# HANDBOOK OF THE ELEMENTS

H IIA Li Be Mg Na IIIB IVB VB VIB VIIB 18 IIB Co Cu Ca Sc ٧ Cr Mn Fe Ni Zn K Ti Rb Sr Y Zr Nb Mo Tc Ru Rh Pd Ag Cd Cs Ba La\* Hf Ta W Re Os Ir Pt Au Hg 104 105 106 107 Fr Ra Act 109 Dy Ho Nd Sm Eu Gd Tb Er Tm Ce Pm Md Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Es Np Fm Th Pa

IA

**SAMUEL RUBEN** 

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						IIIA	IVA	VA	VIA	VIIA	He
						В	С	N	0	F	Ne
VIIB		VIII		IB.	IIB	Al	Si	Р	s	CI	Ar
Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
Тс	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	1	Xe
Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	TI	Pb	Bi	Ро	At	Rn
107		109									
Gd	Tb	Dy	Но	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu				
								4			

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# Handbook of the Elements

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#### **Samuel Ruben**

Open Court Publishing Company La Salle, Illinois 61301

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#### **Preface**

Handbook of the Elements is a practical reference source that provides essential information on the 108 known chemical elements for students and working scientists alike.

Knowledge about the elements is critical to our understanding of science and the world around us. This edition represents the most up-to-date compilation of information on the elements currently available.

Data on the chemical elements have been the fundamentals of scientific work for years, yet new research is continually revising previously published material about them. Even physical "constants" are subject to change in the light of additional research.

The information contained in this the third edition reflects state-of-theart values on the most frequently required constants. The material in this current edition was compiled, corrected, and updated over a period of several years, utilizing hundreds of sources. Each value was checked in a minimum of 10 sources to ensure accuracy. A partial listing of the primary reference sources consulted is given at the end of the monographs.

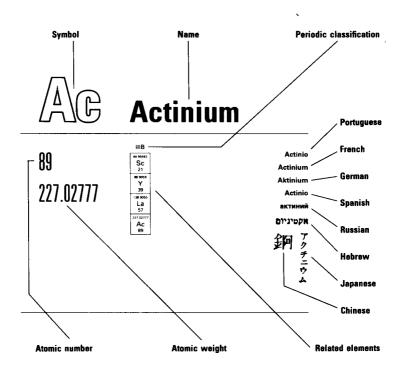
I wish to acknowledge the significant assistance of Wayne Hruden for updating the reported values of the constants and the support given by the Duracell International Inc.

SAMUEL RUBEN December 1984



#### Introduction

This handbook contains monographs for each of the 108 known chemical elements, arranged in alphabetical order for rapid reference.



Except where unavailable, values for the following twenty-five different elemental constants are given:

**Periodic classification** The group, family name, and/or series of the element; this categorization reflects the position of the element in the periodic table.

**Atomic number** An element of atomic number Z occupies the Zth position in the periodic classification. Its neutral atom has a nucleus with a charge of  $+Z\epsilon$  surrounded by Z electrons, each of charge  $-\epsilon$ .

**Atomic weight** The relative atomic mass  $(A_r)$  based on  $^{12}C \equiv 12$ ; the value for the most stable isotope is given for synthetic elements.

- **Naturally occurring isotopes** Mass numbers of the isotopes are listed in decreasing order of natural terrestrial abundance.
- **Density** The weight per unit volume of the element; measurements of this constant are generally made at 25°C, but the temperature utilized is shown in parentheses. Units are grams per cubic centimeter (g/cm³).
- **Melting point** Units are degrees Celsius (°C); **Boiling point**: Units are degrees Celsius (°C).
- **Latent heat of fusion** The quantity of heat required to change 1 g of the solid element into the liquid state at a constant temperature. Units are Joules per gram (J/g).
- **Specific heat** The thermal capacity of an element; the specific heat capacity is the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of a mass through a measured number of Celsius degrees. Units are Joules per gram per degree Celsius (J/g/°C).
- **Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion** The ratio of the change in length per degree Celsius to the original length at zero degrees Celsius. Units are centimeter per centimeter per degree Celsius (cm/cm/°C).
- **Thermal conductivity** Thermal energy transmitted through a unit cube per unit time when there exists unit temperature difference between opposite parallel faces. Units are watts (or milliwatts) per centimeter per degree Celsius [w (or mw)/cm/°C].
- **Electrical resistivity** A proportionality factor (ρ) relating the resistance to current flow between parallel faces of a 1-cm cube of the element. This factor is also known as specific resistance. Because the resistance of semiconductor is substantially influenced by the presence of traces of impurities, the intrinsic resistivity is the parameter given for these ultrapure elements. Units are ohm-centimeters (ohm-cm).
- **lonization potential (1st)** The energy necessary to remove the least strongly bound electron from its orbit and place it at rest at an infinite distance. Units are electron volts (eV).
- **Electron work function** (φ) The minimum photonic energy required to remove an electron from the boundary of an element; also known as photoelectric work function. Units are electron volts (eV).
- Oxidation potential The difference in potential produced by a voltaic halfcell associated with the cited chemical reaction. By using the oxidation potential, the likelihood of various chemical reactions can be predicted. Oxidation of gaseous hydrogen (at 1 atmosphere pressure) to ionic hydrogen (in 1 molar acid solution at 25°C) defines the zero reference. Units are volts (V).
- **Chemical valence** The number of hydrogen atoms (or their equivalent) with which an atom of an element can combine (if negative) or the number which it can displace in a reaction (if positive). The principal valence is set in italic type when more than one valence is possible.

**Electrochemical equivalents** The mass of an element displaced by the passage of unit quantity of electricity. The values provided are derived from:

electrochemical equivalents = 
$$\frac{kA}{n}$$

where k is a constant equal to 0.0373100, A is the gram-atomic weight, and n is the principal valence. Units are grams per amperehour (g/amp-hr).

**lonic radius** The radius an ion exhibits in an ionic crystal in which the ions are packed together with their outermost electronic shells in contact with each other. Values are given for a coordination number of 6. Ionic radii for other coordination numbers can be obtained by multiplying by the following conversion factors:

Coordination Number	Conversion Factor
12	1.12
9	1.05
8	1.03
6	1.00
4	0.94

Units are Ångstroms (1Å =  $10^{-8}$  cm).

**Valence electron potential (** $-\epsilon$ **V)** A calculated value based on the charge of the valence electrons and the ionic radius. It provides a quantitative indication of the reactivity of an element and is determined by the equation:

$$(-\epsilon V) = \frac{kn}{r}$$

where  $(-\epsilon V)$  is the valence electron potential, n is the valence, and k is a proportionality factor converting Ångstroms to centimeters and expressing the force exerted by the valence electrons in electron volts and is equal to 14.399; r is the ionic radius in Ångstroms. The principal valence has been used for the determination.

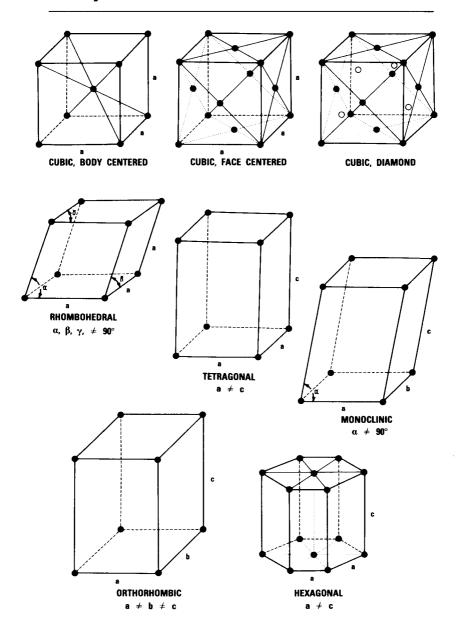
**Electronic configuration** A sequential listing of the orbiting electrons, indicating the principal shells and the number of electrons in each subshell. For example,  $4d^{10}$  would indicate the presence of 10 electrons in the "d" subshell of the fourth (N) principal shell. Principal shells are assigned letters corresponding to their quantum numbers as follows: 1 = K, 2 = L, 3 = M, 4 = N, 5 = O, 6 = P, and 7 = Q. A maximum exists for the number of electrons in each subshell: 2 in s, 6 in p, 10 in d, and 14 in f.

**Valence electrons** A sequential listing of the electrons involved in the ionization of the element. They are indicated in the same manner as in the electronic configuration.

**Crystal form** A brief description of the atomic arrangement in the elemental solid state. (See accompanying figure for common Crystal Forms).

- **Half life** The time required for one-half of an initial quantity of a radioactive isotope to be converted into its decay product. This entry is included only when all known isotopes of an element are unstable. The half life presented is that of the most stable isotope. Units are seconds, minutes, hours, days, or years.
- **Cross section**  $\sigma$  The effective size of a nucleus in capturing a thermal (slow) neutron. The larger the cross section the greater is the probability of neutron capture. Units are millibarns (mbarns) or barns (1 barn =  $10^{-24}$  cm<sup>2</sup>).
- **Vapor pressure** The pressure exerted when a solid or liquid is in equilibrium with its vapor. Since this parameter is a function of temperature, the vapor pressure at the melting point is given. Units are Pascals (Pa).

#### **Crystal Forms**



## **Periodic Classification** of the Elements

IA									
1.0079 H 1	IIA								
6.941 Li 3	9.01218 Be 4	Mit-in-							
22.98977 <b>Na</b> 11	24.305 <b>Mg</b> 12	IIIB	IVB	VB	VIB	VIIB		– VIII –	
39.098 <b>K</b> 19	40.08 Ca 20	44.95592 Sc 21	47.90 Ti 22	50.9415 V 23	51.996 Cr 24	54.9380 Mn 25	55.847 Fe 26	58.9332 Co 27	58.70 <b>N</b> i 28
85.4678 Rb 37	87.62 Sr 38	88.9059 <b>Y</b> 39	91.22 <b>Zr</b> 40	92.9064 Nb 41	95.94 <b>Mo</b> 42	96.906 TC 43	101.07 Ru 44	102.9055 Rh 45	106.4 Pd 46
132.9054 <b>Cs</b> 55	137.34 <b>Ba</b> 56	138.9055 <b>La*</b> 57	178.49 Hf 72	180.9479 <b>Ta</b> 73	183.85 <b>W</b> 74	186.2 <b>Re</b> 75	190.2 Os 76	192.22  r   77	195.09 Pt 78
223.01976 Fr 87	226.02544 Ra 88	227.02777 Ac† 89	104	105	106	107		109	-

#### \*Lanthanide Series

140.12	140.9077	144.24	144.913	150.4	151.96	157.25	158.9254	162.50	164.9304	
<b>Ce</b>	<b>Pr</b>	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	<b>Gd</b>	<b>Tb</b>	Dy	Ho	
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	

#### †Actinide Series

232.03807	231.0359	238.029	237.0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.08805
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	<b>Bk</b>	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

							0
		IIIA	IVA	VA	VIA	VIIA	4.00260 He 2
		10.81 <b>B</b> 5	12.011 <b>C</b> 6	14.0067 <b>N</b> 7	15.9994 O 8	18.998403 <b>F</b> 9	20.179 Ne 10
IB	IIB	26.98154 Al 13	28.0855 Si 14	30.97376 <b>P</b> 15	32.06 S 16	35.453 Cl 17	39.948 Ar 18
63.546 Cu 29	65.38 <b>Zn</b> 30	69.72 <b>Ga</b> 31	72.59 <b>Ge</b> 32	74.9216 <b>As</b> 33	<sup>78.96</sup> Se 34	<sup>79.904</sup> Br 35	83.80 Kr 36
107.868 <b>Ag</b> 47	112.41 Cd 48	114.82 In 49	118.69 Sn 50	121.75 Sb 51	127.60 Te 52	126.9045       53	131.30 Xe 54
196.9665 <b>A</b> u 79	200.59 Hg 80	204.37 <b>TI</b> 81	207.2 Pb 82	208.9804 Bi 83	208.98243 Po 84	209.987 At 85	222.01761 <b>Rn</b> 86

167.26	168.9342	173.04	174.97
Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
68	69	70	71

257.09515	258	259	260
Fm	Md	<b>No</b>	Lr
100	101	102	103

		•



## **Actinium**

227.02777



Actinio Actinium Aktinium Actinio актиний אקטיניום

Naturally occurring isotope: 227 (minute quantities only)

