

Integers Ex 1.4 Q10

Answer:

On applying the BODMAS rule, we get:

$$22 - \frac{1}{4} \left\{ -5 - \left(-48 \right) \div \left(-16 \right) \right\}$$

$$= 22 - \frac{1}{4} \left\{ -5 - 3 \right\} \quad \left[\text{Performing division} \right]$$

$$= 22 - \frac{1}{4} \left\{ -8 \right\}$$

$$= 22 - \left(-2 \right) \quad \left[\text{Removing braces} \right]$$

$$= 22 + 2 = 24$$

Integers Ex 1.4 Q11

Answer:

On applying the BODMAS rule, we get:

$$63 - (-3)\{-2 - 8 - 3\} \div 3\{5 + (-2)(-1)\}$$

= $63 - (-3)\{-2 - 5\} \div 3\{5 + 2\}$ (On simplifying vinculum)
= $63 - (-3)(-7) \div 3 \times 7$ (On simplifying braces)
= $63 - (21 \div 21)$
= $63 - 1$
= 62

Integers Ex 1.4 Q12

Answer:

On applying the BODMAS rule, we get:

$$[29 - (-2) \{6 - (7 - 3)\}] \div [3 \times \{ -3) \times (-2)\}]$$

$$= [29 - (-2) \{6 - 4\}] \div [3 \times \{5 + 6\}]$$
 (On simplifying parentheses)
$$= [29 - (-2) (2)] \div [3 \times 11]$$
 (On performing subtraction and addition)
$$= [29 + 4] \div 33$$
 (On performing multiplication)
$$= 33 \div 33$$

$$= 1$$

Integers Ex 1.4 Q13

Answer:

$$(i) 9 (2 + 5)$$

(ii)
$$12 \div (1 + 3)$$

(iii)
$$20 \div (7 - 2)$$

(iv)
$$(2 \times 3) - 8$$

$$(v) 40 \div \{(9 + 10) + 1\}$$

(vi)
$$2 \times \{(19 - 6) - 1\}$$

******* END ******