

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q9

We have,

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x}{x+1} dx$$

[Add and subtract 1 in numerator]

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{(x+1)-1}{x+1} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} 1 dx - \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{x+1} dx$$

$$= \left[x\right]_{0}^{1} - \left[\log(x+1)\right]_{0}^{1}$$

$$= 1 - \left[\log 2 - \log 1\right]$$

$$= 1 - \log \frac{2}{1}$$

$$= \log e - \log 2$$
 $\left[\because \log e = 1 \right]$

$$[\because \log e = 1]$$

$$= \log \frac{e}{2}$$

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x}{x+1} dx = \log \frac{e}{2}$$

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q10

$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x + \cos x) dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x dx + \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos x dx$$

$$= \left[-\cos x \right]_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + \left[\sin x \right]_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$= \left[\cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \cos 0 \right] + \left[\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin 0 \right]$$

$$= \left[-0 + 1 \right] + 1$$

$$= 1 + 1$$

$$= 2$$

$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x + \cos x) dx = 2$$

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q11

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cot x dx$$

We know that $\int \cot x dx = \log(\sin x)$

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cot x \, dx$$

$$= \left[\log(\sin x)\right]_{\frac{s}{4}}^{\frac{s}{2}}$$

$$= \left[\log \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \log \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right]$$

$$= \left[\log 1 - \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

$$= \left[0 - (\log 1 - \log \sqrt{2})\right]$$

$$= \log \sqrt{2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\log 2$$

$$\left[\because \log a^n = n \log a \right]$$

$$\therefore \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cot x dx = \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q12

We have,

We know that $\int \sec x dx = \log(\sec x + \tan x)$

$$= \left[\log(\sec x + \tan x)\right]_0^{\frac{x}{4}}$$

$$= \left[\log(\sqrt{2}+1) - \log(1+0)\right]$$

$$= \log(\sqrt{2} + 1)$$

$$\lceil \because \log 1 = 0 \rceil$$

$$\therefore \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sec x dx = \log(\sqrt{2} + 1)$$

********* END ********