

Exercise 5F

Q1

Answer:

Difference of like fractions = Difference of numerator ÷ Common denominator

$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{(5-1)}{8} = \frac{\cancel{1}}{\cancel{8}_2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Q2

Answer

Difference of like fractions = Difference of numerator \div Common denominator

$$\frac{7}{12} - \frac{5}{12} = \frac{(7-5)}{12} = \frac{\cancel{Z}^1}{\cancel{Z}_6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Q3

Answer:

Difference of like fractions = Difference of numerator : Common denominator

$$4\frac{3}{7} - 2\frac{4}{7} = \frac{31}{7} - \frac{18}{7}$$

$$= \frac{(31 - 18)}{7}$$

$$= \frac{13}{7}$$

Q4

Answer:

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{9}$$

L.C.M. of 6 and 9 = $(3 \times 2 \times 3) = 18$

Now, we have:

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5 \times 3}{6 \times 3} = \frac{15}{18}; \frac{4}{9} = \frac{4 \times 2}{9 \times 2} = \frac{8}{18}$$

$$\therefore \frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{9} = \frac{15}{18} - \frac{8}{18} = \frac{(15-8)}{18} = \frac{7}{18}$$

Q5

Answer:

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8}$$

L.C.M. of 2 and 8 = $(2 \times 2 \times 2) = 8$

Now, we have:

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1 \times 4}{2 \times 4} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{4}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{(4-3)}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$$

Answer:

$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{7}{12}$$

L.C.M. of 8 and $12 = (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3) = 24$

Now, we have:

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5 \times 3}{8 \times 3} = \frac{15}{24}; \frac{7}{12} = \frac{7 \times 2}{12 \times 2} = \frac{14}{24}$$

$$\therefore \frac{5}{8} - \frac{7}{12} = \frac{15}{24} - \frac{14}{24} = \frac{(15-14)}{24} = \frac{1}{24}$$

Q7

Answer:

$$2\frac{7}{9} - 1\frac{8}{15}$$

$$=\frac{25}{9}-\frac{23}{15}$$

L.C.M. of 9 and 15 =
$$(3 \times 3 \times 5)$$
 = 45

$$\therefore \frac{25}{9} - \frac{23}{15} = \frac{(125 - 69)}{45} = \frac{56}{45} = 1\frac{11}{45}$$
 {[45 ÷ 9 = 5, 5 × 25 = 125] and [45 ÷ 15 = 3, 3 × 23 = 69]}