



Increasing and Decreasing Functions Ex 17.1 Q1

Let $x_1, x_2 \in (0, \infty)$

We have,

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &< x_2 \\ \Rightarrow \log_e x_1 &< \log_e x_2 \\ \Rightarrow f(x_1) &< f(x_2) \end{aligned}$$

So, $f(x)$ is increasing in $(0, \infty)$.

Increasing and Decreasing Functions Ex 17.1 Q2

Case I

When $a > 1$

Let $x_1, x_2 \in (0, \infty)$

We have

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &< x_2 \\ \Rightarrow \log_a x_1 &< \log_a x_2 \\ \Rightarrow f(x_1) &< f(x_2) \end{aligned}$$

Thus, $f(x)$ is increasing on $(0, \infty)$

Case II

When $0 < a < 1$

$$f(x) = \log_a x = \frac{\log x}{\log a}$$

When $a < 1 \Rightarrow \log a < 0$

Let $x_1 < x_2$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \log x_1 &< \log x_2 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\log x_1}{\log a} &> \frac{\log x_2}{\log a} & [\because \log a < 0] \\ \Rightarrow f(x_1) &> f(x_2) \end{aligned}$$

So, $f(x)$ is decreasing on $(0, \infty)$.

Increasing and Decreasing Functions Ex 17.1 Q3

We have,

$$f(x) = ax + b, \quad a > 0$$

Let $x_1, x_2 \in \mathcal{R}$ and $x_1 > x_2$

$$\Rightarrow \quad ax_1 > ax_2 \text{ for some } a > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad ax_1 + b > ax_2 + b \text{ for some } b$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad f(x_1) > f(x_2)$$

$\therefore f(x)$ is increasing function of \mathcal{R} .

***** END *****