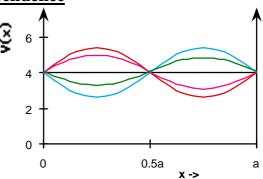
Time Dependence

$$\frac{-\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi + V(x,y,z,t) \Psi = i \hbar \left(\frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} \right)$$



if $V(x,y,z,t) = V(x,y,z) \rightarrow separable$

$$\Psi(x,y,z,t)=\Psi(x,y,z)\Psi(t)$$

$$\frac{1}{\Psi(x,y,z)}\,H\Psi(x,y,z)=\frac{1}{\Psi(t)}\,i\,\,\hbar\left(\frac{\partial\Psi(t)}{\partial t}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\Psi(x,y,z)} \left(\frac{-\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(x,y,z) + V(x,y,z) \Psi(x,y,z) \right) = E$$

$$E = \frac{1}{\Psi(t)} i \, \hbar \left(\frac{\partial \Psi(t)}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\overline{i \, \hbar \left(\frac{\partial \Psi(t)}{\partial t} \right)} = E \, \Psi(t)$$

$$\frac{d\Psi(t)}{\Psi(t)} = \frac{E}{i \hbar} dt$$

$$\frac{d\Psi(t)}{\Psi(t)} = \frac{-iE}{\hbar} dt$$

$$\ln \Psi(t) = \frac{-iE}{\hbar}t$$

$$\Psi(t) = e^{-i E t/\hbar}$$

$$\Psi(x,y,z,t) = \Psi(x,y,z) e^{-i E t/\hbar}$$

$$e^{-i \ E \ t/\overline{h}} = cos\left(\frac{E \ t}{\overline{h}}\right) - i \ sin\left(\frac{E \ t}{\overline{h}}\right) \qquad \qquad \sim cos(2\pi\nu t) \qquad \qquad \nu = \frac{E}{2\pi\overline{h}} \qquad E = h\nu$$

$$v = \frac{E}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$E = h\nu$$