

Rationalisation Ex 3.1 Q4

Answer:

(i) We know that $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$. We will use this property to simplify the expression $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})^2$

$$\therefore \left(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{3}\right)^2 + \left(\sqrt{7}\right)^2 + 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{7}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{7} + 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{7}$$

$$= \sqrt{3 \times 3} + \sqrt{7 \times 7} + 2 \times \sqrt{3 \times 7}$$

$$= \left(3^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(7^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2\sqrt{21}$$

$$= 3^1 + 7^1 + 2\sqrt{21}$$

 $=10+2\sqrt{21}$

Hence the value of expression is $10 + 2\sqrt{21}$

(ii) We know that $(a-b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$. We will use this property to simplify the expression $(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3})^2$

$$\left(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{5}\right)^2 + \left(\sqrt{3}\right)^2 - 2 \times \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{3}$$

$$= \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} - 2 \times \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{3}$$

$$= \sqrt{5 \times 5} + \sqrt{3 \times 3} - 2 \times \sqrt{5 \times 3}$$

$$=(5^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}+(3^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}-2\sqrt{15}$$

$$=5^1 + 3^1 - 2\sqrt{15}$$

 $=8-2\sqrt{15}$

Hence the value of expression is $8 - 2\sqrt{15}$

(iii) We know that $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$. We will use this property to simplify the expression

$$\left(2\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{2}\right)^2$$

$$=2\sqrt{5}\times2\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{2}\times3\sqrt{2}+2\times2\sqrt{5}\times3\sqrt{2}$$

$$=2\times2\sqrt{5\times5}+3\times3\sqrt{2\times2}+2\times2\times3\sqrt{5\times2}$$

$$=4\left(5^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}+9\left(2^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}+12\sqrt{10}$$

$$=4\times5^{1}+9\times2^{1}+12\sqrt{10}$$

$$=20+18+12\sqrt{10}$$

$$=38+12\sqrt{10}$$

Hence the value of expression is $38 + 12\sqrt{10}$