



### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q47

Let  $y = (\sin^{-1} x^4)^4$

Differentiate with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} (\sin^{-1} x^4)^4 \\
 &= 4 (\sin^{-1} x^4)^3 \frac{d}{dx} (\sin^{-1} x^4) && \text{[Using chain rule]} \\
 &= 4 (\sin^{-1} x^4)^3 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (x^4)^2}} \frac{d}{dx} (x^4) \\
 &= 4 (\sin^{-1} x^4)^3 \frac{4x^3}{\sqrt{1 - x^8}} \\
 &= \frac{16x^3 (\sin^{-1} x^4)^3}{\sqrt{1 - x^8}}
 \end{aligned}$$

So,

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\sin^{-1} x^4) = \frac{16x^3 (\sin^{-1} x^4)^3}{\sqrt{1 - x^8}}.$$

### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q48

Let  $y = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right)$

Differentiating with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right)^2}} \times \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right) && \text{[Using chain rule and quotient rule]} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right)^2}} \times \frac{\left[ (x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{d}{dx} (x) - \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]}{\left[ (x^2 + a^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]^2} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2} - x^2} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2} - x \times \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + a^2)}{(x^2 + a^2)} \right] \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{a(x^2 + a^2)} \left[ \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} - \frac{x}{2\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \times 2x \right] \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{a(x^2 + a^2)} \left[ \frac{x^2 + a^2 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right] \\
 &= \frac{a^2}{a(x^2 + a^2)} \\
 &= \frac{a}{(a^2 + x^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

So,

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right) = \frac{a}{a^2 + x^2}$$

### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q49

Consider

$$y = \frac{e^x \sin x}{(x^2 + 2)^3}$$

Differentiating it with respect to  $x$  and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x^2 + 2)^3 \frac{d}{dx}(e^x \sin x) - e^x \sin x \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 + 2)^3}{[(x^2 + 2)^3]^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + 2)^3 [e^x \cos x + \sin x e^x] - e^x \sin x 3(x^2 + 2)^2 (2x)}{(x^2 + 2)^6} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + 2)^3 [e^x \cos x + \sin x e^x] - 6xe^x \sin x (x^2 + 2)^2}{(x^2 + 2)^6} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + 2)^2 [(x^2 + 2)(e^x \cos x + \sin x e^x) - 6xe^x \sin x]}{(x^2 + 2)^6} \\ &= \frac{x^2 e^x \cos x + x^2 \sin x e^x + 2e^x \cos x + 2 \sin x e^x - 6xe^x \sin x}{(x^2 + 2)^4} \\ &= \frac{e^x \sin x}{(x^2 + 2)^3} + \frac{e^x \cos x}{(x^2 + 2)^3} - \frac{6xe^x \sin x}{(x^2 + 2)^4} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x \sin x}{(x^2 + 2)^3} + \frac{e^x \cos x}{(x^2 + 2)^3} - \frac{6xe^x \sin x}{(x^2 + 2)^4}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q50

Consider

$$y = 3e^{-3x} \log(1+x)$$

Differentiating it with respect to  $x$  and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 3 \frac{d}{dx} [e^{-3x} \log(1+x)] \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= 3 \left( e^{-3x} \frac{1}{1+x} + \log(1+x) (-3e^{-3x}) \right) \\ &= 3 \left( \frac{e^{-3x}}{1+x} - 3e^{-3x} \log(1+x) \right) \\ &= 3e^{-3x} \left( \frac{1}{1+x} - 3 \log(1+x) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q51

Consider

$$y = \frac{x^2 + 2}{\sqrt{\cos x}}$$

Differentiating it with respect to  $x$  and applying the chain and product rule, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\sqrt{\cos x} \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 + 2) - (x^2 + 2) \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{\cos x}}{(\sqrt{\cos x})^2} \\ &= \frac{2x\sqrt{\cos x} - (x^2 + 2) \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{\cos x}} \right)}{\cos x} \\ &= \frac{2x\sqrt{\cos x} + \frac{(x^2 + 2) \sin x}{2\sqrt{\cos x}}}{\cos x} \\ &= \frac{4x \cos x + (x^2 + 2) \sin x}{2(\cos x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ &= \frac{2x}{\sqrt{\cos x}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(x^2 + 2) \sin x}{(\cos x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{\cos x}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(x^2 + 2) \sin x}{(\cos x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

\*\*\*\*\*END\*\*\*\*\*