

Tax Summary Report

Summary of Information Entered Into GLACIER™:

Name: Deep Shah SSN / ITIN: 012-11-4489

Email Address: dbshah@usc.edu

Country of Tax Residence: India **Country of Citizenship:** India **Current Immigration Status:** F1 Student

Original Immigration Status:

Immigration Status Expiration: June 13, 2028 Changed Immigration Status? No Department Name: Viterbi

USC ID Number: 2886789257

2023 - 148 Days

Immigration Status Change Date:

Date of Entry to U.S.: August 4, 2023 Estimated Date of Departure: May 16, 2025

Tax Determinations and Results Based on the data entered, GLACIER has made the following determinations:

Tax Residency Status: Nonresident Alien for U.S. Tax Purposes

Residency Status Change Date: July 2, 2028 to Resident Alien Residency Status Start Date: January 1, 2028 to Resident Alien

Residency Status Change Date 2 (if applicable): Residency Status Start Date 2 (if applicable):

Compensation/Wages/Salary

Applicable Tax Withholding Rate: Single (Bi-Weekly)

(If Tax Treaty Does Not Apply or Form Is Not Submitted)

Tax Treaty Exemption Status: Taxable

Not Applicable Tax Treaty Time Limit: **Tax Treaty Exemption Period:** Not Applicable **Tax Treaty Dollar Limit:** Not Applicable TAX

FICA Tax Status: Exempt FICA Tax Start Date: January 1, 2028

Required Forms and Document Copies Attach the following Forms and Documents to the Tax Summary Report

Please print, sign and submit with Tax Summary Report

Required Forms:

Form W-4 State Tax Form Please copy and submit with Tax Summary Report

Required Document Copies:

Form I-20

Form I-94/I-94W Card Visa Sticker (in Passport)

Certification

I hereby declare that the information provided by me to The University of Southern California and/or entered into the GLACIER Online Tax Compliance System for purposes of making the tax determinations above is true and correct. If any of the information provided changes or if other relevant information becomes available, I will notify The University of Southern California as soon as possible so that this information and/or my U.S. tax status may be updated.

> Signature: Date:



Tax Summary Report Instructions

Congratulations – You Have Completed Your Individual Record in GLACIER!

You are almost finished . . .

- Review, sign and date each of the Required Forms (see list on previous page);
- Submit the Required Forms and a copy of each of the Required Documents (see list on previous page) following the instructions below.

Please submit all Required Forms and Document Copies to:

Do not submit by email! Email is not secure: doing so would expose you to a potential identity thief. Submit these forms to the school or department where you work. If you are off campus or are unsure who to contact, email the Administrator below for advice, but do NOT attach your forms.

GLACIER Administrator: Victoria Smith

Glacier Administrator payroll@usc.edu 213-740-8855

All Required Forms and Document Copies must be submitted within 5 days; failure to submit all Required Forms and Document Copies on time may result in tax withheld from payments made to you.

If any information in your Individual Record changes, you must access GLACIER and update your Individual Record as soon as possible.

If you have any questions, please contact the GLACIER Administrator listed above.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter.

Additional Information, if any		

Employee's Withholding Certificate

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. Give Form W-4 to your employer.

OMB No. 1545-0074

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Your withholding is subject to review by the IRS.

