



Exercise 7A

Question 12:

Let a be the length of a side of an equilateral triangle.

$$\therefore \text{Area of an equilateral triangle} = \frac{\sqrt{3} \times a^2}{4} \text{ sq units}$$

$$\text{Area of the equilateral triangle} = 36\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2 \quad [\text{given}]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3} \times a^2}{4} = 36 \times \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 = \frac{36 \times \sqrt{3} \times 4}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 = 36 \times 4 = 144$$

$$\therefore a = \sqrt{144} = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Perimeter of an equilateral triangle} = 3 \times a$$

$$\text{Since, } a = 12 \text{ cm,}$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = (3 \times 12) \text{ cm} = 36 \text{ cm}$$

Question 13:

Let a be the length of the side of an equilateral triangle

$$\therefore \text{Area of an equilateral triangle} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2 \text{ sq units}$$

$$\text{Area of the equilateral triangle} = 81\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2 \quad [\text{given}]$$

$$\Rightarrow 81\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 = \frac{81\sqrt{3} \times 4}{\sqrt{3}} = 324$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \sqrt{324} = 18 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Height of an equilateral triangle} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a$$

$$\text{Since } a = 18 \text{ cm,}$$

$$\text{Height of the equilateral triangle} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times 18 = 9\sqrt{3} \text{ cm.}$$

***** END *****