

## Transformation Formulae Ex 8.2 Q 6(i)

We have,

LHS = 
$$\cos 3A + \cos 5A + \cos 7A + \cos 15A$$

$$= \left[\cos 5A + \cos 3A\right] + \left[\cos 15A + \cos 7A\right]$$

$$=\left[2\cos\frac{\left(5A+3A\right)}{2}\cos\frac{\left(5A-3A\right)}{2}\right]+\left[2\cos\frac{\left(15A+7A\right)}{2}\cos\frac{\left(15A-7A\right)}{2}\right]$$

- = 2cos 4Acos A + 2cos 11Acos 4A
- $= 2\cos 4A[\cos A + \cos 11A]$
- $= 2\cos 4A \left[\cos 11A + \cos A\right]$

$$= 2\cos 4A \left[2\cos\frac{\left(11A+A\right)}{2}\cos\frac{\left(11A-A\right)}{2}\right]$$

- $= 4\cos A[\cos 6A\cos 5A]$
- = 4 cos 4A cos 5A cos 6A
- = RHS

 $\cos 3A + \cos 5A + \cos 7A + \cos 15A = 4\cos 4A\cos 5A\cos 6A$  Hence proved.

## Transformation Formulae Ex 8.2 Q 6(ii)

We have,

LHS = 
$$\cos A + \cos 3A + \cos 5A + \cos 7A$$

$$= (\cos 3A + \cos A) + (\cos 7A + \cos 5A)$$

$$=\left[2\cos\left(\frac{3A+A}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{3A-A}{2}\right)\right]+\left[2\cos\left(\frac{7A+5A}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{7A-5A}{2}\right)\right]$$

- = 2cos 2Acos A + 2cos 6Acos A
- $= 2\cos A [\cos 2A + \cos 6A]$
- $= 2\cos A \left[\cos 6A + \cos 2A\right]$

$$=2\cos A\left[2\cos\left(\frac{6A+2A}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{6A-2A}{2}\right)\right]$$

- = 4 cos A [cos 4A cos 2A]
- = RHS

: cos A + cos 3A + cos 5A + cos 7A = 4 cos A cos 2 A cos 4A. Hence proved.

#### Transformation Formulae Ex 8.2 Q 6(iii)

 $= 4\cos\frac{A}{2}\cos\frac{3A}{2}\sin 3A$ 

We have,

LHS = 
$$\sin A + \sin 2A + \sin 4A + \sin 5A$$
  
=  $\left(\sin 2A + \sin A\right) + \left(\sin 5A + \sin 4A\right)$   
=  $\left[2\sin\left(\frac{2A+A}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{2A-A}{2}\right)\right] + \left[2\sin\left(\frac{5A+4A}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{5A-4A}{2}\right)\right]$   
=  $2\sin\frac{3A}{2}\cos\frac{A}{2} + 2\sin\frac{9A}{2}\cos\frac{A}{2}$   
=  $2\cos\frac{A}{2}\left[\sin\frac{3A}{2} + \sin\frac{9A}{2}\right]$   
=  $2\cos\frac{A}{2}\left[\sin\frac{9A}{2} + \sin\frac{3A}{2}\right]$   
=  $2\cos\frac{A}{2}\left[2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{9A}{2} + \frac{3A}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{9A}{2} - \frac{3A}{2}\right)\right)\right]$   
=  $4\cos\frac{A}{2}\left[\sin\frac{12A}{4}\cos\frac{6A}{4}\right]$   
=  $4\cos\frac{A}{2}\sin3A\cos\frac{3A}{2}$ 

$$\sin A + \sin 2A + \sin 4A + \sin 5A = 4\cos \frac{A}{2}\cos \frac{3A}{2}\sin 3A.$$
 Hence proved.

### Transformation Formulae Ex 8.2 Q 6(iv)

We have,

LHS = 
$$sin 3A + sin 2A - sin A$$
  
=  $sin 3A - sin A + sin 2A$   
=  $2 sin \left(\frac{3A - A}{2}\right) cos \left(\frac{3A + A}{2}\right) + sin 2A$   
=  $2 sin A cos 2A + sin 2A$   
=  $2 sin A cos 2A + 2 sin A cos A$   
=  $2 sin A \left[cos 2A + cos A\right]$   
=  $2 sin A \left[2 cos \left(\frac{2A + A}{2}\right) cos \left(\frac{2A - A}{2}\right)\right]$   
=  $4 sin A cos \frac{3A}{2} cos \frac{A}{2}$   
=  $4 sin A cos \frac{A}{2} cos \frac{3A}{2}$ 

 $\sin 3A + \sin 2A - \sin A = 4 \sin A \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{3A}{2}.$  Hence proved.

