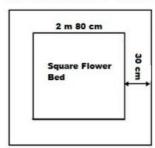


Mensuration I Ex 20.2 Q7

Answer:

We have.

Side of the flower bed = 2 m 80 cm = 2.80 m [Since 100 cm = 1 m]



:. Area of the square flower bed = $(Side)^2$ = $(2.80 \text{ m})^2$ = 7.84 m^2 Side of the flower bed with the digging strip = 2.80 m + 30 cm + 30 cm= (2.80 + 0.3 + 0.3) m = 3.4 m

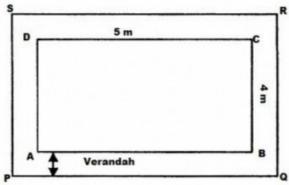
Area of the enlarged flower bed with the digging strip = $(Side)^2 = (3.4)^2 = 11.56 \text{ m}^2$ Thus,

Increase in the area of the flower bed = $11.56 \text{ m}^2 - 7.84 \text{ m}^2$ = 3.72 m^2

Mensuration I Ex 20.2 Q8

Answer:

Let the width of the verandah be x m. Length of the room AB = 5 m and BC = 4 m



∴ Area of the room = $5 \text{ m x } 4 \text{ m} = 20 \text{ m}^2$ Length of the verandah PQ = (5 + x + x) = (5 + 2x) mBreadth of the verandah QR = (4 + x + x) = (4 + 2x) mArea of verandah $PQRS = (5 + 2x) \text{ x } (4 + 2x) = (4x^2 + 18x + 20) \text{ m}^2$ ∴ Area of verandah = Area of PQRS – Area of ABCD

⇒
$$22 = 4x^2 + 18x + 20 - 20$$

⇒ $22 = 4x^2 + 18x$
⇒ $11 = 2x^2 + 9x$
⇒ $2x^2 + 9x - 11 = 0$
⇒ $2x^2 + 11x - 2x - 11 = 0$
⇒ $x(2x + 11) - 1(2x + 11) = 0$
⇒ $(x - 1)(2x + 11) = 0$
When $x - 1 = 0$, $x = 1$
When $2x + 11 = 0$, $x = -\frac{11}{2}$

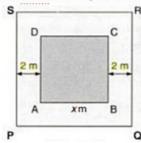
The width cannot be a negative value. So, width of the verandah = x = 1 m.

Mensuration I Ex 20.2 Q9

Answer:

We have.

Let ABCD be the square lawn and PQRS be the outer boundary of the square path.



Let side of the lawn AB be x m.

Area of the square lawn = x^2

Length PQ = (x m + 2 m + 2 m) = (x + 4) m

:. Area of PQRS = $(x + 4)^2 = (x^2 + 8x + 16) \text{ m}^2$

Now

Area of the path = Area of PQRS - Area of the square lawn

$$\Rightarrow$$
 136 = $x^2 + 8x + 16 - x^2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 136 = 8x + 16

$$\Rightarrow$$
 136 - 16 = 8x

$$\Rightarrow$$
 120 = 8x

$$x = 120 \div 8 = 15$$

: Side of the lawn = 15 m

Hence.

Area of the lawn = $(Side)^2 = (15 \text{ m})^2 = 225 \text{ m}^2$

********* END *******