

Exercise 8.4

$$= \frac{(1-\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)}{1-\cos^2\theta}$$

$$= \frac{(1-\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{1-\cos\theta}{1+\cos\theta} = R.H.S.$$

$$(ii) L.H.S. \frac{\cos A}{1+\sin A} + \frac{1+\sin A}{\cos A}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2\theta + 1+\sin^2\theta + 2\sin A}{(1+\sin A)\cos A}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta + 1+2\sin A}{(1+\sin A)\cos A}$$

$$= \frac{1+1+2\sin A}{(1+\sin A)\cos A} \left[\because \sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1\right]$$

$$= \frac{2+2\sin A}{(1+\sin A)\cos A} = \frac{2(1+\sin A)}{(1+\sin A)\cos A}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos A} = 2\sec A = R.H.S$$

$$(iii) L.H.S. \frac{\tan\theta}{1-\cot\theta} + \frac{\cot\theta}{1-\tan\theta}$$

$$= \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} \times \frac{\sin\theta}{\sin\theta - \cos\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} \times \frac{\cos\theta}{\cos\theta - \sin\theta}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)} + \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)} - \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^3\theta - \cos^3\theta}{\sin\theta\cos\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta + \sin\theta\cos\theta)}{\sin\theta\cos\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta + \sin\theta\cos\theta)}{\sin\theta\cos\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta + \sin\theta\cos\theta)}{\sin\theta\cos\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)}$$

$$\left[ \because a^3 - b^3 = (a - b) \left( a^2 + b^2 + ab \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1 + \sin \theta \cos \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} \left[ \because \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} + 1 = 1 + \frac{1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta}$$

$$= 1 + \sec \theta \cos \theta \cos \theta$$

(iv) L.H.S. 
$$\frac{1+\sec A}{\sec A} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{\cos A}}{\frac{1}{\cos A}}$$

$$= \frac{\cos A + 1}{\cos A} \times \frac{\cos A}{1} = 1 + \cos A$$
$$= 1 + \cos A \times \frac{1 - \cos A}{1 - \cos A}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos^2 A}{1 - \cos A}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 A}{1 - \cos A} = \text{R.H.S.}$$

(v) L.H.S. 
$$\frac{\cos A - \sin A + 1}{\cos A + \sin A - 1}$$

Dividing all terms by  $\sin A$ ,

$$=\frac{\cot A - 1 + \cos ecA}{\cot A + 1 - \cos ecA} = \frac{\cot A + \cos ecA - 1}{\cot A - \cos ecA + 1}$$

$$=\frac{\left(\cot A+\cos ecA\right)-\left(\cos ec^2A-\cot^2A\right)}{\left(1+\cot A-\cos ecA\right)}$$

$$=\frac{\left(\cot A+\cos ecA\right)+\left(\cot^2 A-\cos ec^2A\right)}{\left(1+\cot A-\cos ecA\right)}$$

$$=\frac{\left(\cot A+\cos ecA\right)\left(1+\cot A-\cos ecA\right)}{\left(1+\cot A-\cos ecA\right)}$$

$$= \cot A + \cos ecA = R.H.S.$$

(vi) L.H.S. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{1+\sin A}{1-\sin A}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1+\sin A}{1-\sin A}} \times \sqrt{\frac{1+\sin A}{1+\sin A}}$$



$$= \sqrt{\frac{(1+\sin A)^2}{1-\sin^2 A}} \left[ \because (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2 \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(1+\sin A)^2}{\cos^2 A}} \left[ \because 1-\sin^2 \theta = \cos^2 \theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{1+\sin A}{\cos A} = \frac{1}{\cos A} + \frac{\sin A}{\cos A}$$

$$= \sec A + \tan A = \text{R.H.S.}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta - 2\sin^3 \theta}{\cos \theta (2\cos^3 \theta - \cos \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \theta (1-2\sin^2 \theta)}{\cos \theta (2\cos^2 \theta - 1)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \theta (1-2\sin^2 \theta)}{\cos \theta (2(1-\sin^2 \theta) - 1)}$$

$$[\because 1-\sin^2 \theta = \cos^2 \theta]$$

$$= \frac{\sin \theta (1-2\sin^2 \theta)}{\cos \theta (2-2\sin^2 \theta - 1)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \theta (1-2\sin^2 \theta)}{\cos \theta (2-2\sin^2 \theta)} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$= \tan \theta = \text{R.H.S.}$$
(viii) L.H.S.  $(\sin A + \cos ecA)^2 + (\cos A + \sec A)^2$ 

$$= \left(\sin A + \frac{1}{\sin A}\right)^2 + \left(\cos A + \frac{1}{\cos^2 A}\right)^2$$

$$= \sin^2 A + \frac{1}{\sin^2 A} + 2\sin A + \frac{1}{\sin A} + \cos^2 A + \frac{1}{\cos^2 A} + 2\cos A + \frac{1}{\cos^2 A}$$

$$= 2 + 2 + \sin^2 A + \cos^2 A + \frac{1}{\sin^2 A} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 A}$$

$$= 4 + 1 + \frac{1}{\sin^2 A} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 A}$$

$$= 5 + \cos ec^2 A + \sec^2 A$$

$$= 5 + \cos ec^2 A + \sec^2 A$$

$$= 5 + 1 + \cot^2 A + 1 + \tan^2 A$$

$$\left[\because \cos ec^2\theta = 1 + \cot^2\theta, \sec^2\theta = 1 + \tan^2\theta\right]$$
$$= 7 + \tan^2 A + \cot^2 A$$
$$= R.H.S.$$

(ix) L.H.S.  $(\cos ecA - \sin A)(\sec A - \cos A)$ 

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sin A} - \sin A\right) \left(\frac{1}{\cos A} - \cos A\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1-\sin^2 A}{\sin A}\right)\left(\frac{1-\cos^2 A}{\cos A}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 A}{\sin A} \times \frac{\sin^2 A}{\cos A} = \sin A \cdot \cos A$$

$$= \frac{\sin A \cdot \cos A}{\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A} \left[ \because \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1 \right]$$

Dividing all the terms by  $\sin A \cdot \cos A$ ,

$$= \frac{\frac{\sin A \cdot \cos A}{\sin A \cdot \cos A}}{\frac{\sin^2 A}{\sin A \cdot \cos A} + \frac{\cos^2 A}{\sin A \cdot \cos A}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{\sin A}}{\cos A} + \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\tan A + \cot A} = \text{R.H.S.}$$

(x) L.H.S. 
$$\left(\frac{1+\tan^2 A}{1+\cot^2 A}\right) = \frac{\sec^2 A}{\cos ec^2 A}$$

$$\left[ \because 1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta, 1 + \cot^2 \theta = \cos ec^2 \theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos^2 A} \times \frac{\sin^2 A}{1} = \tan^2 A = \text{R.H.S.}$$

Now, Middle side = 
$$\left(\frac{1-\tan A}{1-\cot A}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1-\tan A}{1-\frac{1}{\tan A}}\right)^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 - \tan A}{\tan A - 1}\right)^2$$

$$\tan A = \left(\frac{1 - \tan A}{\frac{-(1 - \tan A)}{\tan A}}\right) = \left(-\tan A\right)^{2}$$

$$= \tan^{2} A = \text{R.H.S.}$$

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