

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q2(xi)

We have,

$$\sin \theta = \tan \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta (\cos \theta - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ either } \sin \theta = 0 \text{ or } \cos \theta - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ or } \cos \theta = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta = \cos 0^{\circ}$$

$$\theta = 2m\pi, m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Thus,

$$\theta = n\pi n \in \mathbb{Z}$$
 or $\theta = 2m\pi, m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q2(xii)

$$= -\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - 3x)$$

cos(2x) = -sin(3x)

$$=\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}+3x)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2n π + 2x = $\frac{\pi}{2}$ + 3x

$$x=(4m\text{-}1)\frac{\pi}{2}\ , m\in Z$$

or

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2n π - 2x = $\frac{\pi}{2}$ + 3x

$$x = (4n-1)\frac{\pi}{10}, n \in Z$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q3(i)

We have,

$$sin^2\theta - \cos\theta = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - \cos^2\theta - \cos\theta = \frac{1}{4} \qquad \left[\because sin^2\theta = 1 - \cos^2\theta\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos^2\theta + \cos\theta - \frac{3}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\cos^2\theta + 4\cos\theta - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\cos^2\theta + 6\cos\theta - 2\cos\theta - 3 = 0 \qquad \left[factorize \text{ it}\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\cos\theta \left(2\cos\theta + 3\right) - 1\left(\cos\theta + 3\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2\cos\theta - 1)\left(2\cos\theta + 3\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ either}$$

$$2\cos\theta - 1 = 0 \qquad \text{or} \quad 2\cos\theta + 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\theta = \frac{1}{2} \qquad \text{or} \quad \cos\theta = -\frac{3}{2} \qquad \left[\text{This is not possible as } -1 < \cos\theta < 1\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\theta = \cos\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q3(ii)

We have,
$$2\cos^2\theta - 5\cos\theta + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\cos^2\theta - 4\cos\theta - \cos\theta + 2 = 0 \quad \text{[use factorization]}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\cos\theta (\cos\theta - 2) - 1(\cos\theta - 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2\cos\theta - 1)(\cos\theta - 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ either}$$

$$2\cos\theta - 1 = 0 \quad \text{or } \cos\theta - 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\theta = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or } \cos\theta = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\theta = \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \quad \text{[This is not possible as } -1 < \cos\theta < 1\text{]}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$
 Thus,
$$\theta = 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

******* END *******