

Factorisation of Algebraic Expressions Ex 5.1 Q10 **Answer:**

The given expression to be factorized is

$$(x+2)(x^2+25)-10x^2-20x$$

Take common -10x from the last two terms. That is

$$(x+2)(x^2+25)-10x^2-20x = (x+2)(x^2+25)-10x(x+2)$$

Again take common (x+2) from the two terms of the above expression. Then

$$(x+2)(x^2+25) - 10x^2 - 20x = (x+2)\{(x^2+25) - 10x\}$$

$$= (x+2)(x^2+25 - 10x)$$

$$= (x+2)(x^2-10x+25)$$

$$= (x+2)\{(x)^2 - 2x - 5 + (5)^2\}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(x+2)(x^2+25)-10x^2-20x=(x+2)(x-5)^2$

We cannot further factorize the expression.

So, the required factorization of $(x+2)(x^2+25)-10x^2-20x$ is $(x+2)(x-5)^2$

Factorisation of Algebraic Expressions Ex 5.1 Q11

Answer:

The given expression to be factorized is

$$2a^2 + 2\sqrt{6ab + 3b^2}$$

This can be written in the form

$$2a^{2} + 2\sqrt{6ab} + 3b^{2} = (\sqrt{2}a)^{2} + 2\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{3}b + (\sqrt{3}b)^{2}$$
$$= (\sqrt{2}a + \sqrt{3}b)^{2}$$

We cannot further factorize the expression.

So, the required factorization of $2a^2 + 2\sqrt{6ab} + 3b^2$ is $(\sqrt{2}a + \sqrt{3}b)^2$

Factorisation of Algebraic Expressions Ex 5.1 Q12 Answer:

The given expression to be factorized is

$$(a-b+c)^2 + (b-c+a)^2 + 2(a-b+c)(b-c+a)$$

This can be written as

$$(a-b+c)^{2} + (b-c+a)^{2} + 2(a-b+c)(b-c+a)$$

$$= (a-b+c)^{2} + 2 \cdot (a-b+c) \cdot (b-c+a) + (b-c+a)^{2}$$

$$= \{(a-b+c) + (b-c+a)\}^{2}$$

$$= (a-b+c+b-c+a)^{2}$$

$$=(2a)^2$$

 $=4a^{2}$

We cannot further factorize the expression.

So, the required factorization of $(a-b+c)^2+(b-c+a)^2+2(a-b+c)(b-c+a)$ is $4a^2$

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