

Powers Ex 2.2 Q4

Answer

$$(i)(4^{-1} \times 3^{-1})^2 = (\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3})^2 \qquad ---> (a^{-1} = 1/a)$$

$$= (\frac{1}{12})^2$$

$$= \frac{(1)^2}{(12)^2} \qquad ---> ((a/b)^n = (a^n)/(b^n))$$

$$= \frac{1}{144}$$

$$(ii)(5^{-1} \div 6^{-1})^3 = (\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{1}{6})^3 \qquad ---> (a^{-1} = 1/a)$$

$$= (\frac{6}{5})^3$$

$$= \frac{216}{125} \qquad ---> ((a/b)^n = (a^n)/(b^n))$$

$$\left(iii\right) \left(2^{-1} + 3^{-1}\right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right)^{-1} \quad ---> \left(a^{-1} = 1/a\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{-1} = \frac{6}{5} \qquad ---> \left(a^{-1} = 1/a\right)$$

$$(iv)(3^{-1}\times4^{-1})^{-1}\times5^{-1} = (\frac{1}{3}\times\frac{1}{4})^{-1}\times\frac{1}{5} --> (a^{-1}=1/a)$$

$$= (\frac{1}{12})^{-1}\times\frac{1}{5}$$

$$= 12\times\frac{1}{5} --> (a^{-1}=1/a)$$

$$= \frac{12}{5}$$
---> (a^{-1}=1/a)

$$(v)(4^{-1}-5^{-1}) \div 3^{-1} = (\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5}) \div \frac{1}{3} \qquad --> (a^{-1} = 1/a)$$
$$= (\frac{5-4}{20}) \times$$
$$= \frac{1}{20} \times 3$$
$$= \frac{3}{20}$$

Powers Ex 2.2 Q5

Answer:

********* END *******