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Tarski-Kuratowski algorithm

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In computability theory and mathematical logic the **Tarski–Kuratowski algorithm** is a non-deterministic algorithm which provides an upper bound for the complexity of formulas in the arithmetical hierarchy and analytical hierarchy.

The algorithm is named after Alfred Tarski and Kazimierz Kuratowski.

Algorithm [edit]

The Tarski-Kuratowski algorithm for the arithmetical hierarchy:

- 1. Convert the formula to prenex normal form.
- 2. If the formula is quantifier-free, it is in Σ_0^0 and Π_0^0 .
- 3. Otherwise, count the number of alternations of quantifiers; call this k.
- 4. If the first quantifier is \exists , the formula is in $\sum_{k=1}^{0}$.
- 5. If the first quantifier is \forall , the formula is in $\prod_{k=1}^{0}$

References [edit]

• Rogers, H. *The Theory of Recursive Functions and Effective Computability*, MIT Press. ISBN 0-262-68052-1; ISBN 0-07-053522-1

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Categories: Mathematical logic hierarchies | Computability theory | Theory of computation

This page was last modified on 20 April 2013, at 12:56.

Mathematical logic stubs

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