

Exercise 3E

## Question 24:

Let the numerator and denominator be x and y respectively.

Then the fraction is  $\frac{x}{y}$ .

$$\therefore \frac{x+2}{y} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2x + 4 = y \Rightarrow 2x - y = -4 - - - (1)$$

and 
$$\frac{\times}{\vee - 1} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 3 \times = \vee - 1 \Rightarrow 3 \times - \vee = -1 - -(2)$$

Subtracting (1) from (2), we get

$$x = 3$$

Putting x = 3 in (1), we get

$$2 \times 3 - 4$$

$$-y = -4 - 6$$

$$y = 10$$

$$x = 3 \text{ and } y = 10$$

## Hence the fraction is $\frac{3}{10}$

## Question 25:

Let the fraction be x/y.

When 2 is added to both the numerator and the denominator, the fraction becomes:

$$\frac{x+2}{y+2} = \frac{1}{3}$$
 or  $3x+6 = y+2$ 

$$3x - y = -4 ---(1)$$

When 3 is added both to the numerator and the denominator, the fractions becomes:

$$\frac{x+3}{y+3} = \frac{2}{5}$$
 or  $5x + 15 = 2y + 6$   
 $5x - 2y = -9$  — (2)  
Multiplying (1) by 2 and (2) by 1, we get  
 $6x - 2y = -8$  — (3)  
 $5x - 2y = -9$  — (4)  
Subtracting (4) from (3), we get  
 $x = 1$   
Putting  $x = 1$  in (1),  
 $3 \times 1 - y = 4$   
 $y = 7$ 

Question 26:

Let the two numbers be x and y respectively.

According to the given question:

$$x + y = 16 - (1)$$

And

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{3}$$
 (2)

From (2),

$$\frac{x + y}{xy} = \frac{1}{3}$$
 or  $\frac{16}{xy} = \frac{1}{3}$  [x + y = 16]

$$xy = 48$$

We know,

$$(x-y)^2 = (x+y)^2 - 4xy$$
  
=  $16^2 - 4x \cdot 48 = 256 - 192 = 64$   
:  $x-y=8---(3)$ 

Adding (1) and (3), we get

$$2x = 24$$

$$x = 12$$

Putting x = 12 in (1),

$$y = 16 - x$$

The required numbers are 12 and 4.

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