

Linear Equations in One Variable Ex 9.2 Q1

### Answer:

$$\frac{2x+5}{3} = 3x - 10$$
or  $2x + 5 = 9x - 30$ 
or  $9x - 2x = 5 + 30$ 
or  $7x = 35$ 
or  $x = \frac{35}{7}$ 
or  $x = 5$ 
Verification:

L. H. S. 
$$=$$
  $\frac{10+5}{3} = \frac{15}{3} = 5$ 

$$R.H.S. = 15 - 10 = 5$$

$$\therefore$$
 L.H.S. = R.H.S. for  $x = 5$ .

Linear Equations in One Variable Ex 9.2 Q2

## Answer:

$$\frac{a-8}{3} = \frac{a-3}{2}$$
or  $2a - 16 = 3a - 9$ 
or  $3a - 2a = -16 + 9$ 
or  $a = -7$ 

## Verification:

L. H. S. 
$$= \frac{-7-8}{3} = \frac{-15}{3} = -5$$
  
R. H. S.  $= \frac{-7-3}{2} = \frac{-10}{2} = -5$ 

Linear Equations in One Variable Ex 9.2 Q3

## Answer:

$$\frac{7y+2}{5} = \frac{6y-5}{11}$$
or  $77y + 22 = 30y - 25$ 
or  $77y - 30y = -25 - 22$ 
or  $47y = -47$ 
or  $y = \frac{-47}{47} = -1$ 

# Verification:

L. H. S. = 
$$\frac{-7+2}{5} = \frac{-5}{5} = -1$$
  
R. H. S. =  $\frac{-6-5}{11} = \frac{-11}{11} = -1$ 

#### Answer:

$$\mathbf{x} - 2\mathbf{x} + 2 - \frac{16}{3}\mathbf{x} + 5 = 3 - \frac{7}{2}\mathbf{x}$$
or 
$$\frac{3\mathbf{x} - 6\mathbf{x} + 6 - 16\mathbf{x} + 15}{3} = \frac{6 - 7\mathbf{x}}{2}$$

or 
$$\frac{-19x+21}{3} = \frac{6-7x}{2}$$

or 
$$-38x + 42 = 18 - 21x$$

or 
$$-21x + 38x = 42 - 18$$

or 
$$17x = 24$$

or 
$$x = \frac{24}{17}$$

### Check:

L. H. S. 
$$= \frac{24}{17} - 2 \times \frac{24}{17} + 7 - \frac{16}{3} \times \frac{24}{17} = \frac{-33}{17}$$

R. H. S. = 
$$3 - \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{24}{17} = \frac{-33}{17}$$

∴ L.H.S. = R.H.S. for 
$$x = \frac{24}{17}$$

Linear Equations in One Variable Ex 9.2 Q5

### Answer:

$$\frac{1}{2}x + 7x - 6 = 7x + \frac{1}{4}$$

or 
$$\frac{1}{2}x + 7x - 7x = \frac{1}{4} + 6$$

or 
$$\frac{x}{2} = \frac{1+24}{4}$$

or 
$$\frac{x}{2} = \frac{25}{4}$$

or 
$$x = \frac{25}{2}$$

## Check:

L. H. S. 
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{25}{2} + 7 \times \frac{25}{2} - 6 = \frac{351}{4}$$

R. H. S. = 
$$7 \times \frac{25}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{351}{4}$$

... L.H.S. = R.H.S. for 
$$x = \frac{25}{2}$$

\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*