

Higher Order Derivatives Ex 12.1 Q11

 $X = a\cos\theta$

differentiating w.r.t. θ

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{d\theta} = -a \sin\theta \dots (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{d\theta} = b\cos\theta \quad \dots (2)$$

Dividing (2) by (1)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-b\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} \dots (3)$$

differentiating (3) w.r.t. θ

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)}{d\theta} = \frac{-b}{a} \left\{ \frac{\sin\theta\left(-\sin\theta\right) - \cos\theta\left(\cos\theta\right)}{\sin^2\theta} \right\} = \frac{b}{a} \frac{\left(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta\right)}{\sin^2\theta} = \frac{b}{a\sin^2\theta} \dots (4)$$

Dividing (4) by (1)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{-b}{a^2 \sin^3 \theta} \times \frac{b^3}{b^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{-b^4}{a^2y^3}$$

Higher Order Derivatives Ex 12.1 Q12

$$x = a(1 - \cos^3\theta); \quad y = a\sin^3\theta$$

differentiating both w.r.t. θ

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{d\theta} = a\left(0 - 3\cos^2\theta\left(-\sin\theta\right)\right); \quad \frac{dy}{d\theta} = a\left(3\sin^2\theta \times \cos\theta\right).....\left(2\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 3a \sin\theta \cos^2\theta; \quad \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 3a \sin^2\theta \cos\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 3a \sin\theta \cos^2\theta; \quad \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 3a \sin^2\theta \cos\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{d\theta} \times \frac{d\theta}{dx} = \frac{3a \sin^2\theta \cos\theta}{3a \sin\theta \cos^2\theta} = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} = \tan\theta$$

Differentiating w.r.t. θ

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)}{d\theta} = \sec^2\theta \qquad \dots (3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\sec^2\theta}{3a\sin\theta\cos^2\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}}{3a \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{2^5}{3a \times (\sqrt{3})^4} = \frac{32}{27a}$$

Higher Order Derivatives Ex 12.1 Q13

$$x = a(\theta + \sin \theta); y = a(1 + \cos \theta)$$
 differentiating both w.r.t. θ

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{d\theta} = a \left(1 + \cos\theta\right); \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{d\theta} = a (0 - \sin \theta)$$
 (2)

Dividing (2) by (1)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{d\theta} \times \frac{d\theta}{dx} = \frac{-a\sin\theta}{a\left(1 + \cos\theta\right)}$$

Differentiating w.r.t. θ

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)}{d\theta} = -\left\{\frac{\left(1 + \cos\theta\right)\left(\cos\theta\right) - \left(\sin\theta\right)\left(0 - \sin\theta\right)}{\left(1 + \cos\theta\right)^2}\right\} = -\left\{\frac{\cos\theta + \cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta}{\left(1 + \cos\theta\right)^2}\right\}$$

$$= -\left\{\frac{\cos\theta + 1}{\left((\cos\theta)^2\right)^2}\right\}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{1 + \cos\theta} \qquad \dots \dots (3)$$

dividing (3) by (1)

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{-1 \times a}{a \left(1 + \cos\theta\right)^2 \times a} = \frac{-a}{y^2}$$

Hence proved!

Higher Order Derivatives Ex 12.1 Q14

$$x = a(\theta - \sin \theta); y = a(1 + \cos \theta)$$

Differentiating the above functions with respect to θ , we get,

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = a(1 - \cos\theta) \dots (1)$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = a(-\sin\theta)$$
 ...(2)

Dividing equation (2) by (1), we have,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{a(-\sin\theta)}{a(1-\cos\theta)} = \frac{-\sin\theta}{1-\cos\theta}$$

Differentiating with respect to θ , we have,

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)}{d\theta} = \frac{(1-\cos\theta)(-\cos\theta) + \sin\theta(\sin\theta)}{(1-\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$=\frac{-\cos\theta+\cos^2\theta+\sin^2\theta}{(1-\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$=\frac{1-\cos\theta}{(1-\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)}{d\theta} = \frac{1}{1 - \cos\theta} \dots (3)$$

Dividing equation (3) by (1), we have,

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{1 - \cos\theta} \times \frac{1}{a(1 - \cos\theta)}$$

$$=\frac{1}{a(1-\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{a\left(2\sin^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4a\sin^4\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4a}\cos ec^4\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

********* END *******