

Vijayanagar Educational Trust ®

EAST WEST COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



(Affiliated to VTU, Belagavi, approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Recognized by Govt. of Karnataka) # 13, 13th 'A' Main, Sector A, Yelahanka new Town, Bengaluru – 560064

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

LAB MANUAL



on

AngularJS (21CSL581)

V Semester by

Prof. Shilpasree S Assistant Professor Prof. Pooja M V Assistant Professor,

Computer Science and Engineering Department,

East West College of Engineering, Yelahanka New Town, Bangalore - 560064

ANGULAR JS					
Course Code	21CSL581/21CBL583	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Credits	01	Total marks	100		
Examination type (SEE)	PRACTICAL				

Course objectives:

- To learn the basics of AngularJS framework.
- To understand the AngularJS Modules, Forms, inputs, expression, data bindings and Filters
- To gain experience of modern tool usage in developing Web applications

d display
led in the
rs to add
alues of
erations
on given
name and
low users led in the
ems. The at should ms to the
·s

NOTE: Include necessary HTML elements and CSS for the above Angular applications.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop AngularJS programs using basic features
- 2. Develop dynamic Web applications using AngularJS modules
- 3. Make use of form validations and controls for interactive applications
- 4. Apply the concepts of Expressions, data bindings and filters in developing AngularJS programs
- 5. Make use of modern tools to develop Web applications

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the **maximum** marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). The student has to secure a minimum of 40%(40marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE(Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE(Semester End Examination)taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record / journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics forthe evaluation of the journal / write- up for hardware/ software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up willbe evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30marks(60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-upon time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write- up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for vivavoce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability .Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02tests is scaled down to **20marks**(40% of **the maximum** marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal/external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up /conduction procedure and result/ viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, write up -20%, Conduction procedure and result in 60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is02hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. ShyamSeshadri,BradGreen—"AngularJS:Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", A press, 0'ReillyMedia,Inc.
- 2. AgusKurniawan—"AngularJSProgrammingbyExample",FirstEdition,PEPress,2014

Weblinks and Video Lectures(e-Resources):

- 1. IntroductiontoAngularJS:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE
- 2. AngularJS Modules: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWm0KmgnQkU
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zKkUN-mJtPQ
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IC17_i2mtZA
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y2Few_nkze0
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoptnVCQHsU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects/applications (course project)

1. Develop Angular JS program that allows user to input their first name and last name and display their fullname. Note: The default values for first name and last name may be included in the program.

```
<a href="html ng-app="nameApp">
<head>
     <title>AngularJS Full Name Example</title>
    <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.0/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
    <div ng-controller="nameCtrl">
         <!-- Input fields for first name and last name -->First Name:
         <input type="text" ng-model="firstName" placeholder="Enter your first name">
         <br> <br>>
         Last Name:
         <input type="text" ng-model="lastName" placeholder="Enter your last name">
         <br>><br>>
         <!-- Button to display the full name -->
         <button ng-click="displayFullName()">Display Full Name</button>
         <!-- Display the full name -->
         <h1>Full Name is: {{ fullName }}</h1>
    </div>
    <script>
         angular.module('nameApp', [])
              .controller('nameCtrl', function ($scope) {
                   // Default values for first name and last name
                   $scope.firstName = 'Raj';
                   $scope.lastName = 'Kumar';
                   // Function to display the full name
                   $scope.displayFullName = function () {
                        $scope.fullName = $scope.firstName + ' ' + $scope.lastName;
                   };
              });
    </script>
</body>
```

