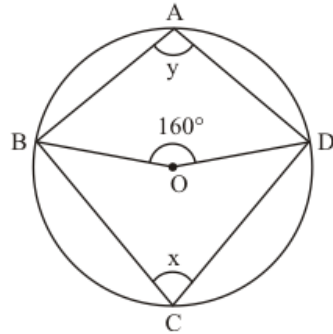




Circles Ex 16.5 Q3

Answer :

It is given that O is center of circle and $\angle BOD = 160^\circ$



We have to find $\angle x$ and $\angle y$

From given figure

Clearly arc DB makes angle 160° at the center therefore $\angle x$ will be half of $\angle BOD$

So

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{1}{2}(160^\circ) \\&= 80^\circ\end{aligned}$$

Since $ABCD$ is cyclic quadrilateral

So

$$x + y = 180^\circ \text{ (Each opposite pair angle is } 180^\circ \text{)}$$

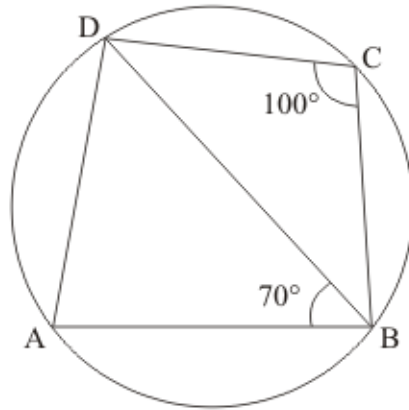
$$\begin{aligned}y &= 180^\circ - x \\&= 180^\circ - 80^\circ \\&= 100^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Hence } \boxed{\angle y = 100^\circ} \text{ and } \boxed{\angle x = 80^\circ}$$

Circles Ex 16.5 Q4

Answer :

It is given that $\angle BCD = 100^\circ$ and $\angle ABD = 70^\circ$



We have to find the $\angle ADB$

We have

$\angle A + \angle C = 180^\circ$ (Opposite pair of angle of cyclic quadrilateral)

So

$$\begin{aligned}\angle A &= 180^\circ - 100^\circ \\ &= 80^\circ\end{aligned}$$

Now in $\triangle ADB$ is $\angle A = 80^\circ$ and $\angle ABD = 70^\circ$

Therefore

$$\begin{aligned}\angle A + \angle ADB + \angle ABD &= 180^\circ \\ 80^\circ + \angle ADB + 70^\circ &= 180^\circ \\ \angle ADB &= 180^\circ - 150^\circ \\ &= 30^\circ\end{aligned}$$

Hence $\boxed{\angle ADB = 30^\circ}$

***** END *****