UrWeb <u>Functional. Pure. Principled. Eager. Slightly mad.</u>

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Introduction

Brief introduction to the Ur language and its current incarnation in Ur/Web .

- Going Badless
- Simple app walkthrough
- XHTML
- SQL
- JavaScript ... sort of
- Type System

Ur

Ur is a relative of Haskell and ML.

- Pure
- Statically typed
- Strict
- Type level programming
- Row types
- Type classes too!



Ur/Web

- Ur is currently unavailable outside of Ur/Web.
- Ur/Web is Ur plus a special standard library, plus a special compiler, purpose built for SQL backed web apps.
- All designed so that well-typed Ur/Web programs don't 'go wrong'.

Woo!

Ur/Web applications do not...

- Suffer from any kinds of code-injection attacks
- Return invalid HTML
- Contain dead intra-application links
- Have mismatches between HTML forms and the fields expected by their handlers
- Include client-side code that makes incorrect assumptions about the "AJAX"-style services that the remote web server provides
- Attempt invalid SQL queries
- Use improper marshaling or unmarshaling in communication with SQL databases or between browsers and web servers

Get on with it...

```
As is typical, enough of this jibber-jabber.
```

CUE THE DEMO!

It's not "hello, world!", because that's just:

```
fun main () = return <xml>Hello, World!</xml>
```

XML Built In

- XHTML (and HTML5) are built into the language.
- Structure is also **verified** by the language.

SQL Built In!

- Supports Postgresql as default, as well as MySQL, and SQLite.
- SQL queries are made up of functions as part of the base library.
- Types for queries and tables are checked at compile time.
- Database creation SQL is provided by the compiler.

Front End McGuffins

If you didn't have to write the JavaScript, is it really badless JavaScript?

- No difference between back or front end UrWeb code.
- Compiler works out which code is required where and compiles accordingly.
- Signal based Functional Reactive Programming.
- Communication by 'rpc' and typed 'channels'.

Other Bits

- Output is a single executable that can be the web or fastcgi server.
- The binary produced is extremely efficient compiled C code.
- The binary does not use garbage collection, relying instead on a technique known as 'region based memory management'.
- It is "stupid fast". Refer to the Techpower Benchmarks if you're into such things.

Bit more

All requests run inside a 'transaction', analogous to 'IO' from Haskell.

```
val readBack : transaction int =
    src <- source 0;
    set src 1;
    n <- get src;
    return (n + 1)</pre>
```

EVERYTHING is inside a transaction. Postgres is supported by default due to its strong support for transactions.

GIEF TYPES

- Type inference
- Parametric Polymorphism

```
fun id [a] (x : a) : a = x
```

Higher order functions:

fun map [a] [b] $(f : a \rightarrow b) : list a \rightarrow list b$

Polymorphic datatypes:

datatype tree a = Leaf of a | Node of tree a * tree a

Typeclasses from Haskell:

fun max [a] (
$$_$$
 : ord a) (x : a) (y : a) : a = ...

Anonymous Records:

val
$$x = \{ A = 0, B = "Fred" \}$$

 $x.A == 0$

Pew-Pew-Pewlymorphism

"Impredicative or First-Class Polymorphism goes beyond Hidley-Milner's let polymorphism to allow arguments to functions to themselves be polymorphic"

```
type nat = t :: Type -> t -> (t -> t) -> t
val zero : nat = fn [t :: Type] (z : t) (s : t -> t) => z
fun succ (n : nat) : nat =
   fn [t :: Type] (z : t) (s : t -> t) => s (n [t] z s)

val one = succ zero
val two = succ one
val three = succ two

three [int] 0 (plus 1) == 3
```