

Exercise 10B

# Q1

#### Answer:

$$\underline{4} = \underline{4 \div 2} = \underline{2}; \quad \underline{8} = \underline{8 \div 4} = \underline{2}$$
6 6 ÷ 2 3 12 12 ÷ 4 3

Hence, 4:9::8:12 are in proportion.

$$7 = 7 \div 7 = 1$$
;  $13 = 13 \div 13 = 1$   
42 42 ÷ 7 6 78 78 ÷ 13 6

Hence, 7:42::13:78 are in proportion.

Hence, 33:121::9:96 are not in proportion.

(iv) 22, 33, 42, 63

$$\frac{22}{33} = \frac{22 \div 11}{33 \div 11} = \frac{2}{3}$$
 and  $\frac{42}{63} = \frac{42 \div 21}{63 \div 21} = \frac{2}{3}$ 

Hence, 22:33:: 42:63 are not in proportion.

Hence, 32:48::70:210 are not in proportion.

$$150 = 150 \div 50 = 3$$
;  $250 = 250 \div 50 = 5$   
 $200 \quad 200 \div 50 \quad 4 \quad 300 \quad 300 \div 50 \quad 6$ 

Hence, 150:200::250:300 are not in proportion.

## Q2

#### Answer:

147 147 ÷ 21 7

$$\underline{60} = \underline{60 \div 15} = \underline{4}$$
 (H.C.F. of 60 and 105 is 15.)  
 $105 + 15 = \underline{7}$   
 $\underline{84} = \underline{84 \div 21} = \underline{4}$  (H.C.F. of 84 and 147 is 21.)

$$91 = 91 \div 13 = 7$$
 (H.C.F. of 91 and 104 is 13.)  
 $104 = 104 \div 13 = 8$   
 $119 = 119 \div 17 = 7$  (H.C.F. of 11 and 136 is 17.)  
 $136 = 136 \div 17 = 8$ 

Hence, 91:104::119:136 are in proportion.

### (iii) 108:72::129:86

$$108 = 108 \div 36 = 3$$
 (H.C.F. of 108 and 72 is 36.)  
 $72 \quad 72 \div 36 \quad 2$   
 $129 = 129 \div 43 = 3$  (H.C.F. of 129 and 86 is 43.)  
 $86 \quad 86 \div 43 \quad 2$ 

Hence, 108:72::129:86 are in proportion.

# (iv) 39:65::141:235

$$39 = 39 \div 13 = 3$$
 (H.C.F. of 39 and 65 is 13.)  
 $65 = 65 \div 13 = 5$   
 $141 = 141 \div 47 = 3$  (H.C.F. of 141 and 235 is 47.)  
 $235 = 235 \div 47 = 5$ 

Hence, 39:65::141:235 are in proportion.

# Q3

#### Answer:

# (i) 55:11::x:6

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$\Rightarrow$$
 11 $x = 330$ 

#### (ii) 27:x::63:84

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$27 \times 84 = x \times 63$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 63x = 2268

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $x = 2268 = 36$ 

#### (iii) 51:85::57:x

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$51 \times x = 85 \times 57$$

$$\Rightarrow 51x = 4845$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \qquad x = \underline{4845} = 95$$

## (iv) x:92::87:116

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$x \times 116 = 92 \times 87$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 116x = 8004

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \qquad x = 8004 = 69$$

### Answer:

- (i) 51:68::85:102

  Product of means = 68 × 85 = 5780

  Product of extremes = 51 × 102 = 5202

  Product of means ≠ Product of extremes

  Hence, (F).
- (ii) 36:45::80:100

  Product of means = 45 × 80 = 3600

  Product of extremes = 36 × 100 = 3600

  Product of means = Product of extremes

  Hence, (T).
- (iii) 30 bags:18 bags::Rs 450:Rs 270
  or 30:18::450:270
  Product of means = 18 × 450 = 8100
  Product of extremes = 30 × 270 = 8100
  Product of means = Product of extremes
  Hence, (T).
- (iv) 81 kg:45 kg::18 men:10 men
  or 81:45::18:10

  Product of means = 45 × 18 = 810

  Product of extremes = 81 × 10 = 810

  Product of means = Product of extremes
  Hence, (T).
- (v) 45 km:60 km::12 h:15 h or,45:60::12:15 Product of means = 60 × 12 = 720 Product of extremes = 45 × 15 = 675 Product of means ≠ Product of extremes Hence, (F).
- (vi) 32 kg:Rs 36::8 kg:Rs 9
  Product of means = 36 × 8 = 288
  Product of extremes = 32 × 9 = 288
  Product of means = Product of extremes
  Hence, (T).

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