

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.3 Q9

To multiply algebraic expressions, we use commutative and associative laws along with the law of indices, i.e., $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$.

We have:

$$\begin{split} &(7ab)\times\left(-5ab^2c\right)\times\left(6abc^2\right)\\ &=\left\{7\times(-5)\times6\right\}\times\left(a\times a\times a\right)\times\left(b\times b^2\times b\right)\times\left(c\times c^2\right)\\ &=\left\{7\times(-5)\times6\right\}\times\left(a^{1+1+1}\right)\times\left(b^{1+2+1}\right)\times\left(c^{1+2}\right)\\ &=-210a^3b^4c^3 \end{split}$$

Thus, the answer is $-210a^3b^4c^3$

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.3 Q10

To multiply algebraic expressions, we use commutative and associative laws along with the law of indices, i.e., $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$.

We have:

$$\begin{aligned} &(-5a) \times \left(-10a^{2}\right) \times \left(-2a^{2}\right) \\ &= \left\{(-5) \times \left(-10\right) \times \left(-2\right)\right\} \times \left(a \times a^{2} \times a^{3}\right) \\ &= \left\{(-5) \times \left(-10\right) \times \left(-2\right)\right\} \times \left(a^{1+2+3}\right) \\ &= -100a^{6} \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the answer is $-100a^6$

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.3 Q11

Answer

To multiply algebraic expressions, we use commutative and associative laws along with the law of indices, i.e., $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$.

We have:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-4x^2 \right) \times \left(-6xy^2 \right) \times \left(-3yz^2 \right) \\ & = \left\{ \left(-4 \right) \times \left(-6 \right) \times \left(-3 \right) \right\} \times \left(x^2 \times x \right) \times \left(y^2 \times y \right) \times z^2 \\ & = \left\{ \left(-4 \right) \times \left(-6 \right) \times \left(-3 \right) \right\} \times \left(x^{2+1} \right) \times \left(y^{2+1} \right) \times z^2 \\ & = -72x^3y^3z^2 \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the answer is $-72x^3y^3z^2$

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.3 Q12

Answer

To multiply algebraic expressions, we use commutative and associative laws along with the law of indices, i.e., $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$.

We have:

$$\begin{split} &\left(-\frac{2}{7}a^4\right)\times\left(-\frac{3}{4}a^2b\right)\times\left(-\frac{14}{5}b^2\right) \\ &=\left\{\left(-\frac{2}{7}\right)\times\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)\times\left(-\frac{14}{5}\right)\right\}\times\left(a^4\times a^2\right)\times\left(b\times b^2\right) \\ &=\left\{-\left(\frac{2}{7}\times\frac{3}{4}\times\frac{14}{5}\right)\right\}\times a^{4+2}\times b^{1+2} \\ &=\left\{-\left(\frac{\mathcal{Y}}{\mathcal{Y}}\times\frac{3}{\mathcal{X}_{\mathcal{Y}}}\times\frac{\mathcal{X}_{\mathcal{Y}}^{\mathcal{Y}^1}}{5}\right)\right\}\times a^6\times b^3 \\ &=-\frac{3}{7}a^6b^3 \end{split}$$

Thus, the answer is $-\frac{3}{5}a^6b^3$.

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