

Exercise 6B

$$=\frac{-4}{5}a^{5}b^{3}$$

When a =2 and b =3, we get:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{-2}{3}\,a^2b \ = \ \frac{-2}{3}\times 2^2\times 3 \ = \ -8 \\ \frac{6}{5}\,a^3b^2 \ = \ \frac{6}{5}\times 2^3\times 3^2 \ = \ \frac{432}{5} \\ \text{L. H. S.} \ = \frac{-2}{3}\,a^2b \ \times \frac{6}{5}\,a^3b^2 \ = \ -8\times \frac{432}{5} \ = \frac{-3456}{5} \\ \text{R. H. S.} \ = \ \frac{-4}{5}\,a^5b^3 \ = \frac{-4}{5}\times 2^5\times 3^3 \ = \ \frac{-3456}{5} \end{array}$$

L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence, the result is verified.

Q19

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{-8}{21}\, \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{y}^3 \; \times \; \frac{-7}{16}\, \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}^2 \; = \; \left(\frac{-8}{21}\, \times \frac{-7}{16}\right) \left(\mathbf{x}^{2+1}\right) \left(\mathbf{y}^{3+2}\right) \; = \; \frac{1}{6}\, \times \mathbf{x}^3 \times \mathbf{y}^5 \\ \text{When } x = 3 \; \text{and} \; y = 2, \; \text{we get}: \\ \text{L. H. S.} \; = \; \frac{-8}{21}\, \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{y}^3 \; \times \frac{-7}{16}\, \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}^2 \; = \; \frac{-192}{7}\, \times \frac{-21}{4} = \; 144 \\ \text{R. H. S.} \; = \; \frac{1}{6}\, \mathbf{x}^3 \mathbf{y}^5 = \; \frac{1}{6}\, \times 3^3 \times 2^5 \; = \; 144 \\ \text{L. H. S.} \; = \; \text{R. H. S.} \\ \therefore \; \frac{-8}{21}\, \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{y}^3 \; \times \frac{-7}{16}\, \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}^2 \; = \; \frac{1}{6}\, \mathbf{x}^3 \mathbf{y}^5 \end{array}$$

Q20

Answer:

$$= (2.3 \times 1.2) \times (a^5 \times a^2 \times b^2 \times b^2)$$

$$= 2.76 \times a^{(5+2)} \times b^{(2+2)}$$

$$= 2.76a^7b^4$$
When $a = 1$ and $b = 0.5$, we get:
$$2.76a^7b^4 = 2.76 \times 1^7 \times 0.5^4 = 0.1725$$

Q21

Answer:

$$= (-8 \times (-20)) \times (u^2 \times u \times v^6 \times v)$$

$$= 160 \times u^{(2+1)} \times v^{(6+1)}$$

$$= 160u^3v^7$$

$$160u^3v^7 = 160 \times 2.5^3 \times 1^7 = 2500$$

Q22

Answer:

$$\begin{split} &= \left(\frac{2}{5} \times -15 \times \frac{-1}{2}\right) \times \left(a^2 \times a \times b \times b^2 \times c \times c^2\right) \\ &= 3 \times a^{(2+1)} \times b^{(1+2)} \times c^{(1+2)} \\ &= 3a^3b^3c^3 \\ &\text{When } a = 1, \ b = 2 \ \text{and } c = 3, \ \text{we get}: \\ &\frac{2}{5}a^2b = \frac{2}{5} \times 1^2 \times 2 = \frac{4}{5} \\ &- 15b^2ac = -15 \times 2^2 \times 1 \times 3 = -180 \\ &\frac{-1}{2}c^2 = \frac{-1}{2} \times 3^2 = \frac{-9}{2} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{L.H.S.} &=& \frac{2}{5}\,a^2b\times -15b^2ac\times \frac{-1}{2}\,c^2 \,=\, \frac{4}{5}\times -180\times \frac{-9}{2} \,=\, 648\\ \text{R.H.S.} &=& 3a^3b^3c^3 \,=\, 3\times 1^3\times 2^3\times 3^3 \,=\, 648\\ \text{L.H.S.} &=& \text{R.H.S.}\\ &\therefore & \frac{2}{5}\,a^2b\times -15b^2ac\times \frac{-1}{2}\,c^2 \,=\, 3a^3b^3c^3 \end{array}$$

