

Exercise 6D

$$\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) = 14$$

Squaring both the sides:

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2\left(x^2\right)\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)\right) = (14)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}\right) + 2 = 196$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}\right) = 196 - 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}\right) = 194$$

Therefore, the value of  $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$  is 194.

# Q12

Answer:

$$\left(i\right)\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)=5$$

⇒ Squaring both the sides:

$$\Rightarrow \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = (5)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 2(x)\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right) = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) - 2 = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) = 25 + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) = 27$$

Therefore, the value of  $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)$  is 27.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \end{pmatrix} = 27$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Squaring both the sides:}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} - 2\left(x^2\right) \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \right) = (27)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) - 2 = 729$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) = 729 + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) = 731$$

Therefore, the value of  $\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}\right)$  is 731.

Q13

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{l} (i) \ (x+1)(x-1)\big(x^2+1\big) \\ \Rightarrow \big(x^2-x+x-1\big)\big(x^2+1\big) \\ \Rightarrow \big(x^2-1\big)\big(x^2+1\big) \\ \Rightarrow \big(x^2\big)^2-\Big(1^2\Big)^2 \qquad \left[\text{according to the formula } a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)\right] \\ \Rightarrow x^4-1. \end{array}$$

Therefore, the product of  $(x+1)(x-1)(x^2+1)$  is  $x^4-1$ .

(ii) 
$$(x-3)(x+3)(x^2+9)$$
  

$$\Rightarrow (x)^2 - (3)^2(x^2+9) \qquad \left[\text{according to the formula } a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2-9)(x^2+9)$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2)^2 - (9)^2 \qquad \left[\text{according to the formula } a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow x^4 - 81$$

Therefore, the product of  $(x-3)(x+3)(x^2+9)$  is  $x^4-81$ .

(iii) 
$$(3x - 2y)(3x + 2y)(9x^2 + 4y^2)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow ((3x)^2 - (2y)^2)(9x^2 + 4y^2)$   
[according to the formula  $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$ ]

$$\Rightarrow (9x^2 - 4y^2)(9x^2 + 4y^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow (9x^2)^2 - (4y^2)^2 \qquad \left[\text{according to the formula } a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 81x^4 - 16y^4.$$

Therefore, the product of  $(3x - 2y)(3x + 2y)(9x^2 + 4y^2)$  is  $81x^4 - 16y^4$ .

(iv) 
$$(2p+3)(2p-3)(4p^2+9)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow ((2p)^2-(3)^2)(4p^2+9)$  [according to the formula  $a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$ ]  
 $\Rightarrow (4p^2-9)(4p^2+9)$   
 $\Rightarrow (4p^2)^2-(9)^2$  [according to the formula  $a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$ ]  
 $\Rightarrow 16p^4-81$ .

Therefore, the product of  $(2p+3)(2p-3)(4p^2+9)$  is  $16p^4-81$ .

## Q14

#### Answer:

$$x+y=12$$

On squaring both the sides:

$$\Rightarrow (x+y)^2 = (12)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 + 2xy = 144$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 144 - 2xy$$

### Given:

$$xy = 14$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 144 - 2(14)$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 144 - 28$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 116$$

Therefore, the value of  $x^2 + y^2$  is 116.

# Q15

#### Answer:

$$x - y = 7$$

⇒ On squaring both the sides:

$$\Rightarrow (x-y)^2 = (7)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 - 2xy = 49$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 49 + 2xy$$

### Given:

$$xy = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 49 + 2(9)$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 49 + 18$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 67.$$

Therefore, the value of  $x^2 + y^2$  is 67.

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