

## MORE QUESTIONS SOLVED

Question 1. Choose the correct option:

- (i) One-third of the population was wiped out from Bengal because
- (a) a terrible famine occurred there
- (b) a civil war broke out
- (c) an epidemic broke out
- (d) none of the above
- (ii) The Mahalwari System was devised by
- (a) Charles Cornwallis
- (b) Robert Clive
- (c) Holt Mackenzie
- (d) James Mill
- (iii) The ryots were
- (a) cultivators
- (b) zamindars
- (c) traders
- (d) mbney-lenders
- (iv) The Indigo Commission was set up to enquire into the system of indigo production. Whom did the Commission hold guilty?
- (a) The ruots
- (b) The government
- (c) The planters
- (d) Both (a) and (b)
- (v) After the indigo production collapsed in Bengal, the planters shifted their operation to
- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Bihar
- (c) Orissa
- (d) Rajasthan

Answer: (i) (a), (ii) (c), (iii) (a), (iv) (c), (v) (b)

Question 2. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words to complete each sentence.

- (i) Indigo cultivation was done under two main systems known as .......... and
- (ii) By the terms of the Permanent Settlement, the rajas and taluqdars were recognized as ......
- (iii) ...... developed Ryotwari System which gradually extended all over south India.
- (iv) The indigo villages were usually around indigo factories owned bu ......
- (v) The planters at times pressurised the village headmen to sign the ...... on behalf of the ryots.

Answer:

- (i) nij, ryots
- (ii) zamindars
- (iii) Thomas Munro
- (iv) planters
- (v) contract

Question 3. State whether each of the following statements is True or False.

- (i) Indigo could be cultivated only on fertile lands.
- (ii) Indigo was easily available in Europe.
- (iii) Thomas Munro was the Governor of Bengal during 1819-26.

- (iv) The Permanent Settlement created many problems.
- (v) The Bengal economy boomed after the Company was appointed as Diwan of that province.

Answer:

- (i) True
- (ii) False
- (iii) False
- (iv) True
- (v) False

Question 4. Match the items given in Column A correctly with those given in Column B.

Column A		Column B	
(i)	Jute	(a)	United Provinces (U.P.)
(ii)	Wheat	(b)	Madras
(iii)	Rice	(c)	Assam
(iv)	Sugarcane	(d)	Maharashtra
(v)	Tea	(e)	Bengal
(vi)	Cotton	(f)	Punjab

Answer: (i) (e), (ii) (f), (iii) (b), (iv) (a), (v) (c), (vi) (d).

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