</th <th>h</th> <th>tn</th> <th>nl</th> <th>\</th>	h	tn	nl	\
∼ / ∣	ш	ш		_

First Name:	Raj
Last Name:	Kumar

Display Full Name

Full Name: Raj Kumar

2.Develop an Angular JS application that displays a list of shopping items. Allow users to add and remove items from the list using directives and controllers. Note: The default values of items may be included in the program.

```
<a href="https://www.shoppingapp">
<head>
   <title>AngularJS Shopping List</title>
    <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.0/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-controller="shoppingCtrl">
    <h2>Shopping List</h2>
   <!-- Display the items in list
    <111>
        q-repeat="item in shoppingItems">{{ item }}  
            <button ng-click="removeItem($index)">Remove</button>
{{ item }}
              <button ng-click="removeItem($index)">Remove</button>
<!-- Input field and button to add a new item -->
   <input type="text" ng-model="newItem" placeholder="Add a new item">
    <button ng-click="addItem()">Add Item</button>
```

```
<script>
         angular.module('shoppingApp', [])
              .controller('shoppingCtrl', function ($scope) {
                  // Default values for shopping items
                  $scope.shoppingItems = ['Apples', 'Bananas', 'Bread', 'Milk'];
                  // Function to add a new item
                  $scope.addItem = function () { if
                       ($scope.newItem) {
                            $scope.shoppingItems.push($scope.newItem);
                            $scope.newItem = "; // Clear the input field after adding
                       }
                  };
                  // Function to remove an item
                  $scope.removeItem = function (index) {
                       $scope.shoppingItems.splice(index, 1);
                  };
              });
    </script>
</body>
</html>
Sample Output:
Shopping List
 Apples Remove
 Bananas Remove
 Bread Remove
 Mangoes Remove
 cookies Remove
 Add a new item
                         Add Item
```

3. Develop a simple Angular JS calculator application that can perform basic mathematical operations(addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) based on user input.

```
<h2>Simple
                 Calculator</h2>
  Enter Number 1:
  <input type="number" ng-model="num1" /> &nbsp;
  Select Operator:
  <select ng-model="operator">
    <option value="+">Add</option><option value="-">Subtract</option>
    <option value="*">Multiply</option>
    <option value="/">Divide</option>
  </select>&nbsp;
  Enter Number 2:
  <input type="number" ng-model="num2" />
  <button ng-click="calculate()">Calculate</button>
  Result: {{ result }}
  <script>
    Var
                                angular.module('calculatorApp',
                                                                    []);
    app.controller('calculatorController', function ($scope) {
      $scope.calculate = function () { switch
         ($scope.operator) {
           case '+':
             $scope.result = $scope.num1 + $scope.num2;break;
           case '-':
             $scope.result = $scope.num1 - $scope.num2;break;
           case '*':
             $scope.result = $scope.num1 * $scope.num2;break;
           case '/':
             if ($scope.num2 !== 0) {
                $scope.result = $scope.num1 / $scope.num2;
             } else {
                $scope.result = 'Cannot divide by zero';
             break;
         }
      };
    });
  </script>
</body>
```

</html>

Sample Output:

Simple Calculator

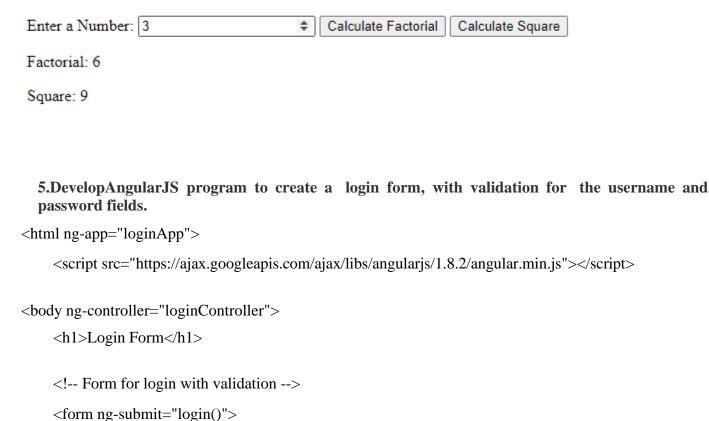
```
Enter Number 1: 2 Select Operator: Multiply V Enter Number 2: 4 Calculate

Result: 8
```

4. Write an Angular JS application that can calculate factorial and compute square based on givenuser input.

```
<html ng-app="mathApp">
<head>
  <title>AngularJS Math Operations</title>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-controller="mathController">
  <h2>Math Operations</h2>
  Enter a Number:
  <input type="number" ng-model="inputNumber" />
  <button ng-click="calculateFactorial()">Calculate Factorial/button>
  <button ng-click="calculateSquare()">Calculate Square</button>
  Factorial: {{ factorialResult }}
  Square: {{ squareResult }}
  <script>
                            angular.module('mathApp',
                                                          []);
    var
    app.controller('mathController', function ($scope) {
      $scope.calculateFactorial = function () { if
        (\$scope.inputNumber >= 0) \{
          $scope.factorialResult = factorial($scope.inputNumber);
        } else {
          $scope.factorialResult = 'Cannot calculate factorial for negative numbers';
      };
      $scope.calculateSquare = function () {
        $scope.squareResult = $scope.inputNumber * $scope.inputNumber;
      };
```

