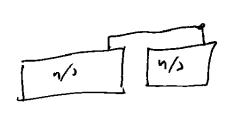
6.896 4-14-2004 Loctur 17.1

Layout:

Complete Binery Tree colinear lossut: Divide + longue

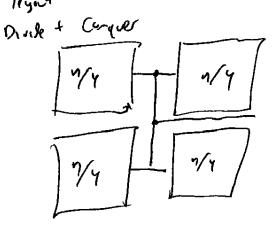


6.7 THE STATE OF T

Anelysis: with $-\theta(n)$ hent = $\theta(\alpha k l_j n)$ Ala = $\theta(\gamma l_j n)$

19 fect, on stan
if all leaves are en a line, with area
total wire lest = JZ (n/gn)

Hoteleget Hotre legat

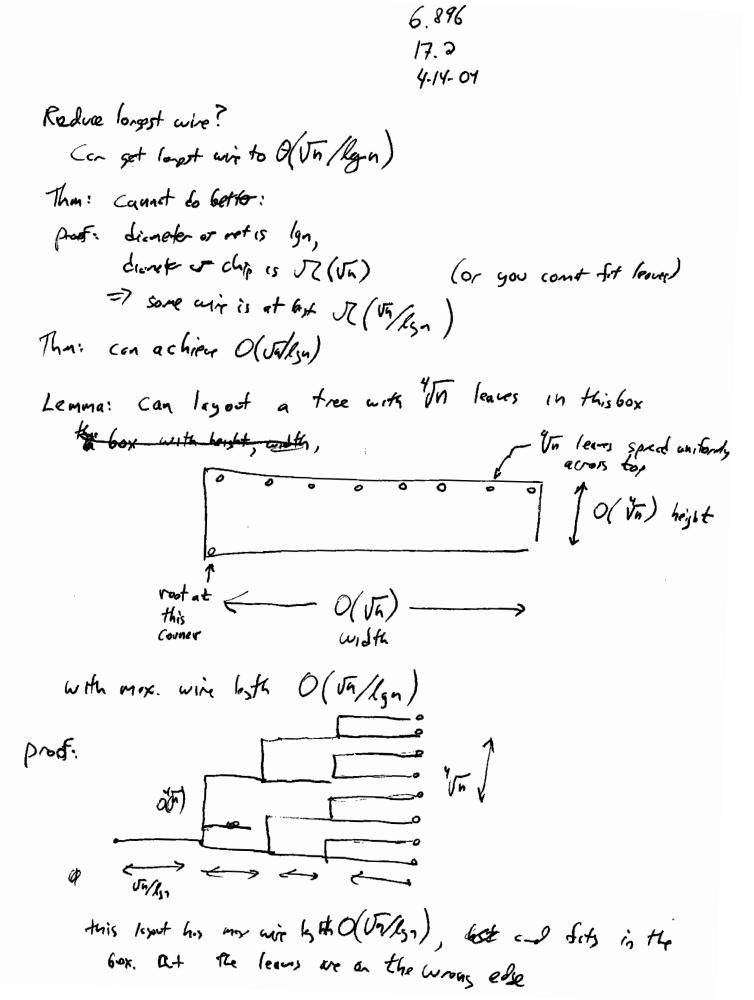


0.5

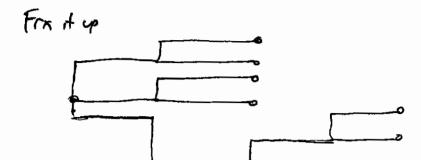
Always stee for win to one sue leaft = 2n

And sis $W(n) = \partial(W(n/1) + O(1)$ = O(n)

Longst wire? O(UN) in this legent

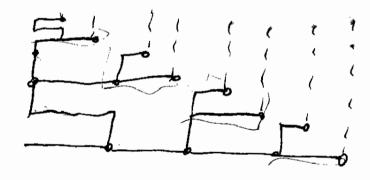


6.896 17.3 4.14.2001



same height, but half the leas word over and some more over left.

Do it esin recursings all the any down

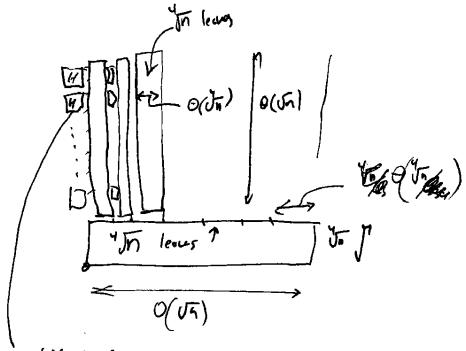


Now each least is in the correct column.

Simply add vertral lines to easy get to outer

6.896 4-14-04 17:4

Now for prost of them.



a little H free containing only

his area Un side both Va mex wire lesth Th

Some besic legat ideas

IDEA:

Multiple Laxes Deir Moter Mach.

That: Given a legat text on. He k leges, we can reimplied the bout to use only 2 layers.

in the transt lager wires so only cost-west.

The side bufk grows by O(K) in our new loss at The area grows is O(4)

Prost 62 picture Example.

田

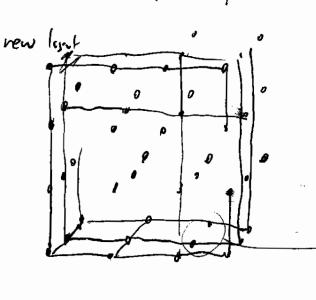
1942

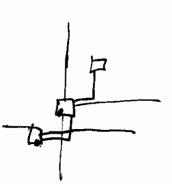
展

lgu}



corresponding pad confu



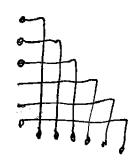


Idea: Any circuit con be made and square, (4W)

Lea: Turning a corner is expensive.

comet input In: to adod o:

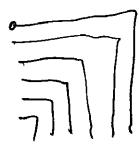
Lee is one again



Anlysis: Acca.

