

Profit, Loss, Discount, Value Added Tax (VAT) Ex 13.1 Q17

Answer:

He sells 950 gm pulses and gets a gain of 50 gm.

If he sells $100\,\mathrm{gm}$ of pulses, he will gain $=\frac{50}{950}\times100$

$$=\frac{5000}{950}$$

$$=5\frac{5}{19}\%$$

Profit, Loss, Discount, Value Added Tax (VAT) Ex 13.1 Q18 Answer:

G iven that the selling price is same for both the tables.

Let the C.P of 1 table be Rs. x, then the C.P of the other will be Rs. (3120-x).

Loss on the first table = 15%

Therefore, S.
$$P = C$$
. $P\left(\frac{100 - l \cos \%}{100}\right)$

S.
$$P = \frac{85x}{100} = \text{Rs. } 0.85x$$

Gain on the second table = 36%

Therefore, S.P =
$$C.P\left(\frac{100+g\sin\%}{100}\right)$$

$$S.P = Rs. 1.36(3120 - x)$$

Since both tables have the same S.P,

So,
$$0.85x = 1.36(3120 - x)$$

$$0.85x = 4243.20 - 1.36x$$

$$2.21x = 4243.20$$

$$x = \frac{4243.20}{2.21}$$

$$x = \text{Rs.} \ 1920$$

So, the cost price of the first table is Rs. 1920.

Cost price of the second table = Rs. (3120 - 1920) = Rs. 1200

********* END *******