PROBLEM 1

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In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import nltk
        from nltk.util import ngrams
        from collections import defaultdict
        import math
        df sst = pd.read csv('C:/Users/mano2/Downloads/SST-2 (1)/SST-2/train.tsv', delimiter='\t')
        test data = df sst.iloc[0:100]
        validate _data = df_sst.iloc[100:199]
        train_data = df_sst.iloc[200:]
        n = len(train data)
        total_ones = train_data['label'].sum()
        total zero = n - total ones
        prior_zero = total_zero / n
        prior_one = total_ones / n
        print("Prior probability of zero:", prior_zero)
        print("Prior probability of one:", prior_one)
      Prior probability of zero: 0.44203189920922126
      Prior probability of one: 0.5579681007907787
        PROBLEM 2
In [2]: def tokenize_pad(sentence):
            words = nltk.word tokenize(sentence)
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In [2]: def tokenize_pad(sentence):
    words = nltk.word_tokenize(sentence)

    tokens = ['<s>'] + words + ['</s>']
    return tokens

train_set = train_data['sentence']
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tokenized train set = [tokenize pad(sentence) for sentence in train set]
        vocabulary = set(word for sentence in tokenized train set for word in sentence)
        vocabulary size = len(vocabulary)
        print("First sentence in the training set:",tokenized train set[:1])
        #print(tokenized training set[:1])
        print("\nVocabulary size:", vocabulary size)
      First sentence in the training set: [['<s>', 'told', 'in', 'scattered', 'fashion', '</s>']]
      Vocabulary size: 14801
        PROBLEM 3
In [3]: def bigram frequencies(tokenized sequences):
            bigram counts = defaultdict(lambda: defaultdict(int))
            for sequence in tokenized sequences:
                bigrams = list(ngrams(sequence, 2, pad left=True, pad right=True, left pad symbol='<s>', right pad symbol='</s>'))
                for bigram in bigrams:
                    word1, word2 = bigram
                    bigram_counts[word1][word2] += 1
            return bigram counts
        tokenized_sequences = tokenized_train_set
        bigram counts = bigram_frequencies(tokenized_sequences)
        print("Count of bigrams '<s>','the':",bigram_counts["<s>"]["the"])
      Count of bigrams '<s>','the': 4450
        PROBLEM 4
In [4]: def negative log probability(wm, wm 1, bigram counts, alpha, vocabulary size):
            bigram count = bigram counts.get(wm 1, {}).get(wm, 0)
            #print(bigram count)
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total count wm 1 = sum(bigram counts.get(wm 1, {}).values())
            #print(total count wm 1)
            probability = (bigram count + alpha) / (total count wm 1 + alpha * vocabulary size)
            #print(probability)
            if probability > 0:
                neg log probability = -math.log2(probability)
            else:
                neg log probability = float('inf')
            return neg log probability
        current word = "award"
        previous word = "academy"
        neg log prob = negative log probability(current word, previous word, bigram counts, 0.001, vocabulary size)
        print(f"Negative Log-Probability of '{current word}' given '{previous word}'(alpha = 0.001): {neg log prob:.2f}")
        neg_log_prob = negative_log_probability(current_word, previous_word, bigram_counts, 0.5, vocabulary_size)
        print(f"Negative Log-Probability of '{current word}' given '{previous word}'(alpha = 0.5): {neg log prob:.2f}")
      Negative Log-Probability of 'award' given 'academy'(alpha = 0.001): 1.48
      Negative Log-Probability of 'award' given 'academy'(alpha = 0.5): 8.90
        PROBLEM 5
In [5]: def sentence log probability(sentence, bigram counts, alpha, vocabulary size):
            tokens = tokenize_pad(sentence)
            log probability = 0.0
            for i in range(1, len(tokens)):
                current word = tokens[i]
                previous word = tokens[i - 1]
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bigram count = bigram counts[previous word][current word]
                unigram count = sum(bigram counts[previous word].values())
                smoothed probability = (bigram count + alpha) / (unigram count + alpha * vocabulary size)
                log probability += math.log2(smoothed probability)
            return log probability
        sentence1 = "this was a really great movie but it was a little too long."
        sentence2 = "long too little a was it but movie great really a was this."
        alpha = 1
        log prob1 = sentence log probability(sentence1, bigram counts, alpha, vocabulary size)
        log prob2 = sentence log_probability(sentence2, bigram_counts, alpha, vocabulary_size)
