



### Exercise 17A

Question 9:

Let the sides containing the right angle be  $x$  and  $(x + 2)$  cm

$$\text{Then, its area} = \left( \frac{1}{2} \times x \times (x + 2) \right) \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{But area} = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} \times (x + 2) = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 2x - 48 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 8x + 6x - 48 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 8) + 6(x - 8) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 8)(x + 6) = 0$$

$$x = 8 \text{ [Neglecting } x = -6]$$

One side = 8 cm, and other  $(8 + 2)$  cm = 10 cm

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hypotenuse} &= \sqrt{(8)^2 + (10)^2} \text{ cm} = \sqrt{64 + 100} \text{ cm} \\ &= \sqrt{164} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, perimeter of the triangle =  $8 + 10 + \sqrt{164}$  cm

Question 10:

(i) Here  $a = 8$  cm

$$\text{Area of the triangle} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times a^2 \right) \text{sq. unit}$$

$$= \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 8 \times 8 \right) = (16\sqrt{3}) \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= (16 \times 1.732) \text{ cm}^2 = 27.71 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{(ii) Height of the triangle} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times a \right) \text{units}$$

$$= \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times 8 \right) \text{ cm} = (4 \times \sqrt{3}) \text{ cm}$$

$$= (4 \times 1.732) \text{ cm} = 6.93 \text{ cm}$$

Hence, area =  $27.71 \text{ cm}^2$  and height =  $6.93 \text{ cm}$

Question 11:

Let each side of the equilateral triangle be  $a$  cm

$$\text{Then, its height} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times a \right) \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times a = 9 \Rightarrow a = \left( \frac{18}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) = 6\sqrt{3}$$

$$\therefore \text{Each side} = a \text{ cm} = 6\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Area of triangle} &= \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 6\sqrt{3} \times 6\sqrt{3} \right) \text{ cm}^2 = (27\sqrt{3}) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= (27 \times 1.732) = 46.76 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Question 12:

Let each side of the equilateral triangle be  $a$  cm

$$\text{Then, its area} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2 \right) \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2 = 36\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow a^2 = \left( \frac{36\sqrt{3} \times 4}{\sqrt{3}} \right) = 144$$

$$a = \sqrt{144} = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Perimeter of equilateral triangle} = 3a = (3 \times 12) \text{ cm} = 36 \text{ cm}$$

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*