

iv.
$$A = \{1, 2, 4, 5\}, B = \{2, 3, 5, 6\}, C = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$B \cup C = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$A - (B \cup C) = \{1\},...(1)$$

$$(A - B) = \{1, 4\}$$

$$(A - C) = \{1, 2\}$$

$$(A - B) \cap (A - C) = \{1\}....(2)$$

From eq $^{n}(1)$ and eq $^{n}(2)$, we get

$$A - (B \cup C) = (A - B) \cap (A - C)$$

Sets Ex 1.6 Q2(v)

v.
$$A = \{1, 2, 4, 5\}, B = \{2, 3, 5, 6\}, C = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$B \cap C = \{5, 6\}$$

$$A - (B \cap C) = \{1, 2, 4\}, \dots, (1)$$

$$(A - B) = \{1, 4\}$$

$$(A - C) = \{1, 2\}$$

$$\left(\mathsf{A}-\mathsf{B}\right)\cup\left(\mathsf{A}-\mathsf{C}\right)=\left\{\ 1,2,4\right\}\ldots\ldots\left(2\right)$$

From eqn(1) and eqn(2), we get

$$A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cup (A - C)$$

Sets Ex 1.6 Q2(vi)

vi.
$$A = \{1, 2, 4, 5\}, B = \{2, 3, 5, 6\}, C = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$$
 $B\Delta C = (B - C) \cup (C - B) = \{2, 3\} \cup \{4, 7\} = \{2, 3, 4, 7\}$
 $A \cap (B\Delta C) = \{2, 4\}, \dots, (1)$

$$(A \cap B) = \{2, 5\}$$

$$(A \cap C) = \{4, 5\}$$

$$(A \cap B) \Delta (A \cap C) = [(A \cap B) - (A \cap C)] \cup [(A \cap C) - (A \cap B)]$$

$$(A \cap B) \Delta (A \cap C) = \{2\} \cup \{4\} = \{2, 4\}, \dots, (2)$$
From eqⁿ (1) and eqⁿ (2), we get
$$A \cap (B\Delta C) = (A \cap B) \Delta (A \cap C)$$
Sets Ex 16 Q3(1)
$$U = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \text{ is the universal set}$$

$$A = \{3, 7\}, B = \{2, 5, 7, 9\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{x : x \in A \text{ or } x \in B\}$$

$$= \{2, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$$

$$= U - A \cup B$$

$$= \emptyset$$
RHS = $A' \cap B'$

$$A' \cap B' = \{2, 5, 9\} \cap \{3\}$$

$$= \emptyset$$

$$\{A \cap B\}' = \{2, 5, 9\} \cap \{3\}$$

$$= \emptyset$$
[v the two sets are disjoint]
$$A \cap B = \{x \mid x \in A \text{ and } x \in B\}$$

$$= \{7\}$$

$$\therefore (A \cap B)' = \{7\}'$$

$$= \{x \in U : x \notin 7\}$$

$$= \{$$

Hence, LHS = RHS Proved

******* END ********