

## Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.3 Q12

## Answer:

Let the depth of the bucket is h cm. The radii of the top and bottom circles of the frustum bucket are  $r_1$  =20cm and  $r_2$  =12cm respectively.

The volume/capacity of the bucket is

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi(r_1^2 + r_1r_2 + r_2^2) \times h$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{3}\pi(20^2 + 20 \times 12 + 12^2) \times h$   
=  $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 784 \times h$   
=  $\frac{1}{3} \times 22 \times 112 \times h \text{ cm}^3$ 

Given that the capacity of the bucket is 12308.8 Cubic cm. Thus, we have

$$\frac{1}{3} \times 22 \times 112 \times h = 12308.8$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{12308.8 \times 3}{22 \times 112}$$

 $\rightarrow n = 13$ Hence, the height of the bucket is 15 cm

The slant height of the bucket is

$$l = \sqrt{(r_1 - r_2)^2 + h^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(20 - 12)^2 + 15^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{289}$$

$$= 17 \text{ cm}$$

The surface area of the used metal sheet to make the bucket is

$$S_1 = \pi (r_1 + r_2) \times l + \pi r_2^2$$

$$= \pi \times (20 + 12) \times 17 + \pi \times 12^2$$

$$= \pi \times 32 \times 17 + 144\pi$$

$$= 2160.32 \text{ cm}^2$$

Hence Surface area of the metal =  $2160.32 \text{ cm}^2$ 

## Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.3 Q13 Answer:

The height of the bucket is 20cm. The radii of the upper and lower circles of the bucket are  $r_1$  =25cm and  $r_2$  =10cm respectively.

The slant height of the bucket is

$$I = \sqrt{(r_1 - r_2)^2 + h^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(25 - 10)^2 + 20^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{625}$$

$$= 25 \text{ cm}$$

The surface area of the used aluminium sheet to make the bucket is

$$S_1 = \pi(r_1 + r_2) \times I + \pi r_2^2$$
  
=  $\pi \times (25 + 10) \times 25 + \pi \times 10^2$   
=  $\pi \times 35 \times 25 + 100\pi$   
=  $3061.5 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Therefore, the total cost of making the bucket is

$$= \frac{3061.5}{100} \times 70$$
$$= 2143.05$$

Hence the total cost is Rs.2143.05

Surface Areas and Volumes Ex.16.3 O14

## Answer:

The slant height of the frustum of a cone is I=10cm. The radii of the upper and lower circles of the bucket are  $r_1 = 33$ cm and  $r_2 = 27$ cm respectively.

The total surface area of the frustum of the cone is

$$\begin{split} S_1 &= \pi (r_1 + r_2) \times l + \pi r_1^2 + \pi r_2^2 \\ &= \pi \times (33 + 27) \times 10 + \pi \times 33^2 + \pi \times 27^2 \\ &= 600\pi + 1089\pi + 729\pi \\ &= 7599.42 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \text{Hence total surface area is} \boxed{7599.42 \text{ cm}^2} \end{split}$$

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*