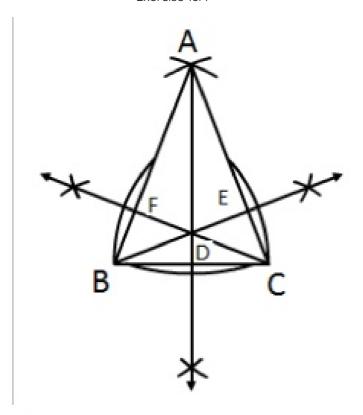


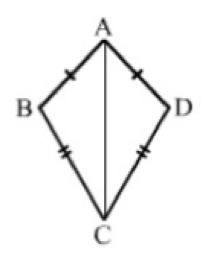
Exercise 18A



Q7

Answer:

(a) the diagonal AC



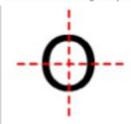
Since the part ABC is symmetrical to the part ADC, AC divides the figure into two equal parts.

Q8

Answer:

(c) two lines of symmetry

The letter O of the English alphabetic system is symmetrical about its horizontal and vertical line.



Q9

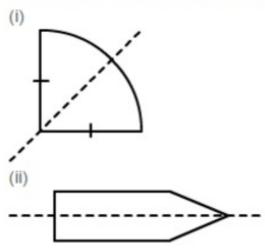
Answer:

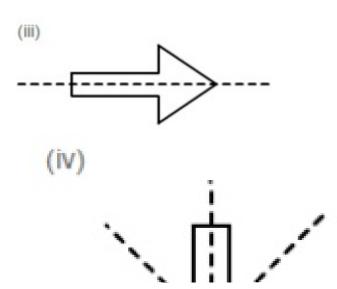
(a) no line of symmetry

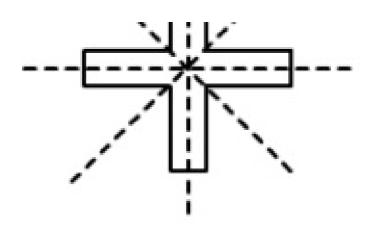
Q10

Answer:

Lines of symmetry are shown by the dotted lines.





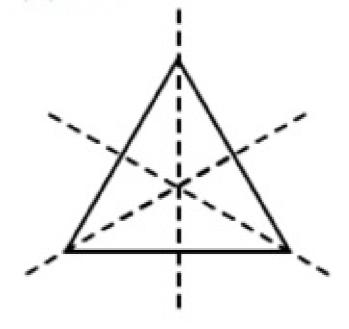


Q11

Answer:

- (i) True
- (ii) True

(iii) True



(iv) False

A rhombus is symmetrical about both of its diagonals. So, a rhombus has two lines of symmetry.

(v) True

A square is symmetrical about both of its diagonals and both the lines joining the midpoints of its opposite sides.

So, a square has four lines of symmetry.

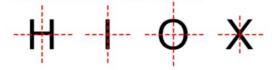
(vi) True

A rectangle is symmetrical about both the lines joining the midpoints of its opposite sides. So, a rectangle has two lines of symmetry.

(vii) True

Each one of the letters, H, I, O and X, of the English alphabetic system is symmetrical about its horizontal and vertical line, in the middle of the letters.

So, all these letters have two lines of symmetry.



********** END ********