

Compound Interest Ex 14.4 Q7

Answer:

Population after three years = $P\left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^n$

$$196,830 = P\left(1 + \frac{8}{100}\right)^3$$

$$196,830 = P(1.08)^3$$

$$P = \frac{196,830}{1.259712}$$

=156,250

Thus, the population three years ago was 156,250.

Compound Interest Ex 14.4 Q8

Answer:

Population after two years = $P\left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^n$

$$22,050 = P \left(1 + \frac{50}{1000} \right)^2$$

$$22,050 = P(1.05)^2$$

$$P = \frac{22,050}{1,1025}$$

=20,000

Thus, the population two years ago was 20,000.

Compound Interest Ex 14.4 Q9

Answer:

Given:

 $R_1 = 10\%$

 $R_2 = -8\%$

 $R_3 = 12\%$

P = Original count of bacteria = 13,125,000

We know that:

$$P\left(1+\frac{R_1}{100}\right)\left(1-\frac{R_2}{100}\right)\left(1+\frac{R_3}{100}\right)$$

:. Bacteria count after three hours = $13,125,000 \left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right) \left(1 - \frac{8}{100}\right) \left(1 + \frac{12}{100}\right)$

= 13,125,000(1.10)(0.92)(1.12)

=14,876,400

Thus, the bacteria count after three hours will be 14,876,400.

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