Chemistry Lecture #54: Percent Composition

Percent composition gives the percent by mass of each element in a compound.

Find the percent composition of Ca3(PO4)2.

Answer:

First, find the molar mass of Ca3(PO4)2.

$$Ca: 3 \times 40.1 = 120$$

$$P: 2 \times 31.0 = 62.0$$

$$0:8 \times 16.0 = 128$$

310 a/mole rounded to 3 figures.

Next, divide the amount of each element by the molar mass and multiply by 100.

Ca:
$$\frac{120}{310}$$
 x $100 = 38.709 = 38.7 % Ca$

P:
$$\frac{62.0}{30} \times 100 = 20.0 = 20.0 \% P$$

O:
$$\frac{128}{310}$$
 x 100 = 41.29 = 41.3 % O

Thus, if you had 100 g of $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$, 38.7 g of it would be Ca_3 , 20.0 g would be P, and 41.3 g would be O. Notice that 38.7 + 20.0 + 41.3 = 100.

There are some problems where you are not given the formula for the compound, but you still have to find the percent composition.

A compound is made of magnesium and oxygen. When 13.60g of it is decomposed, you obtain 5.40 g of oxygen. Find the percent composition.

Answer:

mass
$$Mg + mass O = 13.60 g$$

mass
$$Mg + 5.40g = 13.60g$$

mass
$$Mg = 13.60 g - 5.40 g = 8.20 g$$

Mg:
$$8.20 \times 100 = 60.2941 = 60.3 \%$$
 Mg

O:
$$\frac{5.40}{3.60} \times 100 = 39.7058 = 39.7 \% O$$

Note that 60.3 + 39.7 = 100.

A compound is formed when 1.40 g of N combines with 0.300 g of H. Find the percent composition.

N:
$$\frac{1.40}{1.70}$$
 x 100 = 82.3529 = 82.4 % N

H:
$$0.300 \times 100 = 17.6470 = 17.6 \% H$$

Notice that 82.4 + 17.6 = 100