

## Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.1 Q38

#### Answer

The dimension of the cuboid is 11cm×10cm×7cm. Therefore, the volume of the cuboid is

$$V_1 = 11 \times 10 \times 7 = 770 \text{ cm}^3$$

The radius and thickness of each coin are  $\frac{1.75}{2} = 0.875 \, \text{cm}$  and 2mm = 0.2cm respectively. Therefore,

the volume of each coin is

$$V_2 = \pi \times (0.875)^2 \times 0.2 \text{ cm}^3$$

Since, the total volume of the melted coins is same as the volume of the cuboid; the number of required coins is

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{770}{\pi \times (0.875)^2 \times 0.2}$$
$$= \frac{770 \times 7}{22 \times (0.875)^2 \times 0.2}$$
$$= 1600$$

# Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.1 Q39

#### Answer

The inner radius of the well is 4m and the height is 14m. Therefore, the volume of the Earth taken out of it is

$$V_1 = \pi \times (4)^2 \times 14 \text{ m}^3$$

The inner and outer radii of the embankment are 4m and 4+3=7m respectively. Let the height of the embankment be h. Therefore, the volume of the embankment is

$$V_2 = \pi \times \{(7)^2 - (4)^2\} \times h \text{ m}^3$$

Since, the volume of the well is same as the volume of the embankment; we have

$$V_1 = V$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi \times (4)^2 \times 14 = \pi \times \left\{ (7)^2 - (4)^2 \right\} \times h$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{(4)^2 \times 14}{33}$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 6.78 \text{ m}$$

Hence, the height of the embankment is 6.78 m

## Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.1 Q40

### Answer:

The canal is 1.5 m wide and 6 m deep. The water is flowing in the canal at 10 km/hr. Hence, in 30 minutes, the length of the flowing standing water is

$$=10\times\frac{30}{60} \text{ km}$$

=5 km

= 5000 m

Therefore, the volume of the flowing water in 30 min is

$$V_1 = 5000 \times 1.5 \times 6 \text{ m}^3$$

Thus, the irrigated area in 30 min of 8 cm=0.08 m standing water is

$$= \frac{5000 \times 1.5 \times 6}{0.08}$$
$$= 562500 \text{ m}^2$$