

Exercise 16A

Ouestion 1

(i) The given points are A(9,3) and B(15,11).

Then,
$$(x_1 = 9, y_1 = 3)$$
 and $(x_2 = 15 \text{ and } y_2 = 11)$

$$AB = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(15 - 9)^2 + (11 - 3)^2} = \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{34 + 64} = \sqrt{100} = 10 \text{ units}$$

(ii) The given points are A(7,4) and B(-5,1).

Then,
$$(x_1 = 7, y_1 = -4)$$
 and $(x_2 = -5, y_2 = 1)$

$$AB = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(-5 - 7)^2 + (1 + 4)^2} = \sqrt{(-12)^2 + (5)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{144 + 25} = \sqrt{169} = 13 \text{ units}$$

(iii) The given points are A(-6, -4) and B(9,-12).

Then,
$$(x_1 = -6, y_1 = -4)$$
 and $(x_2 = 9, y_2 = -12)$

$$AB = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(6 + 9)^2 + (-12 + 4)^2} = \sqrt{(15)^2 + (-8)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{225 + 64} = \sqrt{289} = 17 \text{ units}$$

(iv) The given points are A(1, -3) and B(4, -6).

Then,
$$(x_1 = 1, y_1 = -3)$$
 and $(x_2 = 4, y_2 = -6)$

$$AB = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(4 - 1)^2 + (-6 + 3)^2} = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-3)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{18} = 3\sqrt{2} \text{ units}$$

(v) The given points are P(a + b, a - b) and Q(a - b, a + b).

Then,
$$\left[x_1=\left(a+b\right),y_1=\left(a-b\right)\right]$$
 and $\left[x_2=\left(a-b\right),\ y_2=\left(a+b\right)\right]$

$$PQ = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(a - b - a - b)^2 + (a + b - a + b)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(-2b)^2 + (2b)^2} = \sqrt{4b^2 + 4b^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{8b^2} = 2\sqrt{2}b \text{ units}$$

(vi) The given points are P(a sin a, a cos a) and Q(a cos a, - a sina).

$$\begin{split} & \left(\times_1 = a \sin \alpha, \, y_1 = a \cos \alpha \right) \text{ and } \left(\times_2 = a \cos \alpha, \, y_2 = -a a i n \alpha \right) \\ & \text{PQ} = \sqrt{\left(\times_2 - \times_1 \right)^2 + \left(y_2 - y_1 \right)^2} \\ & = \sqrt{\left(a \cos \alpha - a \sin \alpha \right)^2 + \left(-a \sin \alpha - a \cos \alpha \right)^2} \\ & = \sqrt{a^2 \cos^2 \alpha + a^2 \sin^2 \alpha - 2a^2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha + a^2 \cos^2 \alpha + a^2 \sin^2 \alpha + 2a^2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha} \\ & = \sqrt{a^2 \cos^2 \alpha + a^2 \sin^2 \alpha + a^2 \cos^2 \alpha + a^2 \sin^2 \alpha} \\ & = \sqrt{a^2 \left(\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha \right) + a^2 \left(\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha \right)} \\ & = \sqrt{a^2 + a^2} = \sqrt{2a^2} = \sqrt{2}a \text{ units} \end{split}$$

Question 2:

(i) The given point is A(5, -12) and let O(0,0) be the origin.

Then, AO =
$$\sqrt{(5-0)^2 + (-12-0)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{5^2 + (-12)^2} = \sqrt{25+144} = \sqrt{169}$
= 13 units

(ii) The given point is B(-5, 5) and let O(0,0) be the origin.

Then, BO =
$$\sqrt{(-5-0)^2 + (5-0)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{25+25} = \sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$ units

(iii) The given point is C(-4, -6) and let O(0,0) be the origin.

Then,
$$CO = \sqrt{(-4-0)^2 + (-6-0)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{16+36} = \sqrt{52} = 2\sqrt{13}$ units

******* END *******