- Internal Neverlac oc	vice Tour manifoldii	ig to oubject to retreat by the in			
Step 1:	(a) First name and middle initial	Last name		(b) Social security number	
Enter	Deep	Shah		012 11 4489	
Personal	Address			Does your name match the name on your social security	
Information	1248 W Adams Blvd, apt 101			card? If not, to ensure you get	
	City or town, state, and ZIP code			credit for your earnings, contact SSA at 800-772-1213	
	Los Angeles, CA 90007			or go to www.ssa.gov.	
	(c) Single or Married filing separately				
	Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving s				
	Head of household (Check only if you're unmain	ried and pay more than half the costs	of keeping up a home for you	urself and a qualifying individual.)	
•	ps 2–4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherwise on from withholding, other details, and privace		2 for more information	on each step, who can	
Step 2:	Complete this step if you (1) hold more				
Multiple Job	s also works. The correct amount of wi	thnolding depends on income	e earned from all of the	ese jobs.	
or Spouse	Do only one of the following.				
Works	(a) Reserved for future use.				
	(b) Use the Multiple Jobs Worksheet	on page 3 and enter the resu	It in Step 4(c) below; c	or	
	(c) If there are only two jobs total, you option is generally more accurate higher paying job. Otherwise, (b) is	than (b) if pay at the lower pa	aying job is more than		
	TIP: If you have self-employment inco	ome, see page 2.			
	ps 3–4(b) on Form W-4 for only ONE of the ate if you complete Steps 3–4(b) on the Form			s. (Your withholding will	
Step 3:	If your total income will be \$200,000	or less (\$400,000 or less if ma	arried filing jointly):		
Claim	Multiply the number of qualifying of	children under age 17 by \$2,0	00 \$		
Dependent and Other	Multiply the number of other depe	endents by \$500	. \$		
Credits	Add the amounts above for qualifying this the amount of any other credits. I		ents. You may add to	3 \$	
Step 4	(a) Other income (not from jobs).				
(optional):	expect this year that won't have w				
Other	This may include interest, dividend	ds, and retirement income .		4(a) \$	
Adjustments	(b) Deductions. If you expect to claim want to reduce your withholding, unthe result here				
	(c) Extra withholding. Enter any addi	tional tax you want withheld e	each pay period	4(c) \$	
Step 5:	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this cert	ificate, to the best of my knowled	dge and belief, is true, co	rrect, and complete.	
Sign Here					
	Employee's signature (This form is not va	alid unless you sign it.)	Dat	ie	
Employers Only	Employer's name and address			Employer identification number (EIN)	
For Privacy Act	and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see pag	e 3. Cat	No. 10220Q	Form W-4 (2023)	



Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate

Complete this form so that your employer can withhold the correct California state income tax from your paycheck.

Enter Personal Information	
First, Middle, Last Name	Social Security Number
Address	Filing Status
City State ZIP Code	☐ Single or Married (with two or more incomes) ☐ Married (one income) ☐ Head of Household
 Use Worksheet A for Regular Withholding allowances. Use other v Number of Regular Withholding Allowances (Worksheet A) Number of allowances from the Estimated Deductions (Worksheet A) Total Number of Allowances you are claiming Additional amount, if any, you want withheld each pay period (if e OR Exemption from Withholding 	rksheet B, if applicable.) 0 0 0 0
3. I claim exemption from withholding for 2023, and I certify I meet I OR	both of the conditions for exemption. (Check box here)
 I certify under penalty of perjury that I am not subject to California forth under the Service Member Civil Relief Act, as amended by th and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act of 2018. 	8
Under the penalties of perjury, I certify that the number of withholding to which I am entitled or, if claiming exemption from withholding, that	
Employee's Signature	Date
Employer's Section: Employer's Name and Address	California Employer Payroll Tax Account Number

Purpose: This certificate, DE 4, is for **California Personal Income Tax (PIT)** withholding purposes only. The DE 4 is used to compute the amount of taxes to be withheld from your wages, by your employer, to accurately reflect your state tax withholding obligation.

Beginning January 1, 2020, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate (Form W-4) from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will be used for federal income tax withholding only. You must file the state form Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate (DE 4) to determine the appropriate California PIT withholding.

If you do not provide your employer with a withholding certificate, the employer must use Single with Zero withholding allowance.

Check Your Withholding: After your DE 4 takes effect, compare the state income tax withheld with your estimated total annual tax. For state withholding, use the worksheets on this form.

