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Day – 3 Assignment

Task - 1:

Arrays - Declaration, Initialization, and Usage

Create a program that declares an array of integers, initializes itwith consecutive numbers, and prints the array in reverse order.

```
package com.assignment.day3;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Arrays {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          Scanner \underline{sc} = \underline{new} Scanner(System.in);
          // Asking user to enter size of array
          System.out.println("Enter size of array:");
          int n = sc.nextInt();
          // declaring array of size n;
          int[] array = new int[n];
          // taking array element input from user
          System.out.println("Enter array element of size
:" + n);
          // using for loop to store the element
          for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
               array[i] = sc.nextInt();
          }
          // printing element in reverse order
     System.out.println("Element in reverse order are: ");
          for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--) {
               System.out.print(array[i] + " ");
          }
     }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Q Declaration Console X
<terminated > Arrays [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17\bin\javaw.exe (28-May-2024, 10:05:46 pm - 10:06:01 pm) [pid: 5916]

Enter size of array:

10

Enter array element of size :10

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Element in reverse order are:

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

Task - 2:

List interface

Implement a method that takes a List as an argument and removes every second element from the list, then prints the resulting list.

```
package com.assignment.day3;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ListInterface {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
           Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
           System.out.println("Enter the number of element");
           int n = sc.nextInt();
           System.out.println("Enter the list element");
           // Declaring list of integers
           List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
           // Storing users input in list
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
                list.add(sc.nextInt());
           }
           // Displaying original list
           System.out.println("Original list ara: ");
           display(list);
           // calling method to remove every 2nd element from the
list
           removeEverySecondElement(list);
           // displaying modified list
           System.out.println("List after removing every second
elements: ");
           display(list);
     }
```

```
// function to display list element
     private static void display(List<Integer> list) {
           // using forEach loop to access the element
           for(int num : list)
                System.out.print(num + " ");
           System.out.println();
     }
     // function to delete the every second element from the list
     private static void removeEverySecondElement(List<Integer>
list) {
           // creating iterator for list
           Iterator<Integer> it = list.iterator();
           int idx = 0;
           while(it.hasNext()) { // check whether next iterator
exists or not
                it.next(); // move to next iterator
                if(idx%2 != 0) { // checking current idx is second
index or not
                      it.remove(); // removing element
                idx++; // incrementing index
           }
     }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console X

<terminated > ListInterface [Java Application] Console X

Interminated > ListInterface [Java Application] Console X

Enter the number of element

10

Enter the list element

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Original list ara:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

List after removing every second elements:

1 3 5 7 9
```

Task – 3:

Set interface

Write a program that reads words from a String variable into a Set and prints out the number of unique words, demonstrating the unique property of sets.

```
CODE:
```

```
package com.assignment.day3;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.Set;
public class SetInterface {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
          // taking String input from user
          System.out.println("Enter a String : ");
          String str = sc.nextLine();
          String[] strArray = str.split("\\s+");
          // Declaring Set
          Set<String> set = new HashSet<>();
          // Adding words in String to count unique number of
words
          for(String word: strArray) {
               set.add(word);
          }
          // Displaying result
          System.out.println("Number of Unique words is: " +
set.size());
     }
}
```



Task - 4:

Map interface

Create a Java class that uses a Map to store the frequency of eachword that appears in a given string.

```
package com.assignment.day3;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class MapInterface {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
           Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
           // taking String input from user
           System.out.println("Enter a String : ");
           String str = sc.nextLine();
           // converting string to string array
           String[] strArray = str.split("\\s+");
           // declaring a Map of String:Integer type
           Map<String,Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
           // storing the frequency of each words
           for(String word : strArray) {
                map.put(word, map.getOrDefault(word, 0)+1);
           }
           // displaying frequency of each words
           for(String key : map.keySet()) {
                System.out.print(key + ": " + map.get(key) + ", ");
           }
     }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17\bin\javaw.exe (28-May-2024, 10:22:12 pm - 10:22:17 pm) [pid: 1952]

Enter a String:
hey Yaseen what are you doing hey Yaseen what are you doing how are you how: 1, doing: 2, what: 2, are: 3, hey: 2, you: 3, Yaseen: 2,
```

Task - 5:

Iterators and Comparators

Write a custom Comparator to sort a list of Employee objects bytheir salary and then by name if the salary is the same.

```
package com.assignment.day3;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.List;
class Employee {
     private int id;
     private String name;
     private int salary;
     private int age;
     public Employee(int id, String name, int salary, int age) {
           this.id = id;
           this.name = name;
          this.salary = salary;
           this.age = age;
     }
     @Override
     public String toString() {
          return "Employee [id=" + id + ",name=" + getName() + ",
salary=" + getSalary() + ",age=" + age + " ]";
     }
     public String getName() {
           return name;
     }
     public int getSalary() {
          return salary;
     }
}
```

```
class EmployeeComparator implements Comparator<Employee> {
    @Override
    public int compare(Employee e1, Employee e2) {
         int sal = Integer.compare(e2.getSalary(),
e1.getSalary());
         if(sal != 0) return sal;
         return e1.getName().compareTo(e2.getName());
    }
public class ComparatorIteratorEx {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         List<Employee> emp = new ArrayList<>();
         emp.add(new Employee(1, "Yaseen", 7500000, 23));
         emp.add(new Employee(2, "Alok", 450000, 24));
         emp.add(new Employee(3, "Shadan", 450000, 26));
         emp.add(new Employee(4,"Kuldeep",750000,25));
         Collections.sort(emp,new EmployeeComparator());
         for(Employee em : emp) {
              System.out.println(em);
         }
    }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console X

<terminated ComparatorIteratorEx [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17\bin\javaw.exe (28-May-2024, 5:36:18 pm - 5:36:19 pm) [pid: 3944]

Employee [id=1,name=Yaseen, salary=7500000,age=23]

Employee [id=4,name=Kuldeep, salary=7500000,age=25]

Employee [id=2,name=Alok, salary=450000,age=24]

Employee [id=3,name=Shadan, salary=450000,age=26]
```