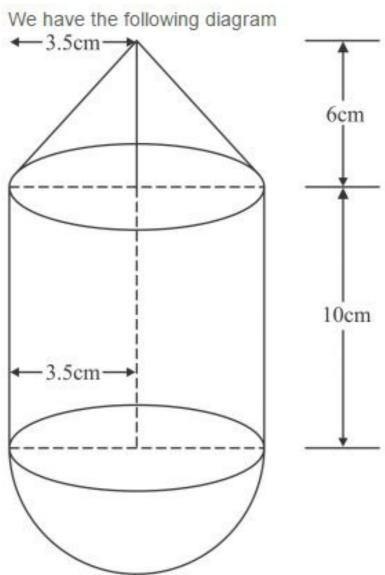


## Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.2 Q5 Answer:



For cone, we have

r = 3.5 cm

$$h = 6 \text{ cm}$$
  
 $l = \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$   
 $= \sqrt{3.5^2 + 6^2}$   
 $= 6.95 \text{ cm}$ 

Curved surface area of the cone is given as

$$S_1 = \pi r l$$
  
=  $\frac{22}{7} \times 3.5 \times 6.946$   
=  $76.408 \text{ cm}^2$ 

For cylindrical part, we have

$$r = 3.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$h = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Curved surface area of the cylinder is

$$S_2 = 2\pi rh$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 3.5 \times 10$$

$$= 220 \text{ cm}^2$$

The surface area of the hemisphere is

$$S_3 = 2\pi r^2$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 3.5^2$$

$$= 77 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total surface area of the solid is given by

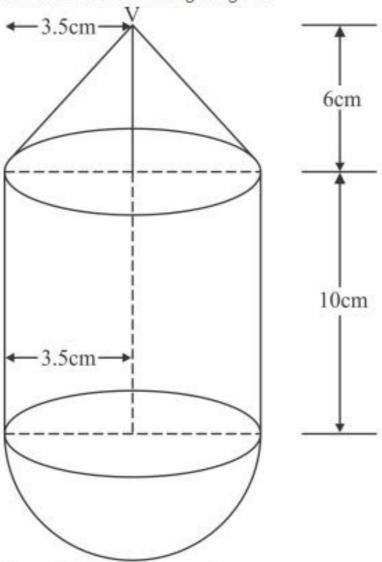
$$S = S_1 + S_2 + S_3$$
  
= 76.408 + 220 + 77  
= 373.408 cm<sup>2</sup>

Hence the total surface area of the solid is  $S = 373.408 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.2 Q6

## Answer:

We have the following diagram



For cylindrical part, we have

h = 13 cm

r = 5 cm

Therefore, the curved surface area of the cylinder is given by

$$S_1 = 2\pi rh$$

$$=2\times3.14\times5\times13$$

$$=408.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

For conical part, we have

$$h = 30 - 13 - 5$$

$$=12$$
 cm

$$l = \sqrt{h^2 + r^2}$$

$$=\sqrt{12^2+5^2}$$

$$=13$$
 cm

Therefore, the curved surface area of the conical part is

$$S_2 = \pi r l$$

$$=3.14\times5\times13$$

$$= 204.1 \text{ cm}^2$$

For hemisphere, we have

$$r = 5 \text{ cm}$$

Therefore the surface area of the hemisphere is

$$S_3 = 2\pi r^2$$

$$=2\times3.14\times5^2$$

$$=157 \text{ cm}^2$$

The total surface area of the toy is

$$S = S_1 + S_2 + S_3$$

$$=408.2+204.1+157$$

$$= 769.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

Hence, total surface area of the toy is  $S = 769.3 \text{ cm}^2$ 

\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*