

Playing with Numbers Ex 2.9 Q1 Answer:

- (i) Prime factorisation of 48 = 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 3 Prime factorisation of 60 = 2 × 2 × 3 × 5
- \therefore Required LCM = 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 3 × 5 = 240
- (ii) Prime factorisation of $42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$ Prime factorisation of $63 = 3 \times 3 \times 7$
- ∴ Required LCM = 2 × 3 × 3 × 7 = 126
- (iii) Prime factorisation of 18 = 2 × 3 × 3Prime factorisation of 17 = 17∴ Required LCM = 2 × 3 × 3 × 17 = 306
- (iv) Prime factorisation of $15 = 3 \times 5$ Prime factorisation of $30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$

Prime factorisation of $90 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$

- ∴ Required LCM = 2 × 3 × 3 × 5 = 90
- (v) Prime factorisation of 56 = 2 × 2 × 2 × 7

 Prime factorisation of 65 = 5 × 13

 Prime factorisation of 85 = 5 × 17
- ∴ Required LCM = 2 × 2 × 2 × 5 × 7 × 13 × 17 = 61,880
- (vi) Prime factorisation of $180 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$ Prime factorisation of $384 = 2 \times 3$ Prime factorisation of $144 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$
- ∴ Required LCM = 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 3 × 3 × 5 = 5,760
- (vii) Prime factorisation of $108 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$ Prime factorisation of $135 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$ Prime factorisation of $162 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$
- :. Required LCM = 2 × 2 × 3 × 3 × 3 × 3 × 5 = 1,620
- (viii) Prime factorisation of $28 = 2 \times 2 \times 7$ Prime factorisation of $36 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$ Prime factorisation of $45 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$ Prime factorisation of $60 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$
- $\therefore \text{ Required LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 1,260$

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