

Complex numbers Ex 13.1 Q1(i)

We know that $i = \sqrt{-1}$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^4 = 1$$

In order to find i^n where n > 4, we divide n by 4 to get quotient p and remainder q, so that $n=4p+q, o \leq q < 4$

Then $i^n = i^{4p+q}$

$$=i^{4p}\times i^{q}$$

$$=(i^4)^p \times i^q$$

$$=1^p \times i^q$$

 $Hencei^n = i^q$, $whereo \le q < 4$

$$\therefore i^{457}=i^{4\times 114}\times i^{1}$$

$$=i^1$$

 $=i$

Complex numbers Ex 13.1 Q1(ii)

We know that $i = \sqrt{-1}$

$$i^2 = -1$$
$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^4 = 1$$

In order to find i^n where n > 4, we divide n by 4 to get quotient p and remainder q, so that $n=4p+q, o \leq q < 4$

Then $i^n = i^{4p+q}$

$$=i^{4p}\times i^{q}$$

$$=(i^4)^p \times i^q$$

$$= 1^p \times i^q$$

$$= 1^{r} \times i^{q}$$

 $= i^{q}$

Hence
$$i^n = i^q$$
 , where $0 \le q < 4$

 $\left[\cdots 1^{\rho-1} \right]$

 $:: i^{528} = i^{4 \times 132}$

$$= (i^4)^{132}$$

$$\therefore \left(i^{528}\right) = 1$$

Complex numbers Ex 13.1 Q1(iii)

We know that $i = \sqrt{-1}$ $i^2 = -1$

$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^{3} = -i$$
$$i^{4} = 1$$

In order to find i^n where n>4, we divide n by 4 to get quotient p and remainder q, so that $n=4p+q, o\leq q<4$

Then $i^n = i^{4p+q}$

$$=i^{4p}\times i^{q}$$

$$=(i^4)^p \times i^q$$

$$= 1^p \times i^q$$
$$= i^q$$

$$\left[\because 1^{p-1} \right]$$

 $Hencei^n = i^q$, $where o \le q < 4$

$$\begin{split} & \therefore \frac{1}{j88} = \frac{1}{j^{48}1^4 \times j^2} \\ & = \frac{1}{1 \times i^2} \\ & = \frac{1}{-1} \quad \left[\because i^2 = -1 \right] \\ & = -1 \end{split}$$

Complex numbers Ex 13.1 Q1(iv)

We know that $i = \sqrt{-1}$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^4 = 1$$

In order to find i^n where n>4, we divide n by 4 to get quotient p and remainder q, so that $n=4p+q, o\leq q<4$

Then $i^n = i^{4\rho+q}$

$$=i^{4\rho}\times i^{\varphi}$$

$$= (i^4)^p \times i^q$$

$$= 1^{\rho} \times i^{\varphi}$$

Hence $i^n = i^q$, where $0 \le q < 4$

$$\begin{split} & : i^{37} + \frac{1}{i^{67}} = i^{4\kappa 9} \times i^{1} + \frac{1}{i^{4\kappa 16} \times i^{3}} \\ & = 1 \times i^{1} + \frac{1}{1 \times i^{3}} \\ & = i + \frac{1}{i^{3} \times i} \times i \\ & = i + \frac{i}{i^{4}} \\ & = i + \frac{i}{1} \\ & = 2i \end{split}$$

$$i^{37} + \frac{1}{i^{67}} = 2i$$

********* END *******