

Lines and Angles Ex 8.2 Q13

On adding (i) and (ii), we get:

$$2a = 180 + 30$$

$$2a = 210$$

$$a = \frac{210}{2}$$

$$a = 105$$

On putting, a = 105 in (i):

$$105 - b = 30$$

$$-b = 30 - 105$$

$$-b = -75$$

$$b = [75]$$

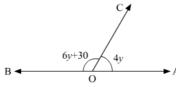
Hence, the values are $a = 105^{\circ}$ and $b = 75^{\circ}$.

Lines and Angles Ex 8.2 Q14

Answer:

Let us assume, AOB as a straight line.

This makes $\angle AOC$ and $\angle BOC$ to form a linear pair. Therefore, their sum must be equal to 180^{o}



We can say that:

 $\angle AOC + \angle BOC = 180^{\circ}$

Also, $\angle AOC = 4y$ and $\angle BOC = 6y + 30$. This further simplifies to:

$$4y + (6y + 30) = 180$$
$$10y + 30 = 180$$
$$10y = 180 - 30$$
$$10y = 150$$
$$y = \frac{150}{10}$$

y = 15

Hence, the value of $y = 15^{\circ}$ makes AOB as a line.