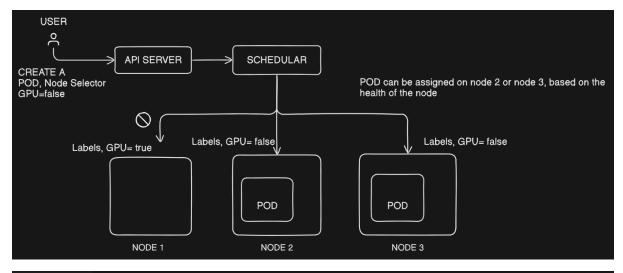
Node Selector is a simple way to constrain which nodes a pod can be scheduled on based on node labels. It allows you to ensure that a pod is only scheduled on nodes that match specific criteria.

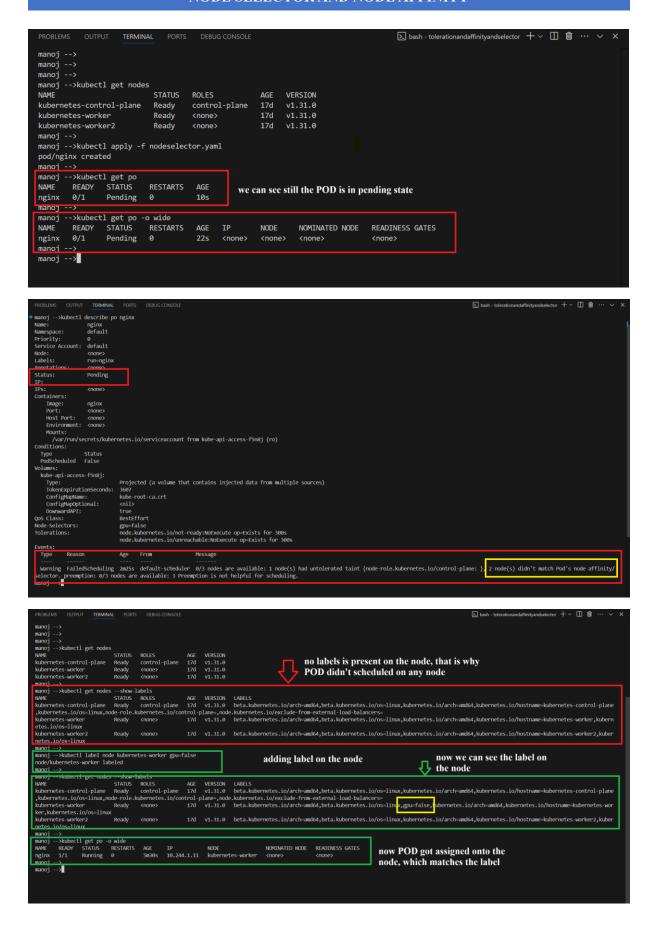
How Node Selector Works

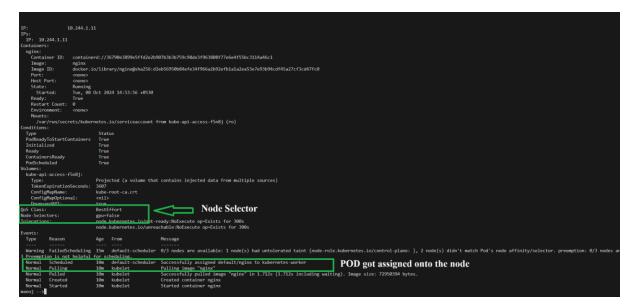
- **Node labels** are key-value pairs attached to nodes. You can add labels to nodes to categorize them (e.g., by hardware, software, or environment).
- A **Node Selector** in a pod's specification matches the node labels. The pod will only be scheduled on nodes that have the specified label(s).





```
kubernetes-control-plane
kubernetes-worker
                                                       control-plane <none>
                                                                                        v1.31.0
v1.31.0
kubernetes-worker2
                                         Ready
                                                       <none>
manoj -->kubectl describe node kubernetes-worker
                              kubernetes-worker
<none>
                              beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64
Labels:
                               heta.kubernetes.io/os=linux
                               gpu=false
kubernetes.1o/arch=amd64
                              kubernetes.io/hostname=kubernetes-worker
kubernetes.io/os=linux
                             kubeanm.alpha.kubernetes.io/cri-socket: unix://run/containerd/containerd.sock
node.alpha.kubernetes.io/ttl: 0
volumes.kubernetes.io/controller-managed-attach-detach: true
Fri, 20 Sep 2024 22:42:18 +0530
Annotations:
CreationTimestamp:
                              <none:
false</pre>
Unschedulable:
```

