

Question-8

Which of the following pairs of linear equations are consistent/inconsistent?

If consistent, obtain the solution graphically:

(i)
$$x + y = 5$$
, $2x + 2y = 10$

(ii)
$$x - y = 8$$
, $3x - 3y = 16$

(iii)
$$2x + y - 6 = 0$$
, $4x - 2y - 4 = 0$

$$(iv)2x - 2y - 2 = 0, 4x - 4y - 5 = 0$$

Solution:

$$x + y = 5$$
, $2x + 2y = 10$

$$\frac{\mathsf{a_1}}{\mathsf{a_2}} = \frac{1}{2}; \ \frac{\mathsf{b_1}}{\mathsf{b_2}} = \frac{1}{2}; \ \frac{\mathsf{c_1}}{\mathsf{c_2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

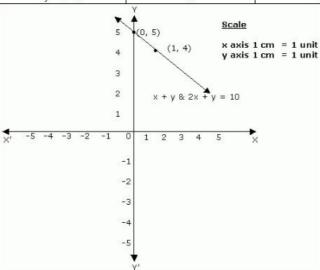
.. Equations are consistent .

We have to draw the graphs of both the given equations x + y = 5

X	0	1
y = 5 - x	5	4

$$2x + 2y = 10 \Rightarrow y = 5 - x$$

_	K. Ly 10 y 0 K			
	X	0	1	
88	v = 5 - x	5	4	



Hence the lines represented by both the equations are coincident. Thus both the equations have infinitely many solutions.

(ii)
$$x - y = 8$$
, $3x - 3y = 16$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{1}{3}; \quad \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{-1}{-3} = \frac{1}{3}; \quad \frac{c_1}{c_2} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$$

.. The equation are inconsistent.

$$2x + y - 6 = 0$$

$$4x - 2y - 4 = 0$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}; \ \frac{b_1}{b_2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Thus as $\frac{a_1}{a_2} \neq \frac{b_1}{b_2}$, the equations are consistent.

(iii)
$$2x + y - 6 = 0$$

when
$$x = 1$$
, $y = 6 - 2x = 4$

$$x = 0, y = 6$$

$$x = -1, y = 8$$

х	2	0	-1
^			
y = 6 - 2x	2	6	8

$$4x - 2y - 4 = 0$$

$$4x - 2y = 4$$

$$4x - 2y = 4$$

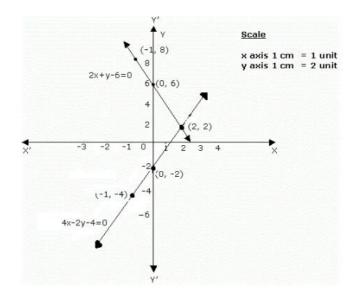
 $y = \frac{4x - 4}{2} = 2x - 2$

When
$$x = 1$$
, $y = 2 - 2 = 0$

$$x = 0, y = -2$$

$$x = -1, y = -2 - 2 = -4$$

х	2	0	-1
v = 2x - 2	2	-2	-4



(iv)
$$2x - 2y - 2 = 0$$

$$4x - 4y - 5 = 0$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{-2}{-4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b_1 = -2 = 3$$

$$\frac{c_1}{c_2} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$$

Equations are inconsistent

Question-9

Half the perimeter of a rectangular garden, whose length is 4 m more than its width, is 36 m. Find the dimensions of the garden.

Solution:

Let l be the length and b be the breadth l = b + 4 $\Rightarrow l - b = 4$ (1) Perimeter = 2(l+b) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2(l+b) = 36$ (given)(2) l - b = 4(1) l + b = 36(2) (1) $+ (2) \Rightarrow 2l = 40$ $l = \frac{40}{2} = 20$ m Substitute l = 20 in (1) l - b = 4 20 - b = 4b = 20 - 4 = 16 m.

Question-10

Given the linear equation 2x + 3y - 8 = 0, write another linear equation in two variables such that the geometrical representation of the pair so formed is:

(i) intersecting lines (ii) parallel lines (iii) coincident lines

Solution:

$$2x + 3y - 8 = 0$$

 $3x + 2y - 7 = 0$ (intersecting lines)
 $2x + 3y + 12 = 0$ (parallel lines)
 $4x + 6y - 16 = 0$ (coincident lines)

Question-11

Draw the graphs of the equations x - y + 1 = 0 and 3x + 2y - 12 = 0. Determine the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle formed by these lines and the x-axis, and the triangular region.

Solution:

$$x - y + 1 = 0$$
$$y = x + 1$$

V	-1	0	1	2
N = N . 1	0	1	2	2
v = x + 1	0	1	2	

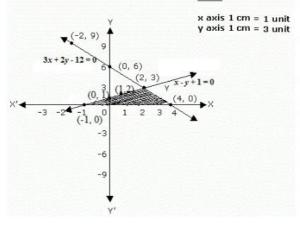
$$3x + 2y - 12 = 0$$

$$2y = 12-3x$$

$$y = \frac{12-3x}{2}$$
when $x = 0$,
$$y = \frac{12-3(0)}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$
when $x = 2$,
$$y = \frac{12-3(2)}{2} = \frac{12-6}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$
when $x = 4$,
$$y = \frac{12-3(4)}{2} = \frac{12-12}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$
when $x = -2$,
$$y = \frac{12-3(-2)}{2} = \frac{12+6}{2} = \frac{18}{2} = 9$$

v				
^	-2	0	2	4
, _ 12 - 3x	9	6	3	0

<u>Scale</u>



******* END *******