

Exercise 3E

## Question 33:

Let the monthly income of A and B be Rs. 5x and Rs. 4x respectively and let their expenditures be Rs. 7y and Rs. 5y respectively.

Then,

$$5x - 7y = 3000 - (1)$$

$$4x - 5y = 3000 - (2)$$

Multiplying (1) by 5 and (2) by 7 we get

$$25x - 35y = 15000 - (3)$$

$$28x - 35y = 21000 - (4)$$

Subtracting (3) from (4), we get

$$3x = 6000$$

$$x = 2000$$

Putting x = 2000 in (1), we get

$$5 \times 2000 - 7y = 3000$$

$$-7y = 3000 - 10000$$

$$y = \frac{-7000}{-7} = 1000$$

$$x = 2000, y = 1000$$

Income of A = 
$$5x = 5 \times 2000 = Rs. 10000$$

Income of B = 
$$4x = 4 \times 2000 = Rs. 8000$$

Question 34:

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Let Rs. x and Rs. y be the CP of a chair and table respectively
If profit is 25%, then SP of chair = Rs \frac{100+25}{100} \times x = Rs \frac{125}{100} \times x
If profit is 10%, then SP of the table = Rs \frac{100+10}{100} \times y = Rs \frac{110}{100} y
SP of a chair and table = Rs. 760
\therefore \frac{125}{100} x + \frac{110}{100} y = 760
\Rightarrow \frac{25}{20}x + \frac{22}{20}y = 760
\Rightarrow 25x + 22y = 15200 - - - (1)
Further , If profit is 10%, then SP of a chair = ^{\rm Rs} \frac{100+10}{100} \times {\rm x} = Rs \frac{110}{100} x
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If profit is 25%, then SP of a table =  $Rs \frac{100+25}{100} \times y = Rs \frac{125}{100}y$ 

SP of a chair and table = Rs. 767.50

$$\therefore \frac{110}{100} x + \frac{125}{100} y = 767.50$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{22}{20} x + \frac{25}{20} y = 767.50$$

$$\Rightarrow 22x + 25y = 15350 - ---(2)$$

Adding (1) and (2),

$$47(x + y) = 30550$$

$$x + y = \frac{30550}{47} = 650 - - - (3)$$

Subtracting (2) from (1)

$$3(x-y) = 15200 - 15350$$

$$3(x-y) = -150$$

$$x - y = -50 - - - (4)$$

Adding (3) and (4),

$$2x = 640 - 50$$

$$2x = 600$$

$$x = \frac{600}{2} = 300$$

Subtracting (4) from (3)

$$2y = 650 + 50$$

$$2y = 700$$

$$y = \frac{700}{2} = 350$$

Hence, CP of a chair is Rs 300 and CP of table is Rs 350.

## Question 35:

Let the CP of TV and fridge be Rs x and Rs y respectively.

5% gain on TV = Rs 
$$\frac{5}{100}$$
 x = Rs  $\frac{x}{20}$ 

10% of gain on fridge = 
$$Rs \frac{10}{100} y = Rs \frac{2y}{20}$$

Gain on TV and Fridge = 
$$Rs\left(\frac{x}{20} + \frac{2y}{20}\right)$$
 = Rs.3250

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{20} + \frac{2y}{20} = 3250$$
 or  $x + 2y = 65000 - - - (1)$ 

## Further,

10% gain on TV = Rs 
$$\frac{10}{100}$$
 X =  $\frac{2x}{20}$ 

$$5\% loss on fridge = Rs \frac{5}{100} V = \frac{V}{20}$$

Total gain = 
$$Rs\left(\frac{2x}{20} - \frac{y}{20}\right) = Rs1500$$

$$2x - y = 30000 - (2)$$

Multiplying (2) by 2 and (1) by 1, we get

$$4x - 2y = 60000 - (3)$$

$$x + 2y = 65000 - (4)$$

Adding (3) and (4), we get

$$5x = 125000$$

$$x = 25000$$

Putting x = 25000 in (1), we get

$$25000 + 2y = 65000$$

$$2y = 40000$$

$$y = 20000$$

The cost of TV = Rs. 25000 and cost of fridge = Rs. 20000

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