

Profit, Loss, Discount, Value Added Tax (VAT) Ex 13.1 Q3

Answer:

C. P of 9 apples = Rs 9.60

.: C. P of 1 apple = Rs
$$\frac{9.60}{9}$$
 = Rs $\frac{16}{15}$

S. P of 11 apples = Rs 12

$$\therefore$$
 S. P of 1 apple = Rs $\frac{12}{11}$

Clearly, S.P of 1 apple > C.P of 1 apple So, we get profit on selling apples

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Gain} \% = \left(\frac{\text{gain} \times 100}{\text{C.P.}}\right) \\ &= \left(\frac{\frac{12}{11} - \frac{\text{in}}{15}}{\frac{\text{in}}{15}}\right) \times 100 \\ &= \left(\frac{12 \times 15 - 16 \times 11}{15 \times 11}\right) \times \frac{15}{16} \times 100 \\ &= \left(\frac{180 - 176}{11 \times 16}\right) \times 100 \\ &= \left(\frac{4}{11 \times 16}\right) \times 100 \\ &= 2\frac{3}{11} \% \end{aligned}$$

Profit, Loss, Discount, Value Added Tax (VAT) Ex 13.1 Q4

Answer:

Let the cost price of one article be Rs. C and the selling price be Rs. S $Therefore,\ 10{\rm C}=9{\rm S}$

$$C = \frac{9}{10} S$$

So, the cost price is less than the selling price.

S. P. =
$$\left(\frac{100 + P \operatorname{rofit} \%}{100}\right)$$
C. P

$$S = \left(\frac{100 + P \operatorname{rofit} \%}{100}\right) C$$

$$\frac{S}{C} = \left(\frac{100 + P \operatorname{rofit} \%}{100}\right)$$

$$\frac{10}{9} = \left(\frac{100 + P \operatorname{rofit} \%}{100}\right)$$

$$\frac{1000}{9} = 100 + P \text{ rofit } \%$$

$$\frac{1000}{9}-100=P\operatorname{rofit}\%$$

$$P \operatorname{rofit} \% = \frac{1000 - 900}{9}$$

$$=11\frac{1}{2}$$

Therefore, the required profit percent is $11\frac{1}{9}\%$.

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