

Where Every Slice is a Taste of Perfection

A DEEP DIVE INTO PIZZA SALES

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ABOUT THE PROJECT

This project analyzes pizza sales data using SQL to extract key insights, such as top-selling pizzas, revenue trends, and customer preferences. Through structured queries, the data is filtered, aggregated, and presented in a meaningful way to support data-driven decision-making for optimizing sales and inventory management.

Retrieve the total number of
orders placed

```
5 •   select count(order_id) as total_orders from orders
6
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	total_orders
▶	21350

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS total_revenue  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid	
	total_revenue
▶	817860.05

MOST POPULAR PIZZAS AMONG CUSTOMERS



The classic deluxe



The hawaiian



The barbecue

Identify the highest-priced pizza

```
select pizza_types.name,pizzas.price  
from pizza_types join pizzas  
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id  
order by pizzas.price desc limit 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

Identify the most common pizza size ordered

```
select pizzas.size, count(order_details.quantity) as order_count  
from pizzas join order_details  
on pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id  
group by pizzas.size order by order_count desc;
```

Result Grid | Filters

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name order by quantity desc limit 5;
```

	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
select pizza_types.category,sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by quantity desc;
```

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day

```
select * from orders;  
  
select hour(order_time) as hour, count(order_id) as order_count  
from orders  
group by hour order by order_count desc;
```

Result Grid		
	hour	order_count
▶	12	2520
	13	2455
	18	2399
	17	2336
	19	2009
	16	1920
	20	1642
	14	1472
	15	1468
	11	1231
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

- `select category, count(name) from pizza_types
group by category;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day

```
select round(avg(quantity),0) as avg_order_per_day from
(select orders.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from orders join order_details
on orders.order_id=order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date order by quantity) as order_quantity;
```

	avg_order_per_day
▶	138

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue

```
select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_type_id=pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc limit 5;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time

```
select order_date,  
       sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cumulative_revenue  
  from  
    (select orders.order_date,  
           sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
      from order_details join pizzas  
        on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
     join orders  
       on orders.order_id=order_details.order_id  
      group by orders.order_date) as sales ;
```

	order_date	cumulative_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65