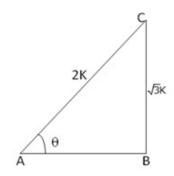


Exercise 5

Question 1:

Given:  $sin\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 

Let us draw a  $\triangle ABC$  in which  $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$  and  $\angle BAC = \theta$ 



Then, 
$$\sin \theta = \frac{BC}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

and 
$$AC = 2k$$
,

where k is positive

By pythagoras theorem, we have

$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2$$

$$\Rightarrow AB^2 = AC^2 - BC^2$$

$$AB^{2} = \left[ \left(2k\right)^{2} - \left(\sqrt{3}k\right)^{2} \right]$$
$$= \left(4k^{2} - 3k^{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 AB =  $\sqrt{k^2}$  = k

$$\therefore \sin \theta = \frac{BC}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{3}k}{2k} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2},$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{k}{2k} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{2}{1}\right) = \sqrt{3};$$

$$\csc\theta = \frac{1}{\sin\theta} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}},$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$
 and

$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*