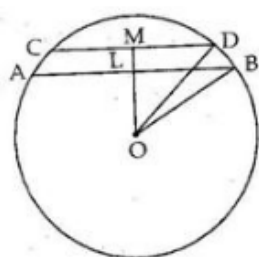




Exercise 11A

Question 4:

- (i) Let AB and CD be two chords of a circle such that $AB \parallel CD$ which are on the same side of the circle. Also $AB = 8$ cm and $CD = 6$ cm. $OB = OD = 5$ cm. Join OL and OM . Since the perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{We have } LB &= \frac{1}{2} \times AB \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \right) \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm} \\ \text{and } MD &= \frac{1}{2} \times CD \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \right) \text{ cm} = 3 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Now in right angled $\triangle BLO$

$$\begin{aligned} OB^2 &= LB^2 + LO^2 \\ \Rightarrow LO^2 &= OB^2 - LB^2 \\ \Rightarrow &= 5^2 - 4^2 \\ &= 25 - 16 = 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore LO = \sqrt{9} = 3 \text{ cm.}$$

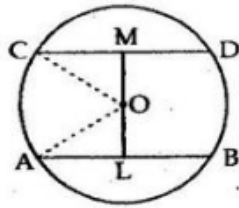
Again in right angled $\triangle DMO$

$$\begin{aligned} OD^2 &= MD^2 + MO^2 \\ \Rightarrow MO^2 &= OD^2 - MD^2 \\ &= 5^2 - 3^2 \\ &= 25 - 9 = 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow MO = \sqrt{16} = 4 \text{ cm}$$

\therefore The distance between the chords $= (4 - 3) \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ cm}$.

- (ii) Let AB and CD be two chords of a circle such that $AB \parallel CD$ and they are on the opposite sides of the centre. $AB = 8$ cm and $CD = 6$ cm. Draw $OL \perp AB$ and $OM \perp CD$.



Join OA and OC

Then $OA = OC = 5$ cm (radius)

Since the perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord, we have,

$$\begin{aligned} AL &= \frac{1}{2} AB \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \right) \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Also} \quad OM &= \frac{1}{2} CD \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \right) \text{ cm} = 3 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Now in right angled $\triangle OLA$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} OA^2 &= AL^2 + OL^2 \\ \Rightarrow OL^2 &= OA^2 - AL^2 \\ &= 5^2 - 4^2 \\ &= 25 - 16 = 9 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore OL = \sqrt{9} = 3 \text{ cm}$$

Again in right angled $\triangle OMC$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} OC^2 &= OM^2 + CM^2 \\ \Rightarrow OM^2 &= OC^2 - CM^2 \\ &= 5^2 - 3^2 \\ &= 25 - 9 = 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow OM = \sqrt{16} = 4 \text{ cm}$$

\therefore the distance between the chords $= (4 + 3) \text{ cm} = 7 \text{ cm}$

***** END *****