

Trigonometric Ratios Ex 5.1 Q23

Answer:

Given:

$$\sec A = \frac{5}{4} \dots (1)$$

To verify:

$$\frac{3\sin A - 4\sin^3 A}{4\cos^3 A - 3\cos A} = \frac{3\tan A - \tan^3 A}{1 - 3\tan^2 A} \dots (2)$$

Now we know that $\sec A = \frac{1}{\cos A}$

Therefore
$$\cos A = \frac{1}{\sec A}$$

Now, by substituting the value of sec A from equation (1)

We get,

$$\cos A = \frac{1}{\frac{5}{4}}$$
$$= \frac{4}{5}$$

Therefore,

$$\cos A = \frac{4}{5} \dots (3)$$

Now, we know the following trigonometric identity

$$\cos^2 A + \sin^2 A = 1$$

Therefore,

$$\sin^2 A = 1 - \cos^2 A$$

Now by substituting the value of $\cos A$ from equation (3) We get,

$$\sin^2 A = 1 - \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2$$
$$= 1 - \frac{(4)^2}{(5)^2}$$
$$= 1 - \frac{16}{25}$$

Now by taking L.C.M

We get,

$$\sin^2 A = \frac{25 - 16}{25}$$
$$= \frac{9}{25}$$

Now, by taking square root on both sides

We get,

$$\sin A = \sqrt{\frac{9}{25}}$$
$$= \frac{\sqrt{9}}{\sqrt{25}}$$
$$= \frac{3}{2}$$

Therefore

$$\sin A = \frac{3}{5} \dots (4)$$

Now, we know that $\tan A = \frac{\sin A}{\cos A}$

Now by substituting the value of $\sin A$ and $\cos A$ from equation (3) and (4) respectively We get.

We get,

$$\tan A = \frac{\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{4}{4}}$$

$$= \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

Therefore

$$\tan A = \frac{3}{4}$$
 (5)

Now from the expression of equation (2)

L.H.S =
$$\frac{3\sin A - 4\sin^3 A}{4\cos^3 A - 3\cos A}$$

Now by substituting the value of $\cos A$ and $\sin A$ from equation (3) and (4) We get,

L.H.S =
$$\frac{3\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) - 4\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{3}}{4\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{3} - 3\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}$$

Therefore.

L.H.S =
$$\frac{\frac{9}{5} - 4\left(\frac{27}{125}\right)}{4\left(\frac{64}{125}\right) - \frac{12}{5}}$$
$$= \frac{\frac{9}{5} - \frac{108}{125}}{\frac{256}{125} - \frac{12}{5}}$$

Now by taking L.C.M of both numerator and denominator We get,

L.H.S =
$$\frac{\frac{9 \times 25}{5 \times 25} - \frac{108}{125}}{\frac{256}{125} - \frac{12 \times 25}{5 \times 25}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{225}{125} - \frac{108}{125}}{\frac{256}{125} - \frac{300}{125}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{225 - 108}{125}}{\frac{256 - 300}{125}}$$

$$=\frac{\frac{117}{125}}{\frac{-44}{125}}$$
$$=\frac{-117}{44}$$

$$\frac{3\sin A - 4\sin^3 A}{4\cos^3 A - 3\cos A} = \frac{-117}{44} \dots (6)$$

Now from the expression of equation (2)

R.H.S =
$$\frac{3 \tan A - \tan^3 A}{1 - 3 \tan^2 A}$$

Now by substituting the value of tan A from equation (5)

We get,

$$RHS = \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3}{4}$$

$$1 - 3\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{9}{4} - \frac{27}{64}}{1 - \frac{3 \times 9}{16}}$$

Now by taking L.C.M. We get,

$$R.H.S = \frac{\frac{9 \times 16}{4 \times 16} - \frac{27}{64}}{\frac{16 - 27}{16}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{144}{64} - \frac{27}{64}}{\frac{-11}{16}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{144 - 27}{64}}{\frac{-11}{16}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{117}{64}}{\frac{-11}{16}}$$
$$= \frac{117}{64} \times \frac{16}{-11}$$

Now, $16 \times 4 = 64$ Therefore,

R.H.S =
$$\frac{117}{4} \times \frac{1}{-11}$$

= $\frac{117 \times 1}{4 \times -11}$
= $\frac{117}{-44}$
= $\frac{-117}{44}$

Therefore,

$$\frac{3\tan A - \tan^3 A}{1 - 3\tan^2 A} = \frac{-117}{44} \dots (7)$$

Now by comparing equation (6) and (7)

We get,
$$\frac{3\sin A - 4\sin^3 A}{4\cos^3 A - 3\cos A} = \frac{3\tan A - \tan^3 A}{1 - 3\tan^2 A}$$

******* END *******