**Density:** 10.07 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point:  $1100 \pm 50$ °C Boiling point:  $3200 \pm 300$ °C (est)

Latent heat of fusion: 62 J/g Specific heat: 0.12 J/g/°C

Thermal conductivity: 0.12 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 5.17 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Ac \rightarrow Ac^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.2 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.82347 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.119 Å (Ac3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 38.60 (Ac<sup>3+</sup>)

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 4f<sup>14</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup>

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 6d<sup>1</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Valence electrons: 6d1 7s2

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered

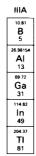
Half life: 21.77 years

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 810 ± 20 barns



#### **Aluminum**

13 26.98154



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Naturally occurring isotope: 27 Density: 2.6984 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 660.37°C Boiling point: 2467°C

Latent heat of fusion: 395.7 J/gSpecific heat: 0.903 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 23.9  $\times$   $10^6 cm/cm/^{\circ}C$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 2.37 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 2.6548 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.986 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.28 eV

Oxidation potential: Al  $\rightarrow$  Al<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 1.662 V

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.33556 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.535 Å (Al3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 80.7

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^1$ 

Valence electrons: 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>1</sup>
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered
Cross section σ: 232±3 mbarns

Vapor pressure:  $2.42 \times 10^{-6}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Americium**

95 243.0614

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807 Th 90	231.0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247 07038 Cm 96	247.07032 Bk 97	251.07961 Cf 98	254.08805 Es 99
257 09515	258	259	260						
Fm 100	Md 101	No 102	Lr 103						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None

**Density:** 13.67 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 1176°C Boiling point: 2011°C

Ionization potential (1st): 5.99 eV

Oxidation potential: Am  $\rightarrow$  Am<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 2.32 V

**Chemical valence**: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.0229 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.982 Å (Am<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 44.0

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K  $\perp$  M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^{14} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>7</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons:  $5f^7 \, 7s^2$ Crystal form: Hexagonal Half life:  $7.32 \times 10^3 \, years$ Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $180 \pm 20 \, barns$ 



## **Antimony**

51 121.75



Antimônio Antimoine Antimon Antimonio сурьма אנטימון

Naturally occurring isotopes: 121, 123

**Density:** 6.691 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 630.74°C Boiling point: 1750°C

Latent heat of fusion: 165.0 J/gSpecific heat: 0.207 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $9.2 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (0°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.244 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $39 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 8.641 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.55 eV

Oxidation potential:  $2Sb + 3H_2O \rightarrow Sb_2O_3 + 6H^+ + 6\varepsilon = -0.152 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -3, 0, 3, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.5142 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.76 Å (Sb3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 57

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 5s^2 5p^3$ 

Valence electrons:  $5s^2 5p^3$ Crystal form: Rhombohedral Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $5\pm 1$  barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.49 \times 10^{-9}$  Pa (at melting point)



## **Argon**

18 39.948

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 40, 36, 38

Density: 1.65 g/cm³ (  $-\,233^{\circ}\text{C}$  ), 1.784  $\times~10^{-3}$  g/cm³ (0°C)

Melting point: -189.2°C Boiling point: -185.7°C

Latent heat of fusion: 29.45 J/g Specific heat: 0.52032 J/g/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.1772 mw/cm/°C (27°C at 1 atm)

Ionization potential (1st): 15.759 eV

Chemical valence: 0

Principal quantum number: 3
Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6$ 

Valence electrons: (3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup>)

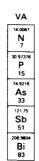
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.66 barns



#### **Arsenic**

33 74.9216



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砷素

Naturally occurring isotope: 75 Density: 5.73 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (gray) (20°C)

Melting point: 817°C (at 28 atm) Boiling point: 613°C (sublimes)

Latent heat of fusion: 369.9 J/g

Specific heat: 0.329 J/g/°C (gray) (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.02 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.502 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (gray) (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $35 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 9.81~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.75~eV

Oxidation potential: As  $+ 2H_2O \rightarrow HAsO_2 + 3H^+ + 3\epsilon = -0.2476 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -3, 0, 3, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.93177 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.58 Å (As3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 74

Principal quantum number: 4
Principal electron shells: K L M N

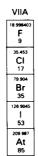
Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^3$ 

Valence electrons:  $4s^2 4p^3$ Crystal form: Rhombohedral Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $4.30 \pm 0.10$  barns



## **Astatine**

85 209.987



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Astatino
астатин

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Melting point: 302°C (est) Boiling point: 337°C (est)

Latent heat of fusion: 114 J/g (est) lonization potential (1st): 9.65 eV

Oxidation potential:  $2At^- \rightarrow At_2 + 2\varepsilon = -0.2 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 3, 5, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 7.8346 g/amp-hr

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>5</sup>

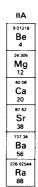
Valence electrons: 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>5</sup>

Half life: 8.1 hr



## **Barium**

56 137.34



Bário Barium Barium Bario барий ピロいる

Naturally occurring isotopes: 138, 137, 136, 135, 134, 130, 132

**Density:** 3.59 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 725°C Boiling point: 1640°C

Latent heat of fusion: 55.79 J/gSpecific heat: 0.204 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $19.0 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.184 w/cm/°C (22°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.212 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 2.7 eV

Oxidation potential: Ba  $\rightarrow$  Ba<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = 2.906 V

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.5621 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.35 Å (Ba<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 21.3

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 5s^2 5p^6 6s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 6s2

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 1.2  $\pm$  0.1 barns

Vapor pressure: 9.80 × 10 Pa (at melting point)



## **Berkelium**

97 247.07032

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807	231.0359	238.029	237 0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.08805
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
257 09515 Fm 100	258 Md 101	259 No 102	260 Lr 103						

Berquélio Berkelium Berkelium Berkelio беркелий

に バークリウ

Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Density: 14.78 g/cm $^3$  (25°C) Melting point: 986  $\pm$  25°C Ionization potential (1st): 6.23 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Bk \rightarrow Bk^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 1.97 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.0727 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.949 Å (Bk3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 45.5

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

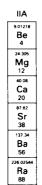
 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:} \ \ 1s^2 \ \ 2s^2 \ \ 2p^6 \ \ 3s^2 \ \ 3p^6 \ \ 3d^{10} \ \ 4s^2 \ \ 4p^6 \ \ 4d^{10} \ \ 4f^{14} \ \ 5s^2 \ \ 5p^6$ 

 $5d^{10} 5f^8 6s^2 6p^6 6d^1 7s^2$ Valence electrons:  $5f^8 6d^1 7s^2$ Crystal form: Hexagonal Half life:  $1.4 \times 10^3$  years



## Beryllium

4 9.01218



Berílio Beryllium Berilio бериллий בריליום リ

Naturally occurring isotope: 9 Density: 1.848 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $1278 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $2970^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 1301 J/g Specific heat: 1.82  $J/g/^{\circ}C$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $11.6 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 2.01 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $4.0 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 9.322 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.98 eV

Oxidation potential: Be  $\rightarrow$  Be<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = 1.85 V

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.16812 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.35 Å (Be<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 82

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 2s<sup>2</sup>

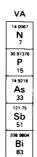
Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section  $\sigma$ : 9.2  $\pm$  0.5 mbarns

Vapor pressure: 4.18 Pa (at melting point)



#### **Bismuth**

83 208.9804



Bismuto
Bismuth
Wismut
Bismuto
висмут



ビスマス

Naturally occurring isotope: 209 Density: 9.78 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $271.3^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $1560 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 52.09 J/gSpecific heat: 0.122 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $13.3 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Thermal conductivity: 0.0792 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $106.8 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.289 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.22 eV

Oxidation potential: Bi +  $H_2O \rightarrow$  BiO + +  $2H^+$  +  $3\epsilon$  = -0.320 V

Chemical valence: 3, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.5990 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 1.03 Å (Bi<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 41.9

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>3</sup>

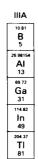
Valence electrons:  $6s^2 6p^3$ Crystal form: Rhombohedral Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $19 \pm 2$  mbarns

**Vapor pressure:**  $6.27 \times 10^{-4}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### Boron

10.81



Bóro Bore Bor Boro бор בור

Naturally occurring isotopes: 11, 10

Density: 2.34 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (crystalline), 2.37 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (amorphous) (both at 20°C)

Melting point: 2300°C Boiling point: 2550°C (sublimes)

Latent heat of fusion: 890.8 J/q Specific heat: 1.03 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $8.3 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.274 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity: 1.8 × 10<sup>6</sup> ohm-cm (0°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 8.298 eV Electron work function o: 4.45 eV

Oxidation potential: B +  $3H_2O \rightarrow H_3BO_3 + 3H^+ + 3\epsilon = -0.8698 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.1344 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.23 Å (B3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 190

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>1</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

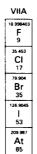
Cross section o: 759 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $3.48 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Bromine**

35 79.904



Bromo
Brome
Bromo
Gpom

Naturally occurring isotopes: 79, 81

**Density:** 3.1028 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $-7.2^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $58.78^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 132.0 J/g (Br<sub>2</sub>) Specific heat: 0.47362 J/g/°C (Br<sub>2</sub>) (25°C) Thermal conductivity: 1.22 mw/cm/°C (27°C) Electrical resistivity:  $7.8 \times 10^{12}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 11.814 eV

Oxidation potential:  $2Br^- \rightarrow Br_2 + 2\varepsilon = -1.0652 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -1, 3, 5, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.9812 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.96 Å (Br<sup>-</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): -7.35

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^5$ 

Valence electrons:  $4s^2 4p^5$ 

Crystal form: Orthorhombic, rhombic Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $6.8 \pm 0.1$  barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $5.80 \times 10^3$  Pa (at melting point)



## **Cadmium**

48 112.41



Cádmio Cadmium Cadmio Садмий

カドミウム

Naturally occurring isotopes: 114, 112, 111, 110, 113, 116, 106, 108

**Density:** 8.65 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 320.9°C Boiling point: 765°C

Latent heat of fusion: 54.01 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.231 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $29.8 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.969 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity: 6.83  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 8.993 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.22 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Cd \rightarrow Cd^{2+} + 2\varepsilon = 0.4029 \ V$ 

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.0970 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.97 Å (Cd2+)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): 30

Principal quantum number: 5
Principal electron shells: K L M N O

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 5s2

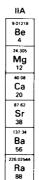
Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section  $\sigma$ : 2450  $\pm$  20 barns

Vapor pressure: 1.48 × 10 Pa (at melting point)



## **Calcium**

20 40.08



Cálcio Calcium Kalzium Calcio кальций プロ

钙剂

Naturally occurring isotopes: 40, 44, 42, 48, 43, 46

**Density:** 1.55 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $839 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $1484^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 216.2 J/g Specific heat: 0.632 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $22.3 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 2.01 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $3.91 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 6.113 eV Electron work function φ: 2.87 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Ca \rightarrow Ca^{2+} + 2\epsilon = 2.866 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.7477 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.99 Å (Ca<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 29

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 4s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.44  $\pm$  0.02 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.54 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Californium**

98

251.07961

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807	231.0359	238.029	237.0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.08805
Th	<b>Pa</b>	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	<b>Bk</b>	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
257 09515 Fm 100	258 Md 101	NO 102	260 Lr 103						

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Californium
Californium
Californio
калифорний

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Density: 15.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C) Melting point:  $900 \pm 30$ °C Ionization potential (1st): 6.30 eV

Oxidation potential: Cf  $\rightarrow$  Cf<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 2.0 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.1226 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.934 \text{ Å (Cf}^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 44.5

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration: } 1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

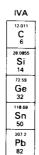
Valence electrons: 5f<sup>10</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Crystal form: Hexagonal Half life: 900 years

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 2100  $\pm$  1000 barns



## Carbon

6 12.011



Carbono Carbone Kohlenstoff Carbono углерод

碳炭素

Naturally occurring isotopes: 12, 13, 14

Density: 3.52 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (diamond), 1.9-2.3 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (graphite), 1.8-2.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

(amorphous) (all at 20°C)

Melting point:  $3550^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $4827^{\circ}$ C Specific heat:  $0.7099 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}$ C (graphite) ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $2.10 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (graphite)

(30°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.8-2.2~\text{w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (graphite) (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $1375~\times~10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (graphite) (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 11.260 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 5.0 eV

Oxidation potential:  $CH_4 \rightarrow C + 4H^+ + 4\varepsilon = -0.1316 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.11203 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.16 Å (C4+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 360

