

Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cone Ex 20.2 Q14 Answer:

The formula of the volume of a cone with base radius 'r' and vertical height 'h' is given as

Volume of cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

It is given that the top diameter is 3.5 m. Hence the radius of the conical pit is $\frac{3.5}{2}$ m.

Substituting the values of $r = \frac{3.5}{2}$ m and h = 12 m in the above equation and using $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ we get

Volume =
$$\frac{(22)(3.5)(3.5)(12)}{(7)(3)(2)(2)}$$
$$= 22 \times 0.5 \times 3.5$$
$$= 38.5$$

Hence the volume of the conical pit is 38.5 m³ or 38.5 kilo litre

Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cone Ex 20.2 Q15

Given that out of the 551 m^2 , 1 m^2 has to be used for stitching, etc we are left with 550 m^2 of canvas to make a tent.

The amount of canvas needed to make the conical tent would be equal to the curved surface area of the conical tent.

The formula of the curved surface area of a cone with base radius 'r' and slant height 'l' is given as Curved Surface Area = $\pi n l$

Here the C.S.A = 550 m^2 and the base radius 'r' = 7 m. We can get the slant height 'l' of the tent by using the formula for curved surface area.

$$=\frac{(550)(7)}{(22)(7)}$$
$$=25$$

Hence the slant height of the conical tent is $25\ \mathrm{m}$.

The height 'h' can be found out using the relation between r; 1 and h.

We know that in a cone

$$l^{2} = r^{2} + h^{2}$$

$$h^{2} = l^{2} - r^{2}$$

$$h = \sqrt{l^{2} - r^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{25^{2} - 7^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{625 - 49}$$

$$= \sqrt{576}$$

$$= 24$$

Hence the height of the conical tent is 24 m.

The formula of the volume of a cone with base radius r and vertical height h is given as

Volume of cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Substituting the values of r = 7 m and h = 24 m in the above equation and using $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ we get,

Volume =
$$\frac{(22)(7)(7)(24)}{(7)(3)}$$

= (22) (7) (8)
= 1232

Hence the volume of the conical tent that can be made out of the given canvas with the given dimensions is 1232 m^3