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$x + 4 = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$

x=6-4=2 (Transposing 4 to R.H.S.)

(b)
$$3(n-5) = 21$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$n - 5 = \frac{21}{3} = 7$$

n = 7 + 5 = 12 (Transposing - 5 to R.H.S.)

(c)
$$3(n-5) = -21$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$n-5=\frac{-21}{3}=-7$$

$$n = -7 + 5 = -2$$
 (Transposing - 5 to R.H.S.)

$$(d) - 4(2 + x) = 8$$

Dividing both sides by - 4,

$$2 + x = \frac{8}{-4} = -2$$

$$x = -2 - 2 = -4$$
 (Transposing 2 to R.H.S.)

(e)
$$4(2-x) = 8$$

Dividing both sides by 4,

$$2 - x = 2$$

$$-x=2-2$$
 (Transposing 2 to R.H.S.)

$$-x=0$$

$$x = 0$$

Q3. Solve the following equations.

(a)
$$4 = 5(p-2)$$
 (b) $-4 = 5(p-2)$

(c)
$$16 = 4 + 3(t+2)(d) 4 + 5(p-1) = 34$$

(e)
$$0 = 16 + 4 (m-6)$$

Ans:

(a)
$$4 = 5(p-2)$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$\frac{4}{5} = p - 2$$

$$\frac{4}{5} + 2 = p$$

$$\frac{4+10}{5} = p$$

$$\frac{14}{5} = p$$
(Transposing – 2 to L.H.S.)

(b)
$$-4 = 5(p-2)$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$-\frac{4}{5} = p - 2$$

$$-\frac{4}{5} + 2 = p$$

$$-\frac{4+10}{5} = p$$

$$\frac{6}{5} = p$$
(Transposing – 2 to L.H.S.)

(c)
$$16 = 4 + 3(t+2)$$

$$16 - 4 = 3 (t + 2)$$
 (Transposing 4 to L.H.S.)

$$12 = 3 (t+2)$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$\frac{12}{3} = t + 2$$

$$4 = t + 2$$

$$4-2=t$$
(Transposing 2 to L.H.S.)

$$2 = t$$

(d)
$$4 + 5(p-1) = 34$$

$$5(p-1) = 34 - 4 = 30$$
 (Transposing 4 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$p-1=\frac{30}{5}=6$$

$$p = 6 + 1 = 7$$
 (Transposing - 1 to R.H.S.)

(e)
$$0 = 16 + 4 (m-6)$$

$$0 = 16 + 4m - 24$$

$$0 = -8 + 4m$$

$$4m = 8$$
 (Transposing - 8 to L.H.S)

Dividing both sides by 4,

$$m=2$$

- **Q4.** (a) Construct 3 equations starting with x=2
- (b) Construct 3 equations starting with x = -2

Ans:

(a)
$$x = 2$$

Multiplying both sides by 5,

$$5x = 10 (i)$$

Subtracting 3 from both sides,

$$5x - 3 = 10 - 3$$

$$5x-3 = 7(ii)$$

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$\frac{5x}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$
 (iii)

(b)
$$x = -2$$

Subtracting 2 from both sides,

$$x-2=-2-2$$

$$x-2 = -4(i)$$

Again,
$$x = -2$$

Multiplying by 6,

$$6 \times x = -2 \times 6$$

$$6x = -12$$

Subtracting 12 from both sides,

$$6x-12 = -12 - 12$$

Adding 24 to both sides,

$$6x-12+24=-24+24$$

$$6x + 12 = 0$$
 (iii)

********** END ********