Principal quantum number: 2
Principal electron shells: K L
Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 2s2 2p2

Crystal form: Hexagonal (graphite), cubic (diamond)

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 3.4  $\pm$  0.2 mbarns



#### Cerium

58

140.12

#### Lanthanide Series

140 12 Ce 58	140 9077 Pr 59	144 24 Nd 60	144.913 Pm 61	150 4 Sm 62	151 96 Eu 63	157 25 Gd 64	158.9254 Tb 65	Dy 66	164.9304 <b>Ho</b> 67
167.26 Er 68	168.9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 140, 142, 138, 136

**Density:** 6.657 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 799°C Boiling point: 3426°C

Latent heat of fusion: 65.7 J/gSpecific heat: 0.192 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $7.1 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.113 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $77 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.47~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 2.84~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Ce \rightarrow Ce^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.483 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.7426 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.034 Å (Ce3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 41.78

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^2\ 5s^2\ 5p^6\ 6s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 4f<sup>2</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.73  $\pm$  0.08 barns



## Cesium

55 132.9054

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Naturally occurring isotope: 133 Density: 1.873 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 28.40 ± 0.01°C Boiling point: 669.3°C

Latent heat of fusion: 16.372 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.241 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $97 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C) Thermal conductivity: 0.359 w/cm/°C (solid at melting point)

Electrical resistivity:  $20.46 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 3.894~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 2.14~eV

Oxidation potential: Cs  $\rightarrow$  Cs  $^+$  +  $\varepsilon$  = 2.923 V

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 4.95870 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.67 Å (Cs+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 8.62

Principal quantum number: 6
Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 6s1

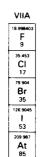
Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 30.0  $\pm$  1.5 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.50 \times 10^{-5}$  Pa (at melting point)



## **Chlorine**

17 35.453



Clóro Chlore Chlor Cloro xnop Cctr

Naturally occurring isotopes: 35, 37

**Density:** 1.56 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (-33.6°C), 3.214 × 10<sup>-3</sup> g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0°C)

Melting point:  $-100.98^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $-34.6^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 180.8 J/g (Cl<sub>2</sub>) Specific heat: 0.4782 J/g/°C (Cl<sub>2</sub>) (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.089 mw/cm/°C (27°C at 1 atm)

Ionization potential (1st): 12.967 eV

Oxidation potential:  $2CI^- \rightarrow CI_2 + 2\varepsilon = -1.3595 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -/, 3, 5, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.3228 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.81 Å (Cl<sup>-</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): -7.96

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells:  $K \perp M$ 

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^5$ 

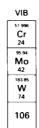
Valence electrons:  $3s^2 3p^5$ Crystal form: Tetragonal Cross section  $\sigma$ : 33 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.30 \times 10^3$  Pa (at melting point)



## **Chromium**

24 51.996



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Cromo xpoм ברום

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 52, 53, 50, 54

**Density**: 7.20 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $1857 \pm 20^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $2672^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 265.7 J/g Specific heat: 0.449 J/g/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 6.2  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.939 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity: 12.9  $\times~10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.766~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.5~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Cr \rightarrow Cr^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 0.744 \ V$ 

**Chemical valence**: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.32333 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.52 Å (Cr<sup>6+</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): 170

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^5 4s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 3d<sup>5</sup> 4s<sup>1</sup>

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 3.1  $\pm$  0.2 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $9.90 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



### Cobalt

2*1* 58.9332

	- VIII -	
55.847	58.9332	58.70
Fe	Co	Ni
26	27	28
101 07	102 9055	106.4
Ru	Rh	Pd
44	45	46
190.2	192.22	195.09
Os	r	Pt
76	77	78
	109	

Cobalto
Cobalt
Kobalt
Cobalto
кобальт

站沿

Naturally occurring isotope: 59 Density: 8.71 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (21°C)

Melting point: 1495°C Boiling point: 2870°C

Latent heat of fusion: 258.6 J/gSpecific heat: 4.21 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $13.80 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.00 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $6.24 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.86~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 5.0~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Co \rightarrow Co^{2+} + 2\epsilon = 0.277 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.0994 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.745 \text{ Å } (\text{Co}^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 38.7

Principal quantum number: 4
Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^7 4s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 3d<sup>7</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section  $\sigma$ : 37.5  $\pm$  0.2 barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $1.75 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# Copper

29 63.546 1B 63.546 Cu 29 107.868 Ag 47

Cobre Cuivre Kupfer Cobre

> медь נחושת

銅舞

Naturally occurring isotopes: 63, 65

**Density:** 8.96 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point:  $1083.4 \pm 0.2$ °C Boiling point: 2567°C

Latent heat of fusion: 205.6 J/g Specific heat: 0.3845 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $16.6 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 4.01 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $1.678 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.726 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.65 eV

Oxidation potentials:  $Cu \rightarrow Cu^+ + \varepsilon = -0.521 \ V$ 

 $Cu \rightarrow Cu^{2+} + 2\epsilon = -0.3419 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.1855 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.73 Å (Cu<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 34

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells:  $K \perp M N$ 

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 3d10 4s1

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 3.8  $\pm$  0.1 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $5.05 \times 10^{-2}$  Pa (at melting point)



### Curium

96

247.07038

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807 Th 90	231.0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247.07032 <b>Bk</b> 97	251.07961 Cf 98	254.08805 ES 99
257 09515	258	259	260						
Fm	Md	No	Lr	1					
100	101	102	103						

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Curium

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キュリウム

Naturally occurring isotopes: None

**Density:** 13.51 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point:  $1340 \pm 40^{\circ}C$  Boiling point:  $3110^{\circ}C$ 

lonization potential (1st): 6.02 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Cm \rightarrow Cm^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.07 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.0727 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.970 Å (Cm<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 44.5

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration:**  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^{14} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>7</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 6d<sup>1</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons:  $5f^7 6d^1 7s^2$ Crystal form: Hexagonal Half life:  $1.6 \times 10^7$  years Cross section  $\sigma$ : 180 barns



# **Dysprosium**

66 162.50

Disprósio Dysprosium Dysprosium Disprosio

диспрозий דיטברוניום

Lanthanide Series

140 12	140 9077	144 24	144 913	150 4	151.96	157 25	158.9254	162.50	164.9304
Ce	<b>Pr</b>	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	<b>Dy</b>	Ho
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
167 26 Er 68	168 9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71				·		

Naturally occurring isotopes: 164, 162, 163, 161, 160, 158, 156

**Density:** 8.550 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1412°C Boiling point: 2562°C

Latent heat of fusion: 105.6 J/g Specific heat: 173 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $8.6 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.107 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $90 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 5.928 eV

Oxidation potential: Dy  $\rightarrow$  Dy<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\epsilon$  = 2.353 V

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.0210 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.912 Å (Dv3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 47.4

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: KLMNOP

**Electronic configuration**: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 4f<sup>10</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup>

 $5p^6 6s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 4f10 6s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 930  $\pm$  20 barns



#### **Einsteinium**

# 99 254.08805

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**ЭЙНШТЕЙНИЙ** 

אינשטייניום

マムニレジンペレム

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807	231.0359	238.029	237 0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.08805
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
257 09515 Fm 100	258 Mdi 101	259 <b>No</b> 102	260 Lr 103					•	

Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Melting point: 860 ± 30°C

Ionization potential (1st): 6.42 eV

Oxidation potential: Es  $\rightarrow$  Es<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\epsilon$  = 2.3 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 4.7400 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.925 Å (Es<sup>3+</sup>) Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: KLMNOPQ

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>11</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Valence electrons: 5f11 7s2

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered

Half life: 276 days

Cross section  $\sigma$ : < 40 barns



# Erbium

68

167.26

Érbio

**Erbium** 

Erbium Erbio

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. ארביום

#### Lanthanide Series

140 12	140.9077	144 24	144 913	150.4	151.96	157.25	158.9254	162 50	164 9364
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	<b>Tb</b>	Dy	Ho
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
167.26 Er 68	168.9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71						

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エルピウム

Naturally occurring isotopes: 166, 168, 167, 170, 164, 162

Density: 9.066 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1529°C Boiling point: 2863°C

Latent heat of fusion: 102.6 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.168 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 9.2  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.145 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 107.0 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.10~eV

Oxidation potential: Er  $\rightarrow$  Er<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\epsilon$  = 2.296 V

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.0802 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.881 Å (Er³+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 49.0

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{12}\ 5s^2$ 

5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4f<sup>12</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 160  $\pm$  30 barns



# **Europium**

Dy

Ho

63

151.96

#### Lanthanide Series

140 12 Ce 58	140.9077 Pr 59	144 24 Nd 60	144.913 Pm 61	150.4 Sm 62	151 96 Eu 63	157 25 Gd 64	158 9254 Tb 65	
167 26' Er	168.9342 Tm	173.04 Yb	174.97 Lu					•
68	69	70	71					

Európio
Europium
Europio
Europio
esponum



Naturally occurring isotopes: 153, 151

Density: 5.243 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 822°C Soiling point: 1597°C

Latent heat of fusion: 68.9 J/gSpecific heat: 0.182 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $26 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.139 \text{ w/cm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $81 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.666 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 2.5 eV

Oxidation potential: Eu  $\rightarrow$  Eu<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 2.407 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.8899 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.947 Å (Eu<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 45.6

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^7 \ 5s^2$ 

5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4f7 6s2

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section σ: 4100 ± 100 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.44 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Fermium**

100 257.09515

Actinide Series

232.03807	231.0359	238.029	237.0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.0880
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
257 09515 Fm 100	258 Md 101	259 <b>N</b> O 102	260 Lr 103						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None lonization potential (1st): 6.50 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Fm \rightarrow Fm^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.0 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.1974 g/amp-hr

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:} \ 1 \text{s}^2 \ 2 \text{s}^2 \ 2 \text{p}^6 \ 3 \text{s}^2 \ 3 \text{p}^6 \ 3 \text{d}^{10} \ 4 \text{s}^2 \ 4 \text{p}^6 \ 4 \text{d}^{10} \ 4 \text{f}^{14} \ 5 \text{s}^2 \ 5 \text{p}^6$ 

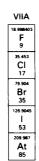
 $5d^{10} 5f^{12} 6s^2 6p^6 7s^2$ Valence electrons:  $5f^{12} 7s^2$ 

Half life: 80 days



# **Fluorine**

9 18.998403



Flúor Fluor Flúor Prop Otixita 東

Naturally occurring isotope: 19 Density:  $1.696 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 (0^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point: -219.62°C Boiling point: -188.14°C

Latent heat of fusion:  $26.89 \text{ J/g (F}_2)$ Specific heat:  $0.824 \text{ J/g/°C (F}_2)$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Thermal conductivity: 0.279 mw/cm/°C (27°C at 1 atm)

lonization potential (1st): 17.422 eV

Oxidation potential:  $F^- \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}F_2 + \epsilon = -2.87 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -1

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.70883 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.33 Å (F-)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): -10.1

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^5$ 

Valence electrons: 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>5</sup>

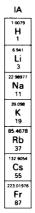
Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $9.8 \pm 0.7$  mbarns

**Vapor pressure:**  $4.90 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# Francium

87 223.01976



Frâncio Francium Franzium Francio Франций อาะมาอ

Naturally occurring isotopes: None (actinium decay product)

Melting point: 27°C (est) Boiling point: 677°C (est)

Latent heat of fusion:  $9.39\ J/g\ (est)$  lonization potential (1st):  $3.83\ eV$ 

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 8.3209 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.80 Å (Fr<sup>+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 8.00

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K  $\perp$  M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^{14} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>1</sup> Valence electrons: (7s<sup>1</sup>) Half life: 22 minutes

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered



### **Gadolinium**

64

157.25

#### Lanthanide Series

140 12	140.9077	144 24	144 913	150.4	151.96	157.25	158.9254	162 50	164 9304
Ce	<b>Pr</b>	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
167.26 Er	168.9342 Tm	173.04 Yb	174.97 Lu						

Gadolínio Gadolinium Gadolinium Gadolinio гадолиний

Naturally occurring isotopes: 158, 160, 156, 157, 155, 154, 152

Density: 7.900 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1313°C Boiling point: 3266°C

Latent heat of fusion: 98.51 J/gSpecific heat: 0.235 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $9.7 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.105 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $140.5 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.14~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.1~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Gd \rightarrow Gd^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.397 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.9557 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.938 Å (Gd3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 46.1

