

Exercise 14F

Question 6:

We prepare the following frequency distribution table:

(X <sub>i</sub> )	(f <sub>i</sub> )	$f_iX_i$
15	8	120
20	7	140
25	Р	25p
30	14	420
35	15	525
40	6	240
	$\sum f_i = 50 + p$	$\sum f_i x_i = 1445 + 25p$

Mean = 
$$\frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i} = \frac{1445 + 25p}{50 + p}$$

But mean = 28.25 given

$$\frac{1445 + 25p}{50 + p} = 28.25$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 -3.25p = -32.5

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{32.5}{3.25} = 10$$

the value of p=10

Question 7:

We prepare the following frequency distribution table:

(X <sub>i</sub> )	(f <sub>i</sub> )	$f_iX_i$
8	12	96
12	16	192
15	20	300
Р	24	24p
20	16	320
25	8	200
30	4	120
	$\sum f_i = 100$	$\sum f_i x_i = 1228 + 24p$

$$\therefore \text{ Mean} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i} = \frac{1228 + 24p}{100}$$

But mean = 16.6(given)

$$\therefore \frac{1228 + 24p}{100} = 16.6$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 24p = 432

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{432}{24} = 18$$

: the value of p = 18

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*