1. PHYSICAL CONSTANTS 1. PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

Table 1.1. Reviewed 2002 by P.J. Mohr and B.N. Taylor (NIST). Based mainly on the "CODATA Recommended Values of the Fundamental Physical Constants: 1998" by P.J. Mohr and B.N. Taylor, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 28, 1713 (1999) and Rev. Mod. Phys. 72, 351 (2000). The last group of constants (beginning with the Fermi coupling constant) comes from the Particle Data Group. The figures in parentheses after the values give the 1-standard-deviation uncertainties in the last digits; the corresponding fractional uncertainties in parts per 10⁹ (ppb) are given in the last column. This set of constants (aside from the last group) is recommended for international use by CODATA (the Committee on Data for Science and Technology). The full 1998 CODATA set of constants may be found at http://physics.nist.gov/constants

2 1. Physical constants

c speed of light in vacuum

Value: $299 792 458 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ Uncert. (ppb): exact^*

* The meter is the length of the path traveled by light in vacuum during a time interval of 1/299 792 458 of a second.

h Planck constant

Value: $6.626\ 068\ 76(52) \times 10^{-34}\ J\ s$

Uncert. (ppb): 78

$\hbar \equiv h/2\pi$ Planck constant, reduced

Value: $1.054\ 571\ 596(82) \times 10^{-34}\ J\ s$

Uncert. (ppb): 78

Value: $= 6.582 \ 118 \ 89(26) \times 10^{-22} \ \text{MeV s}$

Uncert. (ppb): 39

e electron charge magnitude

Value: $1.602\ 176\ 462(63) \times 10^{-19}\ C = 4.803\ 204\ 20(19) \times 10^{-10}\ esu$

Uncert. (ppb): 39, 39

$\hbar c$ conversion constant

Value: 197.326 960 2(77) MeV fm

Uncert. (ppb): 39

$(\hbar c)^2$ conversion constant

Value: $0.389\ 379\ 292(30)\ \text{GeV}^2\ \text{mbarn}$

Uncert. (ppb): 78

m_e electron mass

Value: $0.510 998 902(21) \text{ MeV}/c^2 = 9.109 381 88(72) \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$

Uncert. (ppb): 40, 79

m_p proton mass

Value: $938.\overline{271} \ 998(38) \ \text{MeV}/c^2 = 1.672 \ 621 \ 58(13) \times 10^{-27} \ \text{kg}$

Uncert. (ppb): 40, 79

Value: $= 1.007 \ 276 \ 466 \ 88(13) \ u = 1836.152 \ 667 \ 5(39) \ m_e$

Uncert. (ppb): 0.13, 2.1

m_d deuteron mass

Value: $1875.612762(75) \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Uncert. (ppb): 40

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(\text{mass} \ ^{12}\text{C atom})/12 = (1 \text{ g})/(N_A \text{ mol}) unified atomic mass unit (u)
  Value: 931.494\ 013(37)\ \text{MeV}/c^2 = 1.660\ 538\ 73(13) \times 10^{-27}\ \text{kg}
  Uncert. (ppb): 40, 79
\epsilon_0 = 1/\mu_0 c^2 permittivity of free space
  Value: 8.854\ 187\ 817\dots\times10^{-12}\ {\rm F\ m^{-1}}
  Uncert. (ppb): exact
                permeability of free space
\mu_0
  Value: 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ N A}^{-2} = 12.566 \ 370 \ 614 \dots \times 10^{-7} \text{ N A}^{-2}
  Uncert. (ppb): exact
\alpha = e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar c
                               fine-structure constant
  Value: 7.297\ 352\ 533(27) \times 10^{-3} = 1/137.035\ 999\ 76(50)^{\dagger}
  Uncert. (ppb): 3.7, 3.7
^\dagger At Q^2=0. At Q^2\approx m_W^2 the value is approximately 1/128.
r_e = e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0 m_e c^2
                                   classical electron radius
  Value: 2.817 940 285(31) \times 10^{-15} \text{ m}
  Uncert. (ppb): 11
\lambda_e = \hbar/m_e c = r_e lpha^{-1} (e Compton wavelength)/2\pi
  Value: 3.861\ 592\ 642(28) \times 10^{-13}\ m
  Uncert. (ppb): 7.3
a_{\infty} = 4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar^2 / m_e e^2 = r_e \alpha^{-2} Bohr radius (m_{\text{nucleus}} = \infty)
  Value: 0.529\ 177\ 208\ 3(19) \times 10^{-10}\ m
  Uncert. (ppb): 3.7
hc/(1 \text{ eV})
                          wavelength of 1 \text{ eV}/c particle
  Value: 1.239 841 857(49) \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}
  Uncert. (ppb): 39
hcR_{\infty} = m_e e^4 / 2(4\pi\epsilon_0)^2 \hbar^2 = m_e c^2 \alpha^2 / 2
                                                             Rydberg energy
  Value: 13.605 691 72(53) eV
  Uncert. (ppb): 39
\sigma_T = 8\pi r_e^2 / 3
                              Thomson cross section
  Value: 0.665 245 854(15) barn
  Uncert. (ppb): 22
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4 1. Physical constants

