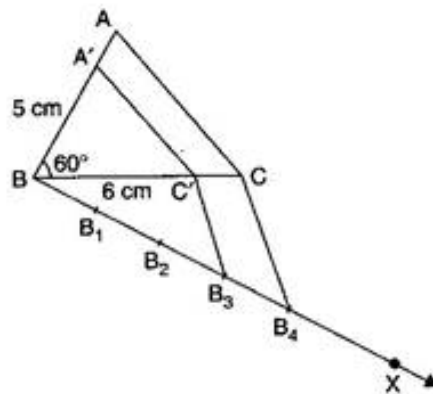




### Exercise 11.1



(a) Draw a triangle  $ABC$  with side  $BC = 6$  cm,  $AB = 5$  cm and  $\angle ABC = 60^\circ$ .

(b) From any ray  $BX$ , making an acute angle with  $BC$  on the side opposite to the vertex  $A$ .

(c) Locate 4 points  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$  on  $BX$  such that  $BB_1 = B_1B_2 = B_2B_3 = B_3B_4$ .

(d) Join  $B_4C$  and draw a line through the point  $B_3$ , draw a line parallel to  $B_4C$  intersecting  $BC$  at the point  $C'$ .

(e) Draw a line through  $C'$  parallel to the line  $CA$  to intersect  $BA$  at  $A'$ .

Then,  $A'BC'$  is the required triangle.

Justification:

$\therefore B_4C \parallel B_3C'$  [By construction]

$$\therefore \frac{BB_3}{BB_4} = \frac{BC'}{BC}$$

[By Basic Proportionality Theorem]

$$\text{But } \frac{BB_3}{BB_4} = \frac{3}{4} \text{ [By construction]}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } \frac{BC'}{BC} = \frac{3}{4} \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

$\therefore CA \parallel C'A'$  [By construction]

$\therefore \triangle BC'A' \sim \triangle BCA$  [AA similarity]

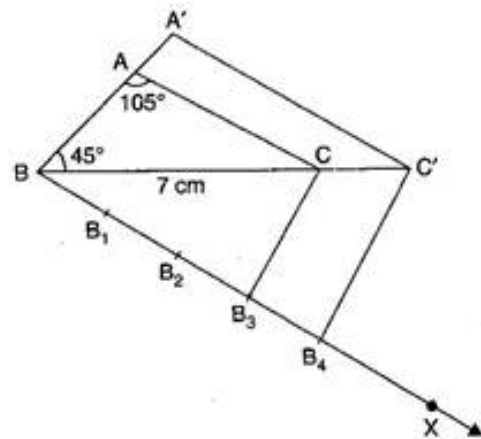
$$\therefore \frac{AB'}{AB} = \frac{A'C'}{AC} = \frac{BC'}{BC} = \frac{3}{4} \text{ [From eq. (i)]}$$

**Q6.** Draw a triangle ABC with side  $BC = 7 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle B = 45^\circ$ ,  $\angle A = 105^\circ$ . Then construct a triangle whose sides are  $\frac{4}{3}$  times the corresponding sides of  $\triangle ABC$ .

**Ans:** To construct: To construct a triangle ABC with side  $BC = 7 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle B = 45^\circ$  and  $\angle C = 105^\circ$  and then a triangle similar to it whose sides are

$\frac{4}{3}$  of the corresponding sides of the first triangle ABC.

Steps of construction:



(a) Draw a triangle ABC with side  $BC = 7 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle B = 45^\circ$  and  $\angle C = 105^\circ$ .

(b) From any ray BX, making an acute angle with BC on the side opposite to the vertex A.

(c) Locate 4 points  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$  on BX such that  $BB_1 = B_1B_2 = B_2B_3 = B_3B_4$ .

(d) Join  $B_3C$  and draw a line through the point  $B_4$ , draw a line parallel to  $B_3C$  intersecting BC at the point  $C'$ .

(e) Draw a line through  $C'$  parallel to the line CA to intersect BA at  $A'$ .

Then,  $A'BC'$  is the required triangle.

