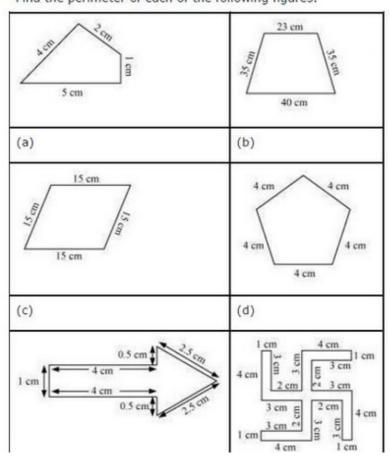


NCERT SOLUTIONS FOR CLASS 6 MATHS MENSURATION EXERCISE 10.1

Question 1: Find the perimeter of each of the following figures:



Answer:

Perimeter of a polygon is equal to the sum of the lengths of all sides of that polygon.

- (a) Perimeter = (4 + 2 + 1 + 5) cm = 12 cm
- (b) Perimeter = (23 + 35 + 40 + 35) cm = 133 cm
- (c) Perimeter = (15 + 15 + 15 + 15) cm = 60 cm
- (d) Perimeter = (4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4) cm = 20 cm
- (e) Perimeter = (1 + 4 + 0.5 + 2.5 + 2.5 + 0.5 + 4) cm = 15 cm

$$1 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 4) = 52 \text{ cm}$$

Question 2:

The lid of a rectangular box of sides 40 cm by 10 cm is sealed all round with tape. What is the length of the tape required?

Answer:

Length (1) of rectangular box = 40 cm

Breadth (b) of rectangular box = 10 cm

Length of tape required = Perimeter of rectangular box

$$= 2(I + b) = 2(40 + 10) = 100 \text{ cm}$$

Question 3:

A table-top measures 2 m 25 cm by 1 m 50 cm. What is the perimeter of the table-top?

Answer:

Length (I) of table-top = 2 m 25 cm = 2 + 0.25 = 2.25 m

Breadth (b) of table-top = 1 m 50 cm = 1 + 0.50 = 1.50 m

Perimeter of table-top = 2(I + b)

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= 2 × (2.25 + 1.50)
= 2 × 3.75 = 7.5 m
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Ouestion 4:

What is the length of the wooden strip required to frame a photograph of length and breadth 32 cm and 21 cm respectively?

Answer:

Length (I) of photograph = 32 cm

Breadth (b) of photograph = 21 cm

Length of wooden strip required = Perimeter of Photograph

$$= 2 \times (I + b)$$

= 2 × (32 + 21) = 2 × 53 = 106 cm

Question 5:

A rectangular piece of land measures 0.7 km by 0.5 km. Each side is to be fenced with 4 rows of wires. What is the length of the wire needed?

Answer:

Length (I) of land = 0.7 km

Breadth (b) of land = 0.5 km

Perimeter = $2 \times (l + b)$

$$= 2 \times (0.7 + 0.5) = 2 \times 1.2 = 2.4 \text{ km}$$

Length of wire required = $4 \times 2.4 = 9.6$ km

Question 6:

Find the perimeter of each of the following shapes:

- (a) A triangle of sides 3 cm, 4 cm and 5 cm.
- (b) An equilateral triangle of side 9 cm.
- (c) An isosceles triangle with equal sides 8 cm each and third side 6 cm.

Answer:

- (a) Perimeter = (3 + 4 + 5) cm = 12 cm
- (b) Perimeter of an equilateral triangle = 3 × Side of triangle

$$= (3 \times 9) \text{ cm} = 27 \text{ cm}$$

(c) Perimeter = $(2 \times 8) + 6 = 22$ cm

Question 7:

Find the perimeter of a triangle with sides measuring 10 cm, 14 cm and 15 cm.

Answer:

Perimeter of triangle = Sum of the lengths of all sides of the triangle

Perimeter = 10 + 14 + 15 = 39 cm

Question 8:

Find the perimeter of a regular hexagon with each side measuring 8 m.

Answer:

Perimeter of regular hexagon = $6 \times \text{Side}$ of regular hexagon

Perimeter of regular hexagon = 6 × 8 = 48 m

Question 9:

Find the side of the square whose perimeter is 20 m.

Answer:

Perimeter of square = $4 \times Side$

$$20 = 4 \times \text{Side}$$

$$\frac{20}{4} = 5 \text{ m}$$

Question 10:

The perimeter of a regular pentagon is 100 cm. How long is its each side?

