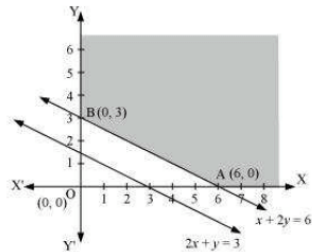




The feasible region determined by the constraints,  $2x + y \geq 3$ ,  $x + 2y \geq 6$ ,  $x \geq 0$ , and  $y \geq 0$ , is as follows.



The corner points of the feasible region are A (6, 0) and B (0, 3).  
The values of Z at these corner points are as follows.

Corner point	$Z = x + 2y$
A(6, 0)	6
B(0, 3)	6

It can be seen that the value of Z at points A and B is same. If we take any other point such as (2, 2) on line  $x + 2y = 6$ , then  $Z = 6$

Thus, the minimum value of Z occurs for more than 2 points.

Therefore, the value of Z is minimum at every point on the line,  $x + 2y = 6$

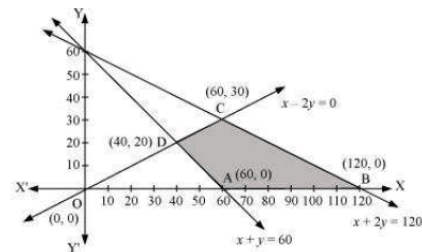
#### Question 7:

Minimise and Maximise  $Z = 5x + 10y$

subject to  $x + 2y \leq 120$ ,  $x + y \geq 60$ ,  $x - 2y \geq 0$ ,  $x, y \geq 0$

Answer

The feasible region determined by the constraints,  $x + 2y \leq 120$ ,  $x + y \geq 60$ ,  $x - 2y \geq 0$ ,  $x \geq 0$ , and  $y \geq 0$ , is as follows.



The corner points of the feasible region are A (60, 0), B (120, 0), C (60, 30), and D (40, 20).

The values of Z at these corner points are as follows.

Corner point	$Z = 5x + 10y$	
A(60, 0)	300	→ Minimum
B(120, 0)	600	→ Maximum
C(60, 30)	600	→ Maximum
D(40, 20)	400	

The minimum value of Z is 300 at (60, 0) and the maximum value of Z is 600 at all the points on the line segment joining (120, 0) and (60, 30).

#### Question 8:

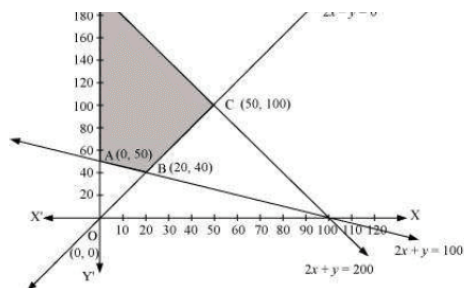
Minimise and Maximise  $Z = x + 2y$

subject to  $x + 2y \geq 100$ ,  $2x - y \leq 0$ ,  $2x + y \leq 200$ ;  $x, y \geq 0$

Answer

The feasible region determined by the constraints,  $x + 2y \geq 100$ ,  $2x - y \leq 0$ ,  $2x + y \leq 200$ ,  $x \geq 0$ , and  $y \geq 0$ , is as follows.





The corner points of the feasible region are A(0, 50), B(20, 40), C(50, 100), and D(0, 200).

The values of Z at these corner points are as follows.

Corner point	$Z = x + 2y$	
A(0, 50)	100	→ Minimum
B(20, 40)	100	→ Minimum
C(50, 100)	250	
D(0, 200)	400	→ Maximum

The maximum value of Z is 400 at (0, 200) and the minimum value of Z is 100 at all the points on the line segment joining the points (0, 50) and (20, 40).

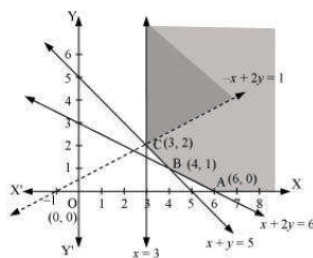
**Question 9:**

Maximise  $Z = -x + 2y$ , subject to the constraints:

$x \geq 3$ ,  $x + y \geq 5$ ,  $x + 2y \geq 6$ ,  $y \geq 0$ .

**Answer**

The feasible region determined by the constraints,  $x \geq 3$ ,  $x + y \geq 5$ ,  $x + 2y \geq 6$ , and  $y \geq 0$ , is as follows.



It can be seen that the feasible region is unbounded.

The values of Z at corner points A (6, 0), B (4, 1), and C (3, 2) are as follows.

Corner point	$Z = -x + 2y$
A(6, 0)	$Z = -6$
B(4, 1)	$Z = -2$
C(3, 2)	$Z = 1$

As the feasible region is unbounded, therefore,  $Z = 1$  may or may not be the maximum value.

For this, we graph the inequality,  $-x + 2y > 1$ , and check whether the resulting half plane has points in common with the feasible region or not.

The resulting feasible region has points in common with the feasible region.

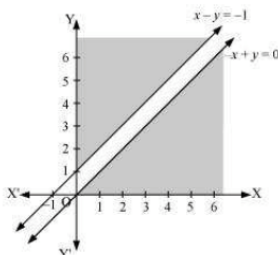
Therefore,  $Z = 1$  is not the maximum value. Z has no maximum value.

**Question 10:**

Maximise  $Z = x + y$ , subject to  $x - y \leq -1$ ,  $-x + y \leq 0$ ,  $x, y \geq 0$ .

**Answer**

The region determined by the constraints,  $x - y \leq -1$ ,  $-x + y \leq 0$ ,  $x, y \geq 0$ , is as follows.



There is no feasible region and thus, Z has no maximum value.

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*