Justification:

$\because B_4C' \parallel B_3C$  [By construction]

$\therefore \triangle BB_4C' \sim \triangle BB_3C$  [AA similarity]

$$\therefore \frac{BB_4}{BB_3} = \frac{BC'}{BC}$$

[By Basic Proportionality Theorem]

$$\text{But } \frac{BB_4}{BB_3} = \frac{4}{3} \text{ [By construction]}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } \frac{BC'}{BC} = \frac{4}{3} \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

$\because CA \parallel C'A'$  [By construction]

$\therefore \triangle BC'A' \sim \triangle BCA$  [AA similarity]

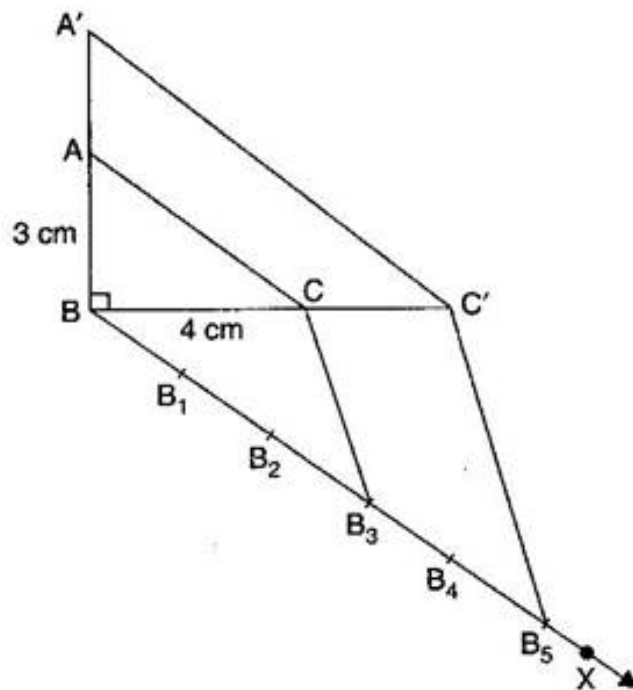
$$\therefore \frac{A'B}{AB} = \frac{A'C'}{AC} = \frac{BC'}{BC} = \frac{4}{3} \text{ [From eq. (i)]}$$

**Q7.** Draw a right triangle in which the sides (other than hypotenuse) are of lengths 4 cm and

3 cm. Then construct another triangle whose sides are  $\frac{5}{3}$  times the corresponding sides of the given triangle.

**Ans:** To construct: To construct a right triangle in which sides (other than hypotenuse) are of lengths 4 cm and 3 cm and then a triangle similar to it whose sides are  $\frac{5}{3}$  of the corresponding sides of the first triangle ABC.

Steps of construction:



(a) Draw a right triangle in which sides (other than hypotenuse) are of lengths 4 cm and 3 cm.

(b) From any ray BX, making an acute angle with BC on the side opposite to the vertex A.

(c) Locate 5 points  $B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4$  and  $B_5$  on BX such that  $BB_1 = B_1B_2 = B_2B_3 = B_3B_4 = B_4B_5$ .

(d) Join  $B_3C$  and draw a line through the point  $B_5$ , draw a line parallel to  $B_3C$  intersecting BC at the point  $C'$ .

(e) Draw a line through  $C'$  parallel to the line CA to intersect BA at  $A'$ .

Then,  $A'BC'$  is the required triangle.

Justification:

$\because B_5C' \parallel B_3C$  [By construction]

$\therefore \triangle BB_5C' \sim \triangle BB_3C$  [AA similarity]

$$\therefore \frac{BB_5}{BB_3} = \frac{BC'}{BC}$$

[By Basic Proportionality Theorem]

$$\text{But } \frac{BB_5}{BB_3} = \frac{5}{3} \text{ [By construction]}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } \frac{BC'}{BC} = \frac{5}{3} \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

$\because CA \parallel C'A'$  [By construction]

$\therefore \triangle BC'A' \sim \triangle BCA$  [AA similarity]

$$\therefore \frac{A'B}{AB} = \frac{A'C'}{AC} = \frac{BC'}{BC} = \frac{5}{3} \text{ [From eq. (i)]}$$

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*