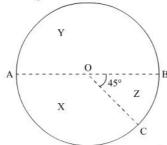


## Probability Ex 13.2 Q1 Answer:

**Given:** A fair spinner is placed at the centre O of the circle. Diameter AOB and radius OC divide the circle into three regions labeled X, Y and Z and angle  $\angle BOC=45^{\circ}$ 

To find: Probability that the spinner will land in X region?

Total angle of circle is 360°.



$$\angle AOC + \angle BOC = 180^{\circ} (Straight angle)$$

$$\angle AOC = 180^{\circ} - 45^{\circ}$$

We know that PROBABILITY = Number of favourable event

Total number of event

....(1)

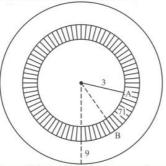
Hence probability of "spinner will land in X region" is  $\frac{135}{360} = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$ 

# Probability Ex 13.2 Q2 Answer:

**Given:** A target is shown in figure consists of three concentric circles of radius 3, 7, and 9 cm. A dart is thrown and lands on the target

To find: Probability that the dart will land in shaded region?

Total area of circle with radius 9 cm



Area of circle with radius 9 cm =  $\pi r^2$ 

$$=\pi\left(9\right)^{2}$$

$$=81\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

Area of shaded portion =  $\pi (R^2 - r^2)$ 

$$=\pi(7^2-3^2)$$

$$=\pi(7+3)(7-3)$$

$$=\pi(10)(4)$$

$$=40\pi$$

We know that Probability =  $\frac{\text{Number of favourable event}}{\text{Total number of event}}$ 

Hence probability of the spinner will land in shaded region is  $\frac{40\pi}{81\pi} = \frac{40}{81}$ 

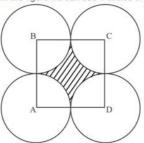
#### Probability Ex 13.2 Q3

#### Answer:

**Given:** A, B, C, and D are the centers of four circles that each have a radius of length one unit. If a point is selected at random from the interior of square ABCD

To find: Probability that the point will be chosen from the shaded region,

In the figure we can see 4 circles of radius 1 unit.



Area of quarter circle with centre A:

$$= \frac{1}{4} (\pi r^2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (\pi \times 1^2)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4}$$

Since all the circles are of the same radius hence the area of quarter with centre B, C, D will be same as the area of circle of quarter of circle with centre A.

Hence total area covered by 4 quarter circle will be

$$=4\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

 $=\pi$  unit<sup>2</sup>

Side of the square will be 2 units

Area of square ABCD=4 unit2

Area of the shaded portion =  $(4-\pi)$  cm<sup>2</sup>

We know that PROBABILITY

### = Number of favourable event

Total number of event

$$=\frac{4-\pi}{4}$$

$$=1-\frac{\pi}{4}$$

Hence probability of the shaded region is  $1 - \frac{\pi}{4}$ 

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*