

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q27 We have,

 $\int x \cos x \, dx = x \int \cos x \, dx - \int \left(\int \cos x \, dx \right) \frac{dx}{dx} \, dx = x \sin x - \int \sin x \, dx$

$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \cos x \, dx = \left[x \sin x + \cos x \right]_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \left[\frac{\pi}{2} + 0 - 0 - 1 \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - 1$$

$$\therefore \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} - 1$$

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q28

 $\int x^2 \cos x \, dx = x^2 \int \cos x \, dx - \int (2x) \left(\int \cos x \, dx \right) \, dx = x^2 \sin x - \int \sin x \cdot 2x \, dx$

$$= x^{2} \sin x - 2 \left[x \right] \sin x - \int \left(\sin x dx \right) dx$$
$$= x^{2} \sin x - 2 \left[-x \cos x + \int \cos x dx \right]$$

$$\frac{x}{\int_{0}^{2} x^{2} \cos x \, dx} = \left[x^{2} \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x \right]_{0}^{x}$$

$$= \left[\frac{\pi^{2}}{4} + 0 - 2 - 0 - 0 + 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{\pi^{2}}{4} - 2$$

$$\therefore \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^2 \cos x dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4} - 2$$

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q29

We have

$$\int x^2 \sin x \, dx = x^2 \int \sin x \, dx - \int 2x \left(\int \sin x \, dx \right) \, dx = x^2 \cos x + \int 2x \cos x \, dx$$

$$= x^{2} \cos x + 2 \left[x \int \cos x dx - \int \left(\int \cos x dx \right) dx \right]$$
$$= -x^{2} \cos x + 2 \left[x \sin x - \int \sin x dx \right]$$

$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x^{2} \sin x dx = \sqrt{2} + \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\pi^{2}}{16\sqrt{2}} - 2$$

Definite Integrals Ex 20.1 Q30

We have,

$$\int x^{2} \cos 2x \, dx = x^{2} \int \cos 2x \, dx - \int 2x \, \left(\int \cos 2x \, dx \right) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2} \sin 2x}{2} - \int 2x \times \frac{\sin 2x}{2} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2} \sin 2x}{2} - \left[x \int \sin 2x \, dx - \int \left(\int \sin 2x \, dx \right) \, dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{x^{2} \sin 2x}{2} + \left[\frac{x \cos 2x}{2} - \int \frac{x \cos 2x}{2} \right]$$

$$\therefore \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^{2} \cos 2x \, dx = \left[\frac{x^{2} \sin 2x}{2} + \frac{x \cos 2x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4} \right]_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{\pi^{2}}{8} \times 0 + \frac{\pi}{4} (-1) - 0 - 0 - 0 + 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{-\pi}{4}$$

$$\therefore \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^2 \cos 2x dx = \frac{-\pi}{4}$$

******* END ******