



Factorisation of Algebraic Expressions Ex 5.2 Q16

Answer :

The given expression to be factorized is

$$x^3y^3 + 1$$

This can be written as

$$x^3y^3 + 1 = (xy)^3 + (1)^3$$

Recall the formula for sum of two cubes

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

Using the above formula, we have

$$= (xy + 1)\{(xy)^2 - xy \cdot 1 + (1)^2\}$$

$$= (xy + 1)(x^2y^2 - xy + 1)$$

We cannot further factorize the expression.

So, the required factorization of $x^3y^3 + 1$ is $(xy + 1)(x^2y^2 - xy + 1)$.

Factorisation of Algebraic Expressions Ex 5.2 Q17

Answer :

The given expression to be factorized is

$$x^4y^4 - xy$$

Take common xy . Then we have from the above expression,

$$x^4y^4 - xy = xy(x^3y^3 - 1)$$

This can be written as

$$x^4y^4 - xy = xy\{(xy)^3 - (1)^3\}$$

Recall the formula for difference of two cubes

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

Using the above formula, we have

$$x^4y^4 - xy = xy(xy - 1)\{(xy)^2 + xy \cdot 1 + (1)^2\}$$

$$= xy(xy - 1)(x^2y^2 + xy + 1)$$

We cannot further factorize the expression.

So, the required factorization of $x^4y^4 - xy$ is $xy(xy - 1)(x^2y^2 + xy + 1)$.

Factorisation of Algebraic Expressions Ex 5.2 Q18

Answer :

The given expression to be factorized is

$$a^{12} + b^{12}$$

This can be written as

$$a^{12} + b^{12} = (a^4)^3 + (b^4)^3$$

Recall the formula for difference of two cubes

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

Using the above formula, we have

$$\begin{aligned} a^{12} + b^{12} &= (a^4 + b^4)\{(a^4)^2 - a^4 b^4 + (b^4)^2\} \\ &= (a^4 + b^4)(a^8 - a^4 b^4 + b^8) \end{aligned}$$

We cannot further factorize the expression.

So, the required factorization of $a^{12} + b^{12}$ is $\boxed{(a^4 + b^4)(a^8 - a^4 b^4 + b^8)}$.

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