



### Circles Ex 10.2 Q8

**Answer :**

We have been given that  $\angle TRQ = 30^\circ$ .

From the property of tangents we know that a tangent will always be perpendicular to the radius at the point of contact. Therefore,

$$\angle QRO = 90^\circ$$

Looking at the given figure we can rewrite the above equation as follows,

$$\angle TRQ + \angle TRO = 90^\circ$$

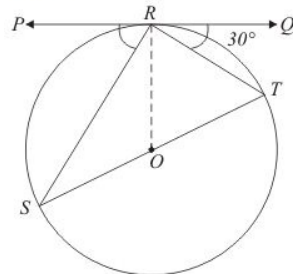
We know that  $\angle TRQ = 30^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$30^\circ + \angle TRO = 90^\circ$$

$$\angle TRO = 60^\circ$$

Now consider  $\triangle TRO$ . The two sides of this triangle  $OR$  and  $OT$  are nothing but the radii of the same circle. Therefore,

$$OR = OT$$



And hence  $\triangle TRO$  is an isosceles triangle. We know that the angles opposite to the equal sides of the isosceles triangle will be equal. Therefore,

$$\angle TRO = \angle OTR$$

We have found out that  $\angle TRO = 60^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$\angle OTR = 60^\circ$$

Now consider  $\triangle TOR$ . We know that sum of all angles of a triangle will always be equal to  $180^\circ$ .

Therefore,

$$\angle TRO + \angle OTR + \angle TOR = 180^\circ$$

$$60^\circ + 60^\circ + \angle TOR = 180^\circ$$

$$\angle TOR = 60^\circ$$

Now let us consider the straight line  $SOT$ . We know that the angle of a straight line is  $180^\circ$ .

Therefore,

$$\angle SOT = 180^\circ$$

From the figure we can see that,

$$\angle SOT = \angle SOR + \angle TOR$$

That is,

$$\angle SOR + \angle TOR = 180^\circ$$

We have found out that  $\angle TOR = 60^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$\angle SOR + 60^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$\angle SOR = 120^\circ$$

Let us take up  $\triangle SOR$  now. The sides  $SO$  and  $OR$  of this triangle are nothing but the radii of the same circle and hence they are equal. Therefore,  $\triangle SOR$  is an isosceles triangle. In an isosceles triangle, the angles opposite to the two equal sides of the triangle will be equal. Therefore we have,

$$\angle OSR = \angle ORS$$

Also the sum of all angles of a triangle will be equal to  $180^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$\angle SOR + \angle ORS + \angle OSR = 180^\circ$$

$$\angle SOR + 2\angle ORS = 180^\circ$$

In the previous step we have found out that  $\angle SOR = 120^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$120^\circ + 2\angle ORS = 180^\circ$$

$$2\angle ORS = 60^\circ$$

$$\angle ORS = 30^\circ$$

Let us now take up  $\angle ORP$ . We know from the property of tangents that the angle between the radius of the circle and the tangent at the point of contact will be equal to  $90^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$\angle ORP = 90^\circ$$

By looking at the figure we can rewrite the above equation as follows,

$$\angle PRS + \angle ORS = 90^\circ$$

In the previous section we have found that  $\angle ORS = 30^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$\angle PRS + 30^\circ = 90^\circ$$

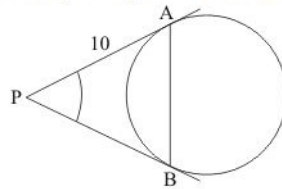
$$\angle PRS = 60^\circ$$

Thus we have found out that  $\angle PRS = 60^\circ$ .

## Circles Ex 10.2 Q9

**Answer :**

Let us first put the given data in the form of a diagram.



From the property of tangents we know that the length of two tangents drawn to a circle from a common external point will always be equal. Therefore,

$$PA = PB$$

Consider the triangle  $PAB$ . Since we have  $PA = PB$ , it is an isosceles triangle. We know that in an isosceles triangle, the angles opposite to the equal sides will be equal. Therefore we have,

$$\angle PAB = \angle PBA$$

Also, sum of all angles of a triangle will be equal to  $180^\circ$ . Therefore,

$$\angle PAB + \angle PBA + \angle APB = 180^\circ$$

$$60^\circ + 2\angle PBA = 180^\circ$$

$$2\angle PBA = 120^\circ$$

$$\angle PBA = 60^\circ$$

Since we know that  $\angle PAB = \angle PBA$ ,

$$\angle PAB = 60^\circ$$

Now if we see the values of all the angles of the triangle, all the angles measure  $60^\circ$ . Therefore triangle  $PAB$  is an equilateral triangle.

We know that in an equilateral triangle all the sides will be equal.

It is given in the problem that side  $PA = 10$  cm. Therefore, all the sides will measure 10 cm. Hence,  $AB = 10$  cm.

Thus the length of the chord  $AB$  is 10 cm.

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*