

Linear Inequations Ex 15.1 Q25

$$\frac{5x+8}{4-x}<2$$

$$\frac{5x+8}{4-x}-2<0$$

$$\frac{5x+8-2\left(4-x\right)}{4-x}<0$$

$$\frac{5x + 8 - 8 + 2x}{4 - x} < 0$$

$$\frac{7x}{4-x} < 0$$

Case 1:
$$7x > 0$$
 and $4-x < 0$

$$\Rightarrow x > 0$$
 and $4 < x$

$$\Rightarrow 4 < x$$

Case 2:
$$7x < 0$$
 and $4-x > 0$
 $\Rightarrow x < 0$ and $4 > x$

$$\Rightarrow x < 0$$
 and $4 > x$

$$\Rightarrow x < 0$$

Hence solution set is $(-\infty, 0) \cup (4,\infty)$

Linear Inequations Ex 15.1 Q26

$$\frac{x-1}{x+3} > 2$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+3} - 2 > 0$$

$$\frac{x-1-2(x+3)}{x+3} > 0$$

$$\frac{x-1-2x-6}{x+3} > 0$$

$$\frac{-x-7}{x+3} > 0$$

$$\frac{x+7}{x+3} < 0$$

Case 1:
$$x + 7 > 0$$
 and $x + 3 < 0$
 $\Rightarrow x > -7$ and $x < -3$

Case 2:
$$x + 7 < 0$$
 and $x + 3 > 0$
 $\Rightarrow x < -7$ and $x > -3$

This is not possible.

$$\therefore$$
 The solution set is $(-7, -3)$

Linear Inequations Ex 15.1 Q27

$$\frac{7x-5}{8x+3} > 4$$

$$\frac{7x-5}{8x+3}-4>0$$

$$\frac{7x - 5 - 4(8x + 3)}{8x + 3} > 0$$

$$\frac{7x-5-32x-12}{8x+3} > 0$$

$$\frac{-25x - 17}{8x + 3} > 0$$

$$\frac{25x + 17}{8x + 3} < 0$$

Case 1:
$$25x + 17 > 0$$
 and $8x + 3 < 0$

$$\Rightarrow x > \frac{-17}{25} \quad and \quad x < \frac{-3}{8}$$

Case 2:
$$25x + 17 < 0$$
 and $8x + 3 > 0$

$$\Rightarrow x < \frac{-17}{25}$$
 and $x > \frac{-3}{8}$

This is not possible

$$\therefore$$
 Hence the solution set is $\left(\frac{-17}{25}, \frac{-3}{8}\right)$

Linear Inequations Ex 15.1 Q28

$$\frac{x}{x-5} > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x}{x-5} - \frac{1}{2} > 0$$

$$\frac{2x-\left(x-5\right)}{2\left(x-5\right)}>0$$

$$\frac{2x-x+5}{2x-10}>0$$

$$\frac{x+5}{2x-10} > 0$$

Case 1:
$$x + 5 > 0$$
 and $2x - 10 > 0$
 $\Rightarrow x > -5$ and $x > 5$
 $\Rightarrow x > 5$

Case 2:
$$x + 5 < 0$$
 and $2x - 10 < 0$
 $\Rightarrow x < -5$ and $x < 5$
 $\Rightarrow x < -5$

Hence the solution set is $(-\infty, -5) \cup (5, \infty)$