



Differentiation Ex 11.4 Q21

Here,

$$y = x \sin(a + y) \quad \text{---(i)}$$

Differentiating with respect to y ,

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} [x \sin(a + y)] \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= x \frac{d}{dx} \sin(a + y) + \sin(a + y) \frac{d}{dx} (x) \quad \text{[Using product rule, chain rule]} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= x \cos(a + y) \frac{d}{dx} (a + y) + \sin(a + y) (1) \\ &= x \cos(a + y) \left(0 + \frac{dy}{dx} \right) + \sin(a + y) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} (1 - x \cos(a + y)) &= \sin(a + y) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\sin(a + y)}{1 - x \cos(a + y)} \end{aligned}$$

Put x from equation (i), $x = \frac{y}{\sin(a + y)}$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\sin(a + y)}{1 - \frac{y}{\sin(a + y)} \cos(a + y)} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin(a + y) - y \cos(a + y)} \end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.4 Q22

Here,

$$x \sin(a + y) + \sin a \cos(a + y) = 0 \quad \text{---(i)}$$

Differentiating with respect to x ,

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} [x \sin(a + y)] + \frac{d}{dx} [\sin a \cos(a + y)] &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow \left[x \frac{d}{dx} \sin(a + y) + \sin(a + y) \frac{d}{dx} (x) \right] + \sin a \frac{d}{dx} \cos(a + y) &= 0 \\ \text{[Using product rule and chain rule]} \\ \Rightarrow \left[x \cos(a + y) \frac{d}{dx} (a + y) + \sin(a + y) (1) \right] + \sin a \left[-\sin(a + y) \frac{d}{dx} (a + y) \right] &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow \left[x \cos(a + y) \left(0 + \frac{dy}{dx} \right) + \sin(a + y) \right] - \sin a \sin(a + y) \left(0 + \frac{dy}{dx} \right) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x \cos(a + y) \frac{dy}{dx} + \sin(a + y) - \sin a \sin(a + y) \frac{dy}{dx} &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} [x \cos(a + y) - \sin a \sin(a + y)] &= -\sin(a + y) \end{aligned}$$

Put $x = -\sin a \frac{\cos(a + y)}{\sin(a + y)}$ from equation (i),

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} \left[-\sin a \frac{\cos^2(a + y)}{\sin(a + y)} - \sin a \sin(a + y) \right] &= -\sin(a + y) \\ \Rightarrow -\frac{dy}{dx} \left[\frac{\sin a \cos^2(a + y) + \sin a \sin^2(a + y)}{\sin(a + y)} \right] &= -\sin(a + y) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sin(a + y)^2 \left[\frac{\sin(a + y)}{\sin a \{ \cos^2(a + y) + \sin^2(a + y) \}} \right] \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin a} \quad \text{[Since } \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1 \text{]} \end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.4 Q23

Here,

$$y = x \sin y$$

Differentiating with respect to x ,

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} (x \sin y) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= x \frac{d}{dx} (\sin y) + \sin y \frac{d}{dx} (x) && \text{[Using product rule]} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= x \cos \frac{dy}{dx} + \sin y (1) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} (1 - x \cos y) &= \sin y \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\sin y}{1 - x \cos y}\end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.4 Q24

Here,

$$y\sqrt{x^2+1} = \log(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)$$

Differentiating with respect to x ,

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} (y\sqrt{x^2+1}) &= \frac{d}{dx} \log(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x) && \text{[Using product rule and chain rule]} \\ \Rightarrow y \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x^2+1}) + \sqrt{x^2+1} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)} \times \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x^2+1}-x) \\ \Rightarrow y \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2+1}} \times \frac{d}{dx} (x^2+1) + \sqrt{x^2+1} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)} \times \left[\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2+1}} \frac{d}{dx} (x^2+1) - 1 \right] \\ \Rightarrow \frac{2xy}{2\sqrt{x^2+1}} + \sqrt{x^2+1} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)} \left[\frac{2x}{2\sqrt{x^2+1}} - 1 \right] \\ \Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2+1} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x} \right] \left[\frac{x-\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \right] - \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \\ \Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2+1} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} - \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \\ \Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2+1} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{-(1+xy)}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \\ \Rightarrow (x^2+1) \frac{dy}{dx} &= -(1+xy) \\ \Rightarrow (x^2+1) \frac{dy}{dx} + 1 + xy &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Differentiation Ex 11.4 Q25

Here,

$$y = [\log_{\cos x} \sin x][\log_{\sin x} \cos x]^1 + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$$

$$y = [\log_{\cos x} \sin x][\log_{\cos x} \sin x] + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$$

$$\left[\text{Since, } \log_a a = (\log_a a)^{-1} \right]$$

$$y = \left[\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right]^2 + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$$

$$\left[\text{Since, } \log_a b = \frac{\log b}{\log a} \right]$$

Differentiating with respect to x ,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right]^2 + \frac{d}{dx} \left(\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right) \right) \\ &= 2 \left[\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right] \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right)^2}} \times \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \left[\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right] \left(\frac{(\log \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} (\log \sin x) - \log \sin x \frac{d}{dx} (\log \cos x)}{(\log \cos x)^2} \right) +$$

$$\left[\text{Using chain rule, quotient rule} \right] \left(\frac{(1+x^2)}{\sqrt{1+x^4-2x^2}} \right) \left(\frac{(1+x^2)(2) - (2x)(2x)}{(1+x^2)^2} \right)$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right) \left(\frac{\log \cos x \times \frac{1}{\sin x} \frac{d}{dx} (\sin x) - \log \sin x \times \frac{1}{\cos x} \frac{d}{dx} (\cos x)}{(\log \cos x)^2} \right) +$$

$$\left(\frac{(1+x^2)}{\sqrt{1+x^4-2x^2}} \right) \left(\frac{(1+x^2)(2) - (2x)(2x)}{(1+x^2)^2} \right)$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\log \sin x}{\log \cos x} \right) \left(\frac{\log \cos x \left(\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right) + \log \sin x \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right)}{(\log \cos x)^2} \right) +$$

$$\left(\frac{1+x^2}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^2}} \right) \left(\frac{2+2x^2-4x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \frac{\log \sin x}{(\log \cos x)^3} (\cot x \log \cos x + \tan x \log \sin x) + \frac{2}{1+x^2}$$

Put $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \left(\frac{\log \sin \frac{\pi}{4}}{\left(\log \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \right)^3} \right) \left(\cot \frac{\pi}{4} \log \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan \frac{\pi}{4} \log \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right)^2} \right)$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{1}{\left(\log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} \right) \left(1 \times \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 1 \times \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{16}{16 + \pi} \right)$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{2 \log \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\left(\log \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)} + \frac{32}{16 + \pi^2}$$

$$= 4 \frac{1}{\log \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)} + \frac{32}{16 + \pi^2}$$

$$= 4 \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2} \log^2} + \frac{32}{16 + \pi^2}$$

$$= -\frac{8}{\log 2} + \frac{32}{16 + \pi^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)_{x=\frac{\pi}{4}} = 8 \left[\frac{4}{16 + \pi^2} - \frac{1}{\log 2} \right]$$

***** END *****