

Main page
Contents
Featured content
Current events
Random article
Donate to Wkipedia
Wkipedia store

### Interaction

Help About V

About Wikipedia Community portal Recent changes

Contact page

#### Tools

What links here Related changes Upload file Special pages Permanent link Page information Wkidata item Cite this page

## Print/export

Create a book
Download as PDF
Printable version

## Languages

ไทย

Українська

Ædit links

Article Talk Read Edit View hister 1 . Search Q

# New York State Identification and Intelligence System

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The **New York State Identification and Intelligence System** Phonetic Code, commonly known as NYSIIS, is a phonetic algorithm devised in 1970 as part of the New York State Identification and Intelligence System (now a part of the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services). It features an accuracy increase of 2.7% over the traditional Soundex algorithm.<sup>[1]</sup>

# Procedure [edit]

The algorithm, as described in Name Search Techniques, [2] is:

- 1. Translate first characters of name: MAC  $\rightarrow$  MCC, KN  $\rightarrow$  N, K  $\rightarrow$  C, PH, PF  $\rightarrow$  FF, SCH  $\rightarrow$  SSS
- 2. Translate last characters of name:  $EE \rightarrow Y$ ,  $IE \rightarrow Y$ , DT, RT, RD, NT, ND  $\rightarrow$  D
- 3. First character of key = first character of name.
- 4. Translate remaining characters by following rules, incrementing by one character each time:
  - 1. EV  $\rightarrow$  AF else A, E, I, O, U  $\rightarrow$  A
  - 2.  $Q \rightarrow G$ ,  $Z \rightarrow S$ ,  $M \rightarrow N$
  - 3.  $KN \rightarrow N$  else  $K \rightarrow C$
  - 4.  $SCH \rightarrow SSS$ ,  $PH \rightarrow FF$
  - 5.  $H \rightarrow If$  previous or next is non-vowel, previous.
  - 6.  $W \rightarrow If$  previous is vowel, A.
  - 7. Add current to key if current is not same as the last key character.
- 5. If last character is S, remove it.
- 6. If last characters are AY, replace with Y.
- 7. If last character is A, remove it.
- 8. Append translated key to value from step 3 (removed first character)
- 9. If longer than 6 characters, truncate to first 6 characters. (only needed for true NYSIIS, some versions use the full key)

## References [edit]

- 1. \* Rajkovic, P.; Jankovic, D. (2007), "Adaptation and Application of Daitch-Mokotoff Soundex Algorithm on Serbian Names" (PDF), XVII Conference on Applied Mathematics, Novi Sad, Serbia, archived from the original (PDF) on August 27, 2011
- 2. ^ Taft, R. L. (1970), "Name Search Techniques", New York State Identification and Intelligence System, Albany, New York

# External links [edit]

- NIST Dictionary of Algorithms and Data Structures entry, including pointers to several implementations: http://www.nist.gov/dads/HTML/nysiis.html &
- Sample coder, using a variant of the algorithm: http://www.dropby.com/indexLF.html?content=/NYSIIS.html &
- Simple Online NYSIIS Utility with GPL Source: http://www.utilitymill.com/utility/nysiis 

   №
- Ruby Implementation: http://coryodaniel.com/index.php/2009/12/30/ruby-nysiis-implementation &
- C# Implementation: http://sounditout.codeplex.com/ ☑
- NYSIIS ☑ and Refined NYSIIS ☑ implementations in Scala

Categories: Phonetic algorithms

This page was last modified on 26 August 2015, at 14:06.

Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.





