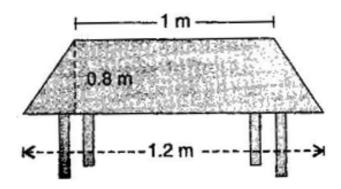


NCERT solutions for class 8 maths chapter 11 mensuration Ex-11.2

Q1. The shape of the top surface of a table is a trapezium. Find its area if its parallel sides are 1 m and 1.2 m and perpendicular distance between them is 0.8 m.



Ans. Here one parallel side of the trapezium (a) = 1 m

And second side (b) = 1.2 m and

height (h) = 0.8 m

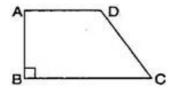
... Area of top surface of the table

$$= \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h = \frac{1}{2} \times (1+1.2) \times 0.8$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\times2.2\times0.8=0.88 \text{ m}^2$$

Hence surface area of the table is 0.88 m²

Q2. The area of a trapezium is $34 \, \text{cm}^2$ and the length of one of the parallel sides is 10 cm and its height is 4 cm.



Find the length of the other parallel side.

Ans. Let the length of the other parallel side be b.

Length of one parallel side (a) = 10 am and height (h) = 4 cm

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$

$$\Rightarrow 34 = \frac{1}{2} (10 + b) \times 4$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 34 = $(10+b)\times 2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 34 = 20 + 2b

$$\Rightarrow$$
 34 - 20 = 2b

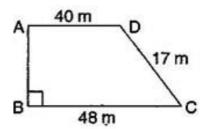
$$\Rightarrow 14 = 2b$$

$$\Rightarrow 7 = b$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 7$$

Hence another required parallel side is 7 cm.

Q3. Length of the fence of a trapezium shaped field ABCD is 120 m. If BC = 48 m, CD = 17 m and AD = 40 m, find the area of this field. Side AB is perpendicular to the parallel sides AD and BC.



AD = 40 m and perimeter = 120 m

· Perimeter of trapezium ABCD

$$= AB + BC + CD + DA$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 120 = AB + 48 + 17 + 40

$$\Rightarrow$$
 120 = AB = 105

$$\Rightarrow$$
 AB = 120 - 105 = 15 m

Now Area of the field

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times (BC + AD) \times AB$$

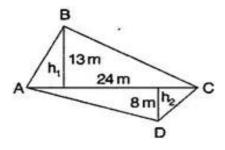
$$=\frac{1}{2}\times(48+40)\times15$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 88 \times 15$$

$$= 660 \text{ m}^2$$

Hence area of the field ABCD is 660m2.

Q4. The diagonal of a quadrilateral shaped field is 24 m and the perpendiculars dropped on it from the remaining opposite vertices are 8 m and 13 m. Find the area of the field.



Ans. Here
$$h_1 = 13 \text{ m}$$
, $h_2 = 8 \text{ m}$ and

$$AC = 24 \text{ m}$$

Area of quadrilateral ABCD

= Area of
$$\triangle$$
ABC + Area of \triangle ADC

$$= \frac{1}{2}b \times h_1 + \frac{1}{2}b \times h_2$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}b(h_1+h_2)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\times24\times(13+8)=\frac{1}{2}\times24\times21$$

Hence required area of the field

Q5. The diagonals of a rhombus are 7.5 cm and 12 cm. Find its area.

Ans. Given: $d_1 = 7.5$ cm and $d_2 = 12$ cm

We know that,

Area of rhombus = $\frac{1}{2} \times d_1 d_2$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 7.5 \times 12$$

$$= 45 \text{ cm}^2$$

Hence area of rhombus is 45 cm².

Q6. Find the area of a rhombus whose side is 6 cm and whose altitude is 4 cm. If one of the diagonals is 8 cm long, find the length of the other diagonal.

Ans. Since rhombus is also a kind of parallelogram.

: Area of rhombus

= Base × Altitude

$$= 6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Also Area of rhombus = $\frac{1}{2} d_1 d_2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 24 = $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times d_2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 24 = 4 d_2

$$\Rightarrow d_2 = \frac{24}{4} = 6 \text{ cm}$$

Hence the length of the other diagonal is 6 cm.

Q7. The floor of a building consists of 3000 tiles which are rhombus shaped and each of its diagonals are 45 cm and 30 cm in length. Find the total cost of polishing the floor, if the cost per \mathbf{m}^2 is \mathbf{a} .