        print("Log Probability for Sentence 1:", log prob1)
        print("Log Probability for Sentence 2:", log_prob2)
      Log Probability for Sentence 1: -130.78286697935766
      Log Probability for Sentence 2: -183.08363959315753
        PROBLEM 6
In [6]: alphas = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1]
        log likelihood estimates = []
        for alpha in alphas:
            log likelihood = 0.0
            for sentence in validate data['sentence']:
                log prob = sentence log probability(sentence, bigram counts, alpha, vocabulary size)
                log likelihood += log prob
            log likelihood estimates.append(log likelihood)
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for i, alpha in enumerate(alphas):
            print(f"Log-Likelihood Estimate for alpha {alpha} = {log likelihood estimates[i]:.4f}")
        best alpha index = log likelihood estimates.index(max(log likelihood estimates))
        best alpha = alphas[best alpha index]
        print(f"The best alpha is: {best alpha}")
        selected alpha = best alpha
      Log-Likelihood Estimate for alpha 0.001 = -6901.5799
       Log-Likelihood Estimate for alpha 0.01 = -7664.3090
      Log-Likelihood Estimate for alpha 0.1 = -9191.7177
      The best alpha is: 0.001
        PROBLEM 7
In [7]: positive data = train data[train data['label'] == 1]
        #print(len(positive data))
        negative_data = train_data[train_data['label'] == 0]
        #print(len(negative data))
        positive_tokenized_sentences = [tokenize_pad(sentence) for sentence in positive_data['sentence']]
        negative_tokenized_sentences = [tokenize_pad(sentence) for sentence in negative_data['sentence']]
        positive vocabulary = set(word for sentence in positive tokenized sentences for word in sentence)
        negative_vocabulary = set(word for sentence in negative_tokenized_sentences for word in sentence)
        positive vocabulary size = len(positive vocabulary)
        negative vocabulary size = len(negative vocabulary)
        positive bigram counts = bigram frequencies(positive tokenized sentences)
        negative bigram counts = bigram frequencies(negative tokenized sentences)
        alpha = selected alpha
        positive scores method5 = []
        negative scores method5 = []
        positive scores bayes = []
        negative scores bayes = []
        prior positive = prior one
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prior negative = prior zero
for sentence in test data['sentence']:
   log prob = sentence log probability(sentence, bigram counts, alpha, vocabulary size)
   positive score method5 = prior_positive * math.exp(log_prob)
   negative score method5 = prior negative * math.exp(log prob)
   log prob positive = sentence log probability(sentence, positive bigram counts, alpha, positive vocabulary size)
   log prob negative = sentence log probability(sentence, negative bigram counts, alpha, negative vocabulary size)
    positive score bayes = prior positive * math.exp(log prob positive)
   negative score bayes = prior negative * math.exp(log prob negative)
   positive scores method5.append(positive score method5)
   negative scores method5.append(negative score method5)
   positive_scores_bayes.append(positive_score_bayes)
   negative scores bayes.append(negative score bayes)
predicted sentiment labels method5 = []
predicted sentiment labels bayes = []
threshold = 1.0
for i in range(len(test data)):
   if positive_scores_method5[i] > negative_scores_method5[i]:
        predicted sentiment labels method5.append('positive')
   else:
        predicted_sentiment_labels_method5.append('negative')
   if positive scores bayes[i] > negative scores bayes[i]:
        predicted sentiment labels bayes.append('positive')
    else:
        predicted sentiment labels bayes.append('negative')
from collections import Counter
class distribution method5 = Counter(predicted sentiment labels method5)
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class_distribution_bayes = Counter(predicted_sentiment_labels_bayes)

true_sentiment_labels = test_data['label'].apply(lambda label: 'positive' if label == 1 else 'negative')

correct_predictions_method5 = 0

correct_predictions_bayes = 0

for i in range(len(test_data)):
    if predicted_sentiment_labels_method5[i] == true_sentiment_labels[i]:
        correct_predictions_method5 += 1
    if predicted_sentiment_labels_bayes[i] == true_sentiment_labels[i]:
        correct_predictions_bayes += 1

accuracy_method5 = correct_predictions_method5 / len(test_data)

accuracy_bayes = correct_predictions_bayes / len(test_data)

print("Accuracy for function:", accuracy_method5)

print("Accuracy for Bayes Rule:", accuracy_bayes)
```

Accuracy for function: 0.49
Accuracy for Bayes Rule: 0.92