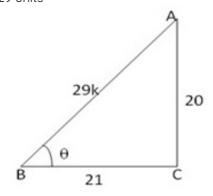


Question 19

Given: \triangle ABC in which \angle B = 900 and \angle A = θ , BC = 21cm units and AB = 29 units



By Pythagoras theorem, we have

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(AC)^2 = (AB)^2 - (BC)^2$

$$\Rightarrow (AC)^2 = \left[(29)^2 - (21)^2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(AC)^2 = 841 - 441$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(AC)^2 = 400$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 AC = $\sqrt{400}$ = 20

$$\cos\theta = \frac{BC}{AB} = \frac{21}{29}$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{AC}{AB} = \frac{20}{29}$$

$$(i)(\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta) = (\frac{21}{29})^2 + (\frac{20}{29})^2$$
$$= \frac{441}{841} + \frac{400}{841}$$
$$= \frac{841}{841}$$
$$= 1$$

(ii)
$$\left(\cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta\right) = \left(\frac{21}{29}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{20}{29}\right)^2$$

= $\frac{441}{841} - \frac{400}{841} = \frac{41}{841}$
Hence, $\left(\cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta\right) = \frac{41}{841}$

******* END ********