Exemption From Withholding: If you wish to claim exempt, complete the federal Form W-4 and the state DE 4. You may claim exempt from withholding California income tax if you meet both of the following conditions for exemption:

- 1. You did not owe any federal/state income tax last year, and
- 2. You do not expect to owe any federal/state income tax this year. The exemption is good for one year.

If you continue to qualify for the exempt filing status, a new DE 4 designating **exempt** must be submitted by February 15 each year to continue your exemption. If you are not having federal/state income tax withheld this year but expect to have a tax liability next year, you are required to give your employer a new DE 4 by December 1.

Member Service Civil Relief Act: Under this act, as provided by the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act of 2018, you may be exempt from California income tax withholding on your wages if

- Your spouse is a member of the armed forces present in California in compliance with military orders;
- (ii) You are present in California solely to be with your spouse; and
- (iii) You maintain your domicile in another state.

If you claim exemption under **this** act, **check the box on Line 4**. You may be required to provide proof of exemption upon request.

The <u>California Employer's Guide</u> (DE 44) (edd.ca.gov/pdf_pub_ctr/de44.pdf) provides the income tax withholding tables. This publication may be found by visiting <u>Payroll Taxes - Forms and Publications</u> (edd.ca.gov/Payroll_Taxes/Forms_and_Publications.htm). To assist you in calculating your tax liability, please visit the <u>Franchise Tax Board (FTB)</u> (ftb.ca.gov).

If you need information on your last California Resident Income Tax Return (FTB Form 540), visit the FTB (ftb.ca.gov).

Notification: The burden of proof rests with the employee to show the correct California income tax withholding. Pursuant to section 4340-1(e) of Title 22, California Code of Regulations (CCR) (govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Search/Index), the FTB or the EDD may, by special direction in writing, require an employer to submit a Form W-4 or DE 4 when such forms are necessary for the administration of the withholding tax programs.

Penalty: You may be fined \$500 if you file, with no reasonable basis, a DE 4 that results in less tax being withheld than is properly allowable. In addition, criminal penalties apply for willfully supplying false or fraudulent information or failing to supply information requiring an increase in withholding. This is provided by section 13101 of the California Unemployment Insurance Code (leginfo.legislature. ca.gov/faces/codes.xhtml) and section 19176 of the Revenue and Taxation Code (leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes).xhtml).

Worksheets

Instructions — 1 — Allowances*

When determining your withholding allowances, you must consider your personal situation:

- Do you claim allowances for dependents or blindness?
- Will you itemize your deductions?
- Do you have more than one income coming into the household?

Two-Earners/Multiple Incomes: When earnings are derived from more than one source, under-withholding may occur. If you have a working spouse or more than one job, it is best to check the box "SINGLE or MARRIED (with two or more incomes)." Figure the total number of allowances you are entitled to claim on all jobs using only one DE 4 form. Claim allowances with **one** employer.

Do **not** claim the same allowances with more than one employer. Your withholding will usually be most accurate when all allowances are claimed on the DE 4 filed for the highest paying job and zero allowances are claimed for the others.

Married But Not Living With Your Spouse: You may check the "Head of Household" marital status box if you meet all of the following tests:

- (1) Your spouse will not live with you at any time during the year;
- (2) You will furnish over half of the cost of maintaining a home for the entire year for yourself and your child or stepchild who qualifies as your dependent; and
- (3) You will file a separate return for the year.

Head of Household: To qualify, you must be unmarried or legally separated from your spouse and pay more than 50% of the costs of maintaining a home for the **entire** year for yourself and your dependent(s) or other qualifying individuals. Cost of maintaining the home includes such items as rent, property insurance, property taxes, mortgage interest, repairs, utilities, and cost of food. It does not include the individual's personal expenses or any amount which represents value of services performed by a member of the household of the taxpayer.

4.

