

# Homework - 2

Group 4

5/19/2020

## Problem 1

Perform principal component analysis on NHL.xlsx, which contains statistics of 30 teams in the National Hockey League. The description of the variables is provided in the 'Description' sheet of the file. Focus only on the variables 12 through 25, and create a new data frame. • Input the new data frame to fa.parallel() function to determine the number of components to extract • Input the new data frame to principal() function to extract the components. If raw data is input, the correlation matrix is automatically calculated by principal() function. • Rotate the components • Compute component scores • Graph an orthogonal solution using factor.plot() • Interpret the results

First, import all the required libraries

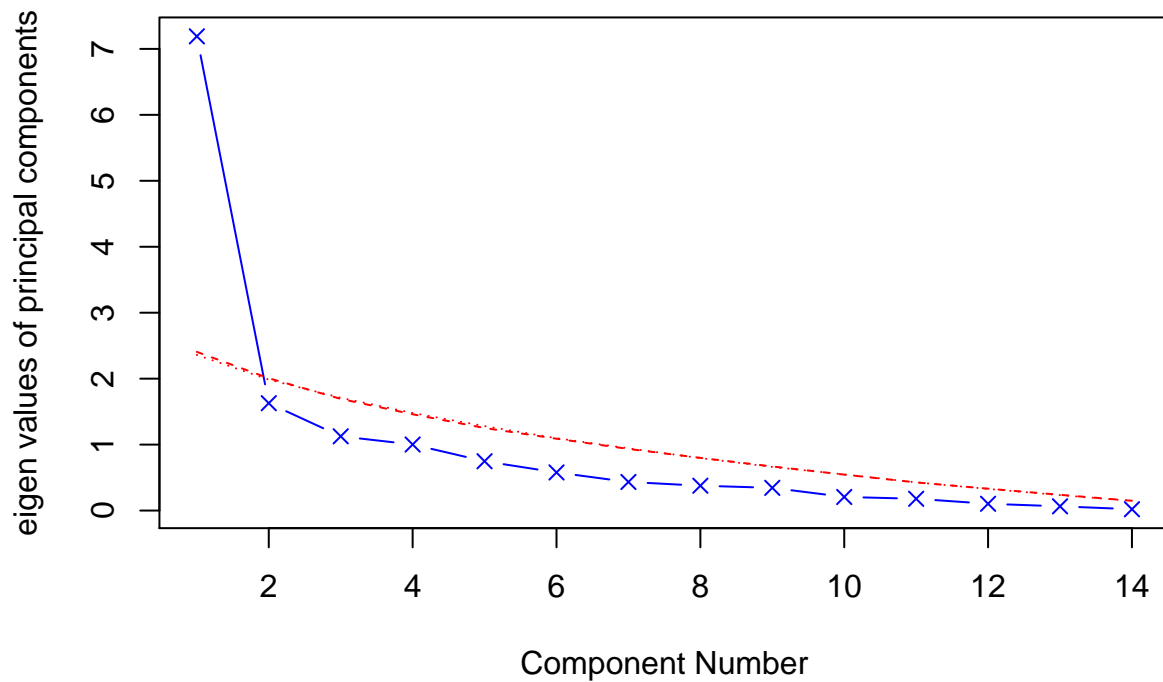
```
library(dplyr)
library(readxl)
library(psych)
library(ggbiplot)
```

```
# Import the NHL excel file as a dataframe
NHL <- data.frame(read_xlsx("./data/NHL.xlsx", sheet = "Data"))

# Select the columns 13-26, the 1st column is the index column from excel
df <- NHL[, 13:26]

# Use Parallel Analysis Scree Plots to figure out the number of factors to extract
fa.parallel(df, fa = "pc", n.iter = 100, show.legend = FALSE)
```

## Parallel Analysis Scree Plots



## Parallel analysis suggests that the number of factors = NA and the number of components = 1

From the above plot it will be appropriate to use 1 factor.

