

Arithematic Progressions Ex 19.6 Q4

Let A_1 , A_2 , A_3 , A_4 , A_5 , A_6 be the 6 AM's between 15 and - 13 Then,

$$15, A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4, A_5, A_6, -13$$
 are in A.P of 8 terms
Here, $-13 = a_8 = a + 7d$
 $\Rightarrow -13 = 15 + 7d$
or $d = -4$ ---(i)

or
$$d = -4$$

 $A_1 = a + d = 15 - 4 = 11$
 $A_2 = a + 2d = 15 - 2(4) = 7$
 $A_3 = a + 3d = 15 - 4(3) = 3$
 $A_4 = a + 4d = 15 - 4(4) = -1$
 $A_5 = a + 5d = 15 - 4(5) = -5$
 $A_4 = a + 6d = 15 - 4(6) = -9$

 $A_6 = a + 6d = 15 - 4(6) = -9$

The 6 A.M.s between 15 and -13 are 11, 7, 3, -1, -5 and -9.

Arithematic Progressions Ex 19.6 Q5

Let the n A.M's between 3 and 17 be A_1,A_2,A_3,\ldots,A_n

Then,

$$\frac{A_{7Q}}{A_{1}} = \frac{3}{1} \qquad ---(i)$$

We know that

3, A_1 , A_2 , A_3 , ..., A_n , 17 are in A.P of n + 2 terms

So, 17 is the (n+2) th terms.

i.e.
$$17 = 3 + (n+2-1)d$$
 [Using $a_n = a + (n-1)d$]

or
$$d = \frac{14}{(n+1)}$$
 --- (ii)

$$A_n = 3 + (n+1-1)d$$

$$= 3 + \frac{14n}{n+1} = \frac{17n+3}{n+1} \qquad ---(iii)$$

$$A_1 = 3 + d = \frac{3n + 17}{n + 1}$$
 --- (iv)

From (i), (iii) and iv

$$\frac{A_n}{A_1} = \frac{17n+3}{3n+17} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\therefore$$
 $n = 6$

There are 6 A'M between 3 and 17.

Arithematic Progressions Ex 19.6 Q6

Let there be n A.M between 7 and 71 and let the A.M's be $A_1, A_2, A_3, ..., A_n$. So, $7, A_1, A_2, A_3, ..., A_n, 71 \text{ are in A.P of } (n+2) \text{ terms}$ $A_5 = a_6 = a + 5d = 27$ [Given] $\Rightarrow a + 5d = 27$ $\Rightarrow d = 4$ [$\because a = 7$] ----(i) The (n+2) th term of A.P is 71 $\therefore a_{n+2} = 7 = a + (n+2-1)d$ or n = 15

There are 15 AM's between 7 and 71.

********* END ********