## BEFORE THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND FIRST APPELLATE AUTHORITY INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY BOARD OF INDIA

2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Jeevan Vihar Building Sansad Marg, New Delhi- 110 001

Dated: 20th June, 2023

## Order under section 19 of the Right to Information Act, 2005 (RTI Act) in respect of RTI Appeal No. ISBBI/A/E/23/00020

## IN THE MATTER OF

Adarsh Abhishek	Appellant
Vs.	11
Central Public Information Officer	
The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, Jeevan Vihar Building	
Sansad Marg, New Delhi - 110 001.	Respondent

- 1. The Appellant has filed the present Appeal dated 22<sup>nd</sup> May 2023, challenging the communication of the Respondent dated 19<sup>th</sup> May 2023 in his RTI application no. ISBBI/R/E/23/00057 filed under the RTI Act. I have carefully examined the application, the response of the Respondent and the Appeal and find that the matter can be decided based on the material available on record.
- 2. It is noted that in his RTI application, the Appellant had requested for the following "....have submitted my claim to IRP and claim no. is FEL\_CA\_64255b39d36874161dd40ca4 for Rs.2Lacs FD and claim no. is FEL\_CA\_642a824ed36874161dd526f0 for Rs.50000 FD but no action has been taken yet. So I would like to request and urge you to kindly take necessary action and confirm when maturity payment of FD will be done to me."
- 3. By the impugned communication, the Respondent has informed the Appellant that "No information is sought by the applicant."
- 4. Aggrieved by the same, the Appellant has filed the present Appeal re-iterating his request in the RTI Application.
- 5. I have carefully examined the application, the response of the Respondent and the Appeal and find that the matter can be decided based on the material available on record. Before examining the request, I deem it appropriate to deal with scope of information and right to receive the information under the RTI Act. It is noted that in terms of section 2(f) of the RTI Act 'information' means "any material in any form, including records, documents, memos e-mails, opinions, advices, press releases, circulars, orders, logbooks, contracts, reports, papers, samples, models, data material held in any electronic form and information relating to any private body which can be accessed by a public authority under any other law for the time being in force."
- 6. The aforesaid definition contemplates providing of material in the forms of records, documents, opinions, advice, etc. It does not include giving opinions on issues raised or providing clarifications or advice to inquisitions. Section 2(j) of the RTI Act defines the "right to information" in term of information accessible under the Act which is held by or is under the

control of a public authority and which can be disclosed subject to exemptions under section 8 of the RTI Act. Thus, if the public authority holds any 'information' in the form of data, statistics, abstracts, etc. an applicant can have access to the same under the RTI Act subject to exemptions under section 8. It is thus, clear that the "right to information" under section 3 of the RTI Act is circumscribed by RTI Act itself as the right is limited within scope of 'information' as defined under section 2(f) and is subject to other provisions including those under section 8 of the Act.

- 7. I find that the Appellant is soliciting opinion as to when his maturity payment of FD will be done. Such requests of the Appellant are inquisitions inviting and soliciting response in the nature of explanation, clarification, opinion, interpretation etc. and is beyond the scope of 'information' under section 2(f) and the 'right to information' under section 2(j) of the RTI Act. The CPIO is not bound to provide any such advice/guidance or opinion to the Appellant. In this context, I note that Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in its judgment dated August 9, 2011 in the matter of Central Board of Secondary Education & Anr. vs. Aditya Bandopadhyay & Ors. had held that: ... A public authority is "...not required to provide 'advice' or 'opinion' to an applicant, nor required to obtain and furnish any 'opinion' or 'advice' to an applicant. The reference to 'opinion' or 'advice' in the definition of 'information' in section 2(f) of the Act, only refers to such material available in the records of the public authority. Many public authorities have, as a public relation exercise, provide advice, guidance and opinion to the citizens. But that is purely voluntary and should not be confused with any obligation under the RTI Act."
- 8. As stated in the Guide on the RTI Act issued by the DoPT under OM No. 1/32/2013-IR dated 28<sup>th</sup> November 2013 "The Public Information Officer is not supposed to create information that is not a part of the record of the public authority. <u>The Public Information Officer is also not required to furnish information which require drawing of inference and/or making of assumptions; or to interpret information; or to solve the problems raised by the applicants; or to furnish replies to hypothetical questions."</u>
- 9. These requests, of the Appellant, are certainly inquisitions soliciting a response for an answer rather than any 'information' within the scope and ambit of section 2(f) of RTI Act. This Act does not create obligation on the public authority to answer queries eliciting answers to questions. In this regard, it is relevant to refer to the Order dated April 21, 2006, of the Hon'ble CIC in the matter Dr. D.V. Rao Vs. Shri Yashwant Singh & Anr., wherein it was observed that: "the RTI Act does not cast on the public authority any obligation to answer queries in which a petitioner attempts to elicit answers to his questions with prefixes, such as, 'why', 'what', 'when' and 'whether'. The petitioner's right extends only to seeking information as defined in section 2 (f) either by pinpointing the file, document, paper or record, etc., or by mentioning the type of information as may be available with the specified public authority."
- 10. In view of the above, I find that there is no need to interfere with the decision of the Respondent. The Appeal is accordingly dismissed.

Sd/ (Santosh Kumar Shukla) First Appellate Authority

## Copy to:

- 1. Appellant, Adarsh Abhishek.
- 2. CPIO, The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Jeevan Vihar Building, Sansad Marg, New Delhi 110 001.