

Exercise 4C

The denominators of the given rational numbers are 9 and 3.

L.C.M. of 9 and 3 is 9.

$$\frac{-5}{9} = \frac{(-5)\times 1}{9\times 1} = \frac{-5}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

Now,
$$\frac{(-5)}{9} + \frac{6}{9}$$

= $\frac{-5+6}{9}$

$$=\frac{-5+6}{9}$$

$$=\frac{1}{9}$$

(iii)
$$-4 + \frac{1}{2}$$

The denominators of the given rational numbers are 1 and 2.

L.C.M. of 1 and 2 is 2.

$$\frac{-4}{1} = \frac{(-4) \times 2}{1 \times 2} = \frac{-8}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1 \times 1}{2 \times 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1 \times 1}{2 \times 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$
Now, $\frac{(-8)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$

$$= \frac{-8+1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-7}{2}$$

$$=\frac{-8+1}{2}$$

$$=\frac{-7}{2}$$

$$\frac{(iv)}{\frac{-7}{27}} + \frac{5}{18}$$

The denominators of the given rational numbers are 27 and 18.

L.C.M. of 27 and 18 is 54.

$$\frac{-7}{27} = \frac{(-7)\times 2}{27\times 2} = \frac{-14}{54}$$
$$\frac{5}{18} = \frac{5\times 3}{18\times 3} = \frac{15}{54}$$

Now,
$$\frac{(-14)}{54} + \frac{15}{54} = \frac{-14+15}{54}$$

= $\frac{1}{54}$

$$(\vee)\tfrac{-5}{36} + \left(\tfrac{-7}{12}\right)$$

The denominators of the given rational numbers are 36 and 12.

********** END ********