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^7\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d1 6s2

Valence electrons: 4f7 5d1 6s2

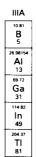
Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section  $\sigma$ : 46,000  $\pm$  2000 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.44 \times 10^4 \, \text{Pa}$  (at melting point)



# **Gallium**

31 69.72



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 69, 71

**Density**: 5.906 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 29.78°C Boiling point: 2403°C

Latent heat of fusion: 80.17~J/g Specific heat: 0.371~J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 18.1 imes 10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.281 w/cm/°C (liquid) (30°C) Electrical resistivity:  $17.4 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.999~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.2~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Ga \rightarrow Ga^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = -0.529 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.8671 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.620 Å (Ga<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 69.7

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^1$ 

Valence electrons: 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>1</sup>

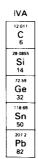
**Crystal form:** Orthorhombic, rhombic **Cross section**  $\sigma$ : 3.1  $\pm$  0.3 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $9.31 \times 10^{-36}$  Pa (at melting point)



### **Germanium**

32 72.59



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クルマニウム

Naturally occurring isotopes: 74, 72, 70, 73, 76

**Density:** 5.323 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 937.4°C Boiling point: 2830°C

Latent heat of fusion: 438.3 J/g Specific heat: 0.3216 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $5.75 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.667 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 47 ohm-cm (intrinsic resistivity) (22°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.899 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 5.0 eV

Oxidation potential: Ge +  $2H_2O \rightarrow GeO_2 + 4H^+ + 4\epsilon = -0.15 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -4, 2, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.6771 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.530 Å (Ge<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 109

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K  $\perp$  M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^2$ 

Valence electrons:  $4s^2 4p^2$ Crystal form: Cubic, diamond Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $2.30 \pm 0.26$  barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $7.46 \times 10^{-5}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Gold

79 196.9665 18 63.546 Cu 29 107.868 Ag 47 196.9665 Au

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Naturally occurring isotope: 197 Density: 19.32 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 1064.43°C Boiling point: 3080°C

Latent heat of fusion: 62.81 J/gSpecific heat: 0.1290 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 14.2  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 3.19 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $2.44 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 9.225 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 5.1 eV

Oxidation potentials:  $Au \rightarrow Au^+ + \varepsilon = -1.691 \text{ V}$  $Au \rightarrow Au^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = -1.498 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.4496 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.85 Å (Au<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 51

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 5d10 6s1

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 98.8  $\pm$  0.3 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.37 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{Pa}$  (at melting point)



# Hafnium

/2 178.49

IVB
47 90 Ti 22
91.22 Zr 40
178 49 <b>Hf</b> 72
104

Háfnio Hafnium Hafnio Наfnio гафний



Naturally occurring isotopes: 180, 178, 177, 179, 176, 174

Density: 13.31 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $2227 \pm 20^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $4602^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 122.0 J/g Specific heat: 0.144 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $5.6 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.230 w/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C) Electrical resistivity: 35.1  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.65 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.9 eV

Oxidation potential: Hf  $\rightarrow$  Hf<sup>4+</sup> + 4 $\epsilon$  = 1.70 V

Chemical valence: 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.6649 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.71 Å (Hf4+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 81

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

 $5d^2 6s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 5d<sup>2</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 103 ± 3 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.12 \times 10^{-3}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Helium

Z 4.00260



Hélio Hélium Helium Helio гелий



Naturally occurring isotopes: 4, 3 Density:  $0.17847 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3$  (0°C)

Melting point: -272.2°C (26 atm); | Boiling point: -268.934°C

Latent heat of fusion: 5.23 J/g Specific heat: 5.1930 J/g/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.520 mw/cm/°C (25°C at 1 atm)

lonization potential (1st):  $24.58\ eV$ 

Chemical valence: 0

Principal quantum number: 1
Principal electron shells: K
Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup>
Valence electrons: (1s<sup>2</sup>)

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.007 barns

# **Holmium**

67

164.9304

#### Lanthanide Series

140.12	140.9077	144 24	144 913	150.4	151 96	157 25	158.9254	162 50	164 9304
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	<b>Ho</b>
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
167.26 Er 68	168.9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71						

Hólmio Holmium Holmio אואתסא זולמיום

よれ きゅん

Naturally occurring isotope: 165 Density: 8.795 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1474°C Boiling point: 2695°C

Latent heat of fusion: 104.1 J/gSpecific heat: 0.165 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $9.5 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $400^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Thermal conductivity: 0.162 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 87.0 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 6.02 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Ho \rightarrow Ho^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.319 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.0512 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.901 \text{ Å } (\text{Ho}^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 47.9

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{11}\ 5s^2$ 

5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4f<sup>11</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $65 \pm 2$  barns



# Hydrogen

ı 1.0079



Hidrogênio Hydrogène Wasserstoff Hidrógeno водород

Naturally occurring isotopes: 1.007825 (protium), 2.01410 (deuterium),

3.01605 (tritium)

**Density:**  $0.08988 \times 10^{-3} \, \text{g/cm}^3 \, \text{(0°C)}$ 

Latent heat of fusion: 116.3 J/g (H<sub>2</sub>) Specific heat: 14.30 J/g/°C (H<sub>2</sub>) (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.815 mw/cm/°C (27°C at 1 atm)

Ionization potential (1st): 13.59765 eV

Oxidation potentials:  $H_2 \rightarrow 2H^+ + \varepsilon = 0.00000 \text{ V}$ 

 $H^- \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}H_2 + \epsilon = 2.25 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.037605 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.012 Å (H+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 1200

Principal quantum number: 1 Principal electron shells: K Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>1</sup> Valence electrons: 1s<sup>1</sup>

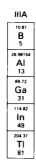
Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.33 barns



### Indium

49 114.82



indio Indium Indium oibnl йидни **ж**ינדים

Naturally occurring isotopes: 115, 113

**Density:** 7.28 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 156.61°C Boiling point: 2080°C

Latent heat of fusion: 28.44 J/g Specific heat: 0.233 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 24.8 imes 10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.818 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $8.37 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.786~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.12~eV

Oxidation potential:  $ln \rightarrow ln^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 0.343 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.4280 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.800 Å (ln3+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 54.0

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^1$ 

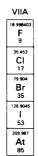
Valence electrons:  $5s^2 5p^1$ Crystal form: Tetragonal Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $194 \pm 2$  barns

Cross section σ: 194±2 barns

Vapor pressure:  $1.42 \times 10^{17}$  Pa (at melting point)

### **lodine**

53 126.9045



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Naturally occurring isotope: 127 Density: 4.93 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 113.5°C Boiling point: 184.35°C

Latent heat of fusion: 124.4 J/g ( $I_2$ ) Specific heat: 0.21448 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 93  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 4.49 mw/cm/°C (27°C)
Electrical resistivity: 1.3 × 10<sup>9</sup> ohm-cm (20°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 10.451 eV

Oxidation potential:  $I^- \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}I_2 + \varepsilon = -0.5355 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -1, 3, 5, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 4.7348 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 2.20 Å (l-)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): -6.55

Principal quantum number: 5 Principal electron shells: K L M N O

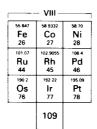
**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 5s^2 5p^5$ 

Valence electrons:  $5s^2 5p^5$ Crystal form: Orthorhombic Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $6.2 \pm 0.2$  barns



# Iridium

77 192.22



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 193, 191

**Density:** 22.42 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (17°C)

Melting point: 2410°C Boiling point: 4130°C

Latent heat of fusion: 137.2 J/g Specific heat: 0.131 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.6 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.47 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $4.71 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 9.1 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 5.27 eV

Oxidation potential: Ir + 6Cl<sup>-</sup>  $\rightarrow$  IrCl<sub>6</sub><sup>3-</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = -0.77 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.793 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.625 \text{ Å} (1r^{4+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 92.2

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>7</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 5d7 6s2

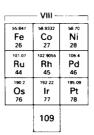
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 425  $\pm$  15 barns

Vapor pressure: 1.47 Pa (at melting point)



#### Iron

26 55.847



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 56, 54, 57, 58

**Density:** 7.874 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 1535°C Boiling point: 2750°C

Latent heat of fusion: 275.1 J/gSpecific heat: 0.450 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 11.76  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.804 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $9.71 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.870 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.70 eV

Oxidation potential: Fe  $\rightarrow$  Fe<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = 0.4402 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.69455 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.645 Å (Fe<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 67.0

Principal quantum number: 4
Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>6</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 3d<sup>6</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

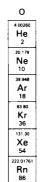
Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 2.56  $\pm$  0.05 barns

Vapor pressure: 7.05 Pa (at melting point)



# Krypton

36 83.80



Criptônio Krypton Krypton Criptón криптон

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 84, 86, 82, 83, 80, 78

**Density:**  $3.733 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 (20^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point:  $-156.6^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $-152.30 \pm 0.10^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 19.54 J/gSpecific heat: 0.24804 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.0949 mw/cm/°C (27°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 13.999 eV

Chemical valence: 0

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6$ 

Valence electrons: (4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup>)

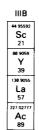
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered (solid)

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 24.5  $\pm$  1.0 barns



### Lanthanum

57 138.9055



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 139, 138

**Density:** 6.145 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 921°C Boiling point: 3457°C

Latent heat of fusion: 81.4 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.195 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 5.2  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.134 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $56 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.577 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 3.5 eV

Oxidation potential: La  $\rightarrow$  La<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\epsilon$  = 2.522 V

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.7275 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.061 Å (La<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 40.71

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup>

5d1 6s2

Valence electrons: 5d<sup>1</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $8.9 \pm 0.2$  barns

Vapor pressure:  $1.33 \times 10^{-7}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Lawrencium

103

260

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Lawrencium
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#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807 Th 90	231.0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247.07032 Bk 97	251.07961 Cf 98	254.08805 Es 99
257 09515	258	259	260						•
Fm 100	Md 101	No 102	Lr 103						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Oxidation potential:  $Lr \rightarrow Lr^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.0 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.23 g/amp-hr

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 4f<sup>14</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup>

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>14</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 6d<sup>1</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons:  $5f^{14} 6d^1 7s^2$ 

Half life: 3 minutes



### Lead

82 207.2 12.011 C 6 28.0855 Si 14 72.59 Ge 32 118.89 Sn 50

Plomb Blei Plomo свинец

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 208, 206, 207, 204

**Density:** 11.342 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 327.502°C Boiling point: 1740°C

Latent heat of fusion: 23.06 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.128 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 28.3 imes 10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.353 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 20.65 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (20°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 7.416 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.25 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Pb \rightarrow Pb^{2+} + 2\epsilon = 0.126 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.865 g/amp-hr (Pb2+)

lonic radius: 1.19 Å (Pb<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 24.2

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 6s2 6p2

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 180  $\pm$  10 mbarns

**Vapor pressure:**  $4.21 \times 10^{-7}$  Pa (at melting point)



### Lithium

3 6.941

IA 1.0079 6 941 Li 22.98977 Na 39.096 Κ 19 85.4678 Rb 37 132.9054 Cs 223.01976 Fr

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 7, 6

**Density**: 0.534 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 180.54°C Boiling point: 1342°C

Latent heat of fusion: 430.1 J/gSpecific heat: 3.57 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $60 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.848 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $8.55 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.392~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 2.9~eV

Oxidation potential: Li  $\rightarrow$  Li  $^+$  +  $\varepsilon$  = 3.045 V

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.2590 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.76 Å (Li<sup>+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 19

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 2s1

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 71 barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $1.63 \times 10^{-8}$  Pa (at melting point)



### Lutetium

71 174.97 Lutécio

Lutetium Lutetium

Lutecio

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Lanthanide Series

140 12 Ce 58	140 9077 Pr 59	Nd 60	144.913 Pm 61	150.4 Sm 62	151 96 Eu 63	157 25 Gd 64	158.9254 Tb 65	162 50 Dy 66	164.9304 HO 67
167 26 Er 68	168.9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71						•

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 175, 176

Density: 9.840 g/cm3 (25°C)

Melting point: 1663°C Boiling point: 3395°C

Latent heat of fusion: 110.1 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.154 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 12.5  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (400°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.164 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $79.0\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.4259 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 3.3 eV

Oxidation potential: Lu  $\rightarrow$  Lu<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 2.255 V

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.1760 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.848 \text{ Å} (Lu^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 50.9

