

Sine and Cosine Formulae and their Applications Ex-10.2 Q1

The area of a triangle ABC is given by

$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 6 \sin 60^{\circ}$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ sq.unit}$$

Sine and Cosine Formulae and their Applications Ex-10.2 Q2

The area of a triangle ABC is given by

$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

$$= \frac{2+3-5}{2\sqrt{6}}$$

$$= 0$$

$$\sin C = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 C}$$

$$= 1$$
Therefore,
$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}$$

Sine and Cosine Formulae and their Applications Ex-10.2 Q3

We have, a = 4, b = 6 and c = 8

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac} = \frac{11}{16}$$

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$8\cos A + 16\cos B + 4\cos C = 8 \times \frac{7}{8} + 16 \times \frac{11}{16} + 4 \times \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

Sine and Cosine Formulae and their Applications Ex-10.2 Q4

In any $\triangle ABC$, we have

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$
$$\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac}$$

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

we have,

$$a = 18, b = 24, c = 30$$

Therefore,

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} = \frac{1152}{1440} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac} = \frac{648}{1080} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab} = \frac{0}{864} = 0$$

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