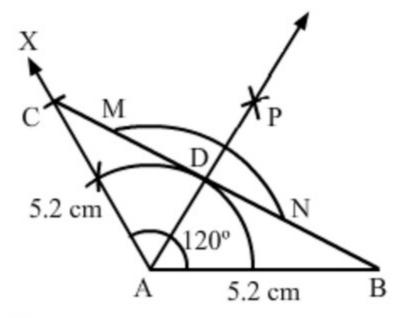


Exercise 17B

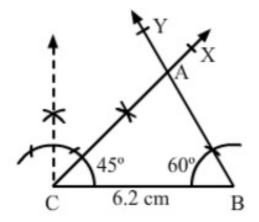


Answer:

Steps of construction:

- $1. \, \mathrm{Draw} \, \mathrm{BC}{=}6.2 \, \mathrm{cm}$
- 2. Draw \(\text{BCX}=45 \) \(\text{o} \)
- 3. Draw ∠CBY=60°
- 4. The ray CX and BY intersect at A.

Then, ABC is the required triangle.



Answer:

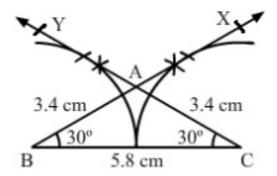
Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw BC=5.8 cm
- 2. Draw $\angle BCY = 30^{\circ}$
- 3. Draw $\angle CBX = 30^{\circ}$
- 4. The ray BX and CY intersect at A.

Then, ABC is the required triangle.

On measuring AB and AC:

$$AB = AC = 3.4 \text{ cm}$$



Answer:

By angle sum property:

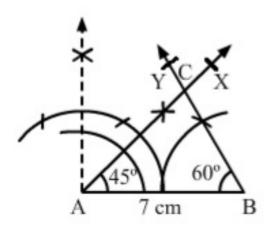
$$\angle B = 180^{\circ} - \angle A - \angle C$$

= $180^{\circ} - 45^{\circ} - 75^{\circ}$
= 60°

Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw AB=7cm
- 2 Draw \(\text{BAX} = 45\)
- 3. Draw ∠ABY= 60°
- 4. The ray AX and BY intersect at C.

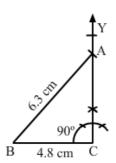
Then, ABC is the required triangle.



Q11 Answer:

Steps of construction:

- $1.Draw\ BC=4.8\ cm$
- 2.Draw a perpendicular on C such that $\angle C$ is equal to 90°.
- 3.Draw an arc of radius 6.3 cm from the centre B.
- 4. Join AB.



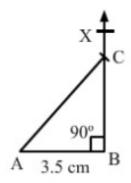
Q12

Answer:

Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw AB=3.5 cm
- 2. Construct $\angle ABX = 90^{\circ}$
- 3. With centre A, draw an arc of radius 6 cm cutting BX at C.
- 4. Join AC.

Then, ABC is the required triangle.



Answer:

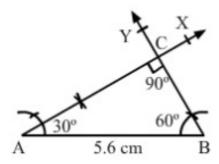
Here, $\angle A=30^{\circ}$ and $\angle C=90^{\circ}$

By angle sum property:

∠B=60°

- 1. Draw the hypotenuse AB of length 5.6 cm.
- 2. Draw $\angle BAX=30^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABY=60^{\circ}$
- 3. The ray AX and BY intersect at C.

Then, ABC is the required triangle.



********* END ********