

Exercise 10A

Let Rs x be the SP of each bottle and Rs y be the CP of each bottle. SP of 16 bottles = CP of 17 bottles

$$\Rightarrow 16x = 17y$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{17}{16}$$

Gain per bottle = SP - CP

$$= Rs (x - y)$$

$$\therefore$$
 Gain percentage = $\left(\frac{\text{gain}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$

$$=\left(\frac{x-y}{y}\times 100\right)\%$$

$$=\left\{\left(\frac{x}{y}-1\right)\times 100\right\}\%$$

$$=\left\{ \left(\frac{17}{16}-1\right) \times 100 \right\} \%$$

$$=\left(\frac{1}{16}\times 100\right)\%$$

$$=6\frac{1}{4}\%$$

Q9.

Answer:

Let Rs x be the CP of one candle and Rs. y be the SP of one candle. Now, CP of 12 candles = SP of 15 candles

$$\Rightarrow 12x = 15y$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{x} = \frac{12}{15}$$

$$Loss = CP - SP$$

$$= \operatorname{Rs} \left(x - y \right)$$

$$\therefore$$
 Loss percentage = $\left(\frac{\text{loss}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$

$$=\left\{\left(\frac{x-y}{x}\right)\times 100\right\}\%$$

$$=\left\{\left(1-\frac{y}{x}\right)\times 100\right\}\%$$

$$= \left\{ \left(1 - \frac{12}{15}\right) \times 100 \right\} \%$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{15} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= 20\%$$

Answer:

Let Rs x be the SP of one cassette. SP of 5 cassettes = Rs. 5xSP of 125 cassettes = Rs. 125xGain = Rs. 5x, when SP = Rs. 125xBut gain = SP - CP \Rightarrow CP = SP - gain = 125x - 5x= Rs. 120x \therefore Gain percentage = $\left(\frac{\text{gain}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$ = $\left(\frac{5x}{120x} \times 100\right)\%$ = $4\frac{1}{6}\%$

Q11.

Answer:

Let Rs x be the SP of one lemon. SP of 45 lemons = Rs. 45xLoss = SP of 3 lemons = Rs. 3xBut loss = CP - SP CP = loss + SP = 3x + 45x= Rs. 48x \therefore Loss percentage = $\left(\frac{loss}{CP} \times 100\right)\%$ = $\left(\frac{3x}{48x} \times 100\right)\%$ = $6\frac{1}{4}\%$

Q12.

Answer:

CP of 6 oranges = Rs. 10 CP of 1 orange = $\frac{10}{6}$ = Rs. $\frac{5}{3}$ SP of 4 oranges = Rs. 9

SP of 1 orange = Rs.
$$\frac{9}{4}$$

Since SP > CP, there is a gain.
Now, gain = SP - CP
= $\frac{9}{4} - \frac{5}{3}$
= Rs. $\frac{7}{12}$

$$\therefore \text{ Gain percentage} = \left(\frac{\text{gain}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= \left(\frac{\frac{7}{12}}{\frac{5}{5}} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= \left(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{3}{5} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= \left(\frac{7}{4} \times 20\right)\%$$

$$= 35\%$$

Q13.

Answer:

SP of 10 bananas = Rs. 18
SP of 1 banana =
$$\frac{18}{10}$$
 = Rs. $\frac{9}{5}$
CP of 12 bananas = Rs. 16
CP of 1 banana = Rs $\frac{16}{12}$ = Rs. $\frac{4}{3}$
Since SP > CP, there is a gain.
Now, gain = SP − CP
= $\frac{9}{5} - \frac{4}{3}$
= Rs. $\frac{7}{15}$
∴ Gain percentage = $\left(\frac{7}{15} \times \frac{3}{4} \times 100\right)\%$

= 35%

Answer:

CP of 10 apples = Rs. 25
SP of 12 apples = Rs. 25
SP of 10 apples = Rs
$$\frac{25}{12} \times 10 = \text{Rs.}$$
 $\frac{125}{6}$
Since SP < CP, there is a loss.
Now, loss = CP - SP
= Rs $25 - \frac{125}{6}$
= Rs. $\frac{25}{6}$
: Loss percentage = $\left(\frac{\text{loss}}{20} \times 100\right)\%$

$$\therefore \text{ Loss percentage} = \left(\frac{\text{loss}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= \left(\frac{\frac{25}{6}}{25} \times 100\right)\%$$

$$= 16.67\%$$

Q15.

Answer:

Let
$$x$$
 be number of eggs he purchased.
CP of 3 eggs = Rs. 5
CP of x eggs = Rs. $\frac{5}{3}x$
SP of 5 eggs = 12
SP of x eggs = $\frac{12}{5}x$
 \therefore Gain = SP - CP
= $\frac{12}{5}x - \frac{5}{3}x$
= Rs. $\frac{11}{15}x$
Now, $\frac{11}{15}x = 143$
 $\Rightarrow x = 143 \div \frac{11}{15}$
 $\Rightarrow x = 143 \times \frac{15}{11} \Rightarrow x = 195$

Q16.

Answer:

SP of the camera = Rs. 1080Let Rs x be the CP.