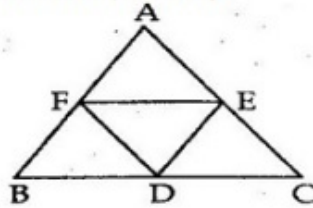




Exercise 9C

Question 8:

Given : A triangle ABC in which D,E and F are the mid points of BC,AC and AB respectively.



To prove : $\angle EDF = \angle A$

$\angle DEF = \angle B$

and $\angle DFE = \angle C$

Proof :

Midpoint Theorem: The line segment joining the midpoints of any two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and equal to half of it.

In $\triangle AFE$ and $\triangle DFE$

$$AF = \frac{1}{2} AB = ED \quad [\text{By Mid point Theorem}]$$

$$AE = \frac{1}{2} AC = FD \quad [\text{By Mid point Theorem}]$$

$$FE = EF \quad [\text{Common}]$$

Thus by Side-Side-Side criterion of congruence, we have

$$\triangle AFE \cong \triangle DFE \quad [\text{By SSS}]$$

The corresponding parts of the congruent triangles are equal.

$$\therefore \angle A = \angle FDE \quad [\text{C.P.C.T.}]$$

Similarly we can prove that

$$\angle B = \angle DEF$$

$$\text{and } \angle C = \angle DFE.$$

***** END *****