

## Pair of Linear Equations in Two varibles Ex 3.7 Q11

## Answer:

Let the digits at units and tens place of the given number be x and y respectively. Thus, the number is 10v + x.

The number is 4 times the sum of the two digits. Thus, we have

10y + x = 4(x+y)

 $\Rightarrow$  10 y + x = 4x + 4y

 $\Rightarrow 4x + 4y - 10y - x = 0$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  3x - 6y = 0

 $\Rightarrow$  3(x-2y) = 0

 $\Rightarrow x - 2y = 0$ 

 $\Rightarrow x = 2y$ 

After interchanging the digits, the number becomes 10x + y.

The number is twice the product of the digits. Thus, we have 10y + x = 2xy

So, we have the systems of equations

x = 2y,

10y + x = 2xy

Here x and y are unknowns. We have to solve the above systems of equations for x and y.

Substituting x = 2y in the second equation, we get

 $10y + 2y = 2 \times 2y \times y$ 

 $\Rightarrow 12 v = 4 v^2$ 

 $\Rightarrow 4v^2 - 12v = 0$ 

 $\Rightarrow 4y(y-3) = 0$ 

 $\Rightarrow y(y-3) = 0$ 

 $\Rightarrow y = 0 \text{ Or } y = 3$ 

Substituting the value of y in the first equation, we have

	y	0	3
1	х	0	6

Hence, the number is  $10 \times 3 + 6 = 36$ .

Note that the first pair of solution does not give a two digit number.

## Pair of Linear Equations in Two varibles Ex 3.7 Q12 Answer:

Let the digits at units and tens place of the given number be x and y respectively. Thus, the number is 10y + x.

The product of the two digits of the number is 20. Thus, we have xy = 20

After interchanging the digits, the number becomes 10x + y.

If 9 is added to the number, the digits interchange their places. Thus, we have

(10y + x) + 9 = 10x + y

 $\Rightarrow$  10y + x + 9 = 10x + y

 $\Rightarrow 10x + y - 10y - x = 9$ 

 $\Rightarrow 9x - 9y = 9$ 

 $\Rightarrow 9(x-y)=9$ 

 $\Rightarrow x - y = \frac{9}{9}$ 

 $\Rightarrow x - y = 1$ 

So, we have the systems of equations

xy = 20,

x-y=1

Here x and y are unknowns. We have to solve the above systems of equations for x and y.

Substituting x = 1 + y from the second equation to the first equation, we get

$$(1+y)y=20$$

$$\Rightarrow y + y^2 = 20$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + y - 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 5y - 4y - 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y + 5y - 4y - 20 = 0$$
$$\Rightarrow y(y+5) - 4(y+5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y+5)(y-4)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -5 \text{ Or } y = 4$$

Substituting the value of y in the second equation, we have

y	-5	4
х	-4	5

Hence, the number is  $10 \times 4 + 5 = \boxed{45}$ 

Note that in the first pair of solution the values of x and y are both negative. But, the digits of the number can't be negative. So, we must remove this pair.

