

Statistics Ex 7.4 Q18

Answer:

We prepare the cumulative frequency table, as given below.

lite tim e(in hours)	No. of lamps:	cumulative frequency (c.f.)
1500 - 2000	14	14
2000 - 2500	56	70
2500 - 3000	60	130
3000 - 3500	86	216
3500-4000	74	290
4000 - 4500	62	352
4500 - 5000	48	400
	N=400	

We have, N = 400

So,
$$\frac{N}{2} = 200$$

Now, the cumulative frequency just greater than 200 is 216 and the corresponding class is 3000-3500.

Therefore, 3000 - 3500 is the median class.

Here, l = 3000, f = 86, F = 130 and h = 500

We know that

Median =
$$I + \left\{ \frac{\frac{N}{2} - F}{f} \right\} \times h$$

= $3000 + \left\{ \frac{200 - 130}{86} \right\} \times 500$
= $3000 + \frac{70 \times 500}{86}$
= $3000 + \frac{35000}{86}$
= $3000 + 406.98$
= 3406.98

Hence, the median life of the lamps is approximately 3406.98 hours.

Statistics Ex 7.4 Q19

Answer:

We prepare the cumulative frequency table, as given below.

weight (in kg):	No. of students: (f_i)	cumulative frequency (c.f.)
40-45	2	2
45 - 50	3	5
50 - 55	8	13
55-60	6	19
60 - 65	6	25
65 - 70	3	28
70 - 75	2	30
	N = 30	

We have, N = 30

So,
$$\frac{N}{2} = 15$$

Now, the cumulative frequency just greater than 15 is 19 and the corresponding class is 55-60. Therefore, 55-60 is the median class.

Here,
$$l = 55$$
, $f = 6$, $F = 13$ and $h = 5$

We know that

Median =
$$I + \left\{ \frac{\frac{N}{2} - F}{f} \right\} \times h$$

= $55 + \left\{ \frac{15 - 13}{6} \right\} \times 5$
= $55 + \frac{2 \times 5}{6}$
= $55 + \frac{10}{6}$
= $55 + 1.667$
= 56.667

Hence, the median weight of students is 56.67 kg.

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