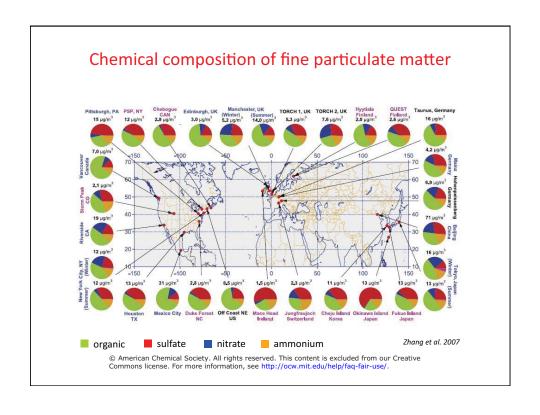
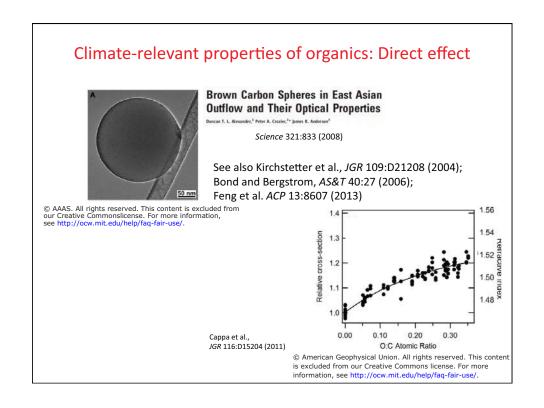
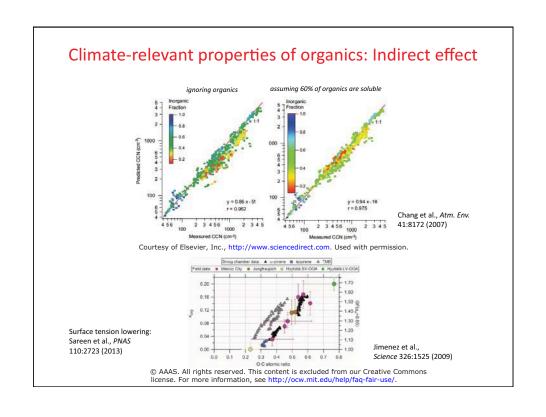
Atmos. Chem. Lecture 20, 11/25/13: Aerosol chemistry (organic)

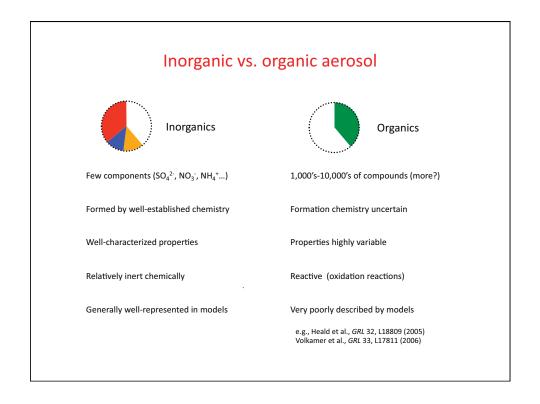
Jessica: Satellite measurements

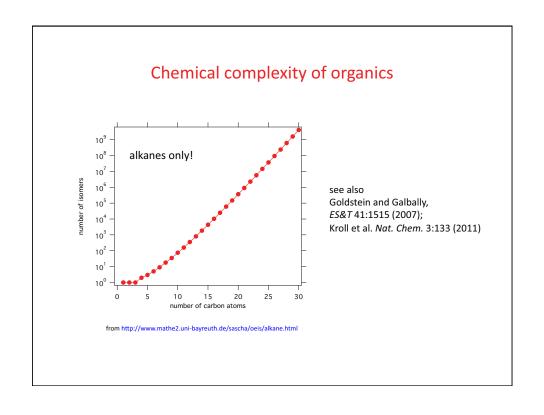
Intro to organic aerosol
Partitioning, vapor pressures of organics
Modeling approaches for organic aerosol

