

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q5(iii)

We have,

$$tan 3\theta + tan \theta = 2 tan 2\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $tan 3\theta - tan 2\theta = tan 2\theta - tan \theta$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 tan 30 - tan 20 = tan 20 - tan 0

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $2 \sin^2 \theta \sin 2\theta = 0$

⇒ either

$$\sin \theta = 0$$
 or $\sin 2\theta = 0$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $\theta = n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ or $2\theta = m\pi, m \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{or} \quad \theta = m\frac{\pi}{2}, m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q6(i)

We have,

$$\sin\theta + \cos\theta = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin\theta + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\cos\theta = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \sin\frac{\pi}{4}\sin\theta + \cos\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\theta = 1 \qquad \qquad \left[\psi \cos\frac{\pi}{4} = \sin\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

$$\left[\because \cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \cos\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\,0^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta - \frac{\pi}{4} = 2n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = 2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\therefore \ \theta = \left(8n+1\right)\frac{\pi}{4}, n \in Z$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q6(ii)

$$\sqrt{3}\cos\theta + \sin\theta = 1$$

Divide both side by 2, we get

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\cos\theta + \frac{1}{2}\sin\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \cos\frac{\pi}{6}\cos\theta + \sin\frac{\pi}{6}\sin\theta = \frac{1}{2} \qquad \qquad \left[\because \sin\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{2} , \cos\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right]$$

$$\left[\because \sin\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{2}, \cos\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \cos\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = \frac{\pi}{6} = 2n \pm \frac{\pi}{3}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{6}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = \left(4n+1\right)\frac{\pi}{2} \qquad \qquad \text{or} \quad \left(12m-1\right)\frac{\pi}{6} \, , n, m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q6(iii)

$$\sin\theta + \cos\theta = 1$$

divide both side by $\sqrt{2}$, we get,

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin\theta + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\cos\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \theta + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = \frac{\pi}{4} = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{4}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \theta + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \cos \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{4} = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{4}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad 2n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

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