Woi	rksheet A Regular Withholding Allowances	
(A)	Allowance for yourself — enter 1	(A)
(B)	Allowance for your spouse (if not separately claimed by your spouse) — enter 1	(B)
(C)	Allowance for blindness — yourself — enter 1	(C)
(D)	Allowance for blindness — your spouse (if not separately claimed by your spouse) — enter 1	(D)
(E)	Allowance(s) for dependent(s) — do not include yourself or your spouse	(E)
(F)	Total — add lines (A) through (E) above and enter on line 1a of the DE 4	(F) 0

Instructions — 2 — (Optional) Additional Withholding Allowances

If you expect to itemize deductions on your California income tax return, you can claim additional withholding allowances. Use Worksheet B to determine whether your expected estimated deductions may entitle you to claim **one or more additional** withholding allowances. Use last year's FTB Form 540 as a model to calculate this year's withholding amounts.

Do not include deferred compensation, qualified pension payments, or flexible benefits, etc., that are deducted from your gross pay but are not taxed on this worksheet.

You may reduce the amount of tax withheld from your wages by claiming one additional withholding allowance for each \$1,000, or fraction of \$1,000, by which you expect your estimated deductions for the year to exceed your allowable standard deduction.

Worksheet B Estimated Deductions

Use this worksheet **only** if you plan to itemize deductions, claim certain adjustments to income, or have a large amount of nonwage income not subject to withholding.

- 1. Enter an estimate of your itemized deductions for California taxes for this tax year as listed in the schedules in the FTB Form 540 1.
- 2. Enter \$10,404 if married filing joint with two or more allowances, unmarried head of household, or qualifying widow(er) with dependent(s) or \$5,202 if single or married filing separately, dual income married, or married with multiple employers
- Subtract line 2 from line 1, enter difference = 3. 0.00
- 4. Enter an estimate of your adjustments to income (alimony payments, IRA deposits)
- 5. Add line 4 to line 3, enter sum = 5.0.00
- 6. Enter an estimate of your nonwage income (dividends, interest income, alimony receipts) 6.
- 7. If line 5 is greater than line 6 (if less, see below [go to line 9]);

 Subtract line 6 from line 5, enter difference = 7. 0.00
- 8. Divide the amount on line 7 by \$1,000, round any fraction to the nearest whole number 8. 0.00
- enter this number on line 1b of the DE 4. Complete Worksheet C, if needed, otherwise stop here.
- 9. If line 6 is greater than line 5;Enter amount from line 6 (nonwage income)9.
- 10. Enter amount from line 5 (deductions) 10. 0.00
- 11. Subtract line 10 from line 9, enter difference. Then, complete Worksheet C. 11. 0.00

^{*}Wages paid to registered domestic partners will be treated the same for state income tax purposes as wages paid to spouses for California PIT withholding and PIT wages. This law does not impact federal income tax law. A registered domestic partner means an individual partner in a domestic partner relationship within the meaning of section 297 of the Family Code. For more information, please call our Taxpayer Assistance Center at 1-888-745-3886.

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1.	Enter estimate of total wages for tax year 2023.	1.	
2.	Enter estimate of nonwage income (line 6 of Worksheet B).	2.	
3.	Add line 1 and line 2. Enter sum.	3.	
4.	Enter itemized deductions or standard deduction (line 1 or 2 of Worksheet B, whichever is largest).	4.	
5.	Enter adjustments to income (line 4 of Worksheet B).	5.	
6.	Add line 4 and line 5. Enter sum.	6.	
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 3. Enter difference.	7.	0.00
8.	Figure your tax liability for the amount on line 7 by using the 2023 tax rate schedules below.	8.	
9.	Enter personal exemptions (line F of Worksheet A x \$154.00).	9.	0.00
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 8. Enter difference.	10.	0.00
11.	Enter any tax credits. (See FTB Form 540).	11.	
12.	Subtract line 11 from line 10. Enter difference. This is your total tax liability.	12.	0.00
13.	Calculate the tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2023. Contact your employer to request the amount that will be withheld on your wages based on the marital status and number of withholding		
	allowances you will claim for 2023. Multiply the estimated amount to be withheld by the number of pay periods left in the year. Add the total to the amount already withheld for 2023.	13.	
14.	Subtract line 13 from line 12. Enter difference. If this is less than zero, you do not need to have additional taxes withheld.	14.	0.00
15.	Divide line 14 by the number of pay periods remaining in the year. Enter this figure on line 2 of the DE 4.	15.	

