



Exercise 1A

$$\therefore a = -2$$

Solution 15:

Answer :

(i) Consider the integers 8 and -8 . Then, we have:

$$8 + (-8) = 0$$

(ii) Consider the integers 2 and (-9) . Then, we have:

$$2 + (-9) = -7, \text{ which is a negative integer.}$$

(iii) Consider the integers -4 and -5 . Then, we have:

$$(-4) + (-5) = -9, \text{ which is smaller than } -4 \text{ and } -5.$$

(iv) Consider the integers 2 and 6. Then, we have:

$$2 + 6 = 8, \text{ which is greater than both 2 and 6.}$$

(v) Consider the integers 7 and -4 . Then, we have:

$$7 + (-4) = 3, \text{ which is smaller than 7 only.}$$

Solution 16:

Answer :

(i) F (false). -3 , -90 and -100 are also integers. We cannot determine the smallest integer, since they are infinite.

(ii) F (false). -10 is less than -7 .

(iii) T (true). All negative integers are less than zero.

(iv) T (true).

(v) F (false). Example: $-9 + 2 = -7$

***** END *****