

Linear Inequations Ex 15.3 Q12

$$1 \le |x - 2| \le 3$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in [-2, 1, 2]$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in [-3+2,-1+2] \cup [1+2,3+2]$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in [-1,1] \cup [3,5]$$

... The solution set for given inequality is $[-1,1] \cup [3,5]$.

Linear Inequations Ex 15.3 Q13

$$|3-4x| \ge 9$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \left| \frac{3}{4} - x \right| \ge 9$$

$$\Rightarrow \left| \frac{3}{4} - x \right| \ge \frac{9}{4}$$

CASE1: When $-\infty < x \le -\frac{3}{4}$

$$\left| \frac{3}{4} - x \right| = \left(\frac{3}{4} - x \right)$$

$$\left| \frac{3}{4} - x \right| \ge \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{3}{4} - x\right) \ge \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{6}{4} \ge x$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{3}{2} \ge x$$

But, $-\infty < x < -1$.

 \therefore The solution set of the given inequation is $\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$

CASE2: When
$$-\frac{3}{4} < x < \infty$$

$$\left| \frac{3}{4} - x \right| = -\left(\frac{3}{4} - x \right)$$

$$\therefore \left| \frac{3}{4} - x \right| \ge \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\left(\frac{3}{4} - x \right) \ge \frac{9}{4}$$

But,
$$-\frac{3}{4} < x < \infty$$

 \therefore The solution set of the given inequation is $[3,\infty)$.

Combining Case1 and Case2,

we obtain that the solution set of given in equality is $\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right] \cup (3, \infty)$.

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