 $\mu_B = e\hbar/2m_e$ Bohr magneton Value: $5.788\ 381\ 749(43) \times 10^{-11}\ \mathrm{MeV}\ \mathrm{T}^{-1}$ Uncert. (ppb): 7.3 $\mu_N = e\hbar/2m_p$ nuclear magneton Value: $3.152451238(24)\times10^{-14} \text{ MeV T}^{-1}$ Uncert. (ppb): 7.6 $\omega_{\rm cycl}^e/B = e/m_e$ electron cyclotron freq./field Value: $1.758 820 174(71) \times 10^{11} \text{ rad s}^{-1} \text{ T}^{-1}$ Uncert. (ppb): 40 $\omega_{\mathrm{cvcl}}^p/B = e/m_p$ proton cyclotron freq./field Value: $9.578 834 08(38) \times 10^7 \text{ rad s}^{-1} \text{ T}^{-1}$ Uncert. (ppb): 40

 G_N gravitational constant[‡] Value: $6.673(10) \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-2}$

Uncert. (ppb): 1.5×10^6

Value: $= 6.707(10) \times 10^{-39} \, \hbar c \, (\text{GeV}/c^2)^{-2}$

Uncert. (ppb): 1.5×10^6

[‡] Absolute lab measurements of G_N have been made only on scales of about 1 cm to 1 m.

 g_n standard gravitational accel.

Value: $9.806 65 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ Uncert. (ppb): exact

 N_A Avogadro constant

Value: $6.022\ 141\ 99(47) \times 10^{23}\ \text{mol}^{-1}$

Uncert. (ppb): 79

k Boltzmann constant

Value: $1.380\ 650\ 3(24) \times 10^{-23}\ J\ K^{-1}$

Uncert. (ppb): 1700

Value: $= 8.617 \ 342(15) \times 10^{-5} \ \text{eV K}^{-1}$

Uncert. (ppb): 1700

 $N_A k(273.15 \text{ K})/(101 325 \text{ Pa})$ molar volume, ideal gas at STP

Value: $22.413\,996(39)\times10^{-3}\,\mathrm{m}^3\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$

Uncert. (ppb): 1700

 $b = \lambda_{\text{max}} T$ Wien displacement law constant

Value: $2.8977686(51) \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$

Uncert. (ppb): 1700

 $\sigma = \pi^2 k^4 / 60 \hbar^3 c^2$ Stefan-Boltzmann constant

Value: $5.670 \ 400(40) \times 10^{-8} \ \mathrm{W m^{-2} K^{-4}}$

Uncert. (ppb): 7000

 $G_F/(\hbar c)^3$ Fermi coupling constant**

Value: $1.166\ 39(1) \times 10^{-5}\ \text{GeV}^{-2}$

Uncert. (ppb): 9000

** See the discussion in Sec. 10, "Electroweak model and constraints on new physics."

 $\sin^2\widehat{\theta}(M_Z)$ ($\overline{\text{MS}}$) weak-mixing angle

Value: $0.23113(15)^{\dagger\dagger}$

Uncert. (ppb): 6.5×10^5

^{††} The corresponding $\sin^2 \theta$ for the effective angle is 0.23143(15).

 W^\pm boson mass m_W

Value: $80.423(39) \text{ GeV}/c^2$ Uncert. (ppb): 4.8×10^5

 Z^0 boson mass m_Z

Value: $91.1876(21) \text{ GeV}/c^2$ Uncert. (ppb): 2.3×10^4

 $\alpha_s(m_Z)$ strong coupling constant

Value: 0.1172(20)

Uncert. (ppb): 1.7×10^7

6 1. Physical constants

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\begin{split} \pi &= 3.141\ 592\ 653\ 589\ 793\ 238\\ \mathrm{e} &= 2.718\ 281\ 828\ 459\ 045\ 235\\ \gamma &= 0.577\ 215\ 664\ 901\ 532\ 861 \end{split}
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1 atmosphere $\equiv 760~\mathrm{Torr} \equiv 101~325~\mathrm{Pa}$

$$1 \text{ in} \equiv 0.0254 \text{ m}$$

$$1 \text{ Å} \equiv 0.1 \text{ nm}$$

$$1 \text{ barn} \equiv 10^{-28} \text{ m}^2$$

$$1 \text{ G} \equiv 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

$$1 \text{ dyne} \equiv 10^{-5} \text{ N}$$

$$1 \text{ erg} \equiv 10^{-7} \text{ J}$$

$$1 \text{ eV} = 1.602 \ 176 \ 462(63) \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$1 \text{ eV}/c^2 = 1.782 \ 661 \ 731(70) \times 10^{-36} \text{ kg}$$

$$2.997 \ 924 \ 58 \times 10^9 \text{ esu} = 1 \text{ C}$$

$$kT \text{ at } 300 \text{ K} = [38.681 \ 686(67)]^{-1} \text{ eV}$$

$$0 \text{ °C} \equiv 273.15 \text{ K}$$