Ans. Here, $d_1 = 45$ cm and $d_2 = 30$ cm

$$\therefore$$
 Area of one tile = $\frac{1}{2}d_1d_2$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 45 \times 30 = 675 \text{ cm}^2$$

: Area of 3000 tiles

$$=\frac{2025000}{10000}$$

$$= 202.50 \text{ m}^2 \left[\because 1 \text{ m}^2 = 10000 \text{ cm}^2 \right]$$

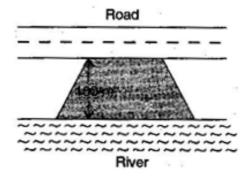
: Cost of polishing the floor per

sq. meter = 4

 \therefore Cost of polishing the floor per 202.50 sq. meter = $4 \times 202.50 = 810$

Hence the total cost of polishing the floor is 810.

Q8. Mohan wants to buy a trapezium shaped field. Its side along the river is parallel to and twice the sidealong the road. If the area of this field is 10500 m² and the perpendicular distance between the two parallel sides is 100 m, find the length of the side along the river.



Ans. Given: Perpendicular distance (h)

= 100 m

Area of the trapezium shaped field

Let side along the road be x m and side along the river = 2x m

... Area of the trapezium field

$$=\frac{1}{2}(a+b)\times h$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10500 = $\frac{1}{2}(x+2x)\times100$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10500 = 3x×50

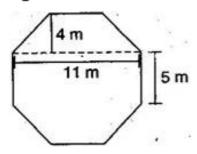
$$\Rightarrow 3x = \frac{10500}{50}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{10500}{50 \times 3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 70 \text{ m}$$

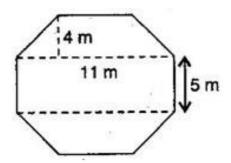
Hence the side along the river = 2x = 2×70 = 140 m.

Q9. Top surface of a raised platform is in the shape of a regular octagon as shown in the figure. Find the area of the octagonal surface.



Ans. Given: Octagon having eight equal sides, each 5 m.

Construction: Divided the octagon in 3 figures, two trapeziums whose parallel and perpendicular sides are 11 m and 4 m respectively and third figure is rectangle having length and breadth 11 m and 5 m respectively.



Now Area of two trapeziums = $2 \times \frac{1}{2} (a+b) \times h$

$$= 2 \times \frac{1}{2} (11+5) \times 4 = 4 \times 16 = 64 \text{ m}^2$$

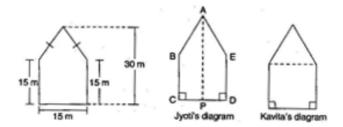
And Area of rectangle = length × breadth

$$= 11 \times 5 = 55 \text{ m}^2$$

∴ Total area of octagon = 64 + 55

Q10. There is a pentagonal shaped park as shown in the figure.

For finding its are a Jyoti and Kavita divided it in two different ways.



Find the area of this park using both ways. Can you suggest some other way of finding its area?

Ans. First way: By Jyoti's diagram,

Area of pentagon = Area of trapezium ABCP + Area of trapezium AEDP

$$= \frac{1}{2} (AP + BC) \times CP + \frac{1}{2} (ED + AP) \times DP = \frac{1}{2} (30$$

$$+ 15) \times CP + \frac{1}{2} (15 + 30) \times DP$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (30 + 15) (CP + DP)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 45 \times CD$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 45 \times 15$$

=337.5 m²

Second way:

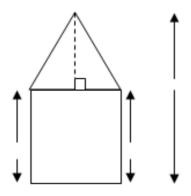
By Kavita's diagram

Here, a perpendicular AM drawn to BE.

$$AM = 30 - 15 = 15 \text{ m}$$

Area of pentagon

= Area of \triangle ABE + Area of square BCDE



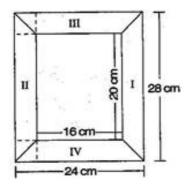
$$=\frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 15 + 15 \times 15 \text{m}$$

$$= 337.5 \text{ m}^2$$

Hence total area of pentagon shaped

park =
$$337.5^{\text{m}^2}$$
.

Q11. Diagram of the adjacent picture frame has outer dimensions = $24 \text{ cm} \times 28 \text{ cm}$ and inner dimensions $16 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$. Find the area of each section of theframe, if the width of each section is same.



Ans. Here two of given figures (I) and (II) are similar in dimensions.

And also figures (III) and (IV) are similar in dimensions.

∴ Area of figure (I) = Area of trapezium

$$=\frac{1}{2}(a+b)\times h$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}(28+20)\times 4$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\times48\times4$$

$$= 96 \text{ cm}^2$$

Also Area of figure (II) = 96 cm²

Now Area of figure (III)

= Area of trapezium =
$$\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}(24+16)\times 4 = \frac{1}{2}\times 40\times 4 = 80$$
 cm²

Also Area of figure (IV) = 80 cm^2

****** END ******