Answer:

Perimeter of regular pentagon = 5 × Length of side

$$100 = 5 \times Side$$

Side =
$$\frac{100}{5}$$
 = 20 cm

Question 11:

A piece of string is 30 cm long. What will be the length of each side if the string is used to form:

- (a) a square?
- (b) an equilateral triangle?
- (c) a regular hexagon?

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Answer:

(a) Perimeter = 4 × Side

$$30 = 4 \times Side$$

Side =
$$\frac{30}{4}$$
 = 7.5 cm

(b) Perimeter = 3 × Side

Side =
$$\frac{30}{3}$$
 = 10 cm

(c) Perimeter = 6 × Side

$$30 = 6 \times Side$$

$$\text{Side} = \frac{30}{6} = 5 \text{ cm}$$

Question 12:

Two sides of a triangle are 12 cm and 14 cm. The perimeter of the triangle is 36 cm.

What is its third side?

Answer:

Perimeter of triangle = Sum of all sides of the triangle

36 = 12 + 14 + Side

36 = 26 + Side

Side = 36 - 26 = 10 cm

Hence, the third side of the triangle is 10 cm.

Question 13:

Find the cost of fencing a square park of side 250 m at the rate of Rs 20 per metre.

Answer:

Length of fence required = Perimeter of the square park

= 4 × Side

= 4 × 250 = 1000 m

Cost for fencing 1 m of square park = Rs 20

Cost for fencing 1000 m of square park = 1000 × 20

= Rs 20000

Question 14:

Find the cost of fencing a rectangular park of length 175 m and breadth 125 m at the rate of Rs 12 per metre.

Answer:

Length (I) of rectangular park = 175 m

Breadth (b) of rectangular park = 125 m

Length of wire required for fencing the park = Perimeter of the park

 $= 2 \times (l + b)$

 $= 2 \times (175 + 125)$

 $= 2 \times 300$

= 600 m

Cost for fencing 1 m of the park = Rs 12

Cost for fencing 600 m of the square park = 600×12

= Rs 7200

Question 15:

Sweety runs around a square park of side 75 m. Bulbul runs around a rectangular park with length 60 m and breadth 45 m. Who covers less

distance?

Answer:

Distance covered by Sweety = $4 \times \text{Side}$ of square park

= 4 × 75 = 300 m

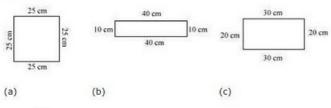
Distance covered by Bulbul = $2 \times (60 + 45)$

= 2 × 105 = 210 m

Therefore, Bulbul covers less distance.

Question 16:

What is the perimeter of each of the following figures? What do you infer from the answers?





(d)

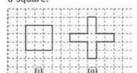
Answer:

- (a) Perimeter of square = $4 \times 25 = 100$ cm
- (b) Perimeter of rectangle = $2 \times (10 + 40) = 100 \text{ cm}$
- (c) Perimeter of rectangle = $2 \times (20 + 30) = 100 \text{ cm}$
- (d) Perimeter of triangle = 30 + 30 + 40 = 100 cm

It can be inferred that all the figures have the same perimeter.

Question 17:

Avneet buys 9 square paving slabs, each with a side of $\frac{1}{2}$ m. He lays them in the form of a square.



- (a) What is the perimeter of his arrangement [figure (i)]?
- (b) Shari does not like his arrangement. She gets him to lay them out like a cross. What is the perimeter of her arrangement [figure (ii)]?
- (c) Which has greater perimeter?
- (d) Avneet wonders if there is a way of getting an even greater perimeter. Can you find a way of doing this? (The paving slabs must meet along complete edges i.e. they cannot be broken.)

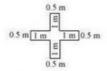
Answer:

(a) Side of square =
$$\left(3 \times \frac{1}{2}\right) m = \frac{3}{2} m$$

$$4 \times \frac{3}{2} = 6 \text{ m}$$

Perimeter of square = $4 \times \frac{3}{2} = 6 \text{ m}$

(b) Perimeter of cross = 0.5 + 1 + 1 + 0.5 + 1 + 1 + 0.5 + 1 + 1



- (c) The arrangement in the form of a cross has a greater perimeter.
- (d) Arrangements with perimeters greater than 10 m cannot be determined.

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