

Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cylinder Ex 19.1 Q10 Answer:

Given data is as follows:

Inner diameter of the well = 3.5 m

h = 10 m

Rate of plastering = Rs.40 per square meter

We have to find two things,

- 1. Inner curved surface area
- 2. Total cost of plastering the inner curved surface

First of all diameter is given. Therefore, let us findout the radius.

$$r = \frac{diameter}{2} = \frac{3.5}{2}$$

Inner curved surface area = 2π rh

$$=2\times\frac{22}{7}\times\frac{3.5}{2}\times10$$

Inner curved surface area = $110 \, m^2$

(ii) Now, let us find the total cost of plastering this area.

It is given that for 1 m2 the cost of plastering is Rs. 40

Therefore, for $110 \, m^2$ the cost of plastering = 110×40

 $=4400 \, m^2$

Cost of plastering = $4400 \, m^2$

Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cylinder Ex 19.1 Q11 Answer:

Given data is as follows:

Diameter = 4.2m

Wastage = $\frac{1}{12}^{th}$ of actual steel used

Given is the diameter which is 4.2m, therefore, $r = \frac{4.2}{2} = 2.1$

We know that,

Lateral Surface Area = $2 \times \pi \times r \times h$

Lateral Surface Area = $2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.1 \times 4.5$

Lateral Surface Area = $59.4m^2$ Let the actual area of steel used in making the tank be x

It is given that, area of steel wasted in making the tank is $\frac{1}{12}^{th}$ the actual area of steel present

Therefore, area of steel wasted = $\frac{x}{12}$

area of steel present in the tank = $x - \frac{x}{12} = x \left(1 - \frac{1}{12}\right) = \frac{11x}{12}$

Hence,
$$\frac{11x}{12}$$
 = Total Surface Area
$$x = \frac{12}{11} \times \text{Total Surface Area}$$

$$x = \frac{12}{11} \times \left(2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.1 \times 4.5 + 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.1 \times 2.1\right)$$

$$x = \frac{12}{11} \times \left(2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.1(4.5 + 2.1)\right)$$

$$x = 95.04m^2$$

Actual area of steel used = 95.04 m^2

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