



### Exercise 18A

Q1.

Answer :

Area of a trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2} \times (\text{Sum of parallel sides}) \times (\text{Distance between them})$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \times (24 + 20) \times 15 \right\} \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times 44 \times 15 \right) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= (22 \times 15) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 330 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the area of the trapezium is  $330 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Q2.

Answer :

Area of a trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2} \times (\text{Sum of parallel sides}) \times (\text{Distance between them})$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \times (38.7 + 22.3) \times 16 \right\} \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times 61 \times 16 \right) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= (61 \times 8) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 488 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the area of the trapezium is  $488 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Q3.

Answer :

Area of a trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2} \times (\text{Sum of parallel sides}) \times (\text{Distance between them})$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \times (1 + 1.4) \times 0.9 \right\} \text{ m}^2 \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times 2.4 \times 0.9 \right) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= (1.2 \times 0.9) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 1.08 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the area of the top surface of the table is  $1.08 \text{ m}^2$ .

Let the lengths of the parallel sides of the trapezium be  $4x$  cm and  $5x$  cm, respectively.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of trapezium} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \times (4x + 5x) \times 18 \right\} \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times 9x \times 18 \right) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 81x \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Area of trapezium} = 405 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\therefore 81x = 405$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{405}{81}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Length of one side} = (4 \times 5) \text{ cm} = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Length of the other side} = (5 \times 5) \text{ cm} = 25 \text{ cm}$$

Q7.

Answer :

Let the lengths of the parallel sides be  $x$  cm and  $(x + 6)$  cm.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of trapezium} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \times (x + x + 6) \times 9 \right\} \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times (2x + 6) \times 9 \right) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 4.5(2x + 6) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= (9x + 27) \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Area of trapezium} = 180 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\therefore 9x + 27 = 180$$

$$\Rightarrow 9x = (180 - 27)$$

$$\Rightarrow 9x = 153$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{153}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 17$$

Hence, the lengths of the parallel sides are 17 cm and 23 cm, that is,  $(17 + 6)$  cm.

Q8.

Answer :

Let the lengths of the parallel sides be  $x$  cm and  $2x$  cm.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of trapezium} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \times (x + 2x) \times 84 \right\} \text{ m}^2 \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times 3x \times 84 \right) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= (42 \times 3x) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 126x \text{ m}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Area of the trapezium} = 9450 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\therefore 126x = 9450$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{9450}{126}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 75$$

Thus, the length of the parallel sides are 75 m and 150 m, that is,  $(2 \times 75)$  m, and the length of the longer side is 150 m.

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