

Page No: 157

1. Consult a dictionary and find out the difference between: (a) killing (b) murder (c) assassination Answer: (a) Killing – to deprive of life in any manner (b) Murder – killing of another human being (c) Assassination – to murder by a surprise attack, especially for political purposes
2. Popular and powerful leaders have been assassinated in the past as well as in recent times. Can you name some of them?
Answer: Mahatma Gandhi John F. Kennedy Abraham Lincoln Indira Gandhi Rajiv Gandhi
3. Discuss in groups the reasons why the leaders you named in (2) were assassinated. Is assassination the end to a problem? Answer:
The above leaders were assassinated for political reasons or targeted by groups. These leaders were driven by truth, non-violence, patriotism but some anti-social elements didn't want them to establish a peaceful society, hence assassinated them. Assassination or violence is not an end to a problem rather it leads to more turmoil and unrest. Objectives and aims can be achieved peacefully rather than resorting to violence and more dangerous measures such as assassination.
Page No: 178
5. Answer the following questions by ticking the correct options. 1. When Caesar says "Nor heaven nor earth have been at peace tonight" he sounds (a) worried (b) angry (c) joyous (d) frightened

2. Caesar's reference to the senators as 'graybeards' shows his

(a) confidence

Page No: 179

Answer: (a) worried

(b) cowardice

(c) arrogance (d) ambition Answer: (c) arrogance
3. Decius Brutus changes Caesar's mind about going to the Senate by appealing to his
 4. The offer that Cassius makes to Antony after Caesar's assassination is that
5. Cassius tries to stop Brutus from letting Antony speak at Caesar's funeral as he
6. What prophecy does Antony make over Caesar's dead body? (a) Romans will see Caesar's ghost roaming on the streets (b) Rome will experience fierce civil war in which many people will die (c) Rome will be ruled by Ate (d) Roman women will smile at the death of Caesar Answer: (b) Rome will experience fierce civil war in which many people will die
Page No: 180
7. After listening to Brutus' speech, the Third Citizen says 'Let him be Caesar'. This clearly shows he (a) has not understood Brutus' reason for killing Caesar (b) loved Caesar more than he loves Brutus (c) loves Brutus more than he loved Caesar (d) thinks Brutus killed Caesar to assume power. Answer: (a) has not understood Brutus' reason for killing Caesar
8. When Antony calls the conspirators 'honourable men' his tone is
(a) admiring (b) flattering (c) angry (d) mocking Answer: (b) flattering
9. Antony's reference to Caesar's conquest of the Nervii is to

(a) remind the mob of Caesar's greatness as a warrior

- (b) make the mob feel afraid of being attacked by the war-like race
- (c) make the crowd weep for Caesar who died at war
- (d) stop and collect his emotions as he is feeling very upset Answer:
- (a) remind the mob of Caesar's greatness as a warrior
- 10. Antony's remark Mischief, thou art afoot, Take thou what course thou wilt!, shows him to be

- (a) a ruthless manipulator
- (b) an honourable man
- (c) a loyal friend
- (d) a tactful man

Answer:

(c) a loyal friend

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