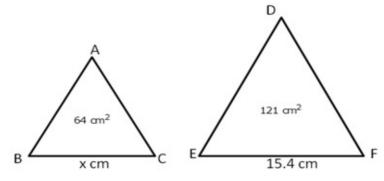


Exercise 4C

Question 1:

Given: ΔACB ~ ΔDEF,

area of  $\Delta$ ABC = 64cm<sup>2</sup> and area of  $\Delta$ DEF = 121 cm<sup>2</sup>



We know that the ratio of the area of two similar triangles is equal to the ratio of the squares of their corresponding sides.

$$\frac{\text{ar}(\triangle ABC)}{\text{ar}(\triangle DEF)} = \frac{BC^2}{EF^2}$$

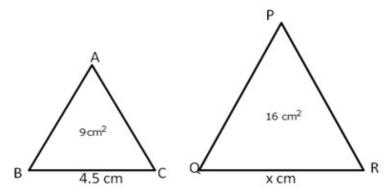
$$\Rightarrow \frac{64}{121} = \frac{x^2}{(15.4)^2} \text{ where } BC = x$$

$$x^2 = \frac{64}{121} \times (15.4)^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{64}{121}} \times 15.4 \times 15.4 = (\frac{8}{11} \times 15.4) = 11.2 \text{ cm}$$

Hence, BC = 11.2 cm

Question 2:



Given: ΔABC ~ ΔPQR,

area of  $\triangle$ ABC = 9cm<sup>2</sup> and area of  $\triangle$ PQR = 16cm<sup>2</sup>.

We know that the ratio of the areas of two similar triangles is equal to the ratio of squares of their corresponding sides.

$$\therefore \frac{\text{area of } \triangle ABC}{\text{area of } \triangle PQR} = \frac{9}{16} = \frac{BC^2}{QR^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{9}{16} = \frac{(4.5)^2}{QR^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow QR^2 = (4.5)^2 \times \frac{16}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow QR = \sqrt{(4.5)^2 \times \frac{16}{9}}$$

$$\Rightarrow QR = 4.5 \times \frac{4}{3} = 6 \text{ cm}$$
Hence, QR = 6 cm

\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*