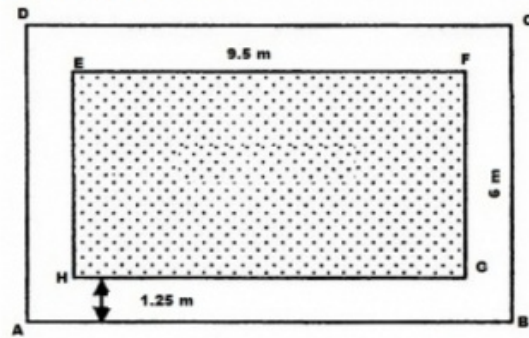




Exercise 20B

Length, EF = 9.5 m

Breadth, FG = 6 m



$$\therefore \text{Area of EFGH} = 9.5 \text{ m} \times 6 \text{ m} = 57 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Length, AB} = (9.5 + 1.25 + 1.25) \text{ m} = 12 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Breadth, BC} = (6 + 1.25 + 1.25) \text{ m} = 8.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of ABCD} = 12 \text{ m} \times 8.5 \text{ m} = 102 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of the verandah} &= \text{Area of ABCD} - \text{Area of EFGH} \\ &= 102 \text{ m}^2 - 57 \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 45 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

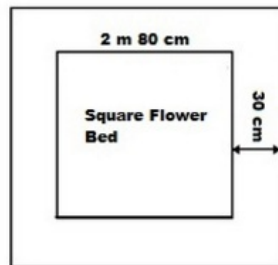
$$\text{Rate of cementing the verandah} = \text{Rs } 80 \text{ per m}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Total cost of cementing the verandah} &= \text{Rs } (80 \times 45) \\ &= \text{Rs } 3600 \end{aligned}$$

Q6

Answer :

$$\text{Side of the flower bed} = 2 \text{ m } 80 \text{ cm} = 2.80 \text{ m} \quad [\text{since } 100 \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ m}]$$



$$\therefore \text{Area of the square flower bed} = (\text{Side})^2 = (2.80 \text{ m})^2 = 7.84 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Side of the flower bed with the digging strip} = 2.80 \text{ m} + 30 \text{ cm} + 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$= (2.80 + 0.3 + 0.3) \text{ m} = 3.4 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Area of the enlarged flower bed with the digging strip} = (\text{Side})^2 = (3.4)^2 = 11.56 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\therefore \text{Increase in the area of the flower bed} = 11.56 \text{ m}^2 - 7.84 \text{ m}^2 \\ = 3.72 \text{ m}^2$$

Q7

Answer :

Let the length and the breadth of the park be $2x$ m and x m, respectively.

$$\text{Perimeter of the park} = 2(2x + x) = 240 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(2x + x) = 240$$

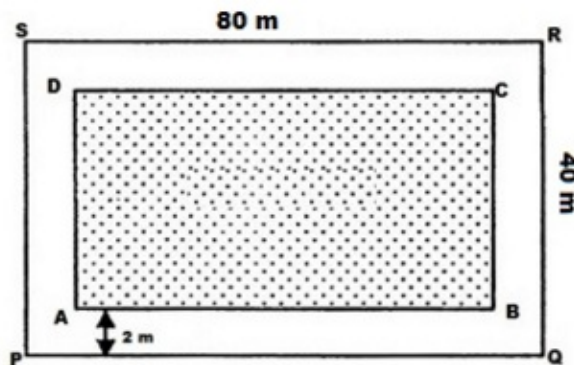
$$\Rightarrow 6x = 240$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \left(\frac{240}{6}\right) \text{ m} = 40 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore \text{Length of the park} = 2x = (2 \times 40) = 80 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Breadth} = x = 40 \text{ m}$$

Let PQRS be the given park and ABCD be the inside boundary of the path.



$$\text{Length} = 80 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Breadth} = 40 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Area of the park} = (80 \times 40) \text{ m}^2 = 3200 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Width of the path} = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore AB = (80 - 2 \times 2) \text{ m} = (80 - 4) \text{ m} = 76 \text{ m}$$

$$AD = (40 - 2 \times 2) \text{ m} = (40 - 4) \text{ m} = 36 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Area of the rectangle ABCD} = (76 \times 36) \text{ m}^2 = 2736 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Area of the path} = (\text{Area of PQRS} - \text{Area of ABCD}) \\ = (3200 - 2736) \text{ m}^2 = 464 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Rate of paving the path} = \text{Rs. } 80 \text{ per m}^2$$

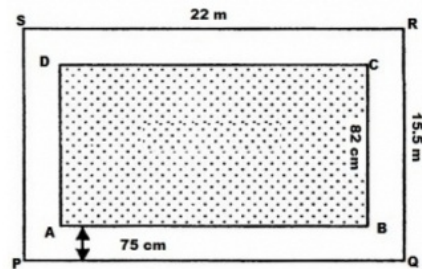
$$\therefore \text{Total cost of paving the path} = \text{Rs. } (464 \times 80) = \text{Rs. } 37,120$$

Q8

Answer :

$$\text{Length of the hall, PQ} = 22 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Breadth of the hall, QR} = 15.5 \text{ m}$$



\therefore Area of the school hall PQRS = $22 \text{ m} \times 15.5 \text{ m} = 341 \text{ m}^2$

Length of the carpet, AB = $22 \text{ m} - (0.75 \text{ m} + 0.75 \text{ m}) = 20.5 \text{ m}$ [since $100 \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ m}$]

Breadth of the carpet, BC = $15.5 \text{ m} - (0.75 \text{ m} + 0.75 \text{ m}) = 14 \text{ m}$

\therefore Area of the carpet ABCD = $20.5 \text{ m} \times 14 \text{ m} = 287 \text{ m}^2$

Area of the strip = Area of the school hall (PQRS) – Area of the carpet (ABCD)
 $= 341 \text{ m}^2 - 287 \text{ m}^2$
 $= 54 \text{ m}^2$

Area of 1 m length of the carpet = $1 \text{ m} \times 0.82 \text{ m} = 0.82 \text{ m}^2$

\therefore Length of the carpet whose area is $287 \text{ m}^2 = 287 \text{ m}^2 \div 0.82 \text{ m}^2 = 350 \text{ m}$

Cost of the 350 m long carpet = Rs $60 \times 350 = \text{Rs } 21000$

Q9

Answer :

Let ABCD be the square lawn and PQRS be the outer boundary of the square path.

***** END *****