

Arithmetic Progressions Ex 9.3 Q2

Answer:

In the given problem, we are given an A.P and the value of one of its term.

We need to find which term it is (n)

So here we will find the value of n using the formula, $a_n = a + (n-1)d$

(i) Here, A.P is 3,8,13,....

$$a_n = 248$$

$$a = 3$$

Now,

Common difference (d) = $a_1 - a$

$$=8-3$$

Thus, using the above mentioned formula

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$248 = 3 + (n-1)5$$

$$248 - 3 = 5n - 5$$

$$245 + 5 = 5n$$

$$n = \frac{250}{5}$$

$$n = 50$$

Thus, n = 50

Therefore 248 is the 50^{th} term of the given A.P

(ii) Here, A.P is 84,80,76,....

$$a_n = 0$$

$$a = 84$$

Now.

Common difference (d) = $a_1 - a$

Thus, using the above mentioned formula

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$0 = 84 + (n-1)(-4)$$

$$0 = 84 - 4n + 4$$

$$0 = 88 - 4n$$

$$4n = 88$$

On further simplifying, we get,

$$n = \frac{88}{4}$$

$$n = 22$$

Thus,
$$n = 22$$

Therefore 84 is the 22nd term of the given A.P

(iii) Here, A.P is 4,9,14,....

$$a_n = 254$$

$$a = 4$$

Now,

Common difference (d) = $a_1 - a$

Thus, using the above mentioned formula

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$254 = 4 + (n-1)5$$

$$254 - 4 = 5n - 5$$

$$250 + 5 = 5n$$

$$n = \frac{255}{5}$$

$$n = 51$$

Thus, n = 51

Therefore 254 is the 51st term of the given A.P

(iv) Here, A.P is 21,42,63,84,....

$$a_n = 420$$

$$a = 21$$

Now.

Common difference (d) = $a_1 - a$

Thus, using the above mentioned formula

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$420 = 21 + (n-1)21$$

$$420 - 21 = 21n - 21$$

$$399 + 21 = 21n$$

$$n = \frac{420}{21}$$

$$n = 20$$

Thus, n=20

Therefore 420 is the 20th term of the given A.P

(v) Here, A.P is 121,117,113,....

We need to find first negative term of the A.P.

$$a = 121$$

Now,

Common difference (d) = $a_1 - a$

$$=117-121$$

$$= -4$$

Now, we need to find the first negative term,

$$a_n < 0$$

$$121+(n-1)(-4)<0$$

$$121 - 4n + 4 < 0$$

$$125 - 4n < 0$$

Further simplifying, we get,

$$n > \frac{125}{4}$$

$$n > 31\frac{1}{4}$$

$$n \ge 32$$

(as n is a natural number)

Thus, n = 32

Therefore, the first negative term is the 32^{nd} term of the given A.P.

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