



Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q57

Consider

$$y = \log \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x+1}}$$

Differentiating it with respect to x and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$y = \log \left(\frac{x-1}{x+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{x-1}{x+1} \right)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} [\log(x-1) - \log(x+1)]$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{d}{dx} \log(x-1) - \frac{d}{dx} \log(x+1) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{x^2-1} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^2-1}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^2-1}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q58

$$\text{Here } y = \log \{ \sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1} \}$$

Differentiating it with respect to x and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \log \{ \sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1} \}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1}} \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1})$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1}} \left[\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x-1} - \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x+1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1}} \left[\frac{1}{2} (x-1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} (x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\cancel{\sqrt{x-1}} - \sqrt{x+1}} \left(\frac{-\cancel{\sqrt{x-1}} - \sqrt{x+1}}{(\sqrt{x-1})(\sqrt{x+1})} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{(\sqrt{x-1})(\sqrt{x+1})} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q59

Here $y = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1}$

Differentiating it with respect to x and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x+1} + \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x-1} \\&= \frac{1}{2}(x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}(x-1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{x+1}}{(\sqrt{x+1})(\sqrt{x-1})} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \right) \\&\sqrt{x^2-1} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} y\end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q60

Here $y = \frac{x}{x+2}$

Differentiating it with respect to x and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x}{x+2} \right) \\&= \frac{(x+2) \frac{dx}{dx} - x \frac{d}{dx} (x+2)}{(x+2)^2} \\&= \frac{x+2-x}{(x+2)^2} \\&= \frac{x+2}{(x+2)^3} - \frac{x}{(x+2)^2} \\&= \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{xy^2}{x^2} \quad \left[\text{Since } x+2 = \frac{x}{y} \right] \\&= \frac{y}{x} - \frac{y^3}{x} \\&\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} y(1-y) \\&x \frac{dy}{dx} = (1-y)y\end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q61

Here $y = \log \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$

Differentiating it with respect to x and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \log \left(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \frac{d}{dx} \left(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x+1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x}} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x+1} \left(\frac{x-1}{x\sqrt{x}} \right) \\&\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x-1}{2x(x+1)}\end{aligned}$$

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