

## Differentiation Ex 11.5 Q39

Here

$$x^m y^n = 1$$

Taking log on both the side,

$$\log(x^m y^n) = \log(1)$$
$$m \log x + n \log y = \log(1)$$

Differentiating it with respect to  $\varkappa$ ,

$$\frac{dy}{dx}(m\log x) + \frac{d}{dx}(n\log y) = \frac{d}{dx}(\log(1))$$

$$\frac{m}{x} + \frac{n}{y}\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{m}{x} \times \frac{y}{n}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{my}{nx}$$

## Differentiation Ex 11.5 Q40

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$$v^x = e^{y-x}$$

Taking log on both the sides,

$$\begin{split} \log y^x &= \log e^{(y-x)} \\ x \log y &= (y-x) \log e \\ x \log y &= y-x \end{split}$$
 ---(i)

Since,  $\log a^b = b \log a$  and  $\log_e e = 1$ 

Differentiating it with respect to  $\boldsymbol{x}$  using product rule,

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x \log y) = \frac{d}{dx}(y - x)$$

$$\left[x \frac{d}{dx}(\log y) + \log y \frac{d}{dx}(x)\right] = \frac{dy}{dx} - 1$$

$$x \left(\frac{1}{y}\right) \frac{dy}{dx} + \log y (1) = \frac{dy}{dx} - 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \left(\frac{y}{y} - 1\right) = -1 - \log y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \left(\frac{y}{(1 + \log y)y}\right) = -(1 + \log y)$$

$$\left[\text{Since, from equation (i)}, x = \frac{y}{(1 + \log y)}\right]$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \left[\frac{1 - 1 - \log y}{(1 + \log y)}\right] = -(1 + \log y)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{(1 + \log y)^2}{-\log y}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.5 Q41

Here,

$$(\sin x)^y = (\cos y)^x$$

Taking log on both the sides,

$$\log(\sin x)^y = \log(\cos y)^x$$
 [Using  $\log a^b = b \log a$ ]  
  $y \log(\sin x) = x \log(\cos y)$ 

Differentiating it with respect to x using product rule and chain rule,

$$\frac{d}{dx} [y \log \sin x] = \frac{d}{dx} [x \log \cos y]$$

$$y \frac{d}{dx} (\log \sin x) + \log \sin x \frac{dy}{dx} = x \frac{dy}{dx} \log \cos y + \log \cos y \frac{d}{dx} (x)$$

$$y \left(\frac{1}{\sin x}\right) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin x) + \log \sin x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{\cos y} \frac{d}{dx} (\cos y) + \log \cos y (1)$$

$$\frac{y}{\sin x} (\cos x) + \log \sin x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{\cos y} (-\sin y) \frac{dy}{dx} + \log \cos y$$

$$y \cot x + \log \sin x \frac{dy}{dx} = -x \tan y \frac{dy}{dx} + \log \cos y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (\log \sin x + x \tan y) = \log \cos y - y \cot x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log \cos y - y \cot x}{\log \sin x + x \tan y}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.5 Q42

Here

$$(\cos x)^y = (\tan y)^x$$

Taking log on both the sides,

$$\log(\cos x)^y = \log(\tan y)^x$$
  
 $y \log\cos x = x \log\tan y$  [Since,  $\log a^b = b\log a$ ]

Differentiating it with respect to  $\boldsymbol{x}$  using chain rule and product rule,

$$\begin{split} \frac{d}{dx}\left(y\log\cos x\right) &= \frac{d}{dx}\left(x\log\tan y\right) \\ \left(y\frac{d}{dx}\log\cos x + \log\cos x\frac{dy}{dx}\right) &= \left(x\frac{d}{dx}\log\tan y + \log\tan y\frac{d}{dx}(x)\right) \\ \left(y\left(\frac{1}{\cos x}\right)\frac{d}{dx}\left(\cos x\right) + \log\cos x\frac{dy}{dx}\right) &= \left(x\frac{1}{\tan y}\frac{d}{dx}\left(\tan y\right) + \log\tan y\left(1\right)\right) \\ \left(\frac{y}{\cos x}\left(-\sin x\right) + \log\cos x\frac{dy}{dx}\right) &= \left(\frac{x}{\tan y}\left(\sec^2 y\right)\right)\frac{dy}{dx} + \log\tan y - y\tan x + \log\cos x\frac{dy}{dx} \\ &= \left(\sec y\csc y \times x\frac{dy}{dx} + \log\tan y\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \Big[ \log \cos x - x \sec y \cos e cy \Big] = \log \tan y + y \tan x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \left[ \frac{\log \tan y + y \tan x}{\log \cos x - x \sec y \cos ecy} \right]$$

Differentiation Ex 11.5 Q43

$$e^x + e^y = e^{x+y}$$
 ---(i)

Differentiating both the sides using chain rule,

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^{x}) + \frac{d}{dx}(e^{y}) = \frac{d}{dx}(e^{x+y})$$

$$e^{x} + e^{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x+y} \frac{d}{dx}(x+y)$$

$$e^{x} + e^{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x+y} \left[1 + \frac{dy}{dx}\right]$$

$$e^{y} \frac{dy}{dx} - e^{x+y} \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x+y} - e^{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^{x+y} - e^{x}}{e^{y} - e^{x+y}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{e^{x} + e^{y} - e^{x}}{e^{y} - e^{x} - e^{y}}\right)$$
[Using equation (i)]
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -e^{y-x}$$

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