

Exercise 4A

(i)  $\frac{35}{49}$ 

H.C.F. of 35 and 49 is 7.

(i) 
$$\frac{35}{49}$$
  
H.C.F. of 35 and 49  
 $35)49$  (1  
 $-35$   
 $14$ ) 35 (2  
 $-28$   
 $7$ ) 14 (2  
 $-14$   
×

Dividing the numerator and the denominator by 7:

$$\frac{35\div7}{49\div7}=\frac{5}{7}$$
 So,  $\frac{35}{49}$  is equal to  $\frac{5}{7}$  in the standard form.

$$(ii) \frac{8}{-36}$$

Denominator is -36, which is negative.

Multiplying both the numerator and the denominator by -1:

$$\frac{8 \times (-1)}{-36 \times (-1)} = \frac{-8}{36}$$

$$\frac{8)36}{4}(4)$$
 $\frac{4)8}{\times}(2)$ 

H.C.F. of 8 and 36 is 4.

Dividing its numerator and denominator by 4:

$$\frac{-8:4}{36:4} = \frac{-2}{9}$$

So,  $\frac{8}{-36}$  is equal to  $\frac{-2}{9}$  in the standard form.

(iii) 
$$\frac{-27}{45}$$

H.C.F. of 27 and 45 is 9.

Dividing its numerator and denominator by 9:

$$\frac{-27 \div 9}{45 \div 9} = \frac{-3}{5}$$

 $\frac{-27 \div 9}{45 \div 9} = \frac{-3}{5}$  Hence,  $\frac{-27}{45}$  is equal to  $\frac{-3}{5}$  in the standard form.

$$\left(iv\right) \frac{-14}{-49}$$

The denominator is negative.

Multiplying its numerator and denominator by -1:

$$\frac{-14 \times (-1)}{-49 \times (-1)} = \frac{14}{49}$$

H.C.F. of 14 and 49 is 7.

Dividing both the numerator and the denominator by 7.

\*\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*\*