



Exercise 4A

Question 11:

Let the required angle be x°

Then, its complement is $90^\circ - x^\circ$ and its supplement is $180^\circ - x^\circ$

That is we have,

$$180^\circ - x^\circ = 4(90^\circ - x^\circ)$$

$$180^\circ - x^\circ = 360^\circ - 4x^\circ$$

$$4x^\circ - x^\circ = 360^\circ - 180^\circ$$

$$3x = 180$$

$$x = \frac{180}{3} = 60^\circ$$

\therefore The required angle is 60° .

Question 12:

Let the required angle be x°

Then, its complement is $90^\circ - x^\circ$ and its supplement is $180^\circ - x^\circ$

$$\therefore 90^\circ - x^\circ = \frac{1}{3}(180^\circ - x^\circ)$$

$$\Rightarrow 90 - x = 60 - \frac{1}{3}x$$

$$\Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{3}x = 90 - 60$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{3}x = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{30 \times 3}{2} = 45$$

\therefore The required angle is 45° .

Question 13:

Let the two required angles be x° and $180^\circ - x^\circ$.

Then,

$$\frac{x^\circ}{180^\circ - x^\circ} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 3(180 - x)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 540 - 3x$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x + 2x = 540$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x = 540$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 108$$

Thus, the required angles are 108° and $180^\circ - x^\circ = 180^\circ - 108^\circ = 72^\circ$.

***** END *****