



Probability Ex 13.1 Q34

Answer :

GIVEN: A bag contains 5 red, 7 black and 8 white balls and a ball is drawn at random

TO FIND: Probability of getting a

(i) red or white ball

(ii) not black ball

(iii) neither white nor black

Total number of balls $5 + 7 + 8 = 20$

(i) Total number red and white balls are $5 + 8 = 13$

We know that $\text{PROBABILITY} = \frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$

Hence probability of getting red or white ball $= \frac{13}{20}$

(ii) Total number of black balls are 7

We know that $\text{PROBABILITY} = \frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$

Hence probability of getting black ball $P(E) = \frac{7}{20}$

We know that sum of probability of occurrence of an event and probability of non occurrence of an event is 1.

$$P(E) + P(\bar{E}) = 1$$

$$\frac{7}{20} + P(\bar{E}) = 1$$

$$P(\bar{E}) = 1 - \frac{7}{20}$$

$$P(\bar{E}) = \frac{20 - 7}{20}$$

$$P(\bar{E}) = \frac{13}{20}$$

Hence the probability of getting a non black ball is $P(\bar{E}) = \frac{13}{20}$

(iii) Total number of neither red nor black balls i.e. red ball is 5

We know that $\text{PROBABILITY} = \frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$

Hence probability of getting neither white nor black ball $\frac{5}{20} = \frac{1}{4}$

Probability Ex 13.1 Q35

Answer :

GIVEN: A number is selected from numbers 1 to 25

TO FIND: Probability of getting a number which is not a prime.

Total number of cards is 25.

Total number of elementary events = 25

Cards bearing non prime numbers are 1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25

Total number of cards bearing non-prime numbers = 16

Number of favourable elementary events = 16

We know that, Probability = number of favourable elementary events / Total number of elementary events

So, P(getting a card bearing a non prime number) = $\frac{16}{25}$

Probability Ex 13.1 Q36

Answer :

GIVEN: A bag contains 8 red, 4 black and 6 white balls and a ball is drawn at random

TO FIND: Probability of getting a

(i) red or white ball

(ii) not black ball

(iii) neither white nor black

Total number of balls $8 + 4 + 6 = 18$

(i) Total number red and white balls are $6 + 8 = 14$

We know that PROBABILITY = $\frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$

Hence probability of getting red or white ball $\frac{14}{18} = \frac{7}{9}$

(ii) Total number of black balls is 4

We know that PROBABILITY = $\frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$

Hence probability of getting black ball $P(E) = \frac{4}{18} = \frac{2}{9}$

We know that sum of probability of occurrence of an event and probability of non occurrence of an event is 1.

$$P(E) + P(\bar{E}) = 1$$

$$\frac{2}{9} + P(\bar{E}) = 1$$

$$P(\bar{E}) = 1 - \frac{2}{9}$$

$$P(\bar{E}) = \frac{9-2}{9}$$

$$P(\bar{E}) = \frac{7}{9}$$

Hence the probability of getting non black ball is $P(\bar{E}) = \frac{7}{9}$

(iii) Total number of neither red nor black balls i.e. red ball is 8

We know that PROBABILITY = $\frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$

Hence probability of getting neither white nor black ball $\frac{8}{18} = \frac{4}{9}$

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