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:} \ \, 1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^{14} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

5d1 6s2

Valence electrons: 5d1 6s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

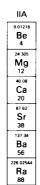
Cross section  $\sigma$ : 75 ± 2 barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $2.46 \times 10^3$  Pa (at melting point)



# Magnesium

12 24.305



Magnésio Magnésium Magnesium Magnesio Marний むいいな

Naturally occurring isotopes: 24, 26, 25

Density: 1.738 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 648.8 ± 0.5 °C Boiling point: 1090 °C

Latent heat of fusion: 368.6 J/gSpecific heat: 102 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 27.1 imes 10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.56 w/cm/°C (20°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $4.45 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.646~eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 3.66~eV

Oxidation potential: Mg  $\rightarrow$  Mg<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = 2.363 V

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.45341 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.72 \text{ Å (Mg}^{2+})$ 

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): 40

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 3s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $64 \pm 2$  mbarns

**Vapor pressure:**  $3.61 \times 10^2$  (at melting point)



# Manganese

25 54.9380 VIIB
54.9390
Mn
25
96.906
Tc
43
186.2
Re
75

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Naturally occurring isotope: 55

**Density:** 7.44 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $1244 \pm 3^{\circ}C$  Boiling point:  $1962^{\circ}C$ 

Latent heat of fusion: 266.7 J/g Specific heat: 0.479 J/g°C (20°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 22 imes 10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 78.1 mw/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $185 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.435 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.1 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Mn \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + 2\varepsilon = 1.18 \, V$ Chemical valence: -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 Electrochemical equivalents: 0.29282 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.46 Å (Mn<sup>7+</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 220

Principal quantum number: 4

Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^5 4s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 3d<sup>5</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 13.3  $\pm$  0.1 barns

Vapor pressure:  $1.21 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



### Mendelevium

101 258

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807 Th 90	231.0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247 07032 Bk 97	251 07961 Cf 98	254 08805 Es 99
257 09515	258	259	260	1		•		-	
Fm	Md	No	Lr	ļ					
100	101	102	103						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None Ionization potential (1st): 6.58 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Md \rightarrow Md^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 1.6 V$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.21 g/amp-hr

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>13</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Valence electrons: 5f13 7s2

Half life: 55 days



# Mercury

80 200.59



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 202, 200, 199, 201, 198, 204, 196

**Density:** 13.534 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: -38.87°C Boiling point: 356.58°C

Latent heat of fusion: 11.46 J/g

Specific heat: 0.1395 J/g/°C (liquid) (25°C) Thermal conductivity: 0.0830 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $95.78 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 10.437 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.49 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Hg \rightarrow Hg^{2+} + 2\varepsilon = -0.788 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.7420 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.02 Å (Hg<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 28.2

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:} \ 1 \text{s}^2 \ 2 \text{s}^2 \ 2 \text{p}^6 \ 3 \text{s}^2 \ 3 \text{p}^6 \ 3 \text{d}^{10} \ 4 \text{s}^2 \ 4 \text{p}^6 \ 4 \text{d}^{10} \ 4 \text{f}^{14} \ 5 \text{s}^2 \ 5 \text{p}^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

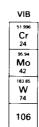
Valence electrons:  $6s^2$ Crystal form: Rhombohedral Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $375 \pm 5$  barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $2.00 \times 10^{-4}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Molybdenum

42 95.94



Molibdênio Molybdène Molybdän Molibdeno молибден מוליבדן

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 98, 96, 95, 92, 100, 97, 94

**Density**: 10.22 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 2617°C Boiling point: 4612°C

Latent heat of fusion: 288.0 J/gSpecific heat: 0.251 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.6 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.38 w/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C) Electrical resistivity: 5.2  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0 $^{\circ}$ C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.099 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.6 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Mo \rightarrow Mo^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 0.2 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.8949 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.650 \text{ Å } (\text{Mo}^{4+})$ 

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): 88.6

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^5 5s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 4d<sup>5</sup> 5s<sup>1</sup>

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 2.65  $\pm$  0.05 barns

Vapor pressure: 3.47 Pa (at melting point)



# **Neodymium**

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Neodymium Neodym

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Lanthanide Series

140.12	140.9077	144 24	144 913	150.4	151.96	157.25	158.9254	162.50	164.9304
Ce	<b>Pr</b>	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
167.26 Er 68	168.9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 142, 144, 146, 143, 145, 148, 150

Density: 7.007 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1021°C Boiling point: 3068°C

Latent heat of fusion: 75.47 J/gSpecific heat: 0.190 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $8.6 \times 10^6$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.165 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $64.0\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 5.49 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.2 eV

Oxidation potential: Nd  $\rightarrow$  Nd<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 2.431 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.7939 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.995 Å (Nd<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 43.4

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:} \ \, 1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^4 \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4f4 6s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

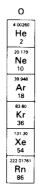
Cross section  $\sigma$ : 49 ± 2 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $6.03 \times 10^{-3}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Neon

10 20.179



Neônio Neon Neon Neón Heoh ניאון ネオ ン

Naturally occurring isotopes: 20, 22, 21 Density:  $0.8999 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 (20^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point: -248.67°C Boiling point: -246.048°C

Latent heat of fusion: 16.6 J/gSpecific heat: 1.0301 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Thermal conductivity: 0.493 mw/cm/°C (27°C)

lonization potential (1st):  $21.564~\mathrm{eV}$ 

Chemical valence: 0

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup>

Valence electrons: (2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup>)

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 38  $\pm$  10 mbarns



# **Neptunium**

93

237.0482

#### **Actinide Series**

232 03907 Th 90	231.0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247.07032 Bk 97	251.07961 Cf 98	254.08805 Es 99
257 09515	258	259	260						
Fm	Md	No	Lr						
100	101	102	103						

Neptúnìo Neptunium

Neptunium Neptunio

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Naturally occurring isotopes: None

**Density:** 20.45 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point:  $640 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $3902^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 46 J/g

Thermal conductivity: 63 mw/cm/°C (27°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $119 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm ( $100^{\circ}$ C)

Ionization potential (1st): 6.19 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Np \rightarrow Np^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 1.856 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.7689 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.75 Å (Np<sup>5+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 96

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

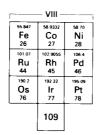
 $5d^{10} 5f^4 6s^2 6p^6 6d^1 7s^2$ Valence electrons:  $5f^4 6d^1 7s^2$ 

Crystal form: Orthorhombic Half life:  $2.14 \times 10^4$  years Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $170 \pm 5$  barns



# **Nickel**

28 58.70



Niquel Nickel Nickel Niquel никель

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**Naturally occurring isotopes:** 58, 60, 62, 61, 64

Density: 8.902 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1453°C Boiling point: 2732°C

Latent heat of fusion: 300.3 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.444 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $13.3 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.909 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $6.84\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.635~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 5.15~eV

Oxidation potential: Ni  $\rightarrow$  Ni<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\epsilon$  = 0.250 V

Chemical valence: 0, 1, 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.095 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.69 Å (Ni<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 42

Principal quantum number: 4
Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^8 4s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 3d8 4s2

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 4.54  $\pm$  0.10 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.37 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Niobium**

41 92.9064 VB
50.9415
V
23
92.9064
Nb
41
180.9479
Ta
73

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Naturally occurring isotope: 93

**Density**: 8.57 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 2468 ± 10°C Boiling point: 4742°C

Latent heat of fusion: 288.4 J/gSpecific heat: 0.265 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 7.31 imes 10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.537 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity: 14.6  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.88~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.3~eV

Oxidation potential: Nb  $\rightarrow$  Nb<sup>3+</sup> + 3 $\varepsilon$  = 1.099 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.69327 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.69 Å (Nb<sup>5+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 104

Principal quantum number: 5 Principal electron shells: K L M N O

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^4\ 5s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 4d4 5s1

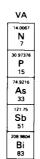
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 1.15  $\pm$  0.05 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $7.55 \times 10^{-2}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Nitrogen

7 14.0067



Nitrogênio Azote Stickstoff Nitrógeno asot ロレフロ

Naturally occurring isotopes: 14, 15 Density:  $1.165 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 (20^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point: -209.86°C Boiling point: -195.8°C

Latent heat of fusion: 51.41 J/g ( $N_2$ ) Specific heat: 1.040 J/g/°C ( $N_2$ ) (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.2598 mw/cm/°C (27°C at 1 atm)

Ionization potential (1st): 14.534 eV

Oxidation potential: N<sub>2</sub> + 2H<sub>2</sub>O  $\rightarrow$  H<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> + 2H<sup>+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = -2.65 V

Chemical valence: -3, 3, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.10452 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.13 Å (N<sup>5+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 550

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>3</sup>

Valence electrons: 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>3</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section σ: 1.9 barns



# Nobelium

102

259

#### **Actinide Series**

232 03 <b>8</b> 07	231 0359	238.029	237 0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.06805
Th	<b>Pa</b>	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	<b>Bk</b>	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
257.09515 Fm 100	258 <b>Md</b> 101	259 <b>No</b> 102	260 Lr 103						

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Nobelium

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נובליום

Naturally occurring isotopes: None Ionization potential (1st): 6.65 eV

Oxidation potential: No  $\rightarrow$  No<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\epsilon$  = 2.5 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 4.83 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 1.1 Å (est) (No<sup>2+</sup>) Valence electron potential  $(-\epsilon V)$ : (26)

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 4f<sup>14</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup>

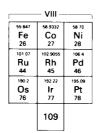
5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>14</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Valence electrons: 5f14 7s2

Half life: ~59 minutes



# **Osmium**

76 190.2



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Osmium
Osmium
Osmio
Osmio

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 192, 190, 189, 188, 187, 186, 184

Density: 22.61 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $3045 \pm 30^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $5027 \pm 100^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 154.1 J/g Specific heat: 0.13 J/g/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.3\,\times\,10^{-6}\,\text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.876 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $9.5\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 8.7~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.83~eV

Oxidation potential: Os +  $4H_2O \rightarrow OsO_4 + 8H^+ + 8\epsilon = -0.85 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Electrochemical equivalents: 1.774 g/amp-hr

łonic radius: 0.630 Å (Os4+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 91.4

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: KLMNOP

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^{14} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 5d<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section σ: 15.3 ± 0.7 barns

Vapor pressure: 2.52 Pa (at melting point)



# **Oxygen**

8 15.9994 VIA

15, 9994
O
8
32,06
S
16
78,96
Se
34
127,60
Te
52
208,98243
PO

Oxigênio Oxygène Sauerstoff Oxigeno кислород

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 16, 18, 17 Density:  $1.429 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ (0°C)}$ 

Melting point: -218.4°C Boiling point: -182.962°C

Latent heat of fusion:  $26.17 \text{ J/g } (O_2)$ Specific heat:  $0.9174 \text{ J/g/°C } (O_2) (25°C)$ 

Thermal conductivity: 0.2674 w/cm/°C (25°C at 1 atm)

Ionization potential (1st): 13.618 eV

Oxidation potential:  $2H_2O$  (liquid)  $\rightarrow O_2 + 4H^+ + 4\epsilon = -1.229 \text{ V}$ 

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Chemical valence:} \ -2 \end{array} \\$ 

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.29847 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.40 Å (O<sup>2-</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): -20.6

Principal quantum number: 2 Principal electron shells: K L Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^4$ 

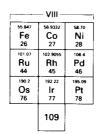
Valence electrons: 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>4</sup> Crystal form: Cubic

Cross section o: 0.27 mbarns



# **Palladium**

46 106.4



Paládio Palladium Palladium Paladio палладий פלדיום

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 106, 108, 105, 110, 104, 102

**Density:** 12.023 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 1554°C Boiling point: 3140°C

Latent heat of fusion: 157.4 J/gSpecific heat: 0.244 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $11.67 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (0°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.718 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $10.54 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 8.34 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 5.12 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Pd \rightarrow Pd^{2+} + 2\varepsilon = -0.987 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.985 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.86 Å (Pd<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 33

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup>

Valence electrons: 4d10

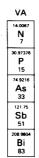
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $6.0 \pm 1.0$  barns

Vapor pressure: 1.33 Pa (at melting point)



# **Phosphorus**

15 30.97376



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Phosphore
Phosphor
Fósforo

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Naturally occurring isotope: 31

**Density:** 1.828 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (white), 2.34 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (red), 2.699 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (black)

(all at 20°C)

Melting point: 44.1°C (white) Boiling point: 280.3°C (white)

Latent heat of fusion: 20.28 J/g (white) Specific heat: 0.7697 J/g/ $^{\circ}$ C (white) (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 125  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 2.36 mw/cm/°C (white) (25°C) Electrical resistivity: 10<sup>11</sup> ohm-cm (white) (20°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 10.486 eV

Oxidation potential: P +  $2H_2O \rightarrow H_3PO_2 + H^+ + \varepsilon = 0.508 V$ 

Chemical valence: -3, 3, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.23113 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.38 Å (P<sup>5+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 190

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^3$ 

Valence electrons: 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>3</sup> Crystal form: Cubic

Cross section σ: 0.19 barns

Vapor pressure: 20.8 Pa (at melting point)

Four allotropes of phosphorus have different melting points, crystal forms, colors, and electrical conductivities. The black variety has the highest electrical conductivity.