*# Perform PCA with varimax orthogonal rotation*

```
pc <- principal(df, nfactors = 1, rotate = "varimax", scores = TRUE)
```

pc

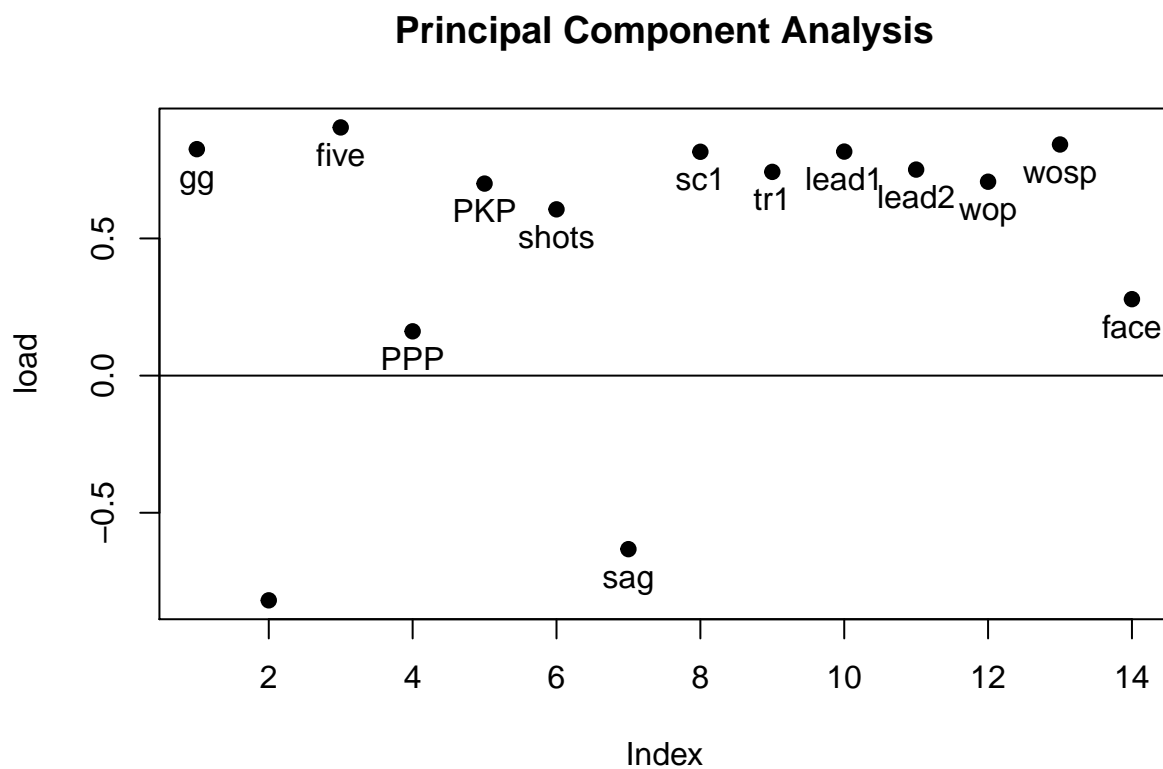
## Principal Components Analysis

## Call: principal(r = df, nfactors = 1, rotate = "varimax", scores = TRUE)

## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix

	PC1	h2	u2	com
## gg	0.83	0.682	0.32	1
## gag	-0.82	0.671	0.33	1
## five	0.90	0.818	0.18	1
## PPP	0.16	0.026	0.97	1
## PKP	0.70	0.490	0.51	1
## shots	0.61	0.367	0.63	1
## sag	-0.63	0.400	0.60	1
## sc1	0.82	0.666	0.33	1
## tr1	0.74	0.552	0.45	1
## lead1	0.82	0.667	0.33	1
## lead2	0.75	0.564	0.44	1
## wop	0.71	0.500	0.50	1
## wosp	0.84	0.710	0.29	1
## face	0.28	0.078	0.92	1

```
##
##          PC1
## SS loadings  7.19
## Proportion Var 0.51
##
## Mean item complexity = 1
## Test of the hypothesis that 1 component is sufficient.
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is  0.11
## with the empirical chi square  70.28 with prob <  0.69
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.95
factor.plot(pc, labels = colnames(df))
```



Observations made from the plots -