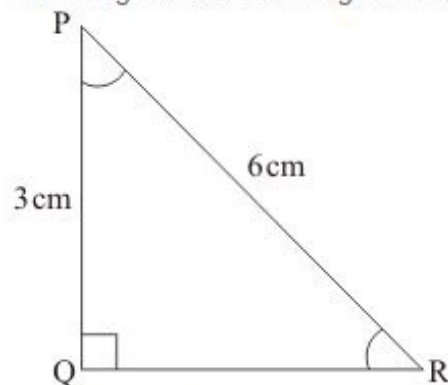




Trigonometric Ratios Ex 5.2 Q39

Answer :

We are given the following information in the form of triangle



To find: $\angle P$ and $\angle R$

Now, in ΔPQR

$$\cos P = \frac{PQ}{PR}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos P &= \frac{3}{6} \dots\dots (1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Now we know that

$$\cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \dots\dots (2)$$

We get,

$$\angle P = 60^\circ \dots\dots (3)$$

Now we have

$$\sin P = \frac{QR}{PR}$$

$$\sin 60^\circ = \frac{QR}{6}$$

Now we know that

$$\sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{QR}{6}$$

Now by cross multiplying

We get,

$$6 \times \sqrt{3} = 2 \times QR$$

$$\Rightarrow 6\sqrt{3} = 2QR$$

$$\Rightarrow QR = \frac{6\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow QR = 3\sqrt{3}$$

Therefore,

$$QR = 3\sqrt{3} \text{ cm} \dots\dots (4)$$

$$QR = 3\sqrt{3} \text{ cm} \dots\dots (4)$$

Now we know that

$$\cos R = \frac{QR}{PR}$$

$$\cos R = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos R = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

.....(5)

Now we know,

$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \dots\dots (6)$$

Now by comparing equation (5) and (6)

We get,

$$\angle R = 30^\circ \dots\dots (7)$$

Hence from equation (3) and (7)

$$\angle P = 60^\circ \text{ and } \angle R = 30^\circ$$

*****END*****