

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q28 **Answer**:

To simplify, we will proceed as follows:

$$\begin{array}{l} (3x-2)(2x-3)+(5x-3)(x+1)\\ =[(3x-2)(2x-3)]+[(5x-3)(x+1)]\\ =[3x(2x-3)-2(2x-3)]+[5x(x+1)-3(x+1)] & \text{(Distributive law)}\\ =6x^2-9x-4x+6+5x^2+5x-3x-3\\ =6x^2+5x^2-9x-4x+5x-3x-3+6 & \text{(Rearranging)}\\ =11x^2-11x+3 & \text{(Combining like terms)} \end{array}$$

Thus, the answer is $11x^2 - 11x + 3$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q29

Answer:

To simplify, we will proceed as follows:

$$\begin{array}{l} (5x-3)(x+2)-(2x+5)(4x-3)\\ = [(5x-3)(x+2)]-[(2x+5)(4x-3)]\\ = [5x(x+2)-3(x+2)]-[2x(4x-3)+5(4x-3)]\\ = 5x^2+10x-3x-6-8x^2+6x-20x+15\\ = 5x^2-8x^2+10x-3x+6x-20x-6+15\\ = 5x^2-8x^2+10x-3x+6x-20x-6+15\\ = 5x^2-8x^2+10x-3x+6x-20x-6+15\\ = -3x^2-7x+9 \end{array} \qquad \text{(Combining like terms)}$$

Hence, the answer is $-3x^2 - 7x + 9$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q30

Answer:

To simplify, we will proceed as follows:

$$\begin{array}{l} (3x+2y)(4x+3y)-(2x-y)(7x-3y)\\ = \left[(3x+2y)(4x+3y)\right]-\left[(2x-y)(7x-3y)\right]\\ = \left[3x(4x+3y)+2y(4x+3y)\right]-\left[2x(7x-3y)-y(7x-3y)\right] & \text{(Distributive law)}\\ = 12x^2+9xy+8xy+6y^2-\left[14x^2-6xy-7xy+3y^2\right]\\ = 12x^2+9xy+8xy+6y^2-14x^2+6xy+7xy-3y^2\\ = 12x^2-14x^2+9xy+8xy+6xy+7xy+6y^2-3y^2 & \text{(Rearranging)}\\ = -2x^2+30xy+3y^2 & \text{(Combining like terms)} \end{array}$$

Thus, the answer is $-2x^2 + 30xy + 3y^2$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q31

Answer:

To simplify, we will proceed as follows:

$$\begin{array}{l} \left(x^2-3x+2\right)(5x-2)-\left(3x^2+4x-5\right)(2x-1)\\ =\left[\left(x^2-3x+2\right)(5x-2)\right]-\left[\left(3x^2+4x-5\right)(2x-1)\right]\\ =\left[5x\left(x^2-3x+2\right)-2\left(x^2-3x+2\right)\right]-\left[2x\left(3x^2+4x-5\right)-1\times\left(3x^2+4x-5\right)\right]\\ \text{(Distributive law)}\\ =\left[5x^3-15x^2+10x-\left(2x^2-6x+4\right)\right]-\left[6x^3+8x^2-10x-3x^2-4x+5\right]\\ =\left[5x^3-15x^2+10x-2x^2+6x-4\right]-\left[6x^3+8x^2-10x-3x^2-4x+5\right]\\ =5x^3-15x^2+10x-2x^2+6x-4-6x^3-8x^2+10x+3x^2+4x-5\\ =5x^3-6x^3-15x^2-2x^2-8x^2+3x^2+10x+6x+10x+4x-5-4\\ \text{(Rearranging)}\\ =-x^3-22x^2+30x-9 \end{array}$$

Thus, the answer is $-x^3 - 22x^2 + 30x - 9$

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q32

Answer:

To simplify, we will proceed as follows:

$$\begin{array}{l} \left(x^3-2x^2+3x-4\right)(x-1)-(2x-3)\left(x^2-x+1\right) \\ = \left\lfloor \left(x^3-2x^2+3x-4\right)(x-1)\right\rfloor - \left\lfloor \left(2x-3\right)\left(x^2-x+1\right)\right\rfloor \\ = \left\lfloor x\left(x^3-2x^2+3x-4\right)-1\left(x^3-2x^2+3x-4\right)\right\rfloor - \left\lfloor 2x\left(x^2-x+1\right)-3\left(x^2-x+1\right)\right\rfloor \\ \text{(Distributive law)} \\ = \left\lfloor x\left(x^3-2x^2+3x-4\right)-1\left(x^3-2x^2+3x-4\right)\right\rfloor - \left\lfloor 2x\left(x^2-x+1\right)-3\left(x^2-x+1\right)\right\rfloor \\ = x^4-2x^3+3x^2-4x-x^3+2x^2-3x+4-\left\lfloor 2x^3-2x^2+2x-3x^2+3x-3\right\rfloor \\ = x^4-2x^3+3x^2-4x-x^3+2x^2-3x+4-2x^3+2x^2-2x+3x^2-3x+3 \\ = x^4-2x^3-2x^3-x^3+3x^2+2x^2+2x^2+3x^2-4x-3x-2x-3x+4+3 \\ \text{(Rearrangling)} \\ = x^4-5x^3+10x^2-12x+7 \end{array}$$
 (Combining like terms)

Thus, the answer is $x^4 - 5x^3 + 10x^2 - 12x + 7$.

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