

Question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Question Paper : 1104

: 251604

Paper Code

: B.Sc. (H) Electronics

of the Course

: Optics and Optical Electronics [ELITT-603]

of the Paper

: VI

Maximum Marks : 75

Time : 3 Hours

Instructions for Candidates

- Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- Attempt five questions in all.
- Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- Use of scientific calculators is allowed.

1. (a) Why is a Compensating glass plate needed in Michelson's interferometer ? (3)
(b) Write the wavelengths of emission for He-Ne, CO₂ and Nd-YAG Lasers. (3)
(c) In a plane transmission grating the angle of diffraction for the second order principal maximum for the wavelength 5×10^{-5} cm is 30°. Calculate the number of lines in 1 cm of the grating surface. (3)
(d) State Malu's Law of Polarization. (3)
(e) What is Rayleigh criterion for the resolution of two spectral lines ? (3)
2. (a) Describe the construction and Working of a Michelson interferometer. Show with necessary theory how this interferometer can be used to measure wavelength of monochromatic light. (8)
(b) What are coherent sources ? How can these be obtained ? (4)
(c) For a sodium lamp, the distance traversed by a mirror between two successive disappearances is 0.289 mm. Calculate the difference in the wavelengths of the D₁ and D₂ lines. Given $\lambda = 5890 \text{ \AA}$. (3)
3. (a) Describe a method for the measurement of wavelength of light using Newton's rings. Deduce the necessary formula. (8)

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- (b) In the Newton's rings arrangement, the diameter of the 5th and 15th rings are 0.336 cm and 0.590 cm respectively. Find the radius of curvature of the plano-convex lens if the wavelength of light used is 5890 Å. (4)
- (c) Discuss the phenomenon responsible for the different colours seen on the surface of soap bubble created in air. (3)
4. (a) Derive an expression for the intensity distribution in a single slit Fraunhofer diffraction pattern. Also give the positions of maxima and minima. (7)
- (b) In a double slit Fraunhofer pattern with slit width $b = 8.8 \times 10^{-3}$ cm, separation between the slits $d = 7.0 \times 10^{-2}$ cm and $\lambda = 6.328 \times 10^{-5}$ cm, how many interference minima will occur between the two diffraction minima on either side of the central maximum? (5)
- (c) Calculate the thickness of half-wave plate for light of wavelength 5000 Å, the refractive indices for ordinary and extraordinary rays being 1.544 and 1.553 respectively. (3)
5. (a) Obtain the relationship between Einstein Coefficients A and B for an atomic system. (6)
- (b) What is a Hologram? Explain the basic principle involved in recording and reconstruction of Hologram. (5)
- (c) Obtain an expression for the numerical aperture of a step index optical fiber. (4)
6. (a) What is meant by chromatic aberration and achromatic doublet? Two glasses have dispersive powers in the ratio 2:3. These glasses are to be used in the manufacture of an achromatic objective of focal length 20 cm. What are the focal length of the lenses. (8)
- (b) What is the missing order in a N-slit diffraction pattern? (4)
- (c) Give some application of LEDs. (3)
7. (a) A left circularly polarized beam ($\lambda_0 = 5893$ Å) is incident on a quartz crystal (with its optic axis cut parallel to the surface) of thickness 0.01 mm. What will be the state of polarization of the emergent beam? (Assume $n_o = 1.54425$, $n_e = 1.55336$). (7)
- (b) Describe the phenomenon of double refraction. What are positive and negative crystals? (5)
- (c) Describe Semiconductor Lasers. (3)