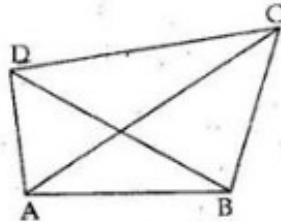




### Exercise 9A

Question 9:

Given: ABCD is a quadrilateral and AC is one of its diagonals.



To Prove :

$$(i) AB + BC + CD + DA > 2AC$$

$$(ii) AB + BC + CD > DA$$

$$(iii) AB + BC + CD + DA > AC + BD$$

Construction : Join BD.

Proof : (i) In  $\triangle ABC$ ,

$$AB + BC > AC \quad \dots(1)$$

and, in  $\triangle ACD$

$$AD + CD > AC \quad \dots(2)$$

Adding both sides of (1) and (2), we get :

$$AB + BC + CD + DA > 2AC \quad \dots(3)$$

(ii) In  $\triangle ABC$ ,

$$AB + BC > AC$$

On adding CD to both sides of this inequality, we have,

$$AB + BC + CD > AC + CD \quad \dots(4)$$

Now, in  $\triangle ACD$ , we have,

$$AC + CD > DA \quad \dots(5)$$

From (4) and (5) we get

$$AB + BC + CD > DA \quad \dots(6)$$

(iii) In  $\triangle ABD$  and  $\triangle BDC$ , we have

$$AB + DA > BD \quad \dots(7)$$

$$\text{and } BC + CD > BD \quad \dots(8)$$

On adding (7) and (8), we get

$$AB + BC + CD + DA > 2BD \quad \dots(9)$$

Adding (9) and (3), we have,

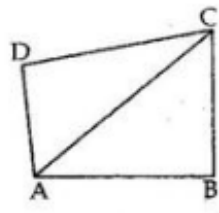
$$2(AB + BC + CD + DA) > 2BD + 2AC$$

$$\text{i.e. } AB + BC + CD + DA > BD + AC$$

[Dividing both sides by 2]

Question 10:

Given: ABCD is a quadrilateral.



To Prove :  $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 360^\circ$

Construction : Join AC

Proof : In  $\triangle ABC$

$$\angle CAB + \angle B + \angle BCA = 180^\circ \quad \dots(i)$$

In  $\triangle ACD$ ,

$$\angle DAC + \angle ACD + \angle D = 180^\circ \quad \dots(ii)$$

Adding both sides of (i) and (ii) we get

$$\angle CAB + \angle B + \angle BCA + \angle DAC + \angle ACD + \angle D = 180^\circ + 180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle CAB + \angle DAC + \angle B + \angle BCA + \angle ACD + \angle D = 360^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 360^\circ$$

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*