

Combinations Ex 17.1 Q14

If
$${}^nC_r = {}^nC_P$$

then $r+P=n$
 \therefore 16 = $r+r+2$

then
$${}^{r}C_{4} = {}^{7}C_{4}$$
 $(\because r = 7)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7!}{4!(7-4)!} \left(\because {}^{n}C_{r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7 \times 5 \times 6}{3 \times 2}$$
= 35

Combinations Ex 17.1 Q15

$$^{20}C_5 + \sum_{r=2}^{5} ^{25-r}C_4$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(^{20}C_5 + ^{20}C_4 \right) + ^{21}C_4 + ^{22}C_4 + ^{23}C_4$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2^{1}C_{5} + ^{21}C_{4} \end{pmatrix} + ^{22}C_{4} + ^{23}C_{4} \qquad \qquad \left(\cdot \cdot \ ^{n}C_{r-1} + ^{n}C_{r} \right. = ^{n+1}C_{r} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 22C_5 + ^{22}C_4 \end{pmatrix} + ^{23}C_4 \qquad \qquad \left(\cdots \ ^nC_{r-1} + ^nC_r \right. =^{n+1}C_r \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow^{23} C_5 +^{23} C_4 \qquad \qquad \left((\cdot \cdot \, {}^n C_{r-1} +^n C_r \, =^{n+1} C_r \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow^{24} C_5$$

Combinations Ex 17.1 Q16

Product =
$$[(2n+1)(2n+3)(2n+5)...(2n+r)]$$

= $\frac{(2n)![(2n+1)(2n+3)...(2n+r)]}{(2n)!}$
= $\frac{(2n)[(2n-1)(2n-2)...4.2(2n+1)(2n+3)]}{(2n)!}$
= $\frac{(2n+r)!}{(2n)!}$

Hence r = 2n

$$= \frac{(2n+2n)!}{2n}$$
$$= \frac{(4n)!}{(2n)!}$$
$$= (2n)!$$

Combinations Ex 17.1 Q17

L.H.S,
$$= {}^{2n} C_n + {}^{2n} C_{n-1}$$

$$\frac{2n!}{n! \ n!} + \frac{2n!}{(n-1)!(n-1)!}$$

$$= (2n)! \left[\frac{1}{n(n-1)!(n)(n-1)!} + \frac{1}{(n-1)!(n-1)!} \right]$$

$$= \frac{(2n)!}{(n-1)!(n-1)!} \left[\frac{1+n^2}{n^2} \right] \dots \dots \dots (i)$$

$$2^{n+2}C_{n+1} = \frac{(2n+2)!}{(n+1)!(n+1)!}$$

$$= \frac{(2n+2)(2n+1)(2n)!}{n(n+1)(n-1)!(n+1)n(n-1)!}......(ii)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(2n)!}{(n-1)!(n-1)!} \times \frac{(n+1)^2(n)^2(n-1)!(n-1)!}{(2n+2)(2n+1)(2n)!} \times \left(\frac{1+n^2}{n^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{(n-1)!(n-1)!}{(2n+2)(2n+1)(2n)!} \times \left(\frac{(n-1)!(n-1)!}{(n-1)!} \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{(n+1)!(n-1)!}{(2n+2)!} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

********* END *******