

# Exercise 6C

R.H.S. = 
$$a^3b + ab^3 = 2^3 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = 4 + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{17}{4}$$
  
 $\therefore$  L.H.S. = R.H.S.

## Q18

## Answer:

$$s(s^2-st)$$
  
=  $s \times s^2 - s \times st$   
=  $s^{(1+2)} - s^{(1+1)} \times t$   
=  $s^3 - s^2t$   
When  $s = 2$  and  $t = 3$ , we get:  
L. H. S. =  $s(s^2 - st) = 2(2^2 - 2)$ 

L.H.S. = 
$$s(s^2 - st) = 2(2^2 - 2 \times 3) = 2 \times (4 - 6) = -4$$
  
R.H.S. =  $s^3 - s^2t = 2^3 - 2^2 \times 3 = 8 - 12 = -4$   
L.H.S. = R.H.S.

L.H.S. = R.H.S.  

$$\therefore s(s^2 - st) = s^3 - s^2t$$

#### Q19

### Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} -3y \Big( xy + y^2 \Big) \\ = -3y \times xy - 3y \times y^2 \\ = -3 \times x \times y \times y - 3 \times y \times y^2 \\ = -3 \times x \times y^{(1+1)} - 3 \times y^{(1+2)} \\ = -3xy^2 - 3y^3 \\ \text{When } x = 4 \text{ and } y = 5, \text{ we get :} \\ \text{L.H.S.} = -3y \Big( xy + y^2 \Big) = -3 \times 5 \Big( 4 \times 5 + 5^2 \Big) = -15 \times \Big( 20 + 25 \Big) = -675 \\ \text{R.H.S.} = -3xy^2 - 3y^3 = -3 \times 4 \times 5^2 - 3 \times 5^3 = -300 - 375 = -675 \\ \text{L.H.S.} = \text{R.H.S.} \end{array}$$

$$\therefore -3y(xy + y^2) = -3xy^2 -3y^3$$

Q20

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{c}) + \mathbf{b}(\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a}) + \mathbf{c}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}) \\ = \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{b} \\ = \mathbf{a}\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{b}\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a}\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a}\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{b}\mathbf{c} \\ = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Q21

Answer:

$$a(b-c) - b(c-a) - c(a-b)$$
  
=  $a \times b - a \times c - b \times c + b \times a - c \times a + c \times b$   
=  $ab + ab - ac - ac - bc + bc$   
=  $2ab - 2ac$   
=  $2a(b-c)$ 

Q22

Answer:

$$3x^{2} + 2(x+2) - 3x(2x+1)$$

$$= 3x^{2} + 2 \times x + 2 \times 2 - 3x \times 2x - 3x$$

$$= 3x^{2} + 2x + 4 - 6x^{2} - 3x$$

$$= -3x^{2} - x + 4$$

Q23

Answer:

$$x(x+4) + 3x(2x^{2} - 1) + 4x^{2} + 4$$

$$= x \times x + x \times 4 + 3x \times 2x^{2} - 3x + 4x^{2} + 4$$

$$= x^{(1+1)} + 4x + 6 \times x^{(1+2)} - 3x + 4x^{2} + 4$$

$$= x^{2} + 4x + 6x^{3} - 3x + 4x^{2} + 4$$

$$= 6x^{3} + 5x^{2} + x + 4$$

#### Q24

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} &2x^2 + 3x\Big(1 - 2x^3\Big) + x\Big(x+1\Big) \\ &= 2x^2 + 3x - 3x \times 2x^3 + x^2 + x \\ &= 2x^2 + 3x - 6 \times x^{(1+3)} + x^2 + x \\ &= 2x^2 + 3x - 6x^4 + x^2 + x \\ &= -6x^4 + 3x^2 + 4x \end{aligned}$$

# Q25

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} &a^2b\Big(a-b^2\Big)+ab^2\Big(4ab-2a^2\Big)-a^3b\Big(1-2b\Big)\\ &=a^2b\times a-a^2b\times b^2+ab^2\times 4\,ab-ab^2\times 2a^2-a^3b+a^3b\times 2b\\ &=a^{(2+1)}\times b-a^2\times b^{(1+2)}+4\times a^{(1+1)}\times b^{(2+1)}-2\times a^{(1+2)}\times b^2-a^3b+2\times a^3\\ &\times b^{(1+1)}\\ &=a^3b-a^2b^3+4a^2b^3-2a^3b^2-a^3b+2a^3b^2\\ &=3a^2b^3 \end{aligned}$$

#### Q26

Answer

$$\begin{array}{l} 4 \operatorname{st} \left( \mathbf{s} - \mathbf{t} \right) - 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \left( \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{t}^2 \right) - 3 \mathbf{t}^2 \left( 2 \mathbf{s}^2 - \mathbf{s} \right) + 2 \operatorname{st} \left( \mathbf{s} - \mathbf{t} \right) \\ = 4 \operatorname{st} \times \mathbf{s} - 4 \operatorname{st} \times \mathbf{t} - 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \times \mathbf{t} - 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \times \left( - \mathbf{t}^2 \right) - 3 \mathbf{t}^2 \times 2 \mathbf{s}^2 - 3 \mathbf{t}^2 \times \left( - \mathbf{s} \right) + 2 \operatorname{st} \times \mathbf{s} - 2 \operatorname{st} \times \mathbf{t} \\ \times \mathbf{t} \\ = 4 \times \mathbf{s}^{(1+1)} \times \mathbf{t} - 4 \times \mathbf{s} \times \mathbf{t}^{(1+1)} - 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} + 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t}^2 - 6 \mathbf{t}^2 \mathbf{s}^2 + 3 \mathbf{t}^2 \mathbf{s} + 2 \times \mathbf{s}^{(1+1)} \times \mathbf{t} - 2 \times \mathbf{s} \\ \times \mathbf{t}^{(1+1)} \\ = 4 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} - 4 \mathbf{s} \mathbf{t}^2 - 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} + 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t}^2 - 6 \mathbf{t}^2 \mathbf{s}^2 + 3 \mathbf{t}^2 \mathbf{s} + 2 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} - 2 \operatorname{st}^2 \\ = 4 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} - 6 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} + 2 \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{t} - 4 \operatorname{st}^2 + 3 \operatorname{st}^2 - 2 \operatorname{st}^2 \\ = -3 \operatorname{st}^2 \end{array}$$

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