



Algebraic Identities Ex 4.3 Q1

Answer :

In the given problem, we have to find cube of the binomial expressions

(i) Given $\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right)^3$

We shall use the identity $(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a+b)$

Here $a = \frac{1}{x}, b = \frac{y}{3}$

By applying the identity we get

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right)^3 &= \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{y}{3}\right)^3 + 3\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\left(\frac{y}{3}\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{y^3}{27} + \cancel{3} \times \frac{1}{x} \times \frac{y}{\cancel{3}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{y^3}{27} + \frac{y}{x} \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{y^3}{27} + \frac{y}{x} \times \frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{x} \times \frac{y}{3} \\ &= \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{y^3}{27} + \frac{y}{x^2} + \frac{y^2}{3x}\end{aligned}$$

Hence cube of the binomial expression $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}$ is $\boxed{\frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{y^3}{27} + \frac{y}{x^2} + \frac{y^2}{3x}}$

(ii) Given $\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^3$

We shall use the identity $(a-b)^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a-b)$

Here $a = \frac{3}{x}, b = \frac{2}{x^2}$

By applying the identity we get

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^3 &= \left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{2}{x^2}\right)^3 - 3\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)\left(\frac{2}{x^2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - 3 \times \frac{3}{x} \times \frac{2}{x^2} \left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \frac{18}{x^3} \left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \left(\frac{18}{x^3} \times \frac{3}{x}\right) - \left(\frac{18}{x^3} \times \frac{2}{x^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \left(\frac{54}{x^4} - \frac{36}{x^5}\right) \\ &= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \frac{54}{x^4} + \frac{36}{x^5}\end{aligned}$$

Hence cube of the binomial expression of $\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)$ is $\boxed{\frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \frac{54}{x^4} + \frac{36}{x^5}}$

(iii) Given $\left(2x + \frac{3}{x}\right)^3$

We shall use the identity $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a + b)$.

Here $a = 2x, b = \frac{3}{x}$,

By applying identity we get

$$\begin{aligned}\left(2x + \frac{3}{x}\right)^3 &= (2x)^3 + \left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^3 + 3(2x)\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)\left(2x + \frac{3}{x}\right) \\ &= 2x \times 2x \times 2x + \frac{3}{x} \times \frac{3}{x} \times \frac{3}{x} + \frac{18x}{x} \left(2x + \frac{3}{x}\right) \\ &= 8x^3 + \frac{27}{x^3} + \frac{18x}{x} \left(2x + \frac{3}{x}\right) \\ &= 8x^3 + \frac{27}{x^3} + (18 \times 2x) + \left(18 \times \frac{3}{x}\right) \\ &= 8x^3 + \frac{27}{x^3} + 36x + \frac{54}{x}\end{aligned}$$

Hence cube of the binomial expression of $\left(2x + \frac{3}{x}\right)$ is $\boxed{8x^3 + \frac{27}{x^3} + 36x + \frac{54}{x}}$

(iv) Given $\left(4 - \frac{1}{3x}\right)^3$

We shall use the identity $(a - b)^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a - b)$

Here $a = 4, b = \frac{1}{3x}$

By applying in identity we get

$$\begin{aligned}\left(4 - \frac{1}{3x}\right)^3 &= (4)^3 - \left(\frac{1}{3x}\right)^3 - 3(4)\left(\frac{1}{3x}\right)\left(4 - \frac{1}{3x}\right) \\ &= 4 \times 4 \times 4 - \frac{1 \times 1 \times 1}{3x \times 3x \times 3x} - \frac{12}{3x} \left(4 - \frac{1}{3x}\right) \\ &= 64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \frac{4}{x} \left(4 - \frac{1}{3x}\right) \\ &= 64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \left(\frac{4}{x} \times 4\right) - \left(\frac{4}{x} \times \frac{1}{3x}\right) \\ &= 64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \left(\frac{16}{x} - \frac{4}{3x^2}\right) \\ &= 64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \frac{16}{x} + \frac{4}{3x^2}\end{aligned}$$

Hence cube of the binomial expression of $\left(4 - \frac{1}{3x}\right)$ is $\boxed{64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \frac{16}{x} + \frac{4}{3x^2}}$

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