.AI ASSISTED CODING.

LAB ASSIGNMENT -12.3

Program : B-TECH

Specialization : AIML

Name of Student : AKULA MANOJ

Enrollment-No : 2403A52031

Batch No : 02

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Task Description 1 – Remove Repetition

Task: Provide AI with the following redundant code and ask it to

refactor

Python Code

def calculate_area(shape, x, y=0):

if shape == "rectangle":

return x * y

elif shape == "square":

return x * x

elif shape == "circle":

return 3.14 * x * x

PROMPT:

```
Remove Repetition
refactor the code
Python Code
def calculate_area(shape, x, y=0):
if shape == "rectangle":
return x * y
elif shape == "square":
return x * x
elif shape == "circle":
return 3.14 * x * x
```

GENERATED CODE:

```
import math
     def calculate_area(shape, x, y=0):
    """Calculates the area of different shapes.
             shape: The shape type ('rectangle', 'square', or 'circle').
x: The first dimension (length for rectangle, side for square, radius for circle).
              y: The second dimension for rectangle (width). Defaults to 0.
         The calculated area.
         if shape == "rectangle":
         return x * y
elif shape == "square":
    return x ** 2
elif shape == "circle":
              return math.pi * x ** 2
              return "Invalid shape"
    # Get input from the user
     shape_input = input("Enter the shape (rectangle, square, or circle): ").lower()
     x_input = float(input("Enter the first dimension: "))
    if shape_input == "rectangle":
          y_input = float(input("Enter the second dimension (width): "))
          area = calculate_area(shape_input, x_input, y_input)
         area = calculate_area(shape_input, x_input)
     \quad \text{if isinstance(area, (int, float)):} \\
         print(f"The area of the {shape_input} is: {area}")
         print(area)
```

OUTPUT:-

```
Enter the shape (rectangle, square, or circle): square
Enter the first dimension: 3
The area of the square is: 9.0
```

TASK DESCRIPTION-2

Error Handling in Legacy Code
Task: Legacy function without proper error handling
Python Code
def read_file(filename):
f = open(filename, "r")
data = f.read()

```
f.close()
return data
```

```
PROMPT:- convert the given Python Code

def read_file(filename):

f = open(filename, "r")

data = f.read()

f.close()

return data Make sure to apply legacy function without
proper error handling
```

GENERATED CODE:-

```
# Please refactor the following code to use with open() and include try-except for error handling:
    def read_file(filename):
        try:
        with open(filename, "r") as f:
            data = f.read()
            return data
        except FileNotFoundError:
            return f"Error: File '{filename}' not found."
        except Exception as e:
            return f"An error occurred: {e}"

# Get input from the user
    filename_input = input("Enter the filename to read: ")

# Call the function with user input and print the result
    print(read_file(filename_input))
```

OUTPUT:-

```
Enter the filename to read: manoj
Error: File 'manoj' not found.
```

TASK-3

```
Provide this legacy class to AI for readability
and modularity
improvements:
Python Code
class Student:
def __init__(self, n, a, m1, m2, m3):
self.n = n
self.a = a
self.m1 = m1
self.m2 = m2
self.m3 = m3
def details(self):
print("Name:", self.n, "Age:", self.a)
def total(self):
return self.m1+self.m2+self.m3
```

PROMPT:

Refactor the following legacy Python class to improve readability, maintainability, and modularity class Student:

```
def __init__(self, n, a, m1, m2, m3):
self.n = n
self.a = a
self.m1 = m1
self.m2 = m2
self.m3 = m3
def details(self):
print("Name:", self.n, "Age:", self.a)
def total(self):
return self.m1+self.m2+self.m3 Al improves
naming (name, age, marks).
Adds docstrings.
Improves print readability.
Possibly uses sum(self.marks) if marks stored
in a list
```

GENERATED CODE:-

```
# Please refactor the following class to improve readability, maintainability, and modularity,
# and incorporate the following:
# - Improve naming (name, age, marks).
       # - Add docstrings.
# - Improve print readability in the details method.
# - Possibly use sum(self.marks) if marks are stored in a list.
class Student:
             Represents a student with their name, age, and marks in three subjects.
             def __init__(self, name, age, mark1, mark2, mark3):
                   Initializes a new Student object.
                  args:
   name (str): The name of the student.
   age (int): The age of the student.
   markl (float): The mark in the first subject.
   mark2 (float): The mark in the second subject.
   mark3 (float): The mark in the third subject.
"""
                   self.name = name
self.age = age
self.marks = [mark1, mark2, mark3]
             def details(self):
                   Prints the details of the student (name and age).
                   print(f"Student Name: {self.name}\nStudent Age: {self.age}")
             def total(self):
                   Calculates and returns the total marks of the student.
                   Returns:
    float: The sum of the student's marks.
                   return sum(self.marks)
       # Example usage:
student1 = Student("Alice", 16, 85, 90, 78)
       student1.details()
print(f"Total Marks: {student1.total()}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Student Name: Alice
Student Age: 16
Total Marks: 253
```

TASK -4

Refactor this inefficient loop with AI help

PROMPT:

make and rewrite the code Python Code

```
nums = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
squares = []
```

for i in nums:

squares.append(i * i) add list comprehension

GENERATED CODE:

```
# Please rewrite the following code using a list comprehension:
nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
squares = [i * i for i in nums]

# You can print the new 'squares' list to verify the result:
print(squares)
```

OUTPUT:-

THANK YOU