



Exercise 2C

Question 4:

$$f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 6x + 4$$

$$\text{Now, } x - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 6$$

By the remainder theorem, we know that when $f(x)$ is divide by $(x - 6)$ the remainder is $f(6)$

$$\text{Now, } f(6) = 6^3 - 7 \times 6^2 + 6 \times 6 + 4$$

$$= 216 - 252 + 36 + 4$$

$$= 256 - 252 = 4$$

\therefore The required remainder is 4.

Question 5:

$$f(x) = (x^3 - 6x^2 + 13x + 60)$$

$$\text{Now, } x + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -2$$

By the remainder the theorem, we know that when $f(x)$ is divide by $(x + 2)$ the remainder is $f(-2)$.

$$\text{Now, } f(-2) = (-2)^3 - 6(-2)^2 + 13(-2) + 60$$

$$= -8 - 24 - 26 + 60$$

$$= -58 + 60 = 2$$

\therefore The required remainder is 2.

Question 6:

$$f(x) = (2x^4 + 6x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 8)$$

$$\text{Now, } x + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -3$$

By the remainder the theorem, we know that when $f(x)$ is divide by $(x + 3)$ the remainder is $f(-3)$.

$$f(-3) = 2(-3)^4 + 6(-3)^3 + 2(-3)^2 - 3 - 8$$

$$= 162 - 162 + 18 - 3 - 8$$

$$= 18 - 11 = 7$$

\therefore The required remainder is 7.

***** END *****