

Exercise 20E

Q1

Answer:

Here, r = 15 cm

 \therefore Circumference = $2\pi r$

$$= (2 \times 3.14 \times 15) \text{ cm}$$

= 94.2 cm

Hence, the circumference of the given circle is 94.2 cm

Q2

Answer:

(i) Here, r = 28 cm

 \therefore Circumference = $2\pi r$

$$= \left(2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 28\right) \text{cm}$$
$$= 176 \text{ cm}$$

Hence, the circumference of the given circle is 176 cm.

(ii) Here, r = 1.4 m

∴ Circumference = $2\pi r$

=
$$\left(2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 1.4\right)$$
 m
= $\left(2 \times 22 \times 0.2\right)$ m = 8.8 m

Hence, the circumference of the given circle is 8.8 m.

Q3

Answer:

(i) Here, d = 35 cm

Circumference =
$$2\pi r$$

= (πd) [since $2r = d$]
= $\left(\frac{22}{7} \times 35\right)$ cm = (22×5) = 110 cm

Hence, the circumference of the given circle is 110 cm.

(ii) Here, d = 4.9 m

Circumference = $2\pi r$

=
$$(\pi d)$$
 [since $2r = d$]
= $(\frac{22}{7} \times 4.9)$ m = (22×0.7) = 15.4 m

Hence, the circumference of the given circle is 15.4 m.

Q4

Answer:

Circumference of the given circle = 57.2 cm

Let the radius of the given circle be r cm.

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{\mathbf{C}}{2\pi}$$
 cm

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{\mathbf{C}}{2\pi} \text{ cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \left(\frac{57.2}{2} \times \frac{7}{22}\right) \text{ cm} = 9.1 \text{ cm}$$

Thus, radius of the given circle is 9.1 cm.

Q5

Answer:

Circumference of the given circle = 63.8 m

Let the radius of the given circle be r cm.

C =
$$2\pi \mathbf{r}$$

 $\Rightarrow r = \frac{\mathbf{C}}{2\pi}$
 $\Rightarrow r = \left(\frac{63.8}{2} \times \frac{7}{22}\right) \mathbf{m} = 10.15 \, \mathbf{m}$
 \therefore Diameter of the given circle = $2r = (2 \times 10.15) \, \mathbf{m} = 20.3 \, \mathbf{m}$

Q6

Answer:

Let the radius of the given circle be r cm. Then, its circumference = $2\pi \mathbf{r}$

Given:

(Circumference) - (Diameter) = 30 cm
$$\therefore (2\pi \mathbf{r} - 2r) = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow 2r(\pi - 1) = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow 2r\left(\frac{22}{7} - 1\right) = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow 2r \times \frac{15}{7} = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \left(30 \times \frac{7}{30}\right) = 7$$

$$\therefore \text{ Radius of the given circle = 7 cm}$$

Q7

Answer:

Let the radii of the given circles be 5x and 3x, respectively. Let their circumferences be C_1 and C_2 , respectively.

$$\mathsf{C_1}$$
 = $2 imes \pi imes 5 x = 10 \pi x$

$$\begin{array}{l} {\rm C}_2=2\times\pi\times3x=6\pi x\\ {\rm ...}\,\frac{C_1}{C_2}=\frac{10\pi x}{6\pi x}=\frac{5}{3}\\ {\rm ...}\,{\rm C}_{1:}{\rm C}_2=5:3\\ {\rm Hence,\ the\ ratio\ of\ the\ circumference\ of\ the\ given\ circle\ is\ 5:3.} \end{array}$$

Q8

Answer:

Radius of the circular field, r = 21 m.

Distance covered by the cyclist = Circumference of the circular field

$$=2\pi \mathbf{r}$$

$$=\left(2\times\frac{22}{7}\times21\right)\text{ m}=\text{132 m}$$
 Speed of the cyclist = 8 km per hour = $\frac{8000\text{ m}}{\left(60\times60\right)\text{ s}}=\left(\frac{8000}{3600}\right)\text{m/s}=\left(\frac{20}{9}\right)\text{m/s}$

Time taken by the cyclist to cover the field =
$$\frac{\text{Distance} \quad \text{covered} \quad \text{by} \quad \text{the} \quad \text{cyclist}}{\text{Speed} \quad \text{of} \quad \text{the}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{132}{\left(\frac{20}{9}\right)}\right] s$$

$$= \left(\frac{132 \times 9}{20}\right) s$$

$$= 59.4 \text{ s}$$

Q9

Answer:

********* END *******