

Question 6. High Order Thinking Skills (Hots)

(i) The following information relates to a company, which produces a single product.

Direct labour per unit Rs 22

Direct materials per unit Rs 12

Variable overheads per unit Rs 6

Fixed costs Rs 4,00,000

Selling price per unit Rs 60

Use the figures above to show the minimum number of units that must be sold for the company to break-even.

- (ii) Distinguish between:
- (i) Unit Cost and Unit Price
- (ii) Expenses and Expenditure
- (iii) Fixed Cost and Variable Cost
- (iv) 'Profit is not to be considered as in flow'. Comment with apt person.

Answer:

(i) Break-even point = B.E.P = $\frac{\text{Fixed cost}}{\text{Contribution per unit}}$

*	Contribution p	er unit

Fixed Cost 4,00,000 Variable cost per unit Direct lai

Direct labour per unit + Direct materials

per unit + Variable overheads per unit

₹ 22 + ₹ 12 + ₹ 6 = ₹ 40 per unit.

Selling Price per unit : ₹60 per unit

Break-even Point (in Units) $= \frac{4,00,000}{60-40} = \frac{4,00,000}{20} = 20,000 \text{ units}$

Break-even Point (in $\overline{\bullet}$) $\overline{\bullet}$ 20,000 × 60 = $\overline{\bullet}$ 12,00,000.

(ii) (i) Unit Cost Vs Unit Price

Basis	Unit Cost	Unit Price	
Meaning	Cost of unit can be defined as the cost incurred by a company to produce, store and sell one unit of sale of a particular product or service.		
Examples	Variable cost like raw material, packing material, sales commission, freight, etc.	Global Cuisine Lunch Buffet @ 345/	
18012 12301 19914 - 11338		TAWA PARANTHAS 1. ALOO PARANTHA 25. METHI PARANTHA 25. 3. ONION PARANTHA 25. 4. GOBI PARANTHA 25. 6. MIX PARANTHA 25. 7. GARLIC PARANTHA 25. (1 Paranthas will be accompanied Chutni and Sauce) 10. LACCHA PARANTHA 50. (2 Paranthas with Chole Masala	.00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 by

Basis	Expenses	Expenditure
Meaning	An expense is the value of the resource that was used up, or was necessary in order to earn the revenues during the time period. payments.	Expenditure is the outflow of money for the purpose of making various payments.
Examples	(a) The cost of the goods that were sold during the period are considered to be expenses along with other items such as advertising, salaries, interest, commissions, rent. (b) A company makes an expenditure of ₹5,00,000/- (five lakhs) to purchase equipment. The expenditure occurs on a single day and the equipment is placed in service. The equipment will be used for ten years; part of the original expenditure in buying the equipment will be reported as depreciation expense of ₹50,000 per year for the next 10 years. • The expenses of ₹50,000 is known as depreciation.	A company purchases an equipment and makes an expenditure of ₹ 5,00,000/-(five lakhs) to purchase equipment. The expenditure occurs on a single day and the equipment is placed in service. Cost of machine is i.e. expenditure is ₹ 5,00,000.

(iii)

Basis	Fixed Cost	Variable Cost	
Meaning	in total when the level of output by the business does vary. In other words, if the sales level within a business increases	Variable cost is that which varies in direct proportion to changes in the level of output by the business. In other words, if the sales level within a business increases or decreases, variable cost also increases or decreases respectively.	
Examples	associated with the rent or ownership of	The costs corresponding to variable factors are described as variable costs. These costs are incurred on raw materials, ordinary labour, transport, power, fuel, water, etc. which directly vary in the short runs. An example of a variable cost for a bakery would be the cost of flour.	
Dependent	As fixed costs are not dependent upon the level of output (sales) and it is unavoidable cost.	It is totally dependent upon the level of output.	
Expressed	It is always expressed as being per period of time, like Annual sales, Weekly Sales or Monthly Sales.	It should be able to be expressed per item of output or sales.	
Formula	Fixed Cost = Total Cost - Variable Cost	Variable Cost = Total Cost - Fixed Cost	
Curve		Variable cost curve is upward sloping showing that as output increases variable cost also increases.	
	output	output	

******* END *******