

- 7. Name the following:
- (i) A parasitic plant with yellow, slender and tubular stem.
- (ii) A plant that has both autotrophic and heterotrophic mode of
- (iii) The pores through which leaves exchange gases. Answer:
- (i) cuscuta
- (ii) Insectivorous plant
- (iii) Stomata
- 8. Tick the correct answer:
- (a) Amarbel is an example of:
- (i) Autotroph
- (ii) Parasite
- (iii) Saprotroph
- (iv) Host
- (b) The plant which traps and feeds on insects is:
- (a) Cuscuta
- (ii) China rose
- (iii) Pitcher plant
- (iv) Rose
- Answer:
- (a) (ii) Parasite
- (b) (iii) Pitcher plant
- 9. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II:

Column I	Column II
Chlorophyll	Bacteria
Nitrogen	Heterotrophs
Amarbel	Pitcher plant
Animals	Leaf
Insects	Parasite

Answer:

Column I	Column II
Chlorophyll	Leaf
Nitrogen	Bacteria
Amarbel	Parasite
Animals	Heterotrophs
Insects	Pitcher plant

- 10. Mark 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if it is false:
- (i) Carbon dioxide is released during photosynthesis. (T/F)
- (ii) Plants which synthesise their food themselves are called

saprotrophs. (T/F)

- (iii) The product of photosynthesis is not a protein. (T/F)
- (iv) Solar energy is converted into chemical energy during photosynthesis. (T/F)

Answer:

- (a) F (ii) F (iii) T (iv) T
- 11. Choose the correct option from the following. Which part of the plant takes in carbon dioxide from the air for photosynthesis?
- (i) Root hair
- (ii) Stomata
- (iii) Leaf veins
- (iv) Sepals

Answer: (ii) Stomata

- 12. Choose the correct option from the following: Plants take carbon dioxide from the atmosphere mainly through their:
- (i) Roots
- (ii) Stem
- (iii) Flowers
- (iv) Leaves

Answer: (iv) Leaves

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