

Exercise 9B

Q17

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} 6(1-4x)+7(2+5x)=53 \\ \text{or, } 6\times 1-6\times 4x+7\times 2+7\times 5x=53 \\ \text{or, } 6-24x+14+35x=53 \\ \text{or, } 11x+20=53 \\ \text{or, } 11x+20-20=53-20 \\ \text{or, } 11x=33 \\ \text{or, } \frac{11x}{11}=\frac{33}{11} \\ \text{or, } x=3 \\ \text{Verification:} \\ \text{Substituting } x=3 \text{ in the L.H.S.:} \\ 6(1-4\times 3)+7(2+5\times 3) \\ \Rightarrow 6(1-12)+7(2+15) \\ \Rightarrow -66+119=53=R.H.S. \\ \text{Hence, verified.} \end{array}$$

Q18

Answer:

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16(3x-5)-10(4x-8)=40 or, 16\times 3x-16\times 5-10\times 4x-10\times (-8)=40 [On expanding the brackets] or, 48x-80-40x+80=40 or, 8x=40 or, 8x=40 or, x=40 [Dividing both the sides by 8] or, x=5 Verification:
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Substituting x = 5 in the L.H.S.:

$$\begin{aligned} &16(3\times 5-5)-10(4\times 5-8)\\ &\Rightarrow 16(15-5)-10(20-8)\\ &\Rightarrow 16(10)-10(12)\\ &\Rightarrow 160-120=40=\textit{R.H.S.} \end{aligned}$$

L.H.S. = R.H.S. Hence, verified.

Q19

Answer:

$$3(x+6)+2(x+3)=64$$
 $\Rightarrow 3 \times x + 3 \times 6 + 2 \times x + 2 \times 3 = 64$ [On expanding the brackets]
 $\Rightarrow 3x + 18 + 2x + 6 = 64$
 $\Rightarrow 5x + 24 = 64$
 $\Rightarrow 5x + 24 - 24 = 64 - 24$ [Subtracting 24 from both the sides]
 $\Rightarrow 5x = 40$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{40}{5}$ [Dividing both the sides by 5]
 $\Rightarrow x = 8$
Verification:

Verification:

Substituting x = 8 in the L.H.S.:

$$3(8+6)+2(8+3)$$

$$3(14) + 2(11)$$

$$42 + 22 = 64 = R.H.S.$$

L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence, verified.

Q20

Answer:

$$3(2-5x)-2(1-6x)=1$$

or, $3\times 2+3\times (-5x)-2\times 1-2\times (-6x)=1$ [On expanding the brackets]
or, $6-15x-2+12x=1$
or, $4-3x=1$
or, $3=3x$
or, $x=1$

Verification:

Substituting x = 1 in the L.H.S.:

$$3(2-5\times1)-2(1-6\times1)$$

 $\Rightarrow 3(2-5)-2(1-6)$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3(-3) -2(-5)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 -9 + 10 = 1 = R.H.S.

L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence, verified

Q21

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{n}{4}-5 = \frac{n}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \text{or, } \frac{n}{4} - \frac{n}{6} = \frac{1}{2} + 5 \\ \text{or, } \frac{3n-2n}{12} = \frac{1+10}{2} \\ \text{or, } \frac{n}{12} + \frac{11}{2} \\ \text{or, } \frac{n}{12} \times 12 = \frac{11}{2} \times 12 \end{array} \qquad \text{[Dividing both the sides by 12]}$$

Verification:

Substituting n = 66 on both the sides:

L.H.S.:
$$\frac{66}{4} - 5 = \frac{33}{2} - 5 = \frac{33 - 10}{2} = \frac{23}{2} = \frac{23}{2} R.H.S.$$
: $\frac{66}{6} + \frac{1}{2} = 11 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{22 + 1}{2} = \frac{23}{2}$

L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence, verified

Q22

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{2m}{3} \ + \ 8 = \frac{m}{2} - 1 \\ \text{or, } \frac{2m}{3} - \frac{m}{2} = -1 - 8 \\ \text{or, } \frac{4m-3m}{6} = -9 \\ \text{or, } \frac{m}{6} = -9 \\ \text{or, } \frac{m}{6} \times 6 = -9 \times 6 \\ \text{or, } m = -54 \\ \text{Verification:} \end{array}$$

Substituting x = -54 on both the sides:

L.H.S.:

$$\frac{2(-54)}{3} + 8 = \frac{-54}{2} - 1$$

$$= \frac{-108}{3} + 8$$

$$= -36 + 8$$

$$= -28$$

R.H.S.:

$$rac{-54}{2} - 1$$
= $-27 - 1$
= -28

L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence, verified.

Q23

Answer: