

Exercise 1A

Questions 12:

(i)
$$\frac{69}{92} = \frac{3 \times 23}{2 \times 2 \times 23} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{3.69}{23} \qquad \frac{2}{2} \qquad \frac{92}{46}$$

$$23$$

(iii)
$$\frac{561}{748} = \frac{3 \times 11 \times 17}{2 \times 2 \times 11 \times 17} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{11} = \frac{561}{11} = \frac{2}{11} = \frac{748}{2}$$

$$\frac{11}{11} = \frac{187}{11} = \frac{374}{11}$$

$$\frac{17}{11} = \frac{187}{11}$$

$$\frac{1695}{1168} = \frac{3 \times 5 \times 73}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 73} = \frac{15}{16}$$

$$\frac{3}{1095} = \frac{1168}{2}$$

$$\frac{5}{1168} = \frac{365}{1168} = \frac{2}{1168}$$

$$\frac{5}{1168} = \frac{3}{1168} = \frac{3}{1168}$$

$$\frac{5}{1168} = \frac{3}{1168} = \frac{3}{1168}$$

146

73

Questions 13:

The prime factorization of 42, 49 and 63 are: $42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$, $49 = 7 \times 7$, $63 = 3 \times 3 \times 7$ Therefore, H.C.F. of 42, 49, 63 is 7 Hence, greatest possible length of each plank = 7 m

Questions 14:

7 m = 700cm, 3m 85cm = 385 cm 12 m 95 cm = 1295 cm Let us find the prime factorization of 700, 385 and 1295:

2	700	_ 5	385	_ 5	1295
2	350	_ 7	77	7	259
5	175		11		37
5	35				
	7				

Now,
$$700 = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 = 2^2 \times 5^2 \times 7$$

 $385 = 5 \times 7 \times 11$
 $1295 = 5 \times 7 \times 37$
 \therefore H.C.F. = $5 \times 7 = 35$ cm

Greatest possible length = 35cm.

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