Getting started with HTML

#### CSS Basics

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# Alignment basics

Let's explore how to align text and HTML elements using CSS.

Let's first focus on horizontal alignment. Vertical alignment is more difficult so you'll explore that later on.

Aligning text within an HTML element is very simple. To do this, you use the text-align CSS property. In the following example, the CSS rule is setting the text of all paragraph elements to be center aligned.

Text alignment can be set to left, right, center and justify.

The justify alignment spreads the text out so that every line of the text has the same width.

 $The \ default \ alignment \ is \ \textbf{1eft} \ for \ languages \ that \ are \ left-to-right \ such \ as \ English. For \ right-to-left \ languages \ such \ as \ languages \ languages \ such \ as \ languages \ lan$ Arabic, the default alignment is right.

### HTML Element Alignment

 $\mathsf{HTML}\ element\ alignment\ is\ more\ complicated\ than\ text\ alignment.\ To\ align\ \mathsf{HTML}\ elements, you\ must\ consider\ the\ box$ model and document flow from previous lessons. Aligning an HTML element is done by changing the properties of its box model and how it impacts the document flow.

### HTML Element Center Alignment

To center align an element, you set a width on the element and push its margins out to fill the remaining available space of the parent element as in the following HTML structure:

```
<div class="child">
  </div>
</div>
```

In your CSS, you'll set the parent element to have a red border to visualize the space it occupies:

```
.parent {
border: 4px solid ■red;
```

The  $\mathtt{child}$  element will have a width equal to 50% of the  $\mathtt{parent}$  element with a padding of 20 pixels. Note that padding: 20px is shorthand for setting the padding top, bottom, left and right to 20px. To visualize the space it occupies, set the border to green:

```
padding: 20px;
border: 4px solid ■green;
```

To align the element to the center, set its margin property to auto. The auto will tell the browser to calculate the margin automatically based on the space available.

```
.child {
  width: 50%;
  padding: 20px;
  border: 4px solid ■green;
  margin: auto;
```

The result is the child element is centered within the parent element:



It is important to note that this works because the  ${ t div}$  element is a block-level element.

If you want to align an inline element like img, you will need to change it to a block-level element. Similar to the  ${\tt div}$  example, you add the  ${\tt img}$  to a parent element:

The CSS rule then changes the img element to a block-level element and sets its margin to auto:

```
display: block;
width: 50%;
```

To be more precise, in CSS you can set only the left and right margins to auto. This allows you to set the top and bottommargins to specific values if needed.

```
display: block;
width: 50%;
margin-left: auto;
 margin-right: auto;
```

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## HTML Element Left / Right Alignment

The two most common ways to left and right align elements are to use the **float** property and the **position** property.

The position property has several value options that impact how the element displays in the document flow. You'll explore how to use the position property later on. For now, let's focus on the float property.

The float property sets an element's position relative to the text content within a parent element. Text will wrap

In the following example, the image will be aligned to the right of the  ${f div}$  element. The text content will wrap around the image:

HTML

CSS

```
1    .child {
2         | float: right;
3         }
```

The following displays in the web browser:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
Curabitur eu odio eget leo auctor porta sit amet sit amet justo. Donec fermentum quam in diam volutpat, at lacinia diam placerat. Aenean quis feugiat sem.
Suspendisse a dui massa. Phasellus scelerisque, mi vestibulum iaculis tristique, orci tellus gravida nisi, in pellentesque elit massa ut lorem. Sed elementum ornare nunc vel cursus. Duis sed enim in nulla efficitur convallis sed eget dolor. Curabitur scelerisque eros erat, in vulputate dolor consequat vel. Praesent ac sapien condimentum, ultricies libero at, auctor orci. Curabitur ut augue ac massa convallis faucibus sed in magna. Phasellus scelerisque auctor est a auctor. Nam laoreet sem sapien, porta imperdiet urna laoreet eu. Morbi dolor turpis, congue id bibendum eget, viverra et risus. Quisque vitae erat id tortor ullamcorper maximus.

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