



#### Permutations Ex 16.2 Q6

Since toss of each coin can result in 2 ways.

When coin is tossed five times, the total number of outcomes

$$= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$= 32$$

Hence, required number of ways is 32

#### Permutations Ex 16.2 Q7

The number of ways to examinee answer a true/false type question is 2.

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{the number of ways for an examinee to answer a set of ten true/false type} \\ \text{questions} &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \\ &= 1024. \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required number of ways is 1024.

#### Permutations Ex 16.2 Q8

The total number of ways to make attempt to open the lock =  $10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1000$ .

The number of ways to successfully open the lock = 1

$$\therefore \text{The number of ways to make an unsuccessful attempt to open the lock} = 1000 - 1 = 999.$$

Hence, required number of ways to make an unsuccessfully attempt to the open the lock is 999.

#### Permutations Ex 16.2 Q9

Each one of the first three questions can be answered in 4 ways.

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{The total number of ways to answered the first} \\ \text{three question} &= 4 \times 4 \times 4 \\ &= 64 \end{aligned}$$

Each of the next three question can be answered in 2 ways.

$$\therefore \text{The total number of ways the answered the next three questions} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$$

$$\text{so, total number of sequences at answers} = 64 \times 8 = 512$$

#### Permutations Ex 16.2 Q10

There are 5 books on mathematics and 6 books on physics in a book shop.

The number of ways to select a mathematics book = 5

The number of ways to select a physics book = 6

Now,

$$(i) \text{ Number of ways in which a student can buy a mathematics book and a physics book} = 5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$(ii) \text{ Number of ways in which a student buy either a mathematics book or a physics book} = 5 + 6 = 11$$

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*