



Permutations Ex 16.3 Q23

Let, w_1, w_2, w_3 and w_4 be 4 words, where w_1, w_2 have 3 volumes each and w_3, w_4 have 2 volume each.

These 4 words can be arranged in $4!$ ways.

Now,

volumes of w_1 can be arranged in $3!$ ways.

volumes of w_2 can be arranged in $3!$ ways.

volumes of w_3 can be arranged in $2!$ ways.

And volumes of w_4 can be arranged in $2!$ ways

\therefore Total number of ways to arrange

$$\begin{aligned}\text{all books} &= 4! (3! \times 3! \times 2! \times 2!) \\ &= 24 \times 6 \times 6 \times 2 \times 2 \\ &= 3456.\end{aligned}$$

Permutations Ex 16.3 Q24

There are 6 items in column A and 6 items in column B.

Now,

Each answer to the given question is an arrangement of the 6 items of column B keeping the order of items in column A fixed.

Hence, the total number of answers

= Number of arrangements of 6 items in column B

$$\begin{aligned}&= {}^6P_6 \\ &= \frac{6!}{(6-6)!} \\ &= \frac{6!}{0!} \\ &= 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 \quad [\because 0! = 1] \\ &= 720\end{aligned}$$

Permutations Ex 16.3 Q25

Total number of digits = 10

Total number of 3 digit numbers = ${}^{10}P_3$

But these arrangements also include those numbers which have 0 at hundred's place. such numbers are not 3-digit numbers.

When 0 is fixed at hundred's place, we have to arrange remaining 9 digits by taking 2 at a time.

The number of such arrangements is 9P_2 .

So, the total of numbers having 0 at hundred's place = 9P_2

Hence, total number of 3 digit numbers which distinct = ${}^{10}P_3 - {}^9P_2$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{10!}{(10-3)!} - \frac{9!}{(9-2)!} \\ &= \frac{10!}{7!} - \frac{9!}{7!} \\ &= \frac{10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7!}{7!} - \frac{9 \times 8 \times 7!}{7!} \\ &= 720 - 72 \\ &= 648.\end{aligned}$$

Permutations Ex 16.3 Q26

Total number of digits = 10

The first two digits of telephone is 35 and no digit appears more than once.

∴ Total number of remaining digits = $10 - 2 = 8$

And, Total number of remaining digits of telephone number = $6 - 2 = 4$.

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{ Required number of telephone numbers} &= {}^8P_4 \\ &= \frac{8!}{(8-4)!} \\ &= \frac{8!}{4!} \\ &= \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4!}{4!} \\ &= 1680\end{aligned}$$

***** END *****