Math Operations



Username 123
Password •••
Login

```
Username
          <input type="text" ng-model="username" required>
          <br>
          Password
          <input type="password" ng-model="password" required>
          <br>
          <button type="submit">Login</button>
     </form>
     <script>
          var
                    app
                                      angular.module('loginApp',
                                                                        []);
          app.controller('loginController', function ($scope) {
                    $scope.login = function () {
                    // Check if username is "Ram" and password is "Ram"
                    if ($scope.username == 'ram' && $scope.password == 'ram') {alert('Login
                         successful');
                         // Add further logic for successful login
                    } else {
                         alert('Login failed. Invalid username or password.');
                         // Add logic for failed login
                    }
               };
          });
     </script>
</body>
</html>
Sample Output:
Login Form
                                                     127.0.0.1:5500 says
                                                     Login successful
```

6.Create an AngularJS application that displays a list of employees and their salaries. Allow users to searchfor employees by name and salary. Note: Employee details may be included in the program.

```
<head>
  <title>AngularJS Employee Search</title>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-controller="employeeController">
  <h2>Employee List</h2>
Search by Name:
  <input type="text" ng-model="searchName" />
Search by Salary:
  <input type="number" ng-model="searchSalary" />
  q-repeat="employee in employees | filter: {name: searchName, salary:searchSalary}">
      {{ employee.name }} - Salary: Rs{{ employee.salary }}
    <script>
                                                                 []);
                              angular.module('employeeApp',
    var
    app.controller('employeeController', function ($scope) {
      scope.employees = [
         { name: 'Ram', salary: 50000 },
         { name: 'abi', salary: 60000 },
         { name: 'sam', salary: 75000 },
         { name: 'raj', salary: 55000 }
      ];
      $scope.searchName = ";
      $scope.searchSalary = ";
    });
  </script>
</body>
```

</html>

Sample Output:

Employee List

Search by Name:	Search by Salary:		
 Ram - Salary: \$50000 abi - Salary: \$60000 sam - Salary: \$75000 			
 rai - Salary: \$55000 			

7.Create Angular JS application that allows users to maintain a collection of items. The application should display the current total number of items, and this count should automatically update as items are added or removed. Users should be able to add items to the collection and remove them as needed. Note: The default values for items may be included in the program.

```
Total Items: {{ items.length }}
             <script>
                    var app = angular.module('itemApp', []);
                    app.controller('itemController', function ($scope) {
                       $scope.items = ['Item 1', 'Item 2', 'Item 3']; // Default items
                       $scope.newItem = ";
                       $scope.addItem = function () {
                              if ($scope.newItem) {
                                $scope.items.push($scope.newItem);
                                $scope.newItem = "; // Clear the input field
                       };
                       $scope.removeItem = function (index) {
                              $scope.items.splice(index, 1);
};
</script>
           </body>
           </html>
```

Item Collection

Item Collection



8. Create Angular JS application to convert student details to uppercase using angular filters. Note: The default details of students may be included in the program.

```
<html ng-app="studentApp">
                    <title>Student Name Converter</title>
                    <script
 src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
           <body ng-controller="studentController">
                    <h2>Student Names</h2>
                    <!-- Display the original student names -->
                    <h3>Original Names:</h3>
                    ul>
                             ng-repeat="name in names">
                                      {{ name }}
           <!-- Display the student names in uppercase using filters -->
      <h3>Names in Uppercase:</h3>
      \langle ul \rangle
li ng-repeat="name in names">
 {{ name | uppercase }}
     <script>
           var app = angular.module('studentApp', []);
           app.controller('studentController', function ($scope) {
                $scope.names = ['Raj', 'Ram', 'Sam'];
           });
      </script>
 </body>
 </html>
```

Student Names

Original Names:

- Raj
- Ram
- Sam

Names in Uppercase:

- RAJ
- RAM
- SAM

9. Create an Angular JS application that displays the date by using date filter parameters

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<a href="html ng-app="dateApp">
<head>
     <title>Date Display Application</title>
     <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-controller="dateController">
     <h2>Date Display</h2>
     <!-- Display the current date with various filter parameters -->
     Default Format: {{ currentDate | date }}
     Custom Format (yyyy-MM-dd): {{ currentDate | date:'yyyy-MM-dd' }}Short Date: {{ currentDate | date:'shortDate' }}
     Full Date: {{ currentDate | date: 'fullDate' }}
     <script>
                                   angular.module('dateApp',
                                                                   []);
          app.controller('dateController', function ($scope) {
               $scope.currentDate = new Date();
          });
     </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Date Display

Default Format: Nov 22, 2023

Custom Format (yyyy-MM-dd): 2023-11-22

Short Date: 11/22/23

Full Date: Wednesday, November 22, 2023