

### 3-4 STREAM AND BLOCK CIPHERS

The literature divides the symmetric ciphers into two broad categories: stream ciphers and block ciphers. Although the definitions are normally applied to modern ciphers, this categorization also applies to traditional ciphers.

#### Topics discussed in this section:

3.4.1 Stream Ciphers

3.4.2 Block Ciphers

3.4.3 Combination

3.60

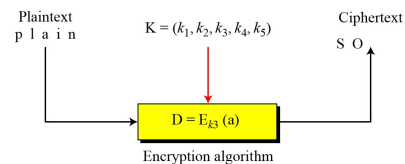
#### 3.4.1 Stream Ciphers

Call the plaintext stream  $P$ , the ciphertext stream  $C$ , and the key stream  $K$ .

$$P = P_1 P_2 P_3, \dots \quad C = C_1 C_2 C_3, \dots \quad K = (k_1, k_2, k_3, \dots)$$

$$C_1 = E_{k_1}(P_1) \quad C_2 = E_{k_2}(P_2) \quad C_3 = E_{k_3}(P_3) \dots$$

Figure 3.26 Stream cipher



3.61

#### 3.4.1 Continued

##### Example 3.30

Additive ciphers can be categorized as stream ciphers in which the key stream is the repeated value of the key. In other words, the key stream is considered as a predetermined stream of keys or  $K = (k, k, \dots, k)$ . In this cipher, however, each character in the ciphertext depends only on the corresponding character in the plaintext, because the key stream is generated independently.

##### Example 3.31

The monoalphabetic substitution ciphers discussed in this chapter are also stream ciphers. However, each value of the key stream in this case is the mapping of the current plaintext character to the corresponding ciphertext character in the mapping table.

3.62

#### 3.4.1 Continued

##### Example 3.32

Vigenere ciphers are also stream ciphers according to the definition. In this case, the key stream is a repetition of  $m$  values, where  $m$  is the size of the keyword. In other words,

$$K = (k_1, k_2, \dots, k_m, k_1, k_2, \dots, k_m, \dots)$$

##### Example 3.33

We can establish a criterion to divide stream ciphers based on their key streams. We can say that a stream cipher is a monoalphabetic cipher if the value of  $k_i$  does not depend on the position of the plaintext character in the plaintext stream; otherwise, the cipher is polyalphabetic.

3.63

#### 3.4.1 Continued

##### Example 3.33 (Continued)

□ Additive ciphers are definitely monoalphabetic because  $k_i$  in the key stream is fixed; it does not depend on the position of the character in the plaintext.

□ Monoalphabetic substitution ciphers are monoalphabetic because  $k_i$  does not depend on the position of the corresponding character in the plaintext stream; it depends only on the value of the plaintext character.

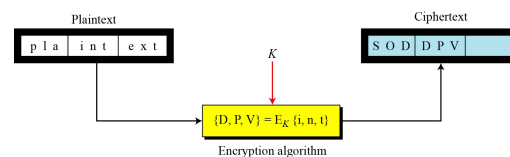
□ Vigenere ciphers are polyalphabetic ciphers because  $k_i$  definitely depends on the position of the plaintext character. However, the dependency is cyclic. The key is the same for two characters  $m$  positions apart.

3.64

#### 3.4.2 Stream Ciphers

In a block cipher, a group of plaintext symbols of size  $m$  ( $m > 1$ ) are encrypted together creating a group of ciphertext of the same size. A single key is used to encrypt the whole block even if the key is made of multiple values. Figure 3.27 shows the concept of a block cipher.

Figure 3.27 Block cipher



3.65

### 3.4.2 Continued

#### Example 3.34

Playfair ciphers are block ciphers. The size of the block is  $m = 2$ . Two characters are encrypted together.

#### Example 3.35

Hill ciphers are block ciphers. A block of plaintext, of size 2 or more is encrypted together using a single key (a matrix). In these ciphers, the value of each character in the ciphertext depends on all the values of the characters in the plaintext. Although the key is made of  $m \times m$  values, it is considered as a single key.

#### Example 3.36

From the definition of the block cipher, it is clear that every block cipher is a polyalphabetic cipher because each character in a ciphertext block depends on all characters in the plaintext block.

3.66

### 3.4.3 Combination

In practice, blocks of plaintext are encrypted individually, but they use a stream of keys to encrypt the whole message block by block. In other words, the cipher is a block cipher when looking at the individual blocks, but it is a stream cipher when looking at the whole message considering each block as a single unit.

3.67