

Linear Equations in Two Variables Ex 13.4 Q4

Answer:

(i) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (0,3).

For the equation of the line parallel to x axis ,we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of x containing y equal to 3.

We get the equation as



(ii) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (0,-4).

For the equation of the line parallel to x axis ,we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of x containing y equal to -4.

We get the equation as



(iii) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (2,-5).

For the equation of the line parallel to x axis ,we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of x containing y equal to -5.

We get the equation as



(iv) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (3,4).

For the equation of the line parallel to x axis ,we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of x containing y equal to 4.

We get the equation as

y = 4

Linear Equations in Two Variables Ex 13.4 Q5

(i) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (4,0).

For the equation of the line parallel to y axis ,we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of y containing x equal to 4.

We get the equation as



(ii) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (-2,0).

For the equation of the line parallel to y axis ,we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of y containing x equal to -2.

We get the equation as



(iii) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (3,5).

For the equation of the line parallel to y axis, we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of y containing x equal to 3.

We get the equation as



(iv) We are given the co-ordinates of the Cartesian plane at (-4,-3).

For the equation of the line parallel to y axis, we assume the equation as a one variable equation independent of y containing x equal to -4.

We get the equation as

y = 4