



Maxima and Minima 18.5 Q33

Let $P(x, y)$ be a point on the curve $y^2 = 2x$ which is minimum distance from the point $A(1, 4)$.

Let

S = square of the length of AP

$$S = (x-1)^2 + (y-4)^2$$

Using this equation, we have

$$S = x^2 + 1 - 2x + y^2 + 16 - 8y$$

$$S = x^2 - 2x + 2x + 17 - 8y$$

$$S = \frac{y^4}{4} - 8y + 17 \quad \left[\text{Since } x = \frac{y^2}{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{dS}{dy} = y^3 - 8$$

For maxima and minima, we have

$$\frac{dS}{dy} = 0$$

$$y^3 - 8 = 0$$

$$y^3 = 8$$

$$y = 2$$

Now,

$$\frac{d^2S}{dy^2} = 3y^2$$

$$\frac{d^2S}{dy^2} = 12 > 0$$

$\therefore y = 2$ is minimum point

We have

$$x = \frac{y^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{2}$$

$$= 2$$

Hence, $(2, 2)$ is at a minimum distance from the point $(1, 4)$.

Maxima and Minima 18.5 Q34

The given equation of curve is

$$y = x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x - 27 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

Slope of (i)

$$m = \frac{dy}{dx} = -3x^2 + 6x + 2 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

Now,

$$\frac{dm}{dx} = -6x + 6$$

$$\text{and } \frac{d^2m}{dx^2} = -6 < 0$$

For maxima and minima,

$$\frac{dm}{dx} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -6x + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2m}{dx^2} = -6 < 0$$

$\therefore x = 1$ is point of local maxima

Hence, maximum slope = $-3 + 6 + 2 = 5$

Maxima and Minima 18.5 Q35

We have,

Cost of producing x radio sets is Rs. $\frac{x^2}{4} + 35x + 25$

Selling price of x radio is Rs. $x \left(50 - \frac{x}{2} \right)$

So,

Profit on x radio sets is

$$P = \text{Rs} \left(50x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^2}{4} - 35x - 25 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{dP}{dx} &= 50 - x - \frac{x}{2} - 35 \\ &= 15 - \frac{3}{2}x \end{aligned}$$

For maxima and minima,

$$\frac{dP}{dx} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 - \frac{3}{2}x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 10$$

Also,

$$\frac{d^2P}{dx^2} = \frac{-3}{2} < 0$$

$\therefore x = 10$ is the point of local maxima

Hence, the daily output should be 10 radio sets.

We have,

Cost of producing x radio sets is Rs. $\frac{x^2}{4} + 35x + 25$

Selling price of x radio is Rs. $x \left(50 - \frac{x}{2} \right)$

So,

Profit on x radio sets is

$$P = \text{Rs} \left(50x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^2}{4} - 35x - 25 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{dP}{dx} &= 50 - x - \frac{x}{2} - 35 \\ &= 15 - \frac{3}{2}x \end{aligned}$$

For maxima and minima,

$$\frac{dP}{dx} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 - \frac{3}{2}x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 10$$

Also,

$$\frac{d^2P}{dx^2} = \frac{-3}{2} < 0$$

$\therefore x = 10$ is the point of local maxima

Hence, the daily output should be 10 radio sets.

***** END *****