

Properties of Triangles Ex 15.5 Q1

Answer

The Pythagoras Theorem: In a right triangle, the square of the hypotenuse is always equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides.

Converse of the Pythagoras Theorem: If the square of one side of a triangle is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides, then the triangle is a right triangle, with the angle opposite to the first side as right angle.

Properties of Triangles Ex 15.5 Q2

Answer:

According to the Pythagoras theorem,

$$(Hypotenuse)^2 = (Base)^2 + (Height)^2$$

(i)
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

 $c^2 = 6^2 + 8^2$
 $c^2 = 36 + 64 = 100$
 $c = 10$ cm
(ii) $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$
 $c^2 = 8^2 + 15^2$
 $c^2 = 64 + 225 = 289$
 $c = 17$ cm

(iii)
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

 $c^2 = 3^2 + 4^2$
 $c^2 = 9 + 16 = 25$
 $c = 5$ cm
(iv) $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$
 $c^2 = 2^2 + 1.5^2$
 $c^2 = 4 + 2.25 = 6.25$
 $c = 2.5$ cm

******* END ******