Average of a stream of numbers

Difficulty Level: Rookie

return;

Given a stream of numbers, print average (or mean) of the stream at every point. For example, let us consider the stream as 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, ...

```
Average of 1 numbers is 10.00
Average of 2 numbers is 15.00
Average of 3 numbers is 20.00
Average of 4 numbers is 25.00
Average of 5 numbers is 30.00
Average of 6 numbers is 35.00
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
```

To print mean of a stream, we need to find out how to find average when a new number is being added to the stream. To do this, all we need is count of numbers seen so far in the stream, previous average and new number. Let *n* be the count, *prev* avg be the previous average and x be the new number being added. The average after including *x* number can be written as $(prev \ avg^*n + x)/(n+1)$.

```
#include <stdio.h>
// Returns the new average after including x
float getAvg(float prev avg, int x, int n)
    return (prev avg*n + x)/(n+1);
// Prints average of a stream of numbers
void streamAvg(float arr[], int n)
{
   float avg = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
   {
       avg = getAvg(avg, arr[i], i);
       printf("Average of %d numbers is %f \n", i+1, avg
```

```
// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
    float arr[] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60};
    int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
    streamAvg(arr, n);
    return 0;
}
```

The above function getAvg() can be optimized using following changes. We can avoid the use of prev avg and number of elements by using static variables (Assuming that only this function is called for average of stream). Following is the oprimnized version.

```
#include <stdio.h>
// Returns the new average after including x
float getAvg (int x)
{
    static int sum, n;
    sum += x;
    return (((float)sum)/++n);
}
// Prints average of a stream of numbers
void streamAvg(float arr[], int n)
{
   float avg = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
   {
       avg = getAvg(arr[i]);
       printf("Average of %d numbers is %f \n", i+1, avg
   return;
}
// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
    float arr[] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60};
    int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
```

```
streamAvg(arr, n);
return 0;
```