

# objects, literals & constructors

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### literals

> easiest way to make an object {property: value, ...}

# getting & setting properties

> first setting creates slot

```
> cyan = {}
Object
> cyan.red
undefined
> cyan.red = 0; cyan.green = 255; cyan.blue = 255
255
> cyan
Object
1.blue: 255
2.green: 255
3.red: 0
4.__proto__: Object
```

#### box notation

- like dot, but treats argument as expression, not symbol
- > good for programmatic access to slots

```
> cyan[green]
ReferenceError
> green = "green"
"red"
> cyan[green]
255
```

## eval: a (bad) alternative

```
<html>
<head>
  <script>
    legoColor = [];
    legoColor['blue'] = '#0D69AB';
    legoColor['green'] = '#287F46';
    $(document).ready(function () {
      $('#button').click(function () {
        var choice = $('#choice').val();
          // BAD, BAD, BAD!
          var color = eval('legoColor.' + choice);
          if (color)
            $('#display').css('backgroundColor', color);
          else
            alert('No such Lego color');
            });
    </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id=display></div>
Enter name of Lego color:
<input id=choice></input>
<button id=button>Show</button>
</body></html>
```

what's wrong with this?

## constructors, with literals

```
var Color = function (r, g, b) {
  return {red: r, green: g, blue: b};
  }
yellow = Color(255, 255, 0);
document.body.style.backgroundColor = toCSS(yellow)
```

just a regular function

## constructors, with this

```
var Color = function (r, g, b) {
  this.red = r; this.green = g; this.blue = b;
  }
red = new Color(255, 0, 0);
document.body.style.backgroundColor = toCSS(red)
```

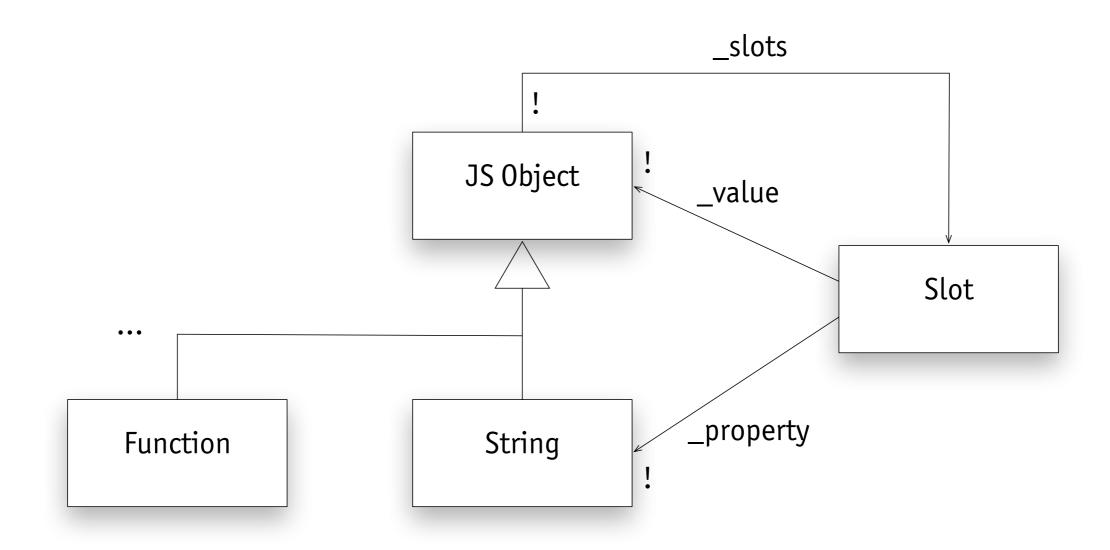
#### also just a regular function, but when called with new

- allocates fresh object
- binds to variable this
- > returns this at end of call

#### what happens if you forget 'new'?

- binding of this unchanged
- default binding is to top level environment!

# an object model of objects



slot value can be anything, including function

### methods

- just put function in object slot!
- how is this bound in method call?
   in evaluating e.m(), this is bound to value of e inside m

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