

## TEXT BOOK QUESTIONS SOLVED

Question 1. Answer the following questions.

- (i) What is meant by the term 'industry'?
- (ii) Which are the main factors which influence the location of an industry?
- (iii) Which industry is often referred to as the backbone of modem industry and why?
- (iv) Why cotton textile industry rapidly expanded in Mumbai?
- (v) What are the similarities between information, technology industry in Bangalore and California?

Answer: (i) Industry refers to an economic activity that is concerned with production of goods, extraction of minerals or provision of services.

- (ii) The location of industries is affected by the availability of raw material, land, water, labour, power, capital, transport and market.
- (iii) The iron and steel industry is referred to as the backbone of modem industry. This is so because it is a "feeder" industry whose products are used as raw materials for other industries.
- (iv) Cotton textile industry expanded rapidly in Mumbai initially because of the presence of a lot of favourable conditions. Warm and moist climate, a port situated nearby to import machinery, easy availability of raw material and skilled labour were factors behind this.
- (v) Some of the points of similarity between information technology industry in Bangalore and Silicon Valley are:
- (a) Educational and technological institutions: Bangalore has the largest number of educational institutions and IT colleges in India and Silicon Valley is also situated close to some reputed scientific and technological centres of the world.
- (b) Environment: Both of Bangalore and Silicon Valley have low pollution levels and have a clean environment.

Question 2. Tick the correct answer.

- (i) Silicon Valley is located in
- (a) Bangalore
- (b) California
- (c) Ahmedabad
- (ii) Which one of the following industries is known as sunrise industry?
- (a) Iron and steel industry
- (b) Cotton textile
- (c) Information Technology
- (iii) Which one of the following is a natural fibre?
- (a) nylon
- (b) jute
- (c) acrylic

Answer: (i) (b), (ii) (c), (iii) (b).

Question 3. Distinguish between the followings.

(i) Agro-based and mineral-based industry (ii) Public sector and joint sector industry

## Answer: (i)

	Agro-based Industry	Mineral-based Industry
1.	Agro-based industries use plant and animal based products as their raw material.	Mineral-based industries use mineral ores as their raw material.
2.	Examples of raw materials used: animal skin, crops.	<ol><li>Examples of raw materials used: iron ore, limestone.</li></ol>
3.	Examples of industries: leather industry, food processing.	Examples of industries: iron and steel industry.

(ii)

	Public Sector Industry	Joint Sector Industry
1.	Public sector industries are owned and run by the government.	Joint sector industries are owned and op- erated by the state as well as individuals.
2.	Examples: Hindustan Aeronautics Limited.	2. Examples: Maruti Udyog.

Question 4. Give two examples of each the following.

- (i) Raw materials
- (ii) End products
- (iii) Tertiary activities
- (iv) Agro-based industries
- (v) Cottage industries
- (vi) Co-operatives

Answer:

- (i) ores, plants.
- (ii) Clothes that we wear, a car.
- (iii) Trade, banking.
- (iv) Food processing, leather industry.
- (v) Basket weaving, pottery.
- (vi) AMUL, Sudha Dairy.

