



Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cone Ex 20.1 Q4

Answer :

In a cone, the vertical height ' h ' is given as 21 cm and the slant height ' l ' is given as 28 cm, and the area of the base is asked. The base area is given as

$$\text{Base area} = \pi r^2$$

To find the base radius ' r ' we use the relation between r , l and h .

We know that in a cone

$$l^2 = r^2 + h^2$$

$$r^2 = l^2 - h^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{l^2 - h^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{28^2 - 21^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{784 - 441}$$

$$= \sqrt{343}$$

Therefore the base radius is, $r = \sqrt{343}$ cm.

Now, let us substitute the value of r in the formula for area of the base.

$$\text{Base Area} = \pi r^2$$

$$= \frac{(22) \cdot (\sqrt{343}) \cdot (\sqrt{343})}{7}$$

$$= \frac{(22) \cdot (343)}{7}$$

$$= 1078$$

Hence, the base area of the cone with the specified dimensions is $\boxed{1078 \text{ cm}^2}$.

Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cone Ex 20.1 Q5

Answer :

The formula of the total surface area of a cone with base radius ' r ' and slant height ' l ' is given as

$$\text{Total Surface Area} = \pi r(l + r)$$

But we do not have the slant height. We are given that $r = 6$ cm and $h = 8$ cm. We find l using the relation

$$l^2 = r^2 + h^2$$

$$l = \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{36 + 64}$$

$$= \sqrt{100}$$

$$= 10.$$

Therefore, the slant height, $l = 10$ cm.

Substituting the values of $r = 6$ cm and $l = 10$ cm in the above equation and using $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ in specified formula,

$$\text{Total Surface Area} = \frac{(22) \cdot (6) \cdot (6 + 10)}{7}$$

$$= \frac{2112}{7}$$

$$= 301 \frac{5}{7}$$

Therefore the total surface area of the given cone is $\boxed{301 \frac{5}{7} \text{ cm}^2}$.

Surface Area and volume of A Right Circular cone Ex 20.1 Q6

Answer :

The formula of the curved surface area of a cone with base radius ' r ' and slant height ' l ' is given as

$$\text{Curved Surface Area} = \pi r l$$

Substituting the values of $r = 5.25$ cm and $l = 10$ cm in the above equation and using $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$

$$\text{Curved Surface Area} = \frac{(22) \cdot (5.25) \cdot (10)}{7}$$

$$= (22) \cdot (7.5)$$

$$= 165$$

Therefore the Curved Surface Area of the cone with the specified dimensions is $\boxed{165 \text{ cm}^2}$

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