



Exercise 4C

L.C.M. of 36 and 12 is 36.

$$\frac{-5}{36} = \frac{(-5) \times 1}{36 \times 1} = \frac{-5}{36}$$

$$\frac{-7}{12} = \frac{-7 \times 3}{12 \times 3} = \frac{-21}{36}$$

Now, $\frac{(-5)}{36} + \frac{(-21)}{36} = \frac{-5-21}{36}$

$$\frac{-26}{36} = \frac{-13}{18} \quad \left(26 \text{ and } 36 \text{ are divided by } 2. \right)$$

(vi)

$$\frac{1}{-9} + \left(\frac{4}{-27} \right)$$

We need a positive denominator.

$$\frac{1}{-9} \times \frac{-1}{-1} = \frac{-1}{9} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{4}{-27} \times \frac{-1}{-1} = \frac{-4}{27}$$

The denominators of the given rational numbers are 9 and 27

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 9, 27 \\ \hline 3 & 3, 9 \\ \hline 3 & 1, 3 \\ \hline & 1, 1 \end{array}$$

L.C.M. of 9 and 27 is 27

$$\frac{-1}{9} = \frac{(-1) \times 3}{9 \times 3} = \frac{-3}{27}$$

$$\frac{-4}{27} = \frac{-4 \times 1}{27 \times 1} = \frac{-4}{27}$$

$$\frac{(-3)}{27} + \frac{(-4)}{27} = \frac{-3-4}{27}$$

$$= \frac{-7}{27}$$

(vii)

$$\frac{-9}{24} + \left(\frac{-1}{18}\right)$$

The denominators of the given numbers are 24 and 18

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 24,18 \\ \hline 2 & 8,6 \\ \hline 2 & 4,3 \\ \hline 2 & 2,3 \\ \hline 3 & 1,3 \\ \hline & 1,1 \end{array}$$

L. C. M. of 24 and 18 is 72.

$$\therefore \frac{-9}{24} = \frac{-9 \times 3}{24 \times 3} = \frac{-27}{72}$$

$$\frac{-1}{18} = \frac{-1 \times 4}{18 \times 4} = \frac{-4}{72}$$

$$\text{Now, } \frac{-27}{72} + \left(\frac{-4}{72}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-27+(-4)}{72}$$

$$= \frac{-27-4}{72}$$

$$= \frac{-31}{72}$$

$$\text{(viii)} \frac{27}{-4} + \left(\frac{-15}{8}\right)$$

We need a positive denominator.

$$\frac{27}{-4} \times \frac{-1}{-1} = \frac{-27}{4}$$

The denominators of the given rational numbers are 4 and 8.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 4,8 \\ \hline 2 & 2,4 \\ \hline 2 & 1,2 \\ \hline & 1,1 \end{array}$$

L.C.M. of 4 and 8 is 8.

$$\frac{-27}{4} = \frac{-27 \times 2}{4 \times 2} = \frac{-54}{8}$$

$$\frac{(-15)}{8} = \frac{(-15) \times 1}{8 \times 1} = \frac{-15}{8}$$

$$\text{Now, } \frac{-54}{8} + \frac{(-15)}{8}$$

$$= \frac{-54-15}{8}$$

$$= \frac{-69}{8}$$

Q3

Answer :

(i)

$$\frac{-3}{5} + \frac{7}{5} + \frac{-1}{5}$$

L.C.M. of the given rational number is 5.

$$\frac{(-3)}{5} + \frac{7}{5} + \frac{(-1)}{5}$$

$$= \frac{-3+7-1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{-4+7}{5}$$

$$= \frac{3}{5}$$

(ii)

$$\frac{-12}{7} + \frac{3}{7} + \frac{-2}{7}$$

$$= \frac{(-12)}{7} + \frac{3}{7} + \frac{(-2)}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-12+3-2}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-14+3}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-11}{7}$$

***** END *****