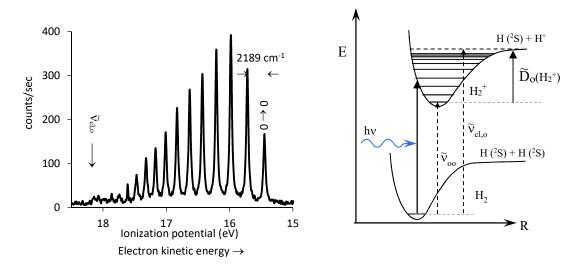
## **Photoelectron Spectroscopy, UPS**

$$\begin{split} &H_2\left(^1\Sigma_g^+,\,\upsilon''=0\right) + h\nu \to H_2^+\left(^2\Sigma_g^+,\,\upsilon'\right) + e^- & \upsilon'=0,\,1,\,2,\,3,\,...... \\ &D_o^{ion} = 18.07 \text{ eV} - 15.43 \text{ eV} = 2.64 \text{ eV}. \end{split}$$



The fundamental vibration frequency of H<sub>2</sub> is 4158.5 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

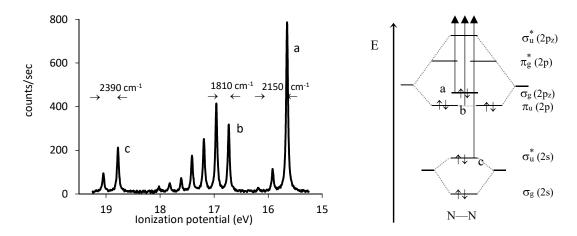
## Koopmans' Theorem:

Ionization potentials at the  $0 \leftarrow 0$  transitions  $\approx$  MO energies

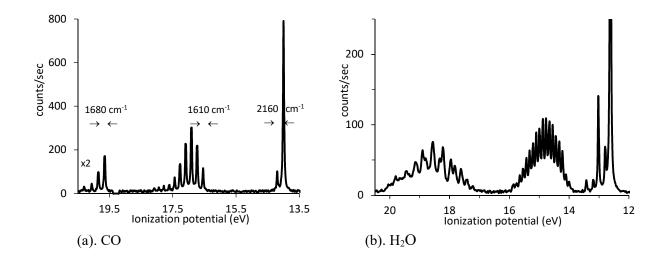
## Assumptions:

- 1. the orbital approximation is valid
- 2. the molecule does not change shape upon ionization
- 3. the correlation energies of the ground state and molecular ion are similar: frozen orbital approximation (valid to  $\sim$ 1-3 eV).

Under Koopmans' Theorem, UPS ionization potentials are comparable to Hartree-Fock molecular orbital calculations, which do not account for correlation energies.



 $N_2$ : The fundamental stretch of neutral  $N_2$  is at 2345 cm<sup>-1</sup>



<u>CO</u>: The fundamental vibration frequency for neutral CO is 2170 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

 $\underline{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ : The asymmetric stretch in the molecular ion at 3220 cm<sup>-1</sup> and bending at 1370 cm<sup>-1</sup> The corresponding frequencies in neutral H<sub>2</sub>O are 3756 cm<sup>-1</sup> and bending at 1595 cm<sup>-1</sup>