Note: Your employer is not required to withhold the additional amount requested on line 2 of your DE 4. If your employer does not agree to withhold the additional amount, you may increase your withholdings as much as possible by using the "single" status with "zero" allowances. If the amount withheld still results in an underpayment of state income taxes, you may need to file quarterly estimates on Form 540-ES with the FTB to avoid a penalty.

These Tables Are for Calculating Worksheet C and for 2023 Only

Single Persons, Dual Income Married or Married With Multiple Employers

IF THE TAXABLE INCOME IS		COMPUTED TAX IS		
OVER	BUT NOT	OF AMO	UNT OVER	PLUS
	OVER			
\$0	\$10,099	1.100%	\$0	\$0.00
\$10,099	\$23,942	2.200%	\$10,099	\$111.09
\$23,942	\$37,788	4.400%	\$23,942	\$415.64
\$37,788	\$52,455	6.600%	\$37,788	\$1,024.86
\$52,455	\$66,295	8.800%	\$52,455	\$1,992.88
\$66,295	\$338,639	10.230%	\$66,295	\$3,210.80
\$338,639	\$406,364	11.330%	\$338,639	\$31,071.59
\$406,364	\$677,275	12.430%	\$406,364	\$38,744.83
\$677,275	\$1,000,000	13.530%	\$677,275	\$72,419.07
\$1,000,000	and over	14.630%	\$1,000,000	\$117,556.49

Unmarried Head of Household

IF THE TAXABLE INCOME IS		COMPUTED TAX IS		
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMOUNT OVER		PLUS
\$0	\$20,212	1.100%	\$0	\$0.00
\$20,212	\$47,887	2.200%	\$20,212	\$222.33
\$47,887	\$61,730	4.400%	\$47,887	\$831.18
\$61,730	\$76,397	6.600%	\$61,730	\$1,440.27
\$76,397	\$90,240	8.800%	\$76,397	\$2,408.29
\$90,240	\$460,547	10.230%	\$90,240	\$3,626.47
\$460,547	\$552,658	11.330%	\$460,547	\$41,508.88
\$552,658	\$921,095	12.430%	\$552,658	\$51,945.06
\$921,095	\$1,000,000	13.530%	\$921,095	\$97,741.78
\$1,000,000	and over	14.630%	\$1,000,000	\$108,417.63

Married Persons

IF THE TAXABL	LE INCOME IS	COMPUTED TAX IS		IS
OVER	BUT NOT	OF AMOUNT OVER		PLUS
	OVER			
\$0	\$20,198	1.100%	\$0	\$0.00
\$20,198	\$47,884	2.200%	\$20,198	\$222.18
\$47,884	\$75,576	4.400%	\$47,884	\$831.27
\$75,576	\$104,910	6.600%	\$75,576	\$2,049.72
\$104,910	\$132,590	8.800%	\$104,910	\$3,985.76
\$132,590	\$677,278	10.230%	\$132,590	\$6,421.60
\$677,278	\$812,728	11.330%	\$677,278	\$62,143.18
\$812,728	\$1,000,000	12.430%	\$812,728	\$77,489.67
\$1,000,000	\$1,354,550	13.530%	\$1,000,000	\$100,767.58
\$1,354,550	and over	14.630%	\$1,354,550	\$148,738.20

If you need information on your last California Resident Income Tax Return, FTB Form 540, visit (FTB) (ftb.ca.gov).

The DE 4 information is collected for purposes of administering the PIT law and under the authority of Title 22, CCR, section 4340-1, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code, including section 18624. The Information Practices Act of 1977 requires that individuals be notified of how information they provide may be used. Further information is contained in the instructions that came with your last California resident income tax return.

