



Quadratic Equations Ex 8.6 Q10

Answer :

The quadric equation is $(p-q)x^2 + 5(p+q)x - 2(p-q) = 0$

Here,

$$a = (p-q), b = 5(p+q) \text{ and } c = -2(p-q)$$

As we know that $D = b^2 - 4ac$

Putting the value of $a = (p-q), b = 5(p+q) \text{ and } c = -2(p-q)$

$$D = 5p+q^2 - 4p-q - 2p-q = 25p^2 + 2pq + q^2 + 8p^2 - 2pq + q^2 = 25p^2 + 50pq + 25q^2 + 8p^2 - 16pq + 8q^2 = 33p^2 + 34pq + 33q^2$$

Since, P and q are real and $p \neq q$, therefore, the value of $D \geq 0$.

Thus, the roots of the given equation are real and unequal.

Hence, proved

Quadratic Equations Ex 8.6 Q11

Answer :

The given quadric equation is $(c^2 - ab)x^2 - 2(a^2 - bc)x + (b^2 - ac) = 0$, and roots are equal.

Then prove that either $a = 0$ or $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$

Here,

$$a = (c^2 - ab), b = -2(a^2 - bc) \text{ and } c = (b^2 - ac)$$

As we know that $D = b^2 - 4ac$

Putting the value of $a = (c^2 - ab), b = -2(a^2 - bc) \text{ and } c = (b^2 - ac)$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= b^2 - 4ac \\ &= \{-2(a^2 - bc)\}^2 - 4 \times (c^2 - ab) \times (b^2 - ac) \\ &= 4(a^4 - 2a^2bc + b^2c^2) - 4(b^2c^2 - ac^3 - ab^3 + a^2bc) \\ &= 4a^4 - 8a^2bc + 4b^2c^2 - 4b^2c^2 + 4ac^3 + 4ab^3 - 4a^2bc \\ &= 4a^4 - 12a^2bc + 4ac^3 + 4ab^3 \\ &= 4a(a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc) \end{aligned}$$

The given equation will have real roots, if $D = 0$

$$4a(a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc) = 0$$

$$a(a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc) = 0$$

So, either

$$a = 0$$

or

$$(a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc) = 0$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$$

Hence $a = 0 \text{ or } a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$

Quadratic Equations Ex 8.6 Q12

Answer :

The quadric equation is $2(a^2 + b^2)x^2 + 2(a + b)x + 1 = 0$

Here,

$$a = 2(a^2 + b^2), b = 2(a + b) \text{ and } c = 1$$

As we know that $D = b^2 - 4ac$

Putting the value of $a = 2(a^2 + b^2), b = 2(a + b)$ and $c = 1$

$$D = \{2(a + b)\}^2 - 4 \times 2(a^2 + b^2) \times 1$$

$$= 4(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) - 8(a^2 + b^2)$$

$$= 4a^2 + 8ab + 4b^2 - 8a^2 - 8b^2$$

$$= 8ab - 4a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$D = -4(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)$$

$$= -4(a - b)^2$$

We have,

$$a \neq b$$

$$a - b \neq 0$$

Thus, the value of $D < 0$

Therefore, the roots of the given equation are not real

Hence, proved

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