

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q49

$$\int \frac{e^{x-1} + x^{e-1}}{e^x + x^e} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{e} \int \frac{e^x + ex^{e-1}}{e^x + x^e} dx$$

Let 
$$e^x + x^e = u$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(e^{x} + ex^{e-1}\right) dx = du$$
$$= \frac{1}{e} \left| \frac{1}{4} du = \frac{1}{e} \log |u| + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{e} \log \left| e^x + x^e \right| + C$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q50

Let 
$$I = \int \frac{1}{\sin x \cos^2 x} dx$$
, then,

$$\begin{split} I &= \int \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos^2 x} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x \cos^2 x} dx + \int \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos^2 x} dx \\ &= \int \sec x \tan x dx + \int \csc x dx \\ &= \sec x + \log \left| \tan \frac{x}{2} \right| + c \end{split}$$

$$\therefore I = \sec x + \log \left| \tan \frac{x}{2} \right| + c$$

Indefinite Integrals Ex 19.8 Q51

Let 
$$I = \int \frac{1}{\cos 3x - \cos x} dx$$
, then,  

$$I = \int \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{-2 \sin 2x \sin x} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{-4 \sin^2 x \cos x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \int \left[ \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos x} + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos x} \right] dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \int \left[ \sec x + \csc x \cot x \right] dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left[ \log \left| \sec x + \tan x \right| - \csc x \right] + c$$

$$I = \frac{1}{4} \left[ \cos ec x - \log \left| \sec x + \tan x \right| \right] + c$$

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