



### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q62

Given,  $y = \sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}}$

Differentiate with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}}} \times \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x} \right) \quad \text{[Using chain rule, quotient rule]} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{\frac{1-e^x}{1+e^x}} \left[ \frac{(1-e^x) \frac{d}{dx}(1+e^x) - (1+e^x) \frac{d}{dx}(1-e^x)}{(1-e^x)^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1-e^x}{1+e^x}} \left[ \frac{(1-e^x)e^x + (1+e^x)e^x}{(1-e^x)^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1-e^x}{1+e^x}} \times \left[ \frac{2e^x}{(1-e^x)^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{(1+e^x)} \sqrt{(1-e^x)} (1-e^x)} \\
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{e^x}{(1-e^x) \sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q63

Given,  $y = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

Differentiate with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 &= \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x}) + \frac{d}{dx} \left( x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \left( -\frac{1}{2} \times x^{-\frac{1}{2}-1} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \\
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{x-1}{2x\sqrt{x}} \\
 2x \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 \Rightarrow 2x \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 \Rightarrow 2x \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q64

Given,  $y = \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

Differentiate with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) \\ &= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} \frac{d}{dx} (x \sin^{-1} x) - (x \sin^{-1} x) \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{1-x^2})}{(\sqrt{1-x^2})^2} \right] \\ &\quad \text{[Using quotient rule, product rule, chain rule]} \\ &= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} \left\{ x \frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} x + \sin^{-1} x \frac{d}{dx} (x) \right\} - (x \sin^{-1} x) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{d}{dx} (1-x^2)}{(1-x^2)} \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} \left\{ \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \sin^{-1} x \right\} - \frac{x \sin^{-1} x (-2x)}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{(1-x^2)} \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{x + \sqrt{1-x^2} \sin^{-1} x + \frac{x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{(1-x^2)} \right] \\ (1-x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} &= x + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sin^{-1} x}{1} + \frac{x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\ \Rightarrow (1-x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} &= x + \left( \frac{(1-x^2) \sin^{-1} x + x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) \\ \Rightarrow (1-x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} &= x + \left( \frac{\sin^{-1} x - x^2 \sin^{-1} x + x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) \\ \Rightarrow (1-x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} &= x + \left( \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) \\ (1-x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} &= x + \frac{y}{x} \quad \left\{ \text{Since, given } y = \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q65

Given,  $y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$

Differentiating with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} \right) \\ &= \left[ \frac{(e^x + e^{-x}) \frac{d}{dx} (e^x - e^{-x}) - (e^x - e^{-x}) \frac{d}{dx} (e^x + e^{-x})}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \right] \\ &\quad \text{[Using quotient rule and chain rule]} \\ &= \left[ \frac{(e^x + e^{-x}) \left[ e^x - e^{-x} \frac{d}{dx} (-x) \right] - (e^x - e^{-x}) \left[ e^x + e^{-x} \frac{d}{dx} (-x) \right]}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{(e^x + e^{-x}) (e^x + e^{-x}) - (e^x - e^{-x}) (e^x - e^{-x})}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{e^{2x} + e^{-2x} + 2e^x \times e^{-x} - e^{2x} - e^{-2x} + 2e^x e^{-x}}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \right] \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left[ \frac{4}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \right] \quad \text{---(i)}\end{aligned}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}1 - y^2 &= 1 - \left( \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} \right)^2 \\ &= 1 - \frac{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})^2 - (e^x - e^{-x})^2}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} \\ &= \frac{4}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2}\end{aligned}$$

#### Differentiation Ex 11.2 Q66

Given,  $y = (x-1)\log(x-1) - (x+1)\log(x+1)$

Differentiating with respect to  $x$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} [(x-1)\log(x-1) - (x+1)\log(x+1)] \\ &= \left[ (x-1) \frac{d}{dx} \log(x-1) + \log(x-1) \frac{d}{dx} (x-1) \right] - \\ &\quad \left[ (x+1) \frac{d}{dx} \log(x+1) + \log(x+1) \frac{d}{dx} (x+1) \right] \\ &\quad \text{[Using product rule, chain rule]} \\ &= \left[ (x-1) \times \frac{1}{(x-1)} \frac{d}{dx} (x-1) + \log(x-1) \times (1) \right] - \\ &\quad \left[ (x+1) \frac{1}{(x+1)} \times \frac{d}{dx} (x+1) + \log(x+1) (1) \right] \\ &= [(1) + \log(x-1)] - [1 + \log(x+1)] \\ &= \log(x-1) - \log(x+1) \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= \log \left( \frac{x-1}{x+1} \right) \quad \left[ \text{Since, } \log \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) = \log a - \log b \right].\end{aligned}$$

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