Translational Partition Function

$$\epsilon_t = \frac{h^2}{8m} \left(\frac{n_1^2}{a^2} + \frac{n_2^2}{b^2} + \frac{n_3^2}{c^2} \right)$$

$$q_t = q_X \ q_y \ q_Z$$

$$\epsilon_{x}$$

$$--- n_{1}=4$$

$$--- n_{1}=3$$

$$--- n_{1}=2$$

$$q_{X} = \sum_{i} e^{-\beta \epsilon}_{i} = \sum_{i} e^{-\beta h^{2} n_{l}^{2}/8ma^{2}}$$

$$q_{x} = \int\limits_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\beta h^{2} n_{1}^{2}/8ma^{2}} \, dn_{1}$$

$$x^2 = \beta \frac{h^2 n_1^2}{8ma^2}$$

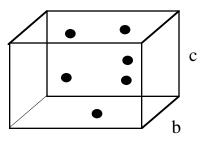
$$q_x = \frac{a}{h} \left(\frac{8m}{\beta} \right)^{1/2} \int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

$$q_{x}=\frac{a}{h}\left(\!\frac{2\pi m}{\beta}\!\right)^{\!1/2}$$

$$q_t = \left(\frac{2\pi m}{\beta}\right)^{\beta/2} \frac{V}{h^3} \qquad V = a b c$$

B and the Translational Partition Function



experimental: U - U(0) = $\frac{3}{2}$ n RT

$$U - U(0) = -\frac{1}{Q} \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta} \right)_{V} \qquad Q = \frac{q^{N}}{N!}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta} \right)_{\!\!\!\!\!V} \ = \frac{1}{N!} \left(\frac{\partial q^N}{\partial \beta} \right) = \frac{N \ q^{N-1}}{N!} \left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial \beta} \right)$$

$$U - U(0) = \frac{-N}{q} \left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial \beta} \right) V$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial \beta}\right)_{V} = \left(\left(2\pi m\right)^{3/2} \frac{V}{h^{3}}\right) \left(\frac{-3}{2} \beta^{-5/2}\right)$$

$$U - U(0) = \frac{-N\left(\left(2\pi m\right)^{3/2} \frac{V}{h^3}\right) \left(\frac{-3}{2} \beta^{-5/2}\right)}{\left(\left(2\pi m\right)^{3/2} \frac{V}{h^3}\right) \left(\beta^{-3/2}\right)}$$

$$U - U(0) = \frac{3}{2} \frac{N}{\beta}$$

U - U(0) =
$$\frac{3}{2} \frac{N}{B} = \frac{3}{2} n RT = \frac{3}{2} \frac{N}{N_A} RT = \frac{3}{2} N kT$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta} = kT$$
 or $\beta = \frac{1}{kT}$