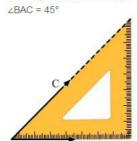


Basic Geometric Tools Ex 18.1 Q1

Answer:

(i) Place 45° set-square.

Draw two rays AB and AC along the edges from the vertex of 45° angle of the set-square. The angle so formed is a 45° angle.

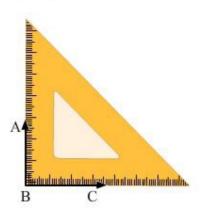


(ii) Place 45° set-square as shown in the figure.

Draw two rays BC and BA along the edge from the vertex of 90° angle.

The angle so formed is 90° angle.

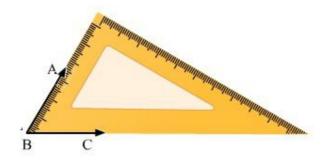
∠ABC = 90°



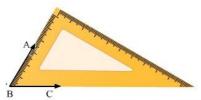
(iii) Place 30° set-square as shown in the figure.

Draw the rays BA and BC along the edges from the vertex of 60°. The angle so formed is 60°.

∠ABC = 60°



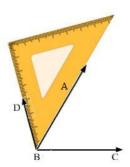
(iv) Place 30° set-square and make an angle of 60° by drawing the rays BA and BC as shown in the figure.



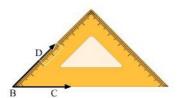
Now, place the vertex of 45° of the set-square on the ray BA as shown in the figure and draw the ray BD.

The angle so formed is 105°

∴ ∠DBC = 105°



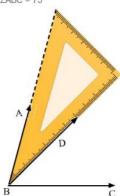
(v) Place 45° set-square and make an angle of 45° by drawing the rays BD and BC as shown in the figure.



Now, place the vertex of 30° of the set-square on the ray BD as shown in the figure and draw the ray BA.

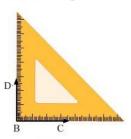
The angle so formed is 75°.

∴ ∠ABC = 75°



(Line BD is hidden)

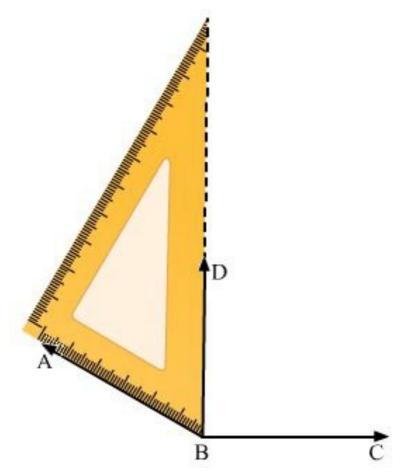
(vi) Place the vertex of 45° of the set-square and make angle of 90° by drawing the rays BD and BC as shown in the figure.



Now, place the vertex of 30° of the set square on the ray BD as shown in the figure and draw the ray BA.

The angle so formed is 150°.

∴ ∠ABC = 150°

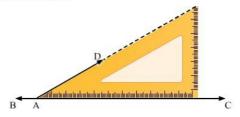


Basic Geometric Tools Ex 18.1 Q2

Answer:

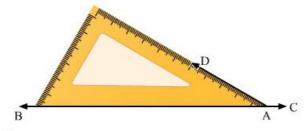
(i) Draw a line BC and take a point A on it. Place 30° set-square on the line BC such that its vertex of 30° angle lies on point A and one edge coincides with the ray AC as shown in the figure.

Draw the ray AD.



Thus, ∠DAC is the required angle of 30°.

(ii) Draw a line BC and take a point A on it. Place 30° set-square on the line BC such that its vertex of 30° angle lies on point A and one edge coincides with the ray AB as shown in the figure. Draw the ray AD.



∠DAB = 30°

We know that the angles an one side of the straight line will always add to 180°.