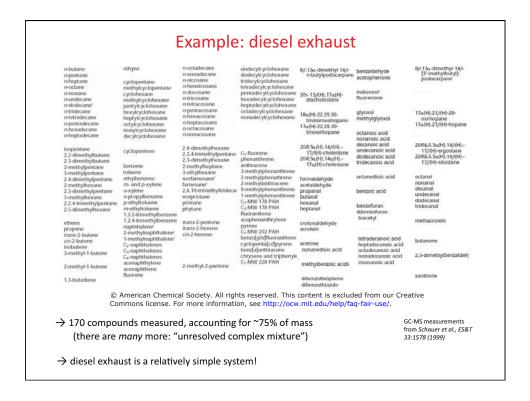


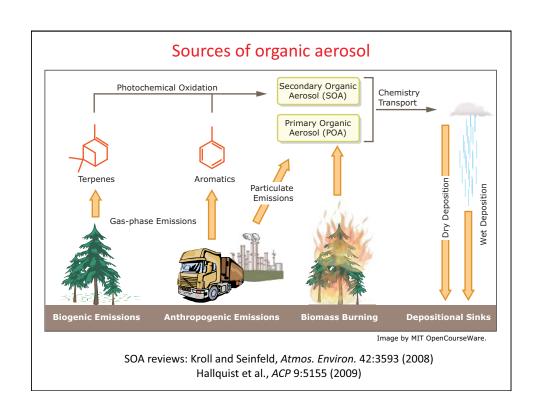












Types of organic aerosol

Primary vs. secondary OA

Anthropogenic vs. "natural" OA

Molecular markers: mostly POA e.g. Cass et al.

Consideration of VOC emissions: Biogenic e.g., Goldstein and Galbally *ES&T* 41:1515 (2007)

OC/EC: high levels (~50%) in SOA e.g., Lim and Turpin, *ES&T* 36:4489 (2002)

¹⁴C ratios of OA: High modern fraction e.g., Lemire et al., *JGR* 107:4613 (2002)

O/C ratios: mostly SOA, esp. rural areas e.g., Zhang et al., *GRL* 34, L13801 (2007)

Correlation with tracers: Anthropogenic e.g., De Gouw et al., 110:D16305 (2005)

Blurring these distinctions

see Robinson et al., Science 315:1259 (2007)

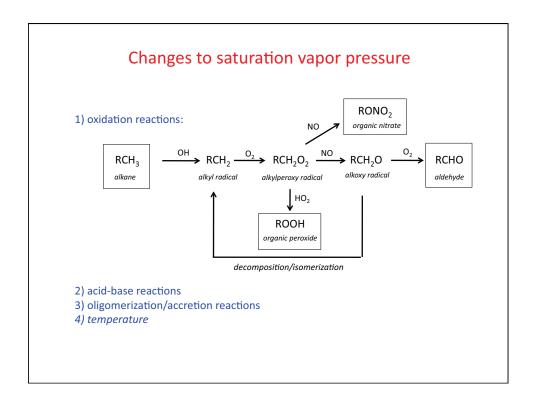
see Carlton et al., ES&T 44:3376 (2010)

Gas-particle partitioning of organics

 $X(g) \leftrightarrows X(p)$

Absorptive partitioning: Pankow, Atm. Env. 28:185 (1994), 28:189 (1994)

[Note: Additional material is discussed here during lecture.]



