

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q25

Let
$$I=\int \frac{e^{2x}}{e^{2x}-2}dx-\cdots$$
 (i)

$$d\left(e^{2x}-2\right)=dt$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $2e^{2x}dx = dt$

$$\Rightarrow 2e^{2x}dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow dx = \frac{dt}{2e^{2x}}$$

Putting $e^{2x} - 2 = t$ and $dx = \frac{dt}{2e^{2x}}$ in equation (i), we get,

$$I = \int \frac{2e^{2x}}{t} \times \frac{dt}{2e^{2x}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dt}{t}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \log |t| + c$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \log |e^{2x} - 2| + c$$

$$\therefore = \frac{1}{2} \log \left| e^{2x} - 2 \right| + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q26

$$\frac{2\cos x - 3\sin x}{6\cos x + 4\sin x} = \frac{2\cos x - 3\sin x}{2(3\cos x + 2\sin x)}$$

Let $3\cos x + 2\sin x = t$

$$(-3\sin x + 2\cos x)dx = dt$$

$$\int \frac{2\cos x - 3\sin x}{6\cos x + 4\sin x} dx = \int \frac{dt}{2t}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log|t| + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log|2\sin x + 3\cos x| + C$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q27

Let
$$I = \int \frac{\cos 2x + x + 1}{x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x} dx - - - - - - (i)$$

Let
$$x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x = t$$
 then,

$$d\left(x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x\right) = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow (2x + 2\cos 2x + 2)dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(\cos 2x + x + 1)dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow (2x + 2\cos 2x + 2) dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(\cos 2x + x + 1) dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow dx = \frac{dt}{2(\cos 2x + x + 1)}$$

Putting $x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x = t$ and $dx = \frac{dt}{2(\cos 2x + x + 1)}$ in equation (i), we get,

$$I = \int \frac{\cos 2x + x + 1}{t} \times \frac{dt}{2(\cos 2x + x + 1)}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dt}{t}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \log|t| + c$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \log|x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x| + c$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x| + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q29

Let
$$I = \int \frac{-\sin x + 2\cos x}{2\sin x + \cos x} dx - - - - - - - (i)$$

Let
$$2\sin x + \cos x = t$$
 then,
 $d(2\sin x + \cos x) = dt$

$$\Rightarrow (2\cos x - \sin x)dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow (2\cos x - \sin x)dx = dt$$

$$\Rightarrow dx = \frac{dt}{-\sin x + 2\cos x}$$

Putting $2\sin x + \cos x = t$ and $dx = \frac{dt}{-\sin x + 2\cos x}$ in equation (i), we get,

$$I = \int \frac{-\sin x + 2\cos x}{t} \times \frac{dt}{-\sin x + 2\cos x}$$
$$= \int \frac{dt}{t}$$
$$= \log|t| + c$$
$$= \log|2\sin x + \cos x| + c$$

$$I = \log 2 \sin x + \cos x + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q30

$$\int \frac{\cos 4x - \cos 2x}{\sin 4x - \sin 2x} dx$$

$$= -\int \frac{2\sin 3x \sin x}{2\cos 3x \sin x} dx$$
$$= -\int \frac{\sin 3x}{\cos 3x} dx$$

Putting $\cos 3x = t$, and $-3 \sin 3x dx = dt$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{dt}{t}$$
$$= \frac{1}{3} \log |t| + c$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \cos 3x \right| + C$$

********* END *******