

Differentials Errors and Approximation Ex14.1 Q9(viii)

Let 
$$x = 4$$
,  $x + \Delta x = 4.04$   
 $\Delta x = 4.04 - 4$   
 $\Delta x = 0.04$ 

Let 
$$y = \log x$$
  

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= 0.25$$

Now,

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=4} \times \Delta x$$
$$= (0.25)(0.04)$$
$$\Delta y = 0.01$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_{e} \ 4.04 &= y + \Delta y \\ &= \log x + (0.01) \\ &= \log_{e} 4 + 0.01 \\ &= \frac{\log_{e} 4}{\log_{10} e} + 0.01 \\ &= \frac{0.6021}{0.4343} + 0.01 \\ &= 1.38637 + 0.01 \end{aligned} \qquad \left[ \text{Since, } \log_{e} b = \frac{\log_{e} b}{\log_{e} a} \right]$$

log<sub>e</sub> 4.04 = 1.39637

Differentials Errors and Approximation Ex14.1 Q9(ix)

Let 
$$x = 10, x + \Delta x = 10.02$$
  
 $\Delta x = 10.02 - 10$   
 $\Delta x = 0.02$ 

Let 
$$y = \log_e x$$
  
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$   
 $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=10} = \frac{1}{10}$   
 $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=10} = 0.1$ 

Now,

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=10} \times \Delta x$$
$$= (0.1)(0.02)$$
$$\Delta y = 0.002$$

$$log_{e} (10.02) = y + \Delta y$$

$$= log_{e} x + 0.002$$

$$= log_{e} 10 + 0.002$$

$$= 2.3026 + 0.002$$

Differentials Errors and Approximation Ex14.1 Q9(x)

Let 
$$x = 10, x + \Delta x = 10.1$$
  
 $\Delta x = 10.1 - 10$   
 $\Delta x = 0.1$ 

Let 
$$y = \log_{10} x$$
  
 $= \frac{\log_e x}{\log_e 10}$  [Since,  $\log_a b = \frac{\log_c a}{\log_c b}$ ]  
 $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) = \frac{1}{x \log_e 10}$ 

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=10} = \frac{1}{10\log_{\rm e} 10}$$

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=10} \times \Delta x$$

$$= \frac{1}{10 \left(\log_e 10\right)} \times 0.1$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{0.01}{\left(\log_e 10\right)}$$

$$\log_{10} (10.1) = y + \Delta y$$

$$= \log_{10} x + \frac{0.01}{\log_e 10}$$

$$= \log_{10} 10 + 0.01 \log_{10} e$$

$$= 1 + (0.01) (0.4343)$$

$$\left[\text{Since, log}_b \ b = \frac{1}{\log_b a}\right]$$

 $\log_{10}(10.1) = 1.004343$ 

Differentials Errors and Approximation Ex14.1 Q9(xi)

Let 
$$x = 60^{\circ}, x + \Delta x = 61^{\circ}$$
  
 $\Delta x = 61^{\circ} - 60^{\circ}$   
 $\Delta x = 1^{\circ} = \frac{\pi}{18^{\circ}} = 0.01745$ 

Let 
$$y = \cos x$$
  

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=60^{\circ}} = -\sin\left(60^{\circ}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$= -0.866$$

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=60^{\circ}} \times (\Delta x)$$

$$= (-0.866)(0.01745)$$

$$= -0.01511$$

So,  

$$\cos 61^\circ = y + \Delta y$$
  
 $= \cos 60^\circ - 0.01511$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} - 0.01511$   
 $= 0.5 - 0.01511$