

#### **EXERCISE 1.4**

## Question-1

Find the union of each of the following pairs of sets:

(i) 
$$X = \{1, 3, 5\} Y = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

(ii) 
$$A = \{a, e, i, o, u\} B = \{a, b, c\}$$

(iii) A = {x: x is a natural number and multiple of 3}

 $B = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number less than 6}\}$ 

(iv)  $A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 1 < x \le 6\}$ 

B =  $\{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 6 < x < 10\}$ 

(v) 
$$A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \Phi$$

Ans

i) 
$$X = \{1, 3, 5\} Y = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

$$X \cup Y = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}$$

(ii) 
$$A = \{a, e, i, o, u\} B = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{a, b, c, e, i, o, u\}$$

(iii)  $A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and multiple of } 3\} = \{3, 6, 9 \dots\}$ 

As B =  $\{x: x \text{ is a natural number less than 6}\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ 

$$A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 12 \dots\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{x: x = 1, 2, 4, 5 \text{ or a multiple of } 3\}$$

(iv)  $A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 1 \le x \le 6\} = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ 

 $B = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 6 \le x \le 10\} = \{7, 8, 9\}$ 

$$A \cup B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{x : x \in N \text{ and } 1 \le x \le 10\}$$

(v) 
$$A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \Phi$$

$$A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

# Question-2

Let 
$$A = \{a, b\}$$
,  $B = \{a, b, c\}$ . Is  $A \subset B$ ? What is  $A \cup B$ ?

Here,  $A = \{a, b\}$  and  $B = \{a, b, c\}$ 

Yes,  $A \subset B$ .

 $A \cup B = \{a, b, c\} = B$ 

#### Question-3

If A and B are two sets such that  $A \subset B$ , then what is  $A \cup B$ ?

Ans.

If A and B are two sets such that  $A \subset B$ , then  $A \cup B = B$ .

## Question-4

If  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, B = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}, C = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$  and  $D = \{7, 8, 9, 10\};$  find

- (i) A ∪ B
- (ii) A∪C
- (iii) B∪C
- (iv) B∪D
- (v) AUBUC
- (vi) A∪B∪D
- (vii) B U C U D

Ans

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, B = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}, C = \{5, 6, 7, 8\} \text{ and } D = \{7, 8, 9, 10\}$$

- (i)  $A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$
- (ii)  $A \cup C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$
- (iii)  $B \cup C = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$
- (iv)  $B \cup D = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$
- (v)  $A \cup B \cup C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$
- (vi)  $A \cup B \cup D = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$
- (vii)  $B \cup C \cup D = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

#### Question-5

Find the intersection of each pair of sets:

(i) 
$$X = \{1, 3, 5\} Y = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

(ii) 
$$A = \{a, e, i, o, u\} B = \{a, b, c\}$$

(iii) A = {x: x is a natural number and multiple of 3}

 $B = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number less than 6}\}$ 

(iv)  $A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 1 < x \le 6\}$ 

 $\mathsf{B} = \{x : x \text{ is a natural number and } 6 < x < 10\}$ 

(v) 
$$A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \Phi$$

i) 
$$X = \{1, 3, 5\}, Y = \{1, 2, 3\}$$
  
 $X \cap Y = \{1, 3\}$   
(ii)  $A = \{a, e, i, o, u\}, B = \{a, b, c\}$   
 $A \cap B = \{a\}$   
(iii)  $A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and multiple of } 3\} = (3, 6, 9 ...)$   
 $B = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number less than } 6\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$   
 $\therefore A \cap B = \{3\}$   
(iv)  $A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 1 < x \le 6\} = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$   
 $B = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 6 < x < 10\} = \{7, 8, 9\}$   
 $A \cap B = \Phi$   
(v)  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \Phi$   
 $A \cap B = \Phi$   
Question-6  
If  $A = \{3, 5, 7, 9, 11\}, B = \{7, 9, 11, 13\}, C = \{11, 13, 15\} \text{ and } D = \{15, 17\}; \text{ find}$   
(i)  $A \cap B$   
(ii)  $A \cap C \cap D$   
(iv)  $A \cap C \cap D$   
(vi)  $A \cap (B \cup C)$   
(vii)  $A \cap (B \cup C)$ 

