

## Exercise 17B

Step 3: Draw an arc of length 4.8 cm from point Q and name that point as P.

Step 4: Draw an arc of length 6 cm from point R, cutting the previous arc at P.

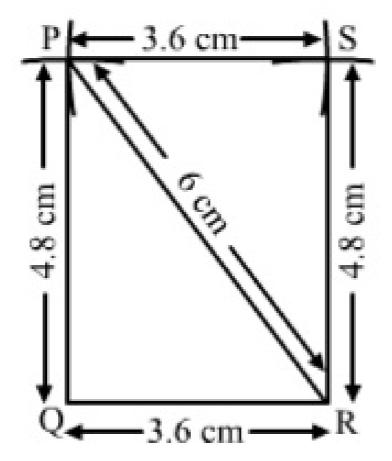
Step 5: Join PC

Step 6: Draw an arc of length 4.8 cm from point R.

From point P, draw an arc of length 3.6 cm, cutting the previous arc. Name that point as S.

Step 7: Join P and S.

Thus, PQRS is the required rectangle. The other side is 4.8 cm in length.



Q12 Answer: We know that the diagonals of a rhombus bisect each other.

.Steps of construction:

Step 1: Draw AC= 6cm

Step 2:Draw a perpendicular bisector(XY) of AC, which bisects AC at O.

Step 3:

$$OB = \frac{1}{2}(8)$$
 cm

$$OB = 4 \, \mathrm{cm}$$

and 
$$OD = \frac{1}{2} \left( 8 \right)$$
 cm

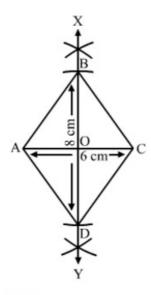
$$OD = 4 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

Draw an arc of length 4 cm on OX and name that point as B.

Draw an arc of length 4 cm on OY and name that point as D.

Step 4: Join AB, BC, CD and AD.

Thus, ABCD is the required rhombus, as shown in the figure.



## Q13

## Answer:

Steps of construction:

Step 1: Draw AB = 4cm

Step 2: With  $\it B$  as the centre, draw an arc of  $\it 4$   $\it cm$ .

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*