

Exercise 10A

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 x = 1080 - x
⇒ x = 8640 - 8x
⇒ 9x = 8640
⇒ x = 960
∴ CP = Rs. 960
Now, gain = $\frac{1}{8}$ x
= $\frac{960}{8}$
= Rs. 120
∴ Gain percentage = $\left(\frac{120}{960} \times 100\right)\%$
= 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ %

Q17.

Answer:

SP of the pen = Rs. 54

Let Rs x be the CP of the pen.

Loss = Rs. $\frac{x}{10}$ SP = CP - Loss

= $x - \frac{x}{10}$ = Rs. $\frac{9x}{10}$ Now, we have $\frac{9x}{10} = 54$ $\Rightarrow x = 54 \times \frac{10}{9}$ $\Rightarrow x = 60$ \therefore CP of the pen = Rs. 60

Now, loss = $\frac{x}{10}$

$$= \frac{60}{10}$$

$$= \mathbf{Rs.} \ 6$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{Loss percentage} = \left(\frac{\mathbf{loss}}{\mathbf{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= \left(\frac{6}{60} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= 10\%$$

Q18.

Answer:

Let Rs x be the CP of the table.

Case I:

Loss percentage = 10%

$$\Rightarrow \text{Loss }\% = \left(\frac{\text{loss}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 = \frac{loss}{x} \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Loss}}{x} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Loss = Rs $\frac{x}{10}$

Suppose that SP_1 is the selling price when he incurs a loss of 10%.

Loss = Rs
$$\frac{\mathbf{x}}{10}$$

 \Rightarrow CP - SP₁ = $\frac{\mathbf{x}}{10}$

$$\Rightarrow SP_1 = x - \frac{x}{10}$$

$$=$$
 Rs $\frac{9x}{10}$

Case II:

Gain percentage = 10%

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Gain % = $\left(\frac{\text{gain}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)$ %

$$\Rightarrow 10 = \frac{\text{gain}}{x} \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Gain}}{z} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Gain = Rs $\frac{x}{10}$

Suppose that SP₂ is the selling price when he makes gain of 10%.

Answer:

Let Rs x be the CP.

$$Gain_1 percentage = \left(\frac{gain_1}{CP} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 = \frac{\text{gain}_1}{x} \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Gain₁ = Rs $\frac{15z}{100}$

Again, gain₂ percentage =
$$\left(\frac{\text{gain}_2}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$\Rightarrow 8 = \frac{\text{gain}_2}{x} \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Gain₂ = Rs $\frac{8x}{100}$

According to the question, we have:

$$Gain_1 - gain_2 = 56$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{15\mathbf{x}}{100} - \frac{8\mathbf{x}}{100} = 56$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7x}{100} = 56$$

$$\Rightarrow 7x = 5600$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 800$$

Hence, the CP of the chair is Rs 800.

Q20.

Answer:

Let the cost price of the cycle be Rs x.

SP of the cycle at 10% gain = Rs
$$\left\{\frac{100 + \text{gain}\%}{100} \times \text{CP}\right\}$$

= Rs $\left\{\frac{100 + 10}{100} \times x\right\}$
= Rs $\left\{\frac{110x}{100}\right\}$
= Rs. $\frac{11x}{10}$

SP of the cycle at 14% gain= Rs
$$\left\{\frac{100+14}{100} \times x\right\}$$

$$= \operatorname{Rs} \left\{ \frac{114x}{100} \right\}$$

$$= \operatorname{Rs} \left\{ \frac{57z}{50} \right\}$$

$$\therefore \frac{57\mathbf{z}}{50} - \frac{11\mathbf{z}}{10} = 65$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{57x}{50} - \frac{55x}{50}\right) = 65$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{57\mathbf{z} - 55\mathbf{z}}{50} = 65$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2x}{50} = 65$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 3250$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1625$$

Therefore, the cost price of the cycle is Rs 1625.

Q21.

Answer:

CP of the first variety of wheat = Rs $40 \times 6.25 = Rs.250$ CP of second variety of wheat = Rs $30 \times 7 = Rs.210$ Total CP = Rs (250 + 210)

= Rs 460

Total amount of wheat = (40 + 30) kg

= 70 kg

Now, gain percentage =
$$\frac{\text{gain}}{\text{CP}} \times 100$$

 $\Rightarrow \text{Gain} = \frac{(\text{gain \%}) \times \text{CP}}{100}$
 $\Rightarrow \text{Gain} = \frac{460 \times 5}{100}$
= Rs 23
 $\therefore \text{SP} = \text{CP} + \text{gain}$
= 460 + 23
= Rs 483

$$\therefore$$
 Rate per kg = Rs $\frac{483}{70} = Rs \ 6.9$

Q22.

Answer:

CP of the first bat = Rs 560 Gain percentage = 15%

SP of the first bat = Rs
$$\left\{ \frac{100 + \text{gain \%}}{100} \times \text{CP} \right\}$$

= Rs $\left\{ \frac{100 + 15}{100} \times 560 \right\}$
= Rs $\left\{ \frac{115}{100} \times 560 \right\}$
= Rs 644

CP of the second bat = Rs 240 Loss percentage = 5%

SP of the second bat = Rs
$$\left\{ \frac{100-\text{loss}\%}{100} \times \text{CP} \right\}$$

= Rs $\left\{ \frac{100-5}{100} \times 240 \right\}$
= Rs $\left\{ \frac{95}{100} \times 240 \right\}$
= Rs 228

Total CP of the two bats = Rs (560 + 240) = Rs 800Total SP of the two bats = Rs (644 + 228) = Rs 872

Since SP > CP, there is gain in the whole transaction.

********* END ********