

## Question-1

If you are elected as the president of India which of the following decision can you take on your own?

- (a) Select the person you like as Prime Minister.
- (b) Dismiss a Prime Minister who has a majority in Lok Sabha.
- (c) Ask for reconsideration of a bill passed by both the Houses.
- (d) Nominate the leaders of your choice to the Council of Ministers.
- (c) Ask for reconsideration of a bill passed by both the Houses.

## Question-2

Who among the following is a part of the political executive?

- (a) District Collector
- (b) Secretary of the Ministry of Home Affairs.
- (c) Home Minister
- (d) Director General of Police

Solution:

(c) Home Minister.

## Question-3

Which of the following statements about the judiciary is false?

- (a) Every law passed by the parliament needs approval of the Supreme Court.
- (b) Judiciary can strike down a law if it goes against the spirit of the Constitution.
- (c) Judiciary is independent of the Executive.
- (d) Any citizen can approach the courts if her rights are violated. Solution:
- (a) Every law passed by the Parliament needs approval of the Supreme Court.

## Question-4

Which of the following institutions can make changes to an existing law of the country?

- (a) The Supreme Court
- (b) The President
- (c) The Prime Minister
- (d) The Parliament

Solution:

(d) The Parliament

A parliament is a legislature. More specifically, "parliament" may refer only to a democratic government's legislature. The term is derived from the French parlement, the action of parler a parlement is a discussion. The term came to mean a meeting at which such a discussion took place. It acquired its modern meaning as it came to be used for the body of people. who would meet to discuss matters of state.

