



Binomial Theorem Ex 18.2 Q16(vi)

$$\left(x - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{3n}$$

$$T_{r+1} = (-1)^r {}^{3n}C_r x^{3n-r} \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^r$$

$$= (-1)^r {}^{3n}C_r x^{3n-r-2r}$$

Independent of $x \Rightarrow x^0$

$$x^{3n-3r} = x^0 \Rightarrow r = n$$

$$= (-1)^n {}^{3n}C_n$$

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We have,

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{3}} + x^{\frac{-1}{5}}\right)^8$$

Let $(r+1)^{\text{th}}$ term be independent of x .

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore T_{r+1} &= {}^8C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^{8-r} \left(x^{\frac{-1}{5}}\right)^r \\&= {}^8C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{8-r} \times \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^{8-r} \times \left(\frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{5}}}\right)^r \\&= {}^8C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{8-r} \times (x)^{\frac{8-r}{3}} \times \left(\frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{5}}}\right)^r \\&= {}^8C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{8-r} \times (x)^{\frac{8-r}{3} - \frac{r}{5}} \\&= {}^8C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{8-r} \times (x)^{\frac{40-5r-3r}{15}} \\&= {}^8C_r \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{8-r} \times (x)^{\frac{40-8r}{15}}\end{aligned}$$

If it is independent of x , we must have

$$\frac{40-8r}{15} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 8r = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 5$$

\therefore The term independent of $x = T_6$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}T_6 &= {}^8C_5 \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^{8-5} \left(x^{\frac{-1}{5}}\right)^5 \\&= 56 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \\&= 56 \times \frac{1}{8} \\&= 7\end{aligned}$$

Hence, required term = 7

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$$\begin{aligned} & (1+x+2x^3)\left(\frac{3}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{3x}\right)^9 \\ &= (1+x+2x^3)\left[\left(\frac{3}{2}x^2\right)^9 - {}^9C_1\left(\frac{3}{2}x^2\right)^8 \frac{1}{3x} + \dots + {}^9C_6\left(\frac{3}{2}x^2\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{3x}\right)^6 - {}^9C_7\left(\frac{3}{2}x^2\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{3x}\right)^7\right] \end{aligned}$$

In the second bracket, we have to search the term so x^0 and $\frac{1}{x^3}$ which when multiplying

by 1 and $2x^3$ is first bracket will give the term independent of x . The term containing $\frac{1}{x}$ will not occur in second bracket.

The term independent of x

$$\begin{aligned} &= 1\left[{}^9C_6 \frac{3^3}{2^3} \times \frac{1}{3^6}\right] - 2x^3\left[{}^9C_7 \frac{3^3}{2^3} \times \frac{1}{3^7} \times \frac{1}{x^3}\right] \\ &= \left[\frac{9 \times 8 \times 7}{1 \times 2 \times 3} \times \frac{1}{8 \times 27}\right] - 2\left[\frac{9 \times 8}{1 \times 2} - \frac{1}{4 \times 243}\right] \\ &= \frac{7}{18} - \frac{2}{27} \\ &= \frac{17}{54} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Required term} = \frac{17}{54}$$

***** END *****