



Percentage Ex 12.2 Q22

**Answer :**

Let the initial salary be Rs  $x$ .

We know that :

Salary before increment + increment given on salary = new salary

$$\therefore x + 10\% \text{ of } x = 3575$$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{10}{100}x = 3575$$

$$\Rightarrow 100x + 10x = 357500$$

$$\Rightarrow 110x = 357500$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{357500}{110}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3250$$

$$\therefore \text{Salary before increment} = \text{Rs } 3,250$$

Percentage Ex 12.2 Q23

**Answer :**

We have to reduce the consumption such that the expenditure does not increase.

For this, we use the following formula :

$$\left( \frac{r}{r+100} \right) \times 100, \text{ where } r = \text{percentage rise in the price of the commodity}$$

$$\therefore \text{Percentage reduction in the consumption} = \left( \frac{10}{10+100} \right) \times 100 = \left( \frac{10}{110} \right) \times 100$$

$$\left( \because r = 10\% \right)$$

$$= 9 \frac{1}{11}$$

Percentage Ex 12.2 Q24

**Answer :**

Mohan's saving = 11% of 15500

$$= \frac{11}{100} \times 15500$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 1705$$

It is given that Mohan's income increases by 10%.

$$\therefore \text{Increase in income} = \frac{10}{100} \times 15500 = \text{Rs } 1550$$

$$\text{Increased income} = \text{Rs } (15500 + 1550) = \text{Rs } 17050$$

$$\text{Now, percentage of saving} = (11 - 1) = 10\%$$

$$\therefore \text{Saving} = \frac{10}{100} \times 17050 = \text{Rs } 1705$$

Thus, the amounts of his present and earlier savings are the same.

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*