# Transformation Formulae Ex 8.2 Q 6(v)

We have,

$$\begin{aligned} &=\cos 20^{\circ} \cos 100^{\circ} + \cos 100^{\circ} \cos 140^{\circ} - \cos 140^{\circ} \cos 200^{\circ} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [2\cos 100^{\circ} \cos 20^{\circ} + 2\cos 140^{\circ} \cos 100^{\circ} - 2\cos 200^{\circ} \cos 140^{\circ}] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[\cos \left(100^{\circ} + 20^{\circ}\right) + \cos \left(100^{\circ} - 20^{\circ}\right) + \cos \left(140^{\circ} + 100^{\circ}\right) + \cos \left(140^{\circ} - 100^{\circ}\right) \\ &\quad - \left\{\cos \left(200^{\circ} + 140^{\circ}\right) + \cos \left(200^{\circ} - 140^{\circ}\right)\right\} \Big] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[\cos 120^{\circ} + \cos 80^{\circ} + \cos 240^{\circ} + \cos 40^{\circ} - \cos 340^{\circ} - \cos 60^{\circ}\Big] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[\cos \left(90^{\circ} + 30^{\circ}\right) + \cos 80^{\circ} + \cos 40^{\circ} - \cos \left(180^{\circ} + 60^{\circ}\right) - \cos \left(360^{\circ} - 20^{\circ}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\Big] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[-\sin 30^{\circ} + 2\cos \left(\frac{80^{\circ} + 40^{\circ}}{2}\right)\cos \left(\frac{80^{\circ} - 40^{\circ}}{2}\right) - \cos 60^{\circ} - \cos 20^{\circ} - \frac{1}{2}\Big] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[-\frac{1}{2} + 2\cos 60^{\circ} \cos 20^{\circ} - \frac{1}{2} - \cos 20^{\circ} - \frac{1}{2}\Big] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[-\frac{3}{2} + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \cos 20^{\circ} - \cos 20^{\circ}\Big] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \Big[-\frac{3}{2} + 0\Big] \\ &= -\frac{3}{4} \\ &= \text{RHS} \end{aligned}$$

:.  $\cos 20^{\circ} \cos 100^{\circ} + \cos 100^{\circ} \cos 140^{\circ} - \cos 140^{\circ} \cos 200^{\circ} = -\frac{3}{4}$ . Hence proved.

Transformation Formulae Ex 8.2 Q 6(vi)

We have,

LHS = 
$$\sin \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{7\theta}{2} + \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \sin \frac{11\theta}{2}$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ 2 \sin \frac{7\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} + 2 \sin \frac{11\theta}{2} \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos \left( \frac{7\theta}{2} - \frac{\theta}{2} \right) - \cos \left( \frac{7\theta}{2} + \frac{\theta}{2} \right) + \cos \left( \frac{11\theta}{2} - \frac{3\theta}{2} \right) - \cos \left( \frac{11\theta}{2} + \frac{3\theta}{2} \right) \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos \frac{6\theta}{2} - \cos \frac{8\theta}{2} + \cos \frac{8\theta}{2} - \cos \frac{14\theta}{2} \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos 3\theta - \cos 4\theta + \cos 4\theta - \cos 7\theta \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos 3\theta - \cos 7\theta \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{2} \left[ \cos 7\theta - \cos 3\theta \right]$   
=  $\frac{-1}{2} \left[ -2 \sin \left( \frac{7\theta + 3\theta}{2} \right) \sin \left( \frac{7\theta - 3\theta}{2} \right) \right]$   
=  $\sin \frac{10\theta}{2} \sin \frac{4\theta}{2}$   
=  $\sin 2\theta \sin 5\theta$   
= RHS

$$\sin\frac{\theta}{2}\sin\frac{7\theta}{2} + \sin\frac{3\theta}{2}\sin\frac{11\theta}{2} = \sin2\theta\sin5\theta.$$

Hence proved.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*