

#### Exercise 20A

### Q9.

### Answer:

Volume of the brick  $=25\times13.5\times6=2025~cm^3$  Volume of the wall  $=800\times540\times33=14256000~cm^3$ 

Total number of bricks  $=\frac{\text{Volume of the wall}}{\text{Volume of each brick}} = \frac{14256000}{2025} = 7040 \text{ bricks}$ 

### Q10.

#### Answer:

Volume of the wall=  $1500 \times 30 \times 400 = 18000000 \ cm^3$  Total quantity of mortar=  $\frac{1}{12} \times 18000000 = 1500000 \ cm^3$   $\therefore$  Volume of the bricks=  $18000000 - 1500000 = 16500000 \ cm^3$ 

Volume of a single brick=  $22 \times 12.5 \times 7.5 = 2062.5 \text{ cm}^3$ 

 $\text{ .. Total number of bricks} = \frac{\text{Total}}{\text{Volume}} \frac{\text{volume}}{\text{of a single}} \frac{\text{f the bricks}}{\text{brick}} = \frac{16500000}{2062.5} = 8000 \text{ bricks}$ 

## Q11.

### Answer:

Volume of the cistern  $= 11.2 \times 6 \times 5.8 = 389.76~m^3 = 389.76 \times 1000 = 389760$  litres

Area of the iron sheet required to make this cistern = Total surface area of the cistern =  $2(11.2 \times 6 + 11.2 \times 5.8 + 6 \times 5.8) = 2(67.2 + 64.96 + 34.8) = 333.92$  cm<sup>2</sup>

## Q12.

### Answer:

Volume of the block  $= 0.5 \ m^3$ 

We know:

 $1 \ hectare = 10000 \ m^2$ Thickness= $\frac{\text{Volume}}{\text{Area}} = \frac{0.5}{10000} = 0.00005 \ \text{m} = 0.005 \ \text{cm} = 0.05 \ \text{mm}$ 

### Q13.

## Answer:

Rainfall recorded = 5 cm = 0.05 m

Area of the field = 2 hectare =  $2 \times 10000 \ m^2 = 20000 \ m^2$ 

Total rain over the field =

Area of the field  $\times$  Height of the field  $= 0.05 \times 20000 = 1000 \text{ m}^3$ 

### Q14.

### Answer:

Area of the cross-section of river  $=45 imes2=90~m^2$ 

Rate of flow= 
$$3~$$
 km/ $_{hr}=\frac{3\times1000}{60}=50~\frac{m}{min}$ 

Volume of water flowing through the cross-section in one minute  $=90 \times 50 = 4500~m^3$  per minute

# Q15.

## Answer:

Let the depth of the pit be d m.

 ${\rm Volume} \ = \ {\rm Length} \ \times \ {\rm width} \ \times \ {\rm depth} \ = \ 5 \ {\rm m} \ \times \ 3.5 \ {\rm m} \times \ d \ m$ 

Given volume = 14 m<sup>3</sup>   
 
$$\therefore$$
 Depth =  $d = \frac{\text{volume}}{\text{length} \times \text{width}} = \frac{14}{5 \times 3.5} = 0.8 \text{ m} = 80 \text{ cm}$ 

# Q16.

### Answer:

Capacity of the water tank  $=576\ litres=0.576\ m^3$ 

Width = 90 cm = 0.9 m

Depth = 40 cm = 0.4 m

Length = 
$$=\frac{\text{capacity}}{\text{width} \times \text{depth}} = \frac{0.576}{0.9 \times 0.4} = 1.600 \text{ m}$$

# Q17.

## Answer:

Volume of the beam  $= 1.35 \ m^3$ 

Length = 5 m

Thickness = 36 cm = 0.36 m

Width = 
$$=\frac{\text{volume}}{\text{thickness} \times \text{length}} = \frac{1.35}{5 \times 0.36} = 0.75 \text{ m} = 75 \text{ cm}$$

## Q18.

## Answer:

 $Volume = height \times area$ 

Given:

Volume =  $378 \text{ m}^3$ 

Area =  $84 \text{ m}^2$ 

$$\therefore$$
 Height  $=\frac{\text{volume}}{\text{area}}=\frac{378}{84}=4.5 \text{ m}$ 

# Q19.

## Answer:

Length of the pool = 260 m

Width of the pool = 140 m

Volume of water in the pool = 54600 cubic metres

: Height of water 
$$= \frac{\text{volume}}{\text{length} \times \text{width}} = \frac{54600}{260 \times 140} = 1.5 \text{ metres}$$

# Q20.

## Answer:

External length = 60 cm

External width = 45 cm

External height = 32 cm

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