

Compound Interest Ex 14.1 Q9

Answer:

$$P = Rs 8,000$$

$$T = 9 \text{ months} = 3 \text{ quarters}$$

$$R = 20\%$$
 per annum = 5% per quarter

$$A = 8,000 \left(1 + \frac{5}{100}\right)^3$$

$$=8,000(1.05)^3$$

$$=9,261$$

The required amount is Rs 9,261.

Now,

$$CI = A - P$$

$$= Rs 9,261 - Rs 8,000$$

$$= Rs 1,261$$

Compound Interest Ex 14.1 Q10

Answer:

$$SI = \frac{PRT}{100}$$

$$\therefore P = \frac{SI \times 100}{RT}$$

$$= \frac{200 \times 100}{10 \times 2}$$

$$= Rs 1,000$$

$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^{n}$$

$$= 1,000\left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right)^{2}$$

$$= 1,000(1.10)^{2}$$

$$= Rs 1,210$$

$$Now,$$

$$CI = A - P$$

$$= Rs 1,210 - Rs 1,000$$

$$= Rs 210$$

Compound Interest Ex 14.1 Q11

Answer:

To calculate the interest compounded quarterly, we have:

$$A = P \Big(1 + \tfrac{R}{400} \Big)^{4n}$$

$$=64,000\Big(1+rac{10}{400}\Big)^{4 imes 1}$$

$$=64,000(1.025)^4$$

$$=70,644.03$$

Thus, the required amount is Rs 70,644.03.

Now,

$$CI = A - P$$

$$= Rs 70,644.025 - Rs 64,000$$

$$= Rs 6,644.03$$

******* END *******