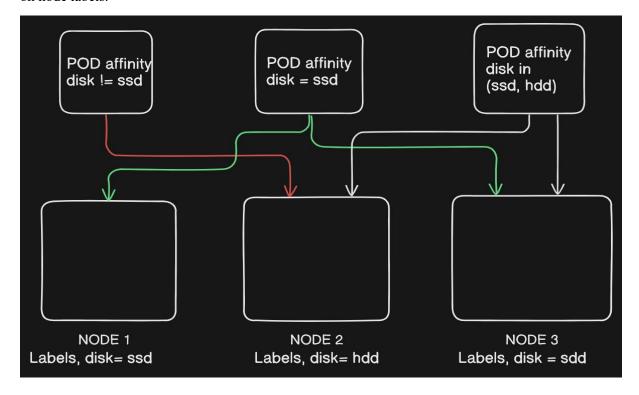




Limitations

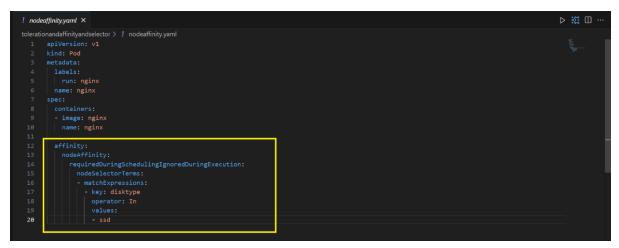
• **Node Selector** is a simple, exact match. If you need more complex placement logic (such as multiple conditions or soft constraints), you might want to use **Node Affinity**, which offers more flexibility for scheduling decisions.

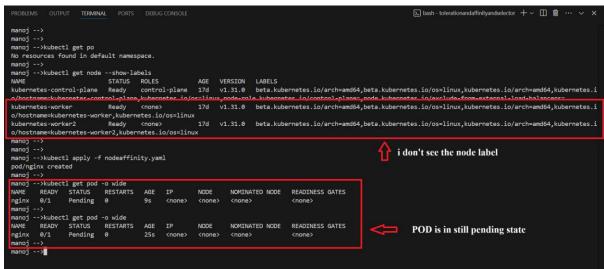
Node Affinity in Kubernetes is an advanced scheduling feature that provides more flexible rules for controlling which nodes a pod can be scheduled on, compared to the simpler **Node Selector**. It allows you to express both hard and soft constraints and supports more complex matching logic based on node labels.



Key Features of Node Affinity

- 1. **Hard constraints (requiredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution)**: These are mandatory rules. If a node does not meet these conditions, the pod will not be scheduled on that node. This behavior is similar to nodeSelector, but with more complex matching options.
- 2. **Soft constraints (preferredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution)**: These are "preferences." Kubernetes will try to place the pod on a node that meets the soft constraint, but it's not a strict requirement. If no such nodes are available, the pod will still be scheduled on other nodes that don't meet the preference.
- 3. **Match Expressions**: Unlike nodeSelector, which only allows exact matches, node affinity allows you to use expressions such as:
 - o In: Match nodes with any of the listed values for a key.
 - o **NotIn**: Exclude nodes with any of the listed values for a key.
 - Exists: Match nodes that have the specified key, regardless of its value.
 - o **DoesNotExist**: Exclude nodes that have the specified key.
 - o **Gt/Lt**: Match nodes with values greater than or less than a specific number (for numerical label values).





```
-->kubectl get nodes
                 etes-control-plane
                                                                                                         <none>
                   --kubectl label node kubernetes-worker disktype=ssd
bernetes-worker labeled
                   ->kubectl get node
                                                                                                                                                                                                      LABELS
beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64,beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux,kubernetes.io/arch=amd64,kuber
                etes-control-plane Ready Control-plane 170 v1731.0 beta Nachretes in/control-plane=, node kubernetes in/exclude-fro<u>m-external-load</u>-balancers=
etes-worker Ready (none) 17d v1.31.0 beta kubernetes.in/arch=amd64,beta kubernetes.in/os=linux<mark>,disktype=ssd,b</mark>ubernetes.in/arch=
                                                                              Ready (none> 17d v1.31.0 beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64,beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux,disktype=ssd,ubernetes.io/arch=amd64,beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux
Ready (none> 17d v1.31.0 beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64,beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux,kubernetes.io/arch=amd64,kubernetes.io
                    =kubernetes-worker2,kubernetes.io/os=linux
                                                                          RESTARTS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 NOMINATED NODE READINESS GATES
                                                                                                            AGE IP NODE

10m 10.244.1.3 kubernetes-worker
/var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from kube-api-access-7qhvh (ro) Conditions:
      Type
PodReadyToStartContainers
                                                                                         True
True
             Type:
TokenExpirationSeconds:
                                                                                       Projected (a volume that contains injected data from multiple sources)
QoS Class:
Node-Selectors:
Tolerations:
                                                                                      BestEffort
                                                                                     fonce>
node.kubernetes.io/not-ready:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
        Avaning FailedScheduling 12m default-scheduler 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane: }, 2 node(s)
n't match Pod's node affinity/selector. preemption: 0/3 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had untolerated tain
                                                                                                                                                                  Successfully assigned developing.

Pulling image "nginx"

Successfully pulled image "nginx" in 1.805s (1.805s including waiting). Image size: 72950394 bytes
                                                                                                                                                                   Created container nginx
Started container nginx
                                                                                                          kubelet
kubelet
```

<u>Note:</u> we use node affinity, taint and toleration together to make sure pod are accumulating in the nodes that are meant for it.

Eg: if we have large node and that node is run's on particular type of workload like GPU specific workload or AIML specific workload or node with high performance that is only meant to run data warehousing workload etc, in those case we use this together.