

## Trigonometric Ratios Ex 5.1 Q7 Answer:

(i) Given: 
$$\cot \theta = \frac{7}{8}$$

To evaluate: 
$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)}$$

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} \dots (1)$$

We know the following formula

$$(a+b)(a-b)=a^2-b^2$$

By applying the above formula in the numerator of equation (1),

$$(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)=1^2-\sin^2\theta$$
 ... (Where  $a=1$  and  $b=\sin\theta$ )

$$(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)=1-\sin^2\theta \dots (2)$$

By applying formula  $(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$  in the denominator of equation (1),

$$(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)=1^2-\cos^2\theta$$
 ... (Where a = 1 and b =  $\cos\theta$ )

$$(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)=1-\cos^2\theta \dots (3)$$

Substituting the value of numerator and denominator of equation (1) ,from equation (2) and(3) Therefore,

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = \frac{1-\sin^2\theta}{1-\cos^2\theta} \dots (4)$$

 $\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$ 

Therefore,

$$\cos^2\theta = 1 - \sin^2\theta$$

Also, 
$$\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos^2 \theta$$

Putting the value of  $1-\sin^2\theta$  and  $1-\cos^2\theta$  in Equation (4)

We get,

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin^2\theta}$$

$$(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta) \quad (\cos\theta)$$

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = \left(\frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}\right)^2$$

We know that, 
$$\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \cot \theta$$

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = (\cot\theta)^2$$

Since, It is given that  $\cot \theta = \frac{7}{8}$ 

Therefore,

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = \left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^{2}$$

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = \frac{7^{2}}{8^{2}}$$

$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\sin\theta)} = \frac{49}{64}$$
Answer: 
$$\frac{(1+\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(1-\cos\theta)} = \frac{49}{64}$$

(ii) Given: 
$$\cot \theta = \frac{7}{8}$$

To evaluate:  $\cot^2 \theta$ 

$$\cot \theta = \frac{7}{8}$$

Squaring on both sides,

We get,

$$(\cot\theta)^2 = \left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^2$$

$$\cot^2 \theta = \frac{7^2}{8^2}$$

$$\cot^2 \theta = \frac{49}{64}$$

Answer: 
$$\cot^2 \theta = \frac{49}{64}$$