



### VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Question 1. What is the literal meaning of sarvajanik?

Answer: The literal meaning of sarvajanik is 'of or for all the people'. It is made of two words - sarva = all + janik = of the people.

Question 2. Who was A.O. Hume? What role did he play in the history of India?

Answer: A.O. Hume was a retired British official. He played an important role in bringing Indians from the various regions together.

Question 3. Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of the partition of Bengal?

Answer: At that time Lord Curzon was the Viceroy of India.

Question 4. What was the Swadeshi Movement known as in deltaic Andhra?

Answer: In deltaic Andhra the Swadeshi Movement was known as the Vandemataram Movement.

Question 5. Name the three leading members of the Radical group.

Answer: Bipin Chandra Pal, Balgangadhar Tilak and Lala Lajpat Rai.

Question 6. Why did Mahatma Gandhi along with other Indians establish the Natal Congress in South Africa?

Answer: He did so in order to fight against racial discrimination in South Africa.

Question 7. Name three places where Gandhiji started local movements.

Answer: Champaran, Kheda and Ahmedabad.

Question 8. Why did Rabindranath Tagore renounce his knighthood?

Answer: Rabindranath Tagore renounced his knighthood to express the pain and anger of the country following the Jallianwala Bagh atrocities.

Question 9. Who were the leaders of the Khilafat agitation?

Answer: The leaders of the Khilafat agitation were Mohammad Ali and Shaukat Ali.

Question 10. What does 'Punjab wrongs' refer to?

Answer: It refers to Jallianwalla Bagh massacre that occurred on 13 April, 1919 in Amritsar on Baisakhi day.

Question 11. Who was Chitta Ranjan Das?

Answer: He was a lawyer from East Bengal and was active in the Non-Cooperation Movement.

Question 12. What does RSS stand for?

Answer: RSS stands for Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh.

Question 13. Who was Bhagat Singh? What slogan did he raise?

Answer: Bhagat Singh was a revolutionary nationalist. His slogan was—Inquilab Zindabad.

Question 14. What does HSRA stand for?

Answer: HSRA stands for Hindustan Socialist Republican Association.

Question 15. Why did Mahatma Gandhi decide to break the Salt Law?

Answer: Mahatma Gandhi decided to break the Salt Law because it established the monopoly of the state on the manufacture and sale of salt,

Question 16. On what condition-were the Congress leaders ready to support the British war effort at the time of the Second World War?

Answer: The Congress leaders were ready to support the British war effort on condition that they would declare India's independence after the war.

Question 17. Did the British accept their condition?

Answer: No, the British did not accept their condition.

Question 18. Who raised the slogan 'do or die'?

Answer: Mahatma Gandhi raised this slogan.

Question 19. Why did the Muslim League announced 16 August 1946 as 'Direct Action Day'?

Answer: It announced 16 August, 1946 as 'Direct Action Day' in support of its demand for Pakistan.

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