For Information Only



DO NOT SUBMIT THIS PAGE WITH YOUR FORMS Keep This Document For Your Files

U.S. Tax Information For Non-United States Citizens/Non-U.S. Permanent Resident Aliens

Why Am I Required to Provide Information in GLACIER? The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), the U.S. government tax authority, has issued strict regulations regarding the taxation and reporting of payments made to non-United States citizens. As a result, payments made to you may be subject to U.S. income tax and reporting.

Why Is My Tax Status Important? To comply with the U.S. tax laws, your U.S. Tax Residency Status must be determined. The Substantial Presence Test determines whether an individual is a Nonresident Alien or Resident Alien for U.S. tax withholding and reporting. GLACIER will calculate your U.S. Residency Status for Tax Purposes based on the information provided by you.

What is the Difference between a Nonresident Alien and Resident Alien? If you are a Nonresident Alien for Tax Purposes, you are subject to special tax withholding and reporting regulations; if you are a Resident Alien for Tax Purposes, you are taxed in the same manner as a U.S. Citizen.

How Long Will I Be a Nonresident Alien? Your Residency Status Change Date is the day on which your U.S. Residency Status for Tax Purposes will change, generally from Nonresident Alien for Tax Purposes to Resident Alien for Tax Purposes. The U.S. tax system is based on a calendar year period (January 1 – December 31). In most cases, when your U.S. Residency Status for Tax Purposes changes, you will become a Resident Alien for Tax Purposes retroactive to the first day of the calendar year during which your status changed; this day is called the Residency Status Start Date.

How Will I Be Taxed on Payments From U.S. Sources? As a *Nonresident Alien for Tax Purposes*, U.S. tax law requires that you be taxed in the following manner:

- If you are an employee and receive Dependent Compensation (salary or wages), you are required to complete Form W-4 as "Single or Married Filing Separately", regardless of your actual marital status.
- If you receive a Scholarship or Fellowship (for which NO services are required), your scholarship or fellowship may consist of *Nontaxable items* (Tuition, Book Allowance, and Required Registration Fees) or *Taxable items* (including, but not limited to, Room and Board, Stipend, Living Allowance, Travel Payment/Reimbursement). If you are present in the U.S. under an F, J, M, or Q immigration status, the applicable rate of tax withholding is 14 percent; if you are present in the U.S. under any other immigration status, the applicable rate of tax withholding is 30 percent.
- If you receive an Honorarium, Guest Speaker Fee, Consultant Fees, Royalty, or any other type of income, the applicable rate of tax withholding is 30 percent.

Can I Be Exempt From Tax Withholding? The U.S. maintains income tax treaties with more than 60 countries. Certain taxable payments made to you may be exempt from U.S. tax based on an income tax treaty entered into between the U.S. and your country of tax residence. The existence of a tax treaty does not automatically ensure an exemption from tax withholding; rather, you must satisfy the requirements for the exemption set forth in the tax treaty and provide all applicable forms and documents to your Institution's GLACIER Administrator. If you qualify for a tax treaty exemption, you must complete and submit Form W-8BEN (for all non-service scholarships and fellowships, or royalty payments) and/or Form 8233 (for all compensation or payments for services).

What If I Do Not Submit My Forms and Documents? If you do not complete the information in GLACIER and/or submit the required forms and documents in a timely fashion, the maximum amount of tax will be withheld from all payments made to you. For instructions of how to submit your forms and documents, please refer to the instruction page generated with your forms; DO NOT send your forms to the GLACIER Support Center.

Where Can I Get More Information? If you have additional questions about why you were asked to complete GLACIER, please contact your Institution's GLACIER Administrator or the person at your institution who asked you to complete GLACIER. If you have questions about GLACIER or the U.S. tax system, please contact the GLACIER Support Center at support@online-tax.net.