

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q1

Answer:

To multiply, we will use distributive law as follows:

$$(5x+3)(7x+2)$$

$$= 5x(7x+2) + 3(7x+2)$$

$$= (5x \times 7x + 5x \times 2) + (3 \times 7x + 3 \times 2)$$

$$= (35x^2 + 10x) + (21x + 6)$$

$$= 35x^2 + 10x + 21x + 6$$

$$= 35x^2 + 31x + 6$$

Thus, the answer is $35x^2 + 31x + 6$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q2

Answer:

To multiply the expressions, we will use the distributive law in the following way:

$$(2x+8)(x-3)$$
= $2x(x-3) + 8(x-3)$
= $(2x \times x - 2x \times 3) + (8x - 8 \times 3)$
= $(2x^2 - 6x) + (8x - 24)$
= $2x^2 - 6x + 8x - 24$
= $2x^2 + 2x - 24$

Thus, the answer is $2x^2 + 2x - 24$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q3

Answer:

To multiply, we will use distributive law as follows:

$$(7x + y)(x + 5y)$$

$$= 7x(x + 5y) + y(x + 5y)$$

$$= 7x^{2} + 35xy + xy + 5y^{2}$$

$$= 7x^{2} + 36xy + 5y^{2}$$

Thus, the answer is $7x^2 + 36xy + 5y^2$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q4

Answer:

To multiply, we will use distributive law as follows:

$$(a-1)(0.1a^{2}+3)$$

$$= 0.1a^{2}(a-1) + 3(a-1)$$

$$= 0.1a^{3} - 0.1a^{2} + 3a - 3$$

Thus, the answer is $0.1a^3 - 0.1a^2 + 3a - 3$.

Algebraic Expressions and Identities Ex 6.5 Q5

Answer:

To multiply, we will use distributive law as follows:

$$(3x^{2} + y^{2})(2x^{2} + 3y^{2})$$

$$= 3x^{2}(2x^{2} + 3y^{2}) + y^{2}(2x^{2} + 3y^{2})$$

$$= 6x^{4} + 9x^{2}y^{2} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + 3y^{4}$$

$$= 6x^{4} + 11x^{2}y^{2} + 3y^{4}$$

Thus, the answer is $6x^4 + 11x^2y^2 + 3y^4$.

********** FND ********