

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q2(iii)

$$\sin 9\theta = \sin \theta$$

$$\sin 9\theta - \sin \theta = 0$$

Apply sin A - sin B formula

$$\sin A - \sin B = 2 \cos \left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) \sin \left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin 9\theta - \sin \theta = 2\cos 5\theta \sin 4\theta = 0$$

 $\cos 5\theta \sin 4\theta = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \cos 5\theta = 0$$
 (or) $\sin 4\theta = 0$

$$5\theta = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2}(or)4\theta = n\pi$$

$$\theta = \left\{ \frac{\left(2n+1\right)\pi}{10} \right\} (or)\theta = \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{4} \right\} where \ n \in Z$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q2(vi)

We have,

$$sin 2\theta = cos 3\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $\cos 3\theta = \sin 2\theta$

$$\Rightarrow \cos 3\theta = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 2\theta\right) \qquad \left[\because \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \sin \theta\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\theta = 2n\pi \pm \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 2\theta\right), n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

⇒ either

$$5\theta = 2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ or } \theta = 2n\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5\theta = (4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}, n \in Z \text{ or } \theta = (4n-1)\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = \left(4n+1\right)\frac{\pi}{10}, n \in z \text{ or } \theta\left(4n-1\right)\frac{\pi}{2}, n \in z$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q2(v)

We have,

$$tan \theta + cot 2\theta = 0$$

$$tan \theta = -cot 2\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 cot $2\theta = - \tan \theta$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $tan 2\theta = -cot \theta$

$$\Rightarrow tan 2\theta = -tan \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow tan 2\theta = tan \left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad 2\theta = n\pi + \left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right), n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \theta = n\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Trigonometric Equations Ex 11.1 Q2(vi)

We have,

$$tan 3\theta = \cot \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow tan 3\theta = tan \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) \left[\because tan \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \cot \theta\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\theta = n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} - \theta, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\theta = n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{n\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{8}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

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