

Mensuration-I area of a trapezium and a polygon Ex 20.2 Q4

Answer:

Given:

Sum of the parallel sides of a trapezium = 60 cm

Area of the trapezium = 600 cm^2

Area of trapezium= $\frac{1}{2} \times (Sum \text{ of the parallel sides}) \times (Height)$

On putting the values:

$$600 = \frac{1}{2} \times 60 \times (\text{Height})$$

$$600 = 30 \times (Height)$$

Height
$$=\frac{600}{30}=20 \text{ cm}$$

Mensuration-I area of a trapezium and a polygon Ex 20.2 Q5

Answer:

Given:

Area of the trapezium=65 cm²

The lengths of the opposite parallel sides are 13 cm and 26 cm.

Area of trapezium= $\frac{1}{2}$ ×(Sum of parallel bases)×(Altitude)

On puttin g the values:

$$65 = \frac{1}{2} \times \left(13 + 26\right) \times \left(\text{Altitude}\right)$$

$$65 \times 2 = 39 \times Altitude$$

Altitude=
$$\frac{130}{39} = \frac{10}{3}$$
 cm

Mensuration-I area of a trapezium and a polygon Ex 20.2 Q6

Answer:

Given:

Area of the trapezium $= 4.2 \text{ m}^2$

Height =
$$280 \text{ cm} = \frac{280}{100} \text{ m} = 2.8 \text{ m}$$

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}$ ×(Sum of the parallel bases)×(Height)

$$4.2 = \frac{1}{2} \times (\text{Sum of the parallel bases}) \times 2.8$$

$$4.2 \times 2 = (Sum of the parallel bases) \times 2.8$$

Sum of the parallel bases
$$= \frac{8.4}{2.8} = 3 \text{ m}$$

******* END *******