

Factorizations Ex 7.8 Q6

Answer:

The given expression is $28-31x-5x^2$. (Coefficient of $x^2=-5$, coefficient of x=-31 and constant term = 28)

We will split the coefficient of x into two parts such that their sum is -31 and their product equals the product of the coefficient of x^2 and the constant term, i.e., $(-5) \times (28) = -140$.

Now,

$$(-35) + 4 = -31$$

and

$$(-35) \times 4 = -140$$

Replacing the middle term -31x by -35x+4x, we have:

$$-5x^{2} - 31x + 28 = -5x^{2} - 35x + 4x + 28$$

$$= (-5x^{2} - 35x) + (4x + 28)$$

$$= -5x(x+7) + 4(x+7)$$

$$= (4-5x)(x+7)$$

Factorizations Ex 7.8 Q7

Answer:

The given expression is $3 + 23y - 8y^2$. (Coefficient of $y^2 = -8$, coefficient of y = 23 and constant term = 3)

We will split the coefficient of y into two parts such that their sum is 23 and their product equals the product of the coefficient of y^2 and the constant term, i.e., $(-8) \times 3 = -24$.

Now,

$$(-1)+24=23$$

and

$$(-1) \times 24 = -24$$

Replacing the middle term 23y by -y+24y, we have:

$$3 + 23y - 8y^{2}$$

$$= -8y^{2} + 23y + 3$$

$$= -8y^{2} - y + 24y + 3$$

$$= (-8y^{2} - y) + (24y + 3)$$

$$= -y(8y + 1) + 3(8y + 1)$$

$$= (3 - y)(8y + 1)$$

Factorizations Ex 7.8 Q8

Answer:

The given expression is $11x^2 - 54x + 63$. (Coefficient of $x^2 = 11$, coefficient of x = -54 and constant term = 63)

We will split the coefficient of x into two parts such that their sum is -54 and their product equals the product of the coefficient of x^2 and the constant term, i.e., $11 \times 63 = 693$.

Now,

$$(-33) + (-21) = -54$$

and

$$(-33) \times (-21) = 693$$

Replacing the middle term -54x by -33x-21x, we have:

$$11x^{2} - 54x + 63 = 11x^{2} - 33x - 21x + 63$$

$$= (11x^{2} - 33x) + (-21x + 63)$$

$$= 11x(x - 3) - 21(x - 3)$$

$$= (11x - 21)(x - 3)$$

Factorizations Ex 7.8 Q9

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Answer:
The given expression is 7x - 6x^2 + 20.
                                                 (Coefficient of x^2 = -6, coefficient
 of x = 7 and constant term = 20)
 We will split the coefficient of x into two parts such that their sum is 7 and
 their product equals the product of the coefficient of x2 and the constant term, i
 .e., (-6) \times 20 = -120.
 Now,
 15 + (-8) = 7
 and
 15 \times (-8) = -120
 Replacing the middle term 7x by 15x-8x, we get:
 7x - 6x^2 + 20
 =-6x^2+7x+20
 = -6x^2 + 15x - 8x + 20
 = (-6x^2 + 15x) + (-8x + 20)
 =3x(-2x+5)+4(-2x+5)
 =(3x+4)(-2x+5)
Factorizations Ex 7.8 Q10
Answer:
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The given expression is $3x^2 + 22x + 35$.

(Coefficient of $\mathbf{x}^2=3$, coefficient of $\mathbf{x}=22$ and constant term =35)

We will split the coefficient of x into two parts such that their sum is 22 and their product equals the product of the coefficient of x^2 and the constant term, i.e., $3 \times 35 = 105$.

Now,

15 + 7 = 22

and

 $15 \times 7 = 105$

Replacing the middle term 22x by 15x + 7x, we get:

$$3x^{2} + 22x + 35 = 3x^{2} + 15x + 7x + 35$$

$$= (3x^{2} + 15x) + (7x + 35)$$

$$= 3x(x+5) + 7(x+5)$$

$$= (3x+7)(x+5)$$

******* END *******