



Trigonometric Identities Ex 6.1 Q47

Answer :

(i) We have to prove the following identity-

$$\frac{1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta - \sin \theta} = \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

Consider the LHS.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta - \sin \theta} \\ &= \left(\frac{1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta - \sin \theta} \right) \left(\frac{1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta} \right) \\ &= \frac{(1 + \cos \theta + \sin \theta)^2}{(1 + \cos \theta)^2 - \sin^2 \theta} \\ &= \frac{2 + 2(\cos \theta + \sin \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta)}{2 \cos^2 \theta + 2 \cos \theta} \\ &= \frac{2(1 + \cos \theta)(1 + \sin \theta)}{2 \cos \theta(1 + \cos \theta)} \\ &= \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \end{aligned}$$

= RHS

Hence proved.

(ii) We have to prove the following identity-

$$\frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta - 1} = \frac{1}{\sec \theta - \tan \theta}$$

Consider the LHS.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta - 1} \\ &= \left(\frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta - 1} \right) \left(\frac{\sin \theta + \cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta + 1} \right) \\ &= \frac{(\sin \theta + 1)^2 - \cos^2 \theta}{(\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^2 - 1} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin^2 \theta + 2 \sin \theta}{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin \theta (1 + \sin \theta)}{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta} \\ &= \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \\ &= \left(\frac{1 + \sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \right) \left(\frac{1 - \sin \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} \right) \\ &= \frac{\cos \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sec \theta - \tan \theta} \quad (\text{Divide numerator and denominator by } \cos \theta) \end{aligned}$$

RHS

Hence proved.

(iii) We have to prove the following identity-

$$\frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta + 1}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta - 1} = \operatorname{cosec} \theta + \cot \theta$$

Consider the LHS.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta + 1}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta - 1} \\ &= \frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta + 1}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta - 1} \times \frac{\cos \theta + \sin \theta + 1}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta + 1} \\ &= \frac{(\cos \theta + 1)^2 - (\sin \theta)^2}{(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)^2 - (1)^2} \\ &= \frac{\cos^2 \theta + 1 + 2 \cos \theta - \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta + 2 \cos \theta \sin \theta - 1} \\ &= \frac{\cos^2 \theta + 1 + 2 \cos \theta - (1 - \cos^2 \theta)}{1 + 2 \cos \theta \sin \theta - 1} \\ &= \frac{2 \cos^2 \theta + 2 \cos \theta}{2 \cos \theta \sin \theta} \\ &= \frac{2 \cos \theta (\cos \theta + 1)}{2 \cos \theta \sin \theta} \\ &= \frac{\cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta} \\ &= \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \\ &= \cot \theta + \operatorname{cosec} \theta \end{aligned}$$

= RHS

Hence proved.

***** END *****