Q23

Answer:

$$\begin{split} &= \left(\frac{1}{4} \times -6 \times -\frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(a \times b \times b^2 \times c \times c \times c^3\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times a \times b^{\left(1+2\right)} \times c^{\left(1+1+3\right)} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \, ab^3 \, c^5 \\ &\text{When a} = 1, \, b = 2 \, \text{and c} = 3, \, \text{we get}: \\ &\frac{1}{4} \, abc \, = \, \frac{1}{4} \times 1 \times 2 \times 3 \, = \, \frac{3}{2} \\ &- 6b^2c \, = \, -6 \times 2^2 \times 3 \, = \, -72 \\ &- \frac{1}{3} \, c^3 \, = \, \frac{-1}{3} \times 3^3 \, = -9 \\ &\text{L.H.S.} \, = \, \frac{1}{4} \, abc \, \times -6b^2c \, \times -\frac{1}{3} \, c^3 \, = \, \frac{3}{2} \times -72 \times -9 \, = \, 972 \\ &\text{R.H.S.} \, = \, \frac{1}{2} \, ab^3 \, c^5 \, = \, \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 2^3 \times 3^5 \, = \, 972 \\ &\text{L.H.S.} \, = \, \text{R.H.S.} \\ &\therefore \, \frac{1}{4} \, abc \, \times -6b^2c \, \times -\frac{1}{3} \, c^3 \, = \, \frac{1}{3} \, ab^3 \, c^5 \end{split}$$

Q24

Answer:

$$\begin{split} &= \left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{-27}{5} \times -8\right) \times \left(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{a}^3 \times \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{b}^2 \times \mathbf{b}^3 \times \mathbf{c}^3 \times \mathbf{c}\right) \\ &= \frac{96}{5} \times \mathbf{a}^{\left(1+3\right)} \times \mathbf{b}^{\left(1+2+3\right)} \times \mathbf{c}^{\left(3+1\right)} \\ &= \frac{96}{5} \, \mathbf{a}^4 \mathbf{b}^6 \mathbf{c}^4 \end{split}$$

When a = 1, b = 2 and c = 3:

L.H.S.:
$$\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{-27}{5} \times -8\right) \times \left(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{a}^3 \times \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{b}^2 \times \mathbf{b}^3 \times \mathbf{c}^3 \times \mathbf{c}\right)$$

= $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{-27}{5} \times -8\right) \times \left(1 \times 1^3 \times 2 \times 2^2 \times 2^3 \times 3^3 \times 3\right)$
= $\frac{497664}{5}$

R.H.S.:
$$\frac{96}{5}$$
 \mathbf{a}^4 \mathbf{b}^6 $\mathbf{c}^4 = \frac{96}{5} \left(1^4 \times 2^6 \times 3^4 \right) = \frac{497664}{5}$

L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence, verified.

Hence, verified.

Q225

$$\begin{split} &= \left(\frac{-4}{7} \times \frac{-2}{3} \times \frac{-7}{6}\right) \times \left(\mathbf{a}^2 \times \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{b}^2 \times \mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{c}^2\right) \\ &= -\frac{4}{9} \, \mathbf{a}^{\left(2+1\right)} \times \mathbf{b}^{\left(1+2\right)} \times \mathbf{c}^{\left(1+2\right)} \\ &= \frac{-4}{9} \, \mathbf{a}^3 \mathbf{b}^3 \mathbf{c}^3 \\ \text{L.H.S.: } \left(\frac{-4}{7} \times \frac{-2}{3} \times \frac{-7}{6}\right) \times \left(1^2 \times 1 \times 2 \times 2^2 \times 3 \times 3^2\right) \\ &= -96 \\ \text{R.H.S.: } \frac{-4}{9} \times 1^3 \times 2^3 \times 3^3 = -96 \\ \text{L.H.S.: } = \text{R.H.S.} \end{split}$$

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