1.85 Homework 2

Problem. 1

$$C_{in} = 150 \rightarrow c_{out}$$

$$0 = 380 L \qquad k = 0.4 \text{ hr}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{C_{\text{out}}}{C_{\text{in}}} = \frac{20}{150} = 0.13 = \exp(-kT_{R})$$

$$T_R = -\frac{1}{K} \ln \left(\frac{C_{out}}{C_{in}} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{0.4 \, \text{hr}^{-1}} \, \ln (0.13)$$

$$T_{R} = \frac{\forall}{Q}$$

$$\forall = T_RQ = 5.0 \, \text{hr} \cdot 380 \, \frac{L}{\text{min}} \cdot 60 \, \frac{\text{min}}{\text{hr}}$$

$$=$$
 (14,000 L $=$ (14 m^3

b. See spreadsheet following Problem 2

Problem 2

a. Assume steady-state
$$C_{OOT} = C_{in} \frac{1}{1+KT_R}$$

Desired Cout = 20 mg/L

$$\frac{C_{\text{out}}}{C_{\text{in}}} = \frac{1}{1 + k T_{\text{R}}}$$

$$T_R = \left(\frac{C_{in}}{C_{out}} - 1\right) \frac{1}{K}$$

$$=$$
 $\left(\frac{150}{20} - 1\right) \frac{1}{0.4}$

Much longer than PFR!

$$=$$
 370,500 L = 370 m³

b. See spreadsheet

Problem 2 (con't)

c. 80% removal implies
$$\frac{\text{Cout}}{\text{Cin}} = 0.2$$

for PFR
$$\frac{Cout}{C_{in}} = e^{-KT_{PF}}$$
 \longrightarrow $T_{PF} = -\frac{1}{K} \ln \frac{C_{out}}{C_{in}}$

For FMT
$$\frac{Cout}{Cih} = \frac{1}{1+KT_{FMT}} \rightarrow T_{FMT} = \frac{1}{K} \left(\frac{Cin}{Cout} - 1 \right)$$

$$\frac{\forall FMT}{\forall PF} = \frac{T_{FMT}}{T_{PF}} = \frac{\frac{1}{K} \left(\frac{C_{in}}{C_{out}} - 1 \right)}{\frac{1}{K} \left(\frac{C_{out}}{C_{out}} - 1 \right)} = \frac{\frac{C_{in}}{C_{out}} - 1}{\frac{C_{out}}{C_{out}}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{150}{20} - 1}{Ln\left(\frac{150}{20}\right)} = 3.2 \text{ times larger}$$