Calculating saturation vapor pressures Changes to vapor pressure of an organic compound upon addition of common functional groups, based upon groupcontribution method predictions of Pankow and Asher (2007) SIMPOL.1: Functional group Structure Change in vapor ACP 8:2773 (2008) pressure (298 K)^a Ketone -C(O)-0.10 -C(O)H Aldehyde 0.085 5.7×10^{-3} Hydroxyl -OH Hydroperoxyl 2.5×10^{-3} -OOH -ONO₂ 6.8×10^{-3} Nitrate 3.1×10^{-4} Carboxylic acid -C(O)OH 3.2×10^{-3} -C(O)OOH Peroxyacid 2.7×10^{-3} 0.35^{b} Acyl peroxynitrate -C(O)OONO2 Extra carbon^b -CH2-, etc. a Multiplicative factor. Kroll and Seinfeld, Atmos. Environ. 42:3593 (2008) Courtesy of Elsevier, Inc., http://www.sciencedirect.com. Used with permission. Many other structure-activity relationships as well e.g., EVAPORATION, Compernolle et al. ACP 11:9431 (2011)

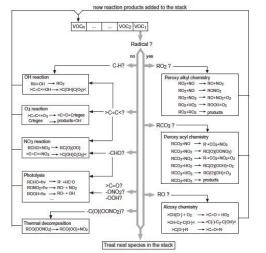
Treating chemical complexity: Speciated approaches

(1) Explicit mechanisms

e.g., Master Chemical Mechanism (MCM: mcm.leeds.ac.uk): near-explicit description of organic chemistry

(2) Self-generating schemes

e.g., The Generator for Explicit Chemistry and Kinetics of Organics in the Atmosphere (GECKO-A) Aumont et al., *ACP* 5:2497 (2005) Camredon et al., *ACP* 7:5599 (2007)

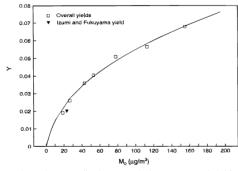


© B. Aumont, S. Szopa, and S. Madronich, 2005. License: CC BY-NC-SA 2.5.

Treating chemical complexity: Ensemble approach

"n-product model"
Odum et al., ES&T 30:2580 (1996)

$$HC + OH \rightarrow \rightarrow \alpha_1S_1 + \alpha_2S_2 + \alpha_3S_3 + ...$$



 $\textcircled{American Chemical Society. All rights reserved. This content is excluded from our Creative Commons license. For more information, see <math display="block"> \textbf{http://ocw.mit.edu/help/faq-fair-use/.}$

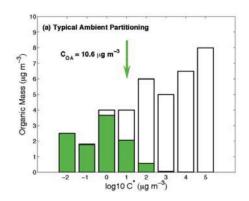
Treating chemical complexity: Ensemble approach

"Volatility basis set"

Donahue et al., ES&T 40:2635 (2006) $X_{i} (g) \leftrightarrows X_{i} (p)$

 $F_p = K_p M_o / (1 + K_p M_o)$

 $c^* = 1/K_p$ $c_{OA} = M_o$



see also Robinson et al., Science 315:1259 (2007)

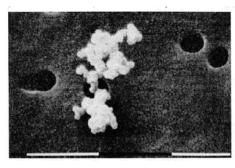
© American Chemical Society. All rights reserved. This content is excluded from our Creative Commons license. For more information, see http://ocw.mit.edu/help/faq-fair-use/.

Gas-particle equilibrium?

An amorphous solid state of biogenic secondary organic aerosol particles

Annele Virtanen¹, Jorma Joutsensaari², Thomas Koop³, Jonna Kannosto¹, Pasi Yli-Piriliä⁴, Jani Leskinen⁴, Jyrki M. Mäkela¹, Jarmo K. Holopainen⁴, Ulrich Pöschi³, Markku Kulmala^{6,5}, Douglas R. Worsnop^{2,6,8,9} & Ari Laaksonen^{2,9}

Nature 467:824 (2010)



Paulson et al., *J. Aerosol Sci.*, 21:S245 (1990)

© source unknown. All rights reserved. This content is excluded from our Creative Commons license. For more information, see http://ocw.mit.edu/help/faq-fair-use/.

 $1.84 J \ / \ 10.817 J \ / \ 12.807 J \ Atmospheric Chemistry Fall 2013$

For information about citing these materials or our Terms of Use, visit: http://ocw.mit.edu/terms.