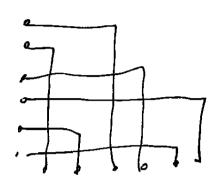
Bourding Box erea = O(0 K2) for (Whe length = $\Theta(R^2)$ (just following shafet note 1s O(4) perwine.

Similars we can reverse the in are the?)



17.17 6.896 4-14-04

In fact we can perform any permutition in one a O(n')



Idea: Revening is expening

1. 0 000

Correct I. to To O.

I. ON

Cherp:

O(K) avea

--0

o---

But revosis: is $O(k^s)$ area

In to co

leave an expla channel in the sord

1201 17.8 (896 4-14-04

Thm: Revering is area R(+12) bounding box

Proof:

height is S(4)
width? constant cut across middle

Q: How may wires cross?

A: $\Theta(K)$ wires

=> that cont mit be set SCk) across.

A ace is \$2(42)

Con show the of os T(43) wire leasth.

1219th 17.9 6.896 4-14-04

Then Areal of bener between or Okas to

Thm: hadrentotethis Q(idea)

Light of butter 8, 8 of n impots (n/sn mbs) is new 6(n2)

proof: T((n) County, box

biscotra width exput.

Assure you ligible cutters

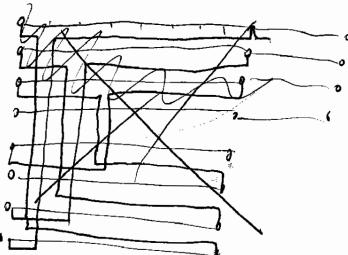
There is some at that is weekend, musk with we jos in it that cats it in helf.

the neight is (JZ(4)

Similary the with.

=7 0 SZ(n')

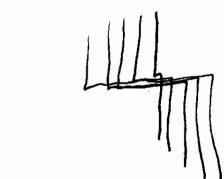
protrakin



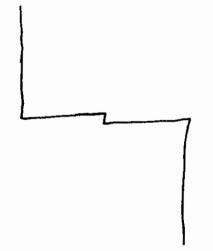
6.896 17.10 12.88 4-14-04

To show IZ(n) wire area is a little hole.

consider all bisches that steet h

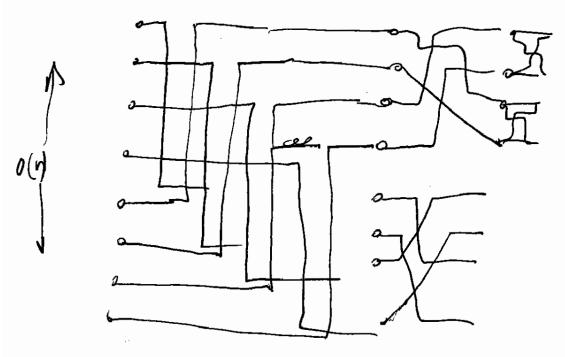


Need a little jay in the home-til And to get ends out in his.



- 1) Each at is R(u) wires
- a) at the unin weter I pot at the cost obit interest
- 3) The agen # of wirs crossing the on. Vertecl puts is $R(n) + R(n-1) + ... + R(1) = R(n^2)$

proof: butterly in orea O(n3)



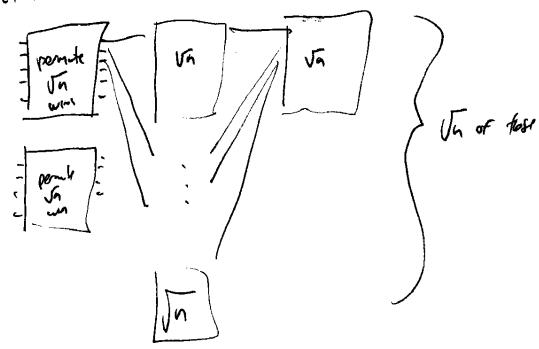
f195+ styr (s O(4)

=> O(n) wide

O(n/s) O(1/4) ··· O(1)

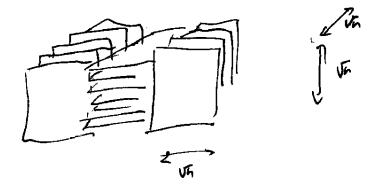
. - =

Any permutation in 3D is $O(n^{3/3})$ 3D- similar wire model expert wirm to be value not a real Loycel network



This is a Rees metwo.

30 b out



1940 0 48 17.13 6.896 4-14-04

Cobsphia 3D VLSI model.

proported to ten bisty.

Se Cu

Butterth light in 30 is dolume O(n3/a)

Proof:

2- Anote Un 6000)



they touch at no spots (every bond touches every other bond.)

- 1) His a botterty on in inputs
- 2) Hhrs area volume 2. Vn.n

=> volume is O(n3/3)

17. 细络窗川 6.896 4-14-04

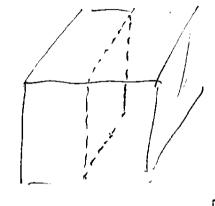
Claim volue of CAA-45 is S(n3/s)

prof: Bisection agreet

cut in half

that cut must cut S(h) wires

So the cross section of te ctrust be SC(n)



Similarly ofer pleas out SZ(n) wires.

does that prove bounding box is $\mathcal{T}(n^{3/3})$ If it were square of male prove it.

Con we assure it is square? think about it.

Honework