(ix)  $(A \cap B) \cap (B \cup C)$ 

(x) (A∪D) ∩ (B∪C)

```
(i) A \cap B = \{7, 9, 11\}
 (ii) B \cap C = {11, 13}
 (iii) A \cap C \cap D = \{A \cap C\} \cap D = \{11\} \cap \{15, 17\} = \Phi
 (iv) A \cap C = \{11\}
 (v) B \cap D = \Phi
(vi) A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)
= \{7, 9, 11\} \cup \{11\} = \{7, 9, 11\}
(vii) A \cap D = \Phi
 (viii) A \cap (B \cup D) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap D)
= \{7, 9, 11\} \cup \Phi = \{7, 9, 11\}
(ix)(A \cap B) \cap (B \cup C) = \{7, 9, 11\} \cap \{7, 9, 11, 13, 15\} = \{7, 9, 11\}
(\mathbf{x})(A \cup D) \cap (B \cup C) = \{3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 15, 17\} \cap \{7, 9, 11, 13, 15\}
= \{7, 9, 11, 15\}
Question-7
If A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number}\}, B = \{x: x \text{ is an even natural number}\}
C = \{x: x \text{ is an odd natural number}\}\ and D = \{x: x \text{ is a prime number}\}\ find
(i) A∩B
(ii) An C
(iii) An D
(iv) Bnc
(v) B ∩ D
(vi) CAD
Ans.
A = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number}\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \dots\}
B = \{x: x \text{ is an even natural number}\} = \{2, 4, 6, 8 \dots\}
C = \{x: x \text{ is an odd natural number}\} = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9 ...\}
D = \{x: x \text{ is a prime number}\} = \{2, 3, 5, 7 \dots\}
(i) A \cap B = \{x : x \text{ is a even natural number}\} = B
(ii) A \cap C = \{x : x \text{ is an odd natural number}\} = C
(iii) A \cap D = \{x : x \text{ is a prime number}\} = D
(iv) B \cap C = \Phi
(v) B \cap D = \{2\}
(vi) C \cap D = \{x : x \text{ is odd prime number}\}
```

Question-8

Which of the following pairs of sets are disjoint

(i)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $\{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 4 \le x \le 6\}$ 

(iii) {x: x is an even integer} and {x: x is an odd integer}

Ans.

(i)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ 

 $\{x: x \text{ is a natural number and } 4 \le x \le 6\} = \{4, 5, 6\}$ 

Now, 
$$\{1, 2, 3, 4\} \cap \{4, 5, 6\} = \{4\}$$

Therefore, this pair of sets is not disjoint.

(ii) 
$$\{a, e, i, o, u\} \cap (c, d, e, f\} = \{e\}$$

Therefore,  $\{a, e, i, o, u\}$  and (c, d, e, f) are not disjoint.

(iii)  $\{x: x \text{ is an even integer}\} \cap \{x: x \text{ is an odd integer}\} = \Phi$ 

Therefore, this pair of sets is disjoint.

Question-9

If 
$$A = \{3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21\}, B = \{4, 8, 12, 16, 20\},\$$

$$C = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16\}, D = \{5, 10, 15, 20\}; find$$

(i) 
$$A - B = \{3, 6, 9, 15, 18, 21\}$$

(ii) 
$$A - C = \{3, 9, 15, 18, 21\}$$

(iii) 
$$A - D = \{3, 6, 9, 12, 18, 21\}$$

(iv) 
$$B - A = \{4, 8, 16, 20\}$$

(v) 
$$C - A = \{2, 4, 8, 10, 14, 16\}$$

(vi) 
$$D - A = \{5, 10, 20\}$$

(vii) 
$$B - C = \{20\}$$

(viii) 
$$B - D = \{4, 8, 12, 16\}$$

(ix) 
$$C - B = \{2, 6, 10, 14\}$$

$$(x) D - B = \{5, 10, 15\}$$

(xi) 
$$C - D = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 14, 16\}$$

(xii) 
$$D - C = \{5, 15, 20\}$$

## Question-10

If 
$$X = \{a, b, c, d\}$$
 and  $Y = \{f, b, d, g\}$ , find

Ans.

i) 
$$X - Y = \{a, c\}$$

(ii) 
$$Y - X = \{f, g\}$$

(iii) 
$$X \cap Y = \{b, d\}$$

## Question-11

If  $\mathbf{R}$  is the set of real numbers and  $\mathbf{Q}$  is the set of rational numbers, then what is  $\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{Q}$ ?

Ans

R: set of real numbers

Q: set of rational numbers

Therefore, R - Q is a set of irrational numbers

## Question-12

State whether each of the following statement is true or false. Justify your answer.

(i) {2, 3, 4, 5} and {3, 6} are disjoint sets.

(ii)  $\{a, e, i, o, u\}$  and  $\{a, b, c, d\}$  are disjoint sets.

(iii) {2, 6, 10, 14} and {3, 7, 11, 15} are disjoint sets.

(iv) {2, 6, 10} and {3, 7, 11} are disjoint sets.

(i) False

As 
$$3 \in \{2, 3, 4, 5\}, 3 \in \{3, 6\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \{2, 3, 4, 5\} \cap \{3, 6\} = \{3\}$$

(ii) False

As 
$$a \in \{a, e, i, o, u\}, a \in \{a, b, c, d\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \{a,e,i,o,u \;\} \cap \{a,b,c,d\} = \{a\}$$

(iii) True

As 
$$\{2, 6, 10, 14\} \cap \{3, 7, 11, 15\} = \Phi$$

(iv) True

As 
$$\{2, 6, 10\} \cap \{3, 7, 11\} = \Phi$$

\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*