

Exercise 5F

Q8

Answer:

$$3\frac{5}{8} - 2\frac{5}{12}$$

$$= \frac{29}{8} - \frac{29}{12}$$

$$2 \mid 8, 12$$

$$2 \mid 4, 6$$

$$2 \mid 2, 3$$

$$3 \mid 1, 3$$

$$1, 1$$

L.C.M. of 8 and
$$12 = \left(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3\right) = 24$$

$$\therefore \frac{29}{8} - \frac{29}{12} = \frac{\left(87 - 58\right)}{24} = \frac{29}{24} = 1\frac{5}{24}$$
{[24 ÷ 8 = 3, 3 × 29 = 87] and [24 ÷ 12 = 2, 2 × 29 = 58]}

Q9

Answer:

$$2\frac{\frac{3}{10} - 1\frac{7}{15}}{= \frac{23}{10} - \frac{22}{15}}$$

$$5 | 10, 15|$$

$$2 | 2, 3|$$

$$3 | 1, 3|$$

$$1, 1|$$

L.C.M. of 10 and 15 =
$$\left(2 \times 3 \times 5\right)$$
 = 30
= $\frac{(69-44)}{30}$
{[30 ÷ 10 = 3, 3 × 23 = 69] and [30 ÷ 15 = 2, 2 × 22 = 44]}
= $\frac{\cancel{2}}{\cancel{2}}$
= $\frac{\cancel{5}}{6}$

Q10

Answer:

$$6\frac{2}{3} - 3\frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{20}{3} - \frac{15}{4}$$

L.C.M. of 3 and
$$4 = (2 \times 2 \times 3) = 12$$

$$= \frac{(80-45)}{12}$$
 {[12 ÷ 3 = 4, 4 × 20 = 80] and [12 ÷ 4 = 3, 3 × 15 = 45]}
$$= \frac{35}{12}$$
 = $2\frac{11}{12}$

Q11

Answer:

$$7 - 5\frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{7}{1} - \frac{17}{3}$$
L.C.M. of 1 and 3 = 3
$$= \frac{(21 - 17)}{3}$$
{[3 ÷ 1 = 3, 3 × 7 = 21] and [3 ÷ 3 = 1, 1 × 17 = 17]}
$$= \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

Q12

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} 10-6\frac{3}{8}\\ =\frac{10}{1}-\frac{51}{8}\\ \text{L.C.M. of 1 and }8=8\\ =\frac{\left(80-51\right)}{8}\\ \left\{ \left[8\div1=8,8\times10=80\right] \text{ and }\left[8\div8=1,1\times51=51\right] \right\}\\ =\frac{29}{8}\\ =3\frac{5}{8} \end{array}$$

Q13

Answer:

We have:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{3} \\ \text{L.C.M. of } 3, 6 \text{ and } 9 = (2 \times 3 \times 3) = 18 \\ = \frac{(15 - 8 + 12)}{18} \\ \{ [18 \div 6 = 3, 3 \times 5 = 15], [18 \div 9 = 2, 2 \times 4 = 8] \text{ and } [18 \div 3 = 6, 6 \times 2 = 12] \} \\ = \frac{(27 - 8)}{18} \end{array}$$

$$=\frac{19}{18}$$

$$=1\frac{1}{18}$$

Q14

Answer:

We have:

$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{4} - \frac{7}{12}$$

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