(a) 
$$u = -y$$
  $v = x$ 

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v}{u} = \frac{-x}{y} \implies y \, dy = -x \, dx \implies \frac{1}{2}y^2 = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + C$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 2C \qquad \text{circles of radius } \sqrt{2}c$$

C) 
$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} = px$$
  $\Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}p(x^2 + y^2) + p$ 