# **Platinum**

78 195.09

	– VIII ~	
55.847	58 9332	58.70
Fe	Co	Ni
26	27	28
101.07	102.9055	106.4
Ru	Rh	Pd
44	45	46
190 2	192 22	195.09
Os	r	Pt
76	77	78
	109	

Platina Platine Plátin Platino платина פלכין



Naturally occurring isotopes: 195, 194, 196, 198, 192, 190

Density: 21.45 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 1773.5°C Boiling point: 3827 ± 100°C

Latent heat of fusion: 100.9 J/gSpecific heat: 0.133 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $9.5 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.716 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $9.85\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 8.96~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 5.65~eV

Oxidation potential: Pt  $\rightarrow$  Pt<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = -1.2 V

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.8197 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.625 Å (Pt4+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 92.2

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 4f<sup>14</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup>

5d9 6s1

Valence electrons: 5d9 6s1

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 9 ± 1 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $3.12 \times 10^{-2}$  Pa (at melting point)



### **Plutonium**

94 244.06423

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03 <b>8</b> 07	231.0359	238.029	237.0482	244.06423	243.0614	247.07038	247.07032	251.07961	254.08805
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
257.09515 Fm	Md	259 No	260 Lr						

Plutônio Plutonium Plutonium Plutonio плутоний מלוטוניום



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Naturally occurring isotope: 242 (trace)

**Density:** 19.737 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 639.5°C Boiling point: 3232°C

Latent heat of fusion: 11 J/g Specific heat: 0.14 J/g/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $42.3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.0670 w/cm/°C (25°C)
Electrical resistivity: 146.45 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (0°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 6.06 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Pu \rightarrow Pu^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.031 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.2765 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.887 Å (Pu<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 64.9

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 5f<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons:  $5f^6 7s^2$ Crystal form: Monoclinic Half life:  $8.3 \times 10^7$  years Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $1.8 \pm 0.3$  barns



# **Polonium**

04 208.98243

VIA	
15.9994 O 8	
32.06 S 16	
78.96 Se 34	
127.60 Te 52	
208.98243 Po 84	

Polônio Polonium Polonium Polonio полоний ロולוניום

7

Naturally occurring isotopes: None

**Density:** 9.20 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 254°C Boiling point: 962°C

Latent heat of fusion: 60.1 J/gSpecific heat: 0.13 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $23.5 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $42 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 8.42 eV

Oxidation potential: Po  $\rightarrow$  Po<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\epsilon$  = -0.65 V

Chemical valence: -2, 0, 2, 4, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.8986 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 2.30 Å (Po<sup>2-</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): -12.5

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 4f<sup>14</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup> 5p<sup>6</sup>

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>4</sup>

Valence electrons: 6s2 6p4

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered

Half life: 103 years

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.76 \times 10^{-2}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Potassium**

19 39.098

Potássio Potassium Kalium Potasio калий үзтек プリ

Naturally occurring isotopes: 39, 41, 40

**Density**: 0.862 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 63.25°C Boiling point: 759.9°C

Latent heat of fusion: 59.33 J/gSpecific heat: 0.757 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 83 imes 10 $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (20 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.025 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $7.20\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 4.341 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 2.30 eV

Oxidation potential: K  $\rightarrow$  K  $^+$  +  $\varepsilon$  = 2.925 V

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.4587 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.38 Å (K+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 10.4

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells:  $K \perp M N$ 

Electronic configuration: 1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p6 4s1

Valence electrons: 4s1

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered

Cross section o: 2.1 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.06 \times 10^{-4}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Praseodymium**

Dy

Ho

59

140.9077

Lanthanide Series

140 12 Ce 58	140 9077 Pr 59	144 24 Nd 60	Pm 61	150.4 Sm 62	151 96 Eu 63	157.25 Gd 64	158 9254 Tb 65
167.26 Er 68	168 9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71			•	

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Naturally occurring isotope: 141 Density: 6.773 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 931°C Boiling point: 3512°C

Latent heat of fusion: 71.3 J/g Specific heat: 0.193 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.5 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.125 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $68 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.42 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 2.7 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Pr \rightarrow Pr^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.462 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.7524 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 1.013 Å (Pr<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 42.64

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^3\ 5s^2$ 

5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4f3 6s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $3.9 \pm 0.5$  barns



### **Promethium**

61 144.913

Lanthanide Series

140.12	140.9077	144.24	144.913	50
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sn
58	59	60	61	62
167.26	168.9342	173.04	174.97	
Er	Tm	Yb	Lu	
68	69	70	71	

Promécio Prometheum **Prometheum** Promecio прометий פרומתיום



Naturally occurring isotopes: None **Density:**  $7.22 \pm 0.02 \text{ g/cm}^3 (25^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point: 1168 ± 6°C Boiling point: 2460°C

Eu

Gd

Tb Dy Ho 67

Latent heat of fusion: 86.7 J/q Specific heat: 0.185 J/g/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.179 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 5.55 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Pm \rightarrow Pm^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.423 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.8022 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.979 Å (Pm3+)

Valence electron potential  $(-\epsilon V)$ : 44.1

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: KLMNOP

Electronic configuration: 1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p6 3d10 4s2 4p6 4d10 4f5 5s2

 $5p^{6} 6s^{2}$ 

Valence electrons: 4f5 6s2 Crystal form: Hexagonal Half life: 17.7 years



### **Protactinium**

91 231.0359 Protactínio
Protactinium
Protactinium
Protactinio

#### **Actinide Series**

232.03807 Th 90	231 0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247.07032 Bk 97	251.07961 Cf 98	254.08805 Es 99
257.09515	258	259	260						
Fm	Md	No	Lr						
100	101	102	103						

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プロトアクチニウム

Naturally occurring isotope: 231 (minute quantities only)

Density: 15.37 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)
Melting point: 1575°C
Latent heat of fusion: 65 J/g
Specific heat: 0.12 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $11.2 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 5.89 eV

Chemical valence: 3, 4, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.7240 g/amp-hr Oxidation potential:  $Pa \to Pa^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 1.6 \ V$ 

lonic radius: 0.78 Å ( $Pa^{5+}$ )

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): 92

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

 $5d^{10}$   $5f^2$   $6s^2$   $6p^6$   $6d^1$   $7s^2$  Valence electrons:  $5f^2$   $6d^1$   $7s^2$  Crystal form: Tetragonal Half life:  $3.248 \times 10^4$  years

**Cross section**  $\sigma$ **:** 200  $\pm$  10 barns



# **Radium**

88 226.02544

IIA	
9.01218 Be 4	
24.305 <b>Mg</b> 12	
40 08 Ca 20	
87.62 Sr 38	
137.34 Ba 56	
226.02544 Ra 88	

Rádio Radium Radium Radio радий

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Naturally occurring isotope: 226 (minute quantities only)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Density:} \ 5.5 \ \text{g/cm}^3 \ (\text{extrapolated}) \ (20^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \textbf{Melting point:} \ 700^{\circ}\text{C} & \textbf{Boiling point:} \ 1140^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}$ 

Latent heat of fusion: 37 J/g (est) Specific heat: 0.120 J/g/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.186 w/cm/°C (20°C)

lonization potential (1st):  $5.279~\mathrm{eV}$ 

Oxidation potential: Ra  $\rightarrow$  Ra<sup>2+</sup> + 2 $\varepsilon$  = 2.916 V

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 4.2165 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.43 Å (Ra<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 20.1

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 4f^{14} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 7s<sup>2</sup> Half life: 1622 years

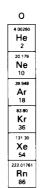
Cross section  $\sigma$ : 20 ± 3 barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $3.27 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# Radon

86 222.01761



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Naturally occurring isotopes: None (radium decay product)

**Density:**  $9.96 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 (20^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point:  $-71^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $-61.8^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 13.1 J/g Specific heat: 0.09362 J/g/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.0364 mw/cm/°C (27°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 10.748 eV

Chemical valence: 0

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P  $\,$ 

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup>

Valence electrons: (6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup>)

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered

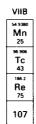
Half life: 3.824 days

Cross section  $\sigma \colon 0.72 \pm 0.07 \text{ barns}$ 



### **Rhenium**

75 186.2



Rênio Rhenium Rhenium Renio

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 187, 185

**Density**: 21.04 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 3180°C Boiling point: 5627°C (est)

Latent heat of fusion: 177.6 J/g Specific heat: 0.137 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 6.7  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.480 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $19.3\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.88~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.96~eV

Oxidation potential: Re +  $2H_2O \rightarrow ReO_2$  +  $4H^+$  +  $4\varepsilon$  = -0.2513~V

Chemical valence: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
Electrochemical equivalents: 0.9924 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.56 Å (Re<sup>7+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 180

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:}\ \ 1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>5</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 5d<sup>5</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $85 \pm 5$  barns

Vapor pressure: 3.24 Pa (at melting point)



#### **Rhodium**

45 102.9055

	– VIII –	-
55.847	58 9332	58.70
Fe	Co	Ni
26	27	28
101.07	102 9055	106 4
Ru	Rh	Pd
44	45	46
190.2	192.22	195.09
Os	Ir	Pt
76	77	78
	109	

Ródio Rhodium Rhodium Rodio родий

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Naturally occurring isotope: 103 Density: 12.41 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $1966 \pm 3$ °C Boiling point:  $3727 \pm 100$ °C

Latent heat of fusion: 211.6 J/gSpecific heat: 0.24 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $8.3 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.50 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $4.51 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 7.46~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.98~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Rh \rightarrow Rh^{3+} + 3\epsilon = -0.80 \text{ V}$ 

**Chemical valence**: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.2798 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.68 Å (Rh<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 64

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^8 \ 5s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 4d8 5s1

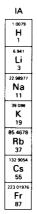
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 150  $\pm$  5 barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $6.33 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa (at melting point)



# Rubidium

37 85.4678



Rubidio Rubidium Rubidium Rubidio рубидий

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 85, 87

**Density:** 1.532 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 38.89°C Boiling point: 686°C

Latent heat of fusion: 27.43 J/g Specific heat: 0.3634 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $90 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.582 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $12.84 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 4.177 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 2.16 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Rb \rightarrow Rb^+ + \varepsilon = 2.925 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 3.1888 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 1.52 Å (Rb+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 9.47

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration:**  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 5s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 5s1

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.5  $\pm$  0.1 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.56 \times 10^{-4}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Ruthenium**

44 101.07

	– VIII –	
55.847	58 9332	58.70
Fe	Co	Ni
26	27	28
101.07	102.9055	106.4
Ru	Rh	Pd
44	45	46
190 2	192 22	195 09
Os	r	<b>Pt</b>
76	77	78
	109	

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 102, 104, 101, 99, 100, 96, 98

**Density:** 12.45 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 2310°C Boiling point: 3900°C

Latent heat of fusion: 252.7 J/g Specific heat:  $0.238 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $9.91 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (50°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.17 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $6.80 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.37~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.71~eV

Oxidation potential: Ru + 5Cl<sup>-</sup>  $\rightarrow$  RuCl<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> + 3 $\epsilon$  = -0.601 V

Chemical valence: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.2570 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.68 Å (Ru<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon V$ ): 64

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^7 \ 5s^1$ 

Valence electrons: 4d7 5s1

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 3.0  $\pm$  0.8 barns

Vapor pressure: 1.40 Pa (at melting point)



