

Chapter 5 Trigonometric Functions Ex 5.3 Q 9. i.

LHS = tan 720° - cos 270° - sin 150° cos 120°

$$= \tan 4\pi - \cos \left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) - \sin \left(\pi \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \left(\because \pi = 180^{\circ}\right)$$

$$= 0 - 0 - \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \left(-\sin \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \qquad \left(\because \tan n\pi = 0 \text{ for all } n \in \mathbb{Z} \& \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} = 0\right)$$

$$= \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}$$

= RHS

Chapter 5 Trigonometric Functions Ex 5.3 Q 9. ii.

 $\mathsf{LHS} = \sin 780^{\circ} \sin 480^{\circ} + \cos 120^{\circ} \sin 150^{\circ}$

$$= \sin\left(4\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \sin\left(3\pi - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin\left(\pi - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \qquad \left(\because \pi = 180^{\circ}\right)$$

$$= \sin\frac{\pi}{3} \times \sin\frac{\pi}{3} + \left(-\sin\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin\frac{\pi}{6} \qquad \left(\because \sin\left(4\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$\& \sin\left(3\pi - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sin\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\times\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\times\frac{1}{2}$$

$$=\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{4}$$

$$=\frac{2}{4}$$

= RHS

Proved

Chapter 5 Trigonometric Functions Ex 5.3 Q 9. iii.

LHS = $\sin 780^{\circ} \sin 120^{\circ} + \cos 240^{\circ} \sin 390^{\circ}$

$$= \sin\left(4\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \cos\left(\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin\left(2\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$
$$= \sin\frac{\pi}{3} \times \cos\frac{\pi}{6} - \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \times \left(+\sin\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\times\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\times\frac{1}{2}$$

$$=\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{4}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}$$

Proved

Chapter 5 Trigonometric Functions Ex 5.3 Q 9.iv.

$$= \sin\left(3\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)\cos\left(2\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \cos\left(3\pi - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)\sin\left(\pi - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$= -\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\cos\frac{\pi}{6} - \cos\frac{\pi}{3} - \sin\frac{\pi}{6} \qquad \left(\because \sin\left(3\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = -\sin\frac{\pi}{3} & \cos\left(3\pi - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = -\cos\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-3}{4} - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{3}$$

 $= \frac{-4}{4}$ = -1

= RHS

Prove

Proved

Chapter 5 Trigonometric Functions Ex 5.3 Q 9.v.

$$= tan\left(\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cot\left(2\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + tan\left(4\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cot\left(4\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$= tan\frac{\pi}{4}\cot\frac{\pi}{4} + tan\frac{\pi}{4}\left(-\cot\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$= 1.1 + 1.(-1)$$

$$= 1 - 1$$

$$= 0$$

$$= RHS$$

******* END ******