



Congruent Triangles Ex 10.1 Q3

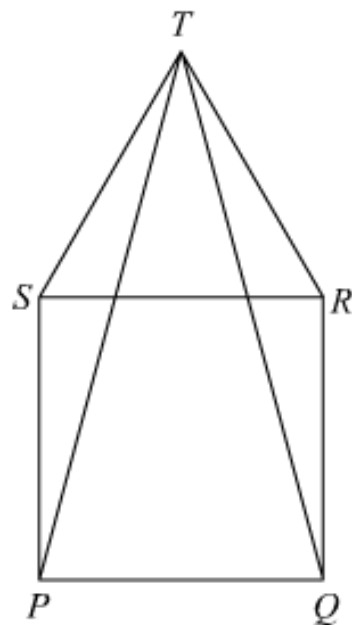
Answer :

It is given that

$\Delta PQRS$ is a square and ΔSRT is an equilateral triangle.

We have to prove that

(1) $PT = QT$ and (2) $\angle TQR = 15^\circ$



(1)

Since,

$$\angle PSR = 90^0 \text{ (Angle of square)}$$

$$\angle TSR = 60^0 \text{ (Angle of equilateral triangle)}$$

Now, adding both

$$\angle PSR + \angle TSR = 90^0 + 60^0$$

$$\angle PST = 150^0$$

Similarly, we have $\angle QRT = 150^0$

Thus in $\triangle PST$ and $\triangle QRT$ we have

$$PS = QR \text{ (Side of square)}$$

$$\angle PST = \angle QRT = 150^0$$

And $ST = RT$ (equilateral triangle side)

So by SAS congruence criterion we have

$$\triangle PST \cong \triangle QRT$$

Hence $\boxed{PT = QT}$.

(2)

Since

$$QR = RS \text{ (Sides of Square)}$$

$$RS = RT \text{ (Sides of Equilateral triangle)}$$

We get

$$QR = RT$$

Thus, we get

$$\angle TQR = \angle RTQ \text{ (Angles opposite to equal sides are equal)}$$

Now, in the triangle TQR, we have

$$\angle TQR + \angle RTQ + \angle QRT = 180^0$$

$$\angle TQR + \angle TQR + 150^0 = 180^0$$

$$2\angle TQR + 150^0 = 180^0$$

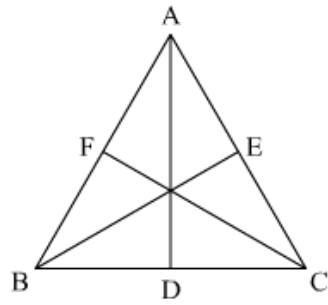
$$2\angle TQR = 180^0 - 150^0$$

$$2\angle TQR = 30^0$$

$$\angle TQR = \frac{30^0}{2} = 15^0$$

Answer :

We have to prove that the median of an equilateral triangle are equal.



Let $\triangle ABC$ be an equilateral triangle with AD , BE , and CF as its medians.

Let $AB = AC = BC$

In $\triangle BFC$ and $\triangle CEB$ we have

$$BF = CE \text{ (Since } AB = AC = \frac{1}{2} AB = \frac{1}{2} AC \text{ similarly } BF = CE \text{)}$$

$$\angle ABC = \angle ACB \text{ (In equilateral triangle, each angle} = 60^\circ \text{)}$$

And $BC = BC$ (common side)

So by SAS congruence criterion we have

$$\triangle BFC \cong \triangle CEB$$

This implies that,

$$BE = CF$$

Similarly we have $AD = BE$

Hence $\boxed{AD = BE = CF}$.

***** END *****