

Exercise 3C

Question 15:

Let

$$\frac{1}{x+y} = u$$
 and $\frac{1}{x-y} = v$

in the equation

$$5u - 2v + 1 = 0$$

$$15u + 7v - 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{u}{20-7} = \frac{v}{15+50} = \frac{1}{65}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{u}{13} = \frac{v}{65} = \frac{1}{65}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{u}{13} = \frac{1}{65}, \ \frac{v}{65} = \frac{1}{65}$$

$$\Rightarrow u = \frac{13}{65}, \quad v = \frac{65}{65}$$

$$\therefore u = \frac{1}{5}, v = 1$$

So,
$$\frac{1}{x+y} = \frac{1}{5}$$
, $\frac{1}{x-y} = 1$

$$x + y = 5$$
, $x - y = 1$

By cross multiplication, we have

$$\frac{x}{\left[1\times(-1)-(-5)\times(-1)\right]} = \frac{y}{\left[(-5)\times1-(-1)\times1\right]} = \frac{1}{\left[1\times(-1)-1\times1\right]}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{(-1-5)} = \frac{y}{-5+1} = \frac{1}{-1-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{-6} = \frac{y}{-4} = \frac{1}{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{-6} = \frac{1}{-2}, \frac{y}{-4} = \frac{1}{-2}$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{-6}{-2} = 3 \qquad , y = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$

$$\therefore \text{ the solution is } x = 3, y = 2$$

Question 16:

The given equations are

$$\frac{ax}{b} - \frac{by}{a} - (a+b) = 0$$

$$ax - by - 2ab = 0$$

By cross multiplication, we have

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right) \times \left(-2ab\right) - \left(-b\right) \times \left(-\left(a+b\right)\right) \end{array} = \frac{y}{-\left(a+b\right) \times a - \left(-2ab\right) \times \frac{a}{b}} \\ \\ = \frac{1}{\frac{a}{b} \times \left(-b\right) - a \times \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{x}{2b^2 - b\left(a+b\right)} = \frac{y}{-a\left(a+b\right) + 2a^2} = \frac{1}{-a+b} \\ \text{or } \frac{x}{2b^2 - ab - b^2} = \frac{y}{-a^2 - ab + 2a^2} = \frac{1}{-a+b} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{x}{b^2 - ab} = \frac{y}{a^2 - ab} = \frac{1}{-\left(a-b\right)} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{x}{-b\left(a-b\right)} = \frac{y}{a\left(a-b\right)} = \frac{1}{-\left(a-b\right)} \\ \therefore \frac{x}{-b\left(a-b\right)} = \frac{1}{-\left(a-b\right)} \text{ and } \frac{y}{a\left(a-b\right)} = \frac{1}{-\left(a-b\right)} \\ \therefore x = \frac{-b\left(a-b\right)}{-\left(a-b\right)} \text{ and } y = \frac{a\left(a-b\right)}{-\left(a-b\right)} \\ \Rightarrow x = b, \quad \text{and } y = -a \\ \therefore \text{ the solution is } x = b, y = -a \end{array}$$

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