### **Samarium**

62

150.4

#### Lanthanide Series

Ce 58	140.9077 Pr 59	Nd 60	Pm 61	150.4 Sm 62	151 96 Eu 63	157 25 Gd 64	158 9254 Tb 65	Dy 66	164 9304 HO 67
167.26 Er	168.9342 Tm	173.04 Yb	174.97 Lu						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 152, 154, 147, 149, 148, 150, 144

**Density:** 7.520 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1077°C Boiling point: 1791°C

Latent heat of fusion: 73.8 J/g Specific heat: 0.196  $J/g/^{\circ}C$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.133 w/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C) Electrical resistivity: 88  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.63 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 2.7 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Sm \rightarrow Sm^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.414 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.870 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.964 \text{ Å (Sm}^{3+})$ Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon$ V): 44.8

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^6\ 5s^2$ 

5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons:  $4f^6 6s^2$ Crystal form: Rhombohedral Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $5820 \pm 100$  barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $5.63 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Scandium**

44.95592

IIIB
44 95592 Sc 21
88.9059 <b>Y</b> 39
138.9055 <b>La</b> 57
227.02777 AC

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Naturally occurring isotope: 45 Density: 2.989 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1541°C Boiling point: 2831°C

Latent heat of fusion: 358.6 J/gSpecific heat: 0.568 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $12 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.158 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $61.0\times10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.54~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.5~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Sc \rightarrow Sc^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.077 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.55914 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.745 \text{ Å } (Sc^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 58.0

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>1</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 3d1 4s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

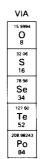
Cross section  $\sigma \colon 25 \pm 2 \text{ barns}$ 

Vapor pressure: 2.21 imes 10 Pa (at melting point)



### **Selenium**

34 78.96



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 80, 78, 82, 76, 77, 74

Density: 4.792 g/cm3 (gray) (20°C)

Melting point: 217°C (gray) Boiling point:  $684.9 \pm 1.0$ °C

Latent heat of fusion: 68.93 J/g

Specific heat:  $0.1606 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C (Se}_2) (25^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 36.8 cm/cm/°C (20°C) Thermal conductivity: 0.0452 w/cm/°C (along C-axis at 25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 1 ohm-cm (20°C) lonization potential (1st): 9.752 eV Electron work function φ: 5.9 eV

Oxidation potential: Se +  $3H_2O \rightarrow H_2SeO_3$  +  $4H^+$  +  $4\varepsilon$  = -0.740 V

Chemical valence: -2, 4, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.73650 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.50 Å (Se<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 120

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^4$ 

Valence electrons: 4s2 4p4

Crystal forms: Hexagonal, monoclinic, amorphous

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 12.2  $\pm$  0.6 barns

**Vapor pressure**:  $6.95 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Silicon**

14 28.0855

Silício Silicium Silizium Silicio Кремний צורך

Naturally occurring isotopes: 28, 29, 30

Density: 2.329 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1410°C Boiling point: 2355°C

Latent heat of fusion: 1.655 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.712 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $4.2 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.49 w/cm/°C (25°C)
Electrical resistivity: 3.5 ohm-cm (20°C)
Ionization potential (1st): 8.151 eV
Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.52 eV

Oxidation potential: Si +  $2H_2O \rightarrow SiO_2 + 4H^+ + 4\epsilon = 0.857 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -4, -1, 1, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.26197 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.400 Å (Si<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 144

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>2</sup>

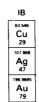
Valence electrons:  $3s^2 3p^2$ Crystal form: Cubic, diamond Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $160 \pm 20$  mbarns

Vapor pressure: 4.77 Pa (at melting point)



# **Silver**

47 107.868



Prata
Argent
Silber
Plata

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 107, 109

**Density**: 10.50 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 961.93°C Boiling point: 2212°C

Latent heat of fusion: 104.8 J/gSpecific heat: 0.2350 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 18.62  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (17°C)

Thermal conductivity: 4.29 w/cm/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Electrical resistivity:  $1.586 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.576 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.26 eV

Oxidation potentials: Ag  $\rightarrow$  Ag  $^+$  +  $\varepsilon$  = -0.7991~V

 $Ag^+ \rightarrow Ag^{2+} + \epsilon = -1.980 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 4.0246 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.26  $\mbox{\AA}$  (Ag  $^+$ )

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 11.4 Principal quantum number: 5 Principal electron shells: K L M N O

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>10</sup> 5s<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons:  $(4d^{10}) 5s^1$ Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $63.8 \pm 0.6$  barns

Vapor pressure:  $3.42 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Sodium**

11 22.98977

IΑ 1.0079 H 6 941 Li 22 9897 Na 39.096 K 19 85.4678 Rb 132.9054 Cs 223.01976 Fr 87

Sódio Sodium Natrium Sodio натрий נתרן ,

Naturally occurring isotopes: 23 Density: 0.9712 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $97.81 \pm 0.03$ °C Boiling point: 882.9°C

Latent heat of fusion: 113 J/g Specific heat: 1.23 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 72 imes 10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25  $^{\circ}$ C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.42 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $4.33 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.139 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 2.75 eV

Oxidation potential: Na  $\rightarrow$  Na<sup>+</sup> +  $\varepsilon$  = 2.714 V

Chemical valence: 1

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.85775 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.02 Å (Na+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 14.1

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 3s1

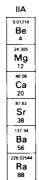
Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section σ: 534±5 mbarns

**Vapor pressure:**  $1.43 \times 10^{-5}$  Pa (at melting point)



### **Strontium**

38 87.62



Estrôncio Strontium Strontium Estroncio стронций

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סטרונציום

Naturally occurring isotopes: 88, 86, 87, 84

**Density**: 2.54 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 769°C Boiling point: 1384°C

Latent heat of fusion: 105.1 J/gSpecific heat: 0.30 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 21  $\times$  10<sup>-6</sup> cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.354 \text{ w/cm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $23 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.695 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 2.59 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Sr \rightarrow Sr^{2+} + 2\varepsilon = 2.888 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.635 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.12 Å (Sr<sup>2+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 25.7

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 5s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 5s2

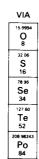
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 1.21  $\pm$  0.06 barns

Vapor pressure:  $2.46 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



# Sulfur

16 32.06



Enxôfre Soufre Schwefel Azufre cepa גיפרית

Naturally occurring isotopes: 32, 34, 33, 36

Density: 2.07 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (rhombic form at 25°C)

Melting point: 112.8°C

Boiling point: 444.674°C

Latent heat of fusion: 44.01 J/g

Specific heat: 0.706 J/g/°C (rhombic) (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $64.13 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 2.70 mw/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $2 \times 10^{17}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 10.360 eV

Oxidation potentials: S  $_{1}+~3H_{2}O\rightarrow H_{2}SO_{3}~+~4H^{+}~+~4\varepsilon =~-0.45~V$ 

 $S^{2-} \rightarrow S + 2\epsilon = 0.447 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -2, 4, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.2990 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.37 Å (S<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 160

Principal quantum number: 3 Principal electron shells: K L M

Electronic configuration:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^4$ 

Valence electrons:  $3s^2 3p^4$ Crystal form: Orthorhombic Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.51 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.65 \times 10^{-20}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Tantalum**

73 180.9479

VB
50.9415 V 23
92.9064 Nb 41
180.9479 Ta 73
105

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 181, 180

**Density:** 16.60 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 2996°C Boiling point: 5425 ± 100°C

Latent heat of fusion: 174 J/g Specific heat: 0.140 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.5 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.575 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $12.45 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 7.89 eV Electron work function φ: 4.25 eV

Oxidation potential:  $2Ta + 5H_2O \rightarrow Ta_2O_5 + 10H^+ + 10\epsilon = 0.812 V$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.3502 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.64 Å (Ta<sup>5+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 110

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

 $\textbf{Electronic configuration:} \ \, 1\text{s}^2 \ 2\text{s}^2 \ 2\text{p}^6 \ 3\text{s}^2 \ 3\text{p}^6 \ 3\text{d}^{10} \ 4\text{s}^2 \ 4\text{p}^6 \ 4\text{d}^{10} \ 4\text{f}^{14} \ 5\text{s}^2 \ 5\text{p}^6$ 

5d<sup>3</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 5d3 6s2

Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section σ: 22±1 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $7.76 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Technetium**

43 96.906

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Technetium
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Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Density: 11.496 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 2172°C Boiling point: 4877°C

Latent heat of fusion:  $235 \pm 5 \text{ J/g}$ Specific heat: 0.24 J/g/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.506 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 7.28 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Tc \rightarrow Tc^{2+} + 2\epsilon = -0.4 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.51651 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.56 \text{ Å} (\text{Tc}^{7+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 180

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup> 4p<sup>6</sup> 4d<sup>6</sup> 5s<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 4d<sup>6</sup> 5s<sup>1</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Half life:  $2.6 \times 10^6$  years

**Vapor pressure:**  $2.29 \times 10^{-2}$  Pa (at melting point)



# **Tellurium**

52 127,60

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15.9994 O 8	ĺ
32 06 S 16	
78.96 Se 34	
127.60 <b>Te</b> 52	
208.98243 Po 84	

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 130, 128, 126, 125, 124, 122, 123

**Density:** 6.24 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $449.5 \pm 0.3$ °C Boiling point:  $989.8 \pm 3.8$ °C

Latent heat of fusion: 137.2 J/gSpecific heat: 0.202 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 16.75  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.0338 w/cm/°C (along C-axis at 25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 4.36 ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 0.009 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.95 eV

Oxidation potential: Te +  $2H_2O \rightarrow TeO_2$  +  $4H^+$  +  $4\varepsilon$  = -0.529~V

Chemical valence: -2, 2, 4, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.1902 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.97 Å (Te<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 59

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 5s^2\ 5p^4$ 

Valence electrons:  $5s^2 5p^4$ Crystal form: Hexagonal Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $4.7 \pm 0.1$  barns

Vapor pressure: 2.31 imes 10 Pa (at melting point)



# **Terbium**

65

158,9254

#### Lanthanide Series

140 12	140.9077	144 24	144.913	150 4	151 96	157 25	158.9254	162 50	164.9304
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
167.26 Er 68	168.9342 Tm 69	173.04 Yb 70	174.97 Lu 71						

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Naturally occurring isotope: 159 Density: 8.229 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1356°C Boiling point: 3123°C

Latent heat of fusion: 102.7 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.182 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $11.8 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.111 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $116 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 5.85~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.0~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Tb \rightarrow Tb^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.391 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.9765 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.923 \text{ Å} (\text{Tb}^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 46.8

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^9 5s^2$ 

5p<sup>6</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4f9 6s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 30 ± 10 barns



# **Thallium**

81 204.37 HIA

10.81

B
5

26.98154

AI
13

69.72

Ga
31

114.82

In
49

204.37

TI

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 205, 203

Density: 11.85 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $303.5^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $1457 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 20.90 J/gSpecific heat: 0.129 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $28 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.461 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity: 18.0  $\times$  10 $^{-6}$  ohm-cm (0°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.108 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 3.84 eV

Oxidation potentials:  $TI \rightarrow TI^+ + \epsilon = 0.3363 \text{ V}$ 

 $TI^+ \rightarrow TI^{3+} + 2\varepsilon = -1.25 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 7.6250 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 1.50 Å (TI+)

Valence electron potential ( –  $\epsilon$ V): 9.60

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>1</sup>

Valence electrons: 6s2 6p1

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $3.4 \pm 0.5$  barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $5.33 \times 10^{-6}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Thorium**

# 90 232.03807

Thorium Torio торий

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#### Actinide Series

232.03807 Th 90	231.0359 <b>Pa</b> 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247 07032 Bk 97	251.07961 Cf 98	
257.09515	258	259	260		***			•	-
Fm 100	Md 101	No 102	Lr 103						

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Tório Thorium

Naturally occurring isotope: 232 Density: 11.724 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1750°C Boiling point: 4787°C

Latent heat of fusion: 82.93 J/g Specific heat: 0.118 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $12.5 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.540 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $13.1 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.08~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.41~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Th \rightarrow Th^{4+} + 4\varepsilon = 1.899 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.1643 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.972 Å (Th4+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 59.3

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>10</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 6d<sup>2</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>
Valence electrons: 6d<sup>2</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Half life:  $1.40 \times 10^{10}$  years
Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $74 \pm 0.1$  barns



#### **Thulium**

69

168.9342

Lanthanide Series

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Naturally occurring isotope: 169 Density: 9.321 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1545 ± 15°C Boiling point: 1727°C

