



Exercise 4D

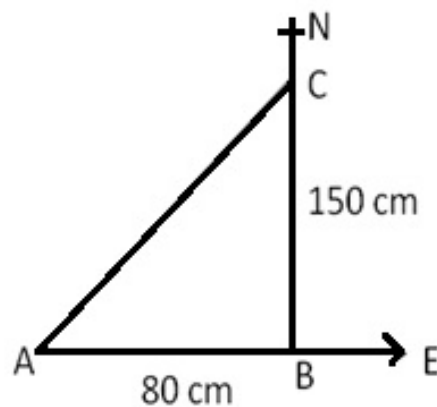
Question 2:

Starting from A, let the man goes from A to B and from B to C, as shown in the figure.

Then,

$AB = 80 \text{ m}$, $BC = 150 \text{ m}$ and $\angle ABC = 90^\circ$

From right $\triangle ABC$, we have



By Pythagoras theorem, we have

$$\begin{aligned} AC^2 &= (AB^2 + BC^2) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= [(80)^2 + (150)^2] \text{ m}^2 \\ &= (6400 + 22500) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 28900 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore AC = \sqrt{28900} \text{ m} = 170 \text{ m}$$

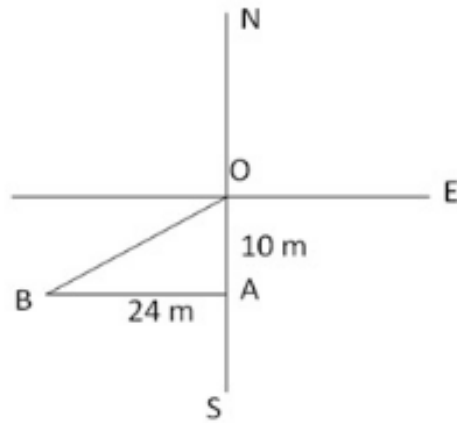
Hence, the man is 170m north-east from the starting point.

Question 3:

Starting from O, let the man goes from O to A and then A to B as shown in the figure.

Then,

$OA = 10 \text{ m}$, $AB = 24 \text{ m}$ and $\angle OAB = 90^\circ$



Using Pythagoras theorem:

$$OB^2 = OA^2 + AB^2$$

$$\Rightarrow OB^2 = 10^2 + 24^2$$

$$\Rightarrow OB^2 = 100 + 576$$

$$\Rightarrow OB^2 = 676$$

$$\Rightarrow OB = \sqrt{676} = 26 \text{ m}$$

Hence, the man is 26 m south-west from the starting position.

***** END *****