



Complex Numbers Ex 13.2 Q19

$$\operatorname{Re}(z^2) = 0, |z| = 2$$

$$\text{Let } z = x + iy$$

$$z^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + iy)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 2ixy - y^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - y^2 = 0 \dots (i), \text{ which is the real part of } (x + iy)^2.$$

$$|z| = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 4 \dots (ii)$$

Adding (i) and (ii), we get

$$2x^2 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{2}, y = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

$$x + iy = \sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -\sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2}$$

Complex Numbers Ex 13.2 Q20

$$\text{let } z = x + iy,$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{z-1}{z+1} \\ &= \frac{x+iy-1}{x+iy+1} \\ &= \frac{x-1+iy}{x+1+iy} \\ &= \frac{(x-1+iy)(x+1-iy)}{(x+1+iy)(x+1-iy)} \text{ [Rationalizing the denominator]} \\ &= \frac{(x-1+iy)(x+1-iy)}{(x+1)^2 - (iy)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + x - ixy - x - 1 + iy + ixy + iy + y^2}{x^2 + 2x + 1 + y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{x^2 - 1 + 2iy + y^2}{x^2 + 2x + 1 + y^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + y^2 - 1}{x^2 + 2x + 1 + y^2} + i \frac{2y}{x^2 + 2x + 1 + y^2} \end{aligned}$$

∵ It is a purely imaginary no. therefore real part = 0

$$\frac{x^2 + y^2 - 1}{x^2 + 2x + 1 + y^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow |z| = 1$$

Complex Numbers Ex 13.2 Q21

$$\text{Let } z_1 = x_1 + iy_1, z_2 = x_2 + iy_2$$

$$|z_1| = 1 \Rightarrow x_1^2 + y_1^2 = 1$$

$$z_2 = \frac{z_1 - 1}{z_1 + 1}$$

$$x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{x_1 + iy_1 - 1}{x_1 + iy_1 + 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{x_1 - 1 + iy_1}{x_1 + 1 + iy_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{(x_1 - 1 + iy_1)(x_1 + 1 - iy_1)}{(x_1 + 1 + iy_1)(x_1 + 1 - iy_1)} \text{ [Rationalizing the denominator]}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{(x_1 - 1)(x_1 + 1) - iy_1(x_1 - 1) + iy_1(x_1 + 1) + y_1^2}{(x_1 + 1)^2 - (iy_1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{x_1^2 - 1 + y_1^2 - iy_1x_1 + iy_1x_1 + iy_1 + iy_1 + y_1^2}{(x_1 + 1)^2 - (iy_1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{x_1^2 + y_1^2 - 1 + 2iy_1}{(x_1 + 1)^2 - (iy_1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{1 - 1 + 2iy_1}{(x_1 + 1)^2 - (iy_1)^2} [\because x_1^2 + y_1^2 = 1]$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + iy_2 = \frac{2iy_1}{(x_1 + 1)^2 - (iy_1)^2} [\because x_1^2 + y_1^2 = 1]$$

Since there is no real part in the RHS, therefore  $x_2 = 0$ .

The real part of the  $z_2 = 0$ .

$$\text{Let } z = x + iy$$

$$|z+1| = z + 2(1+i)$$

$$\Rightarrow |x+iy+1| = x+iy+2+2i$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{(x+1)^2 + y^2} = (x+2) + i(y+2)$$

Comparing, real and imaginary parts, we get

$$x+2 = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x+1 + y^2} \text{ and } y+2=0$$

$$y+2=0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -2$$

$$\& (x+2)^2 = x^2 + 2x+1 + y^2$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 4x+4 = x^2 + 2x+1 + y^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x+3 = y^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x+3 = (-2)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x+3 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore z = x+iy = \frac{1}{2} - i2$$

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*