Latent heat of fusion: 109.0 J/gSpecific heat: 0.160 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $11.6 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (400°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.169 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $79 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 6.1844 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Tm \rightarrow Tm^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.278 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.1010 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.869 Å (Tm3+)

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 49.7

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{13}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

6s²

Valence electrons: 4f13 6s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

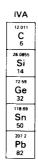
Cross section  $\sigma$ : 115 ± 15 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $4.90 \times 10^{-3}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### Tin

50 118.69



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 120, 118, 116, 119, 117, 124, 122, 112,

114, 115

Density: 7.298 g/cm3 (25°C)

Melting point: 231.9681°C Boiling point: 2270°C

Latent heat of fusion: 60.67 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.227 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $23 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.668 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $11.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.334~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.42~eV

Oxidation potentials:  $Sn \rightarrow Sn^{2+} + 2\epsilon = 0.136 \text{ V}$ 

 $Sn^{2+} \rightarrow Sn^{4+} + 2\epsilon = -0.15 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: -4, -1, 2, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.1071 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.690 Å (Sn4+)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 83.5

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 \ 2s^2 \ 2p^6 \ 3s^2 \ 3p^6 \ 3d^{10} \ 4s^2 \ 4p^6 \ 4d^{10} \ 5s^2 \ 5p^2$ 

Valence electrons:  $5s^2 5p^2$ Crystal form: Tetragonal

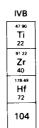
Cross section  $\sigma \colon 0.63 \pm 0.1 \text{ barns}$ 

**Vapor pressure:**  $5.78 \times 10^{-21}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Titanium**

22 47.90



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 48, 46, 47, 49, 50

Density: 4.507 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point:  $1660 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $3287^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 323.4 J/gSpecific heat: 0.522 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $8.41 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.219 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $42 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.82 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 4.33 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Ti \rightarrow Ti^{2+} + 2\varepsilon = 1.628 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.4468 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.605 Å (Ti<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential  $(-\epsilon V)$ : 95.2

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration: 1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p6 3d2 4s2

Valence electrons: 3d<sup>2</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

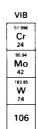
Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $6.1 \pm 0.2$  barns

Vapor pressure:  $4.90 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa (at melting point)



## **Tungsten**

74 183.85



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Naturally occurring isotopes: 184, 186, 182, 183, 180

**Density**: 19.35 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 3410 ± 20°C Boiling point: 5660°C

Latent heat of fusion: 191.7 J/g Specific heat: 0.125 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $4.6 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.73  $\text{w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Electrical resistivity: 5.65 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (27°C)

lonization potential (1st): 7.98~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.55~eV

Oxidation potential: W +  $3H_2O \rightarrow WO_3$  +  $6H^+$  +  $6\varepsilon = 0.09 \ V$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.1432 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.62 Å (W<sup>6+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 140

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

5d<sup>4</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 5d4 6s2

Crystal form: Alpha—cubic, body centered; beta—cubic, face centered

Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $18.5 \pm 0.5$  barns

Vapor pressure: 4.27 Pa (at melting point)



#### **Uranium**

92 238.029 Urânio

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#### **Actinide Series**

232.03 <b>8</b> 07 Th 90	231.0359 Pa 91	238.029 U 92	237.0482 Np 93	244.06423 Pu 94	243.0614 Am 95	247.07038 Cm 96	247.07032 Bk 97	251.07961 Cf 98	254.08805 Es 99
257 09515	258	259	260						
Fm	Md	No	Lr						
100	101	102	103						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 238, 235, 234

Density: 19.04 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point:  $1132.3 \pm 0.8$ °C Boiling point: 3818°C

Latent heat of fusion: 65.08 J/gSpecific heat: 0.1162 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $13.4 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.275 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $27 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.05 eV Electron work function  $\phi$ : 3.63 eV

Oxidation potential:  $U \rightarrow U^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 1.789 V$ 

Chemical valence: 3, 4, 5, 6

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.4801 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.52 Å (U<sup>6+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 170

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2\ 2s^2\ 2p^6\ 3s^2\ 3p^6\ 3d^{10}\ 4s^2\ 4p^6\ 4d^{10}\ 4f^{14}\ 5s^2\ 5p^6$ 

 $5d^{10}$  5f<sup>3</sup> 6s<sup>2</sup> 6p<sup>6</sup> 6d<sup>1</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Valence electrons: 5f<sup>3</sup> 6d<sup>1</sup> 7s<sup>2</sup> Crystal form: Orthorhombic Half life: 4.51 × 10<sup>9</sup> years

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 7.595  $\pm$  0.070 barns

Vapor pressure:  $1.19 \times 10^{-6}$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Vanadium**

23 50.9415

VB
50.9415 V 23
92 9064 <b>Nb</b> 41
180.9479 Ta 73
105

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 51, 50

Density: 6.11 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (18.7°C)

Melting point:  $1890 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C Boiling point:  $3380^{\circ}$ C

Latent heat of fusion: 345.2 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.489 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $6.15 \times 10^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (25°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.307 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $24.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.74 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.3 eV

Oxidation potential:  $V \rightarrow V^{2+} + 2\epsilon = 1.186 V$ 

Chemical valence: 2, 3, 4, 5

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.38013 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.59 \text{ Å } (V^{5+})$ 

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon V$ ): 120

Principal quantum number: 4 Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>3</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 3d<sup>3</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

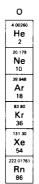
Crystal form: Cubic, body centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 5.06  $\pm$  0.06 barns

Vapor pressure: 3.06 Pa (at melting point)



### Xenon

54 131.30



Xenônio Xenon Xenon Xenon Ксенон ССССТ

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 132, 129, 131, 134, 136, 130, 128, 124, 126

**Density:**  $5.895 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 (20^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Melting point:  $-111.9^{\circ}C$  Boiling point:  $-107.1 \pm 3^{\circ}C$ 

Latent heat of fusion: 17.5 J/gSpecific heat:  $0.15831 \text{ J/g/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Thermal conductivity: 0.514 mw/cm/°C (0°C at 1 atm)

Ionization potential (1st): 12.130 eV

Chemical valence: 0

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration:**  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

Valence electrons:  $(5s^2 5p^6)$ Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $24.5 \pm 1.0$  barns



#### **Ytterbium**

70 173.04

#### Lanthanide Series

40.12	140.9077	144 24	144.913	150 4	151.96	157 25	158.9254	162.50	164.9304
<b>Ce</b>	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
67.26 Er	168.9342 Tm	173.04 Yb	174.97 Lu						

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 174, 172, 173, 171, 176, 170, 168

Density: 6.965 g/cm3 (25°C)

Melting point: 819°C Boiling point: 1194°C

Latent heat of fusion: 53.23 J/gSpecific heat: 0.155 J/g/°C ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $29.9 \times 10^6 \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (25°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.349 w/cm/°C (25°C)
Electrical resistivity: 28 × 10<sup>-6</sup> ohm-cm (25°C)

Ionization potential (1st): 6.2539 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Yb \rightarrow Yb^{3+} + 3\epsilon = 2.267 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 2.3

Electrochemical equivalents: 2.1520 g/amp-hr

Ionic radius: 0.858 Å (Yb<sup>3+</sup>)

Valence electron potential  $(-\epsilon V)$ : 50.3

Principal quantum number: 6

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2$ 

 $5p^6 6s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 4f14 6s2

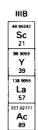
Crystal form: Cubic, face centered Cross section  $\sigma$ : 37 ± 3 barns

**Vapor pressure:**  $3.95 \times 10^2$  Pa (at melting point)



#### **Yttrium**

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Naturally occurring isotope: 89 Density: 4.469 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 1522°C Boiling point: 3338°C

Latent heat of fusion: 193.1 J/g Specific heat: 0.298 J/g°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion: 10.8  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  cm/cm/°C (400°C)

Thermal conductivity: 0.172 w/cm/°C (25°C) Electrical resistivity:  $57 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (25°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.38 eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 3.1 eV

Oxidation potential:  $Y \rightarrow Y^{3+} + 3\varepsilon = 2.372 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 3

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.1057 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.900 \text{ Å } (Y^{3+})$ 

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 48.0

Principal quantum number: 5

Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration:**  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^1 5s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 4d1 5s2

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed

Cross section  $\sigma$ : 1.3  $\pm$  0.1 barns

Vapor pressure: 5.31 Pa (at melting point)



#### **Zinc**

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Naturally occurring isotopes: 64, 66, 68, 67, 70

**Density:** 7.133 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25°C)

Melting point: 419.58°C Boiling point: 907°C

Latent heat of fusion: 113.0 J/gSpecific heat: 0.388 J/g/°C (25°C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $39.7 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity: 1.16 w/cm/°C (25°C)

Electrical resistivity:  $5.916 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm-cm (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 9.394~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.33~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Zn \rightarrow Zn^{2+} \, + \, 2\varepsilon \, = \, 0.7628 \; V$ 

Chemical valence: 2

Electrochemical equivalents: 1.220 g/amp-hr

lonic radius:  $0.740 \text{ Å } (Zn^{2+})$ 

Valence electron potential (  $-\epsilon$ V): 38.9

Principal quantum number: 4
Principal electron shells: K L M N

Electronic configuration: 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>6</sup> 3s<sup>2</sup> 3p<sup>6</sup> 3d<sup>10</sup> 4s<sup>2</sup>

Valence electrons: 4s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section  $\sigma$ :  $1.10 \pm 0.04$  barns

Vapor pressure: 19.2 Pa (at melting point)



#### **Zirconium**

40 91.22



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Zirconium
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Naturally occurring isotopes: 90, 94, 92, 91, 96

**Density**: 6.506 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Melting point: 1852 ± 2°C Boiling point: 4377°C

Latent heat of fusion: 251.2 J/g Specific heat: 0.278 J/g/ $^{\circ}$ C (25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Coefficient of lineal thermal expansion:  $5.85 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{cm/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (20°C)

Thermal conductivity:  $0.227 \text{ w/cm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (27°C) Electrical resistivity:  $40 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ohm-cm}$  (20°C)

lonization potential (1st): 6.84~eVElectron work function  $\phi$ : 4.05~eV

Oxidation potential:  $Zr \rightarrow Zr^{4+} + 4\varepsilon = 1.529 \text{ V}$ 

Chemical valence: 1, 2, 3, 4

Electrochemical equivalents: 0.8509 g/amp-hr

lonic radius: 0.72 Å (Zr<sup>4+</sup>)

Valence electron potential ( $-\epsilon$ V): 80 Principal quantum number: 5 Principal electron shells: K L M N O

**Electronic configuration**:  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^2 5s^2$ 

Valence electrons: 4d<sup>2</sup> 5s<sup>2</sup>

Crystal form: Hexagonal, close packed Cross section  $\sigma$ : 0.182  $\pm$  0.005 barns

Vapor pressure:  $1.68 \times 10^{-3}$  Pa (at melting point)

### Kurchatovium Rutherfordium

104 261



Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Chemical valence: 4

Principal quantum number: 7

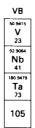
Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

**Electronic configuration:**  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^{10} 4f^{14} 5s^2 5p^6$ 

 $5d^{10} 5f^{14} 6s^2 6p^6 6d^2 7s^2$ Valence electrons:  $6d^2 7s^2$ Half life:  $\sim 65$  seconds

### Nielsbohrium Hahnium

105 (262)



Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Chemical valence: (5)

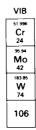
Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: KLMNOPQ

Half life: ~40 seconds



106 (263)



Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Chemical valence: (6)

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

Half life: ~1 second

107 (262)



Naturally occurring isotopes: None

Chemical valence: (7)

Principal quantum number: 7

Principal electron shells: K L M N O P Q

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Chemical Reviews

Chemische Berichte

Electrochimica Acta

Helvetica Chimica Acta Inorganic Chemistry Journal of American Chemical Society Journal of Applied Physics Journal of Chemical and Engineering Data Journal of Chemical Education Journal of Chemical Physics Journal of Inorganic and Nuclear Chemistry Journal of Less-Common Metals Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data Journal of Physical Chemistry Journal of Physics and Chemistry of Solids Journal of Solid State Chemistry Journal of the Chemical Society Journal of the Electrochemical Society Materials Research Bulletin Nature Physical Review Proceedings of the Physical Society Proceedings of the Royal Society Progress in Inorganic Chemistry Pure and Applied Chemistry Science Talanta Transactions of the Faraday Society