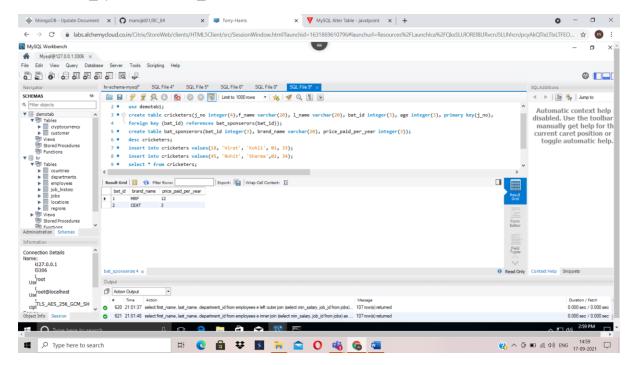
DDL commands:

1) Create

Create table cricketers(j_no integer(4), f_name varchar(20), l_name(20), bat_id integer(3), primary key(j_no), foreign key (bat_id) references bat sponerors(bat id));



2) Alter statement:

Alter table cricketers add ipl_team varchar(30) after bat_id; This adds extra column named as ipl_team

3) Drop statement:

Drop table cricketers;

Deletes whole table

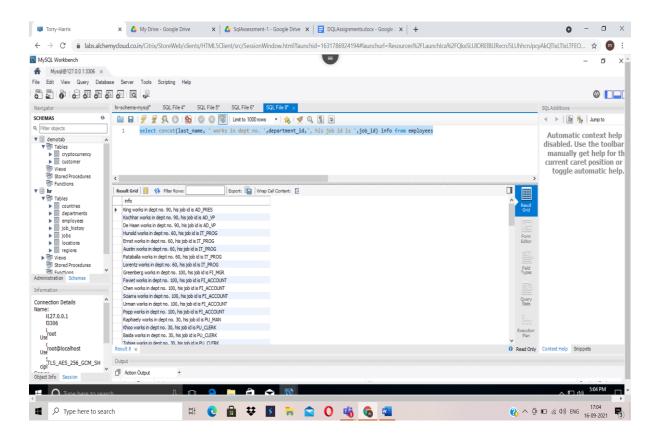
- 4) Rename statement: rename cricketers to indian_cricketers; This renames table name cricketers to indian_cricketers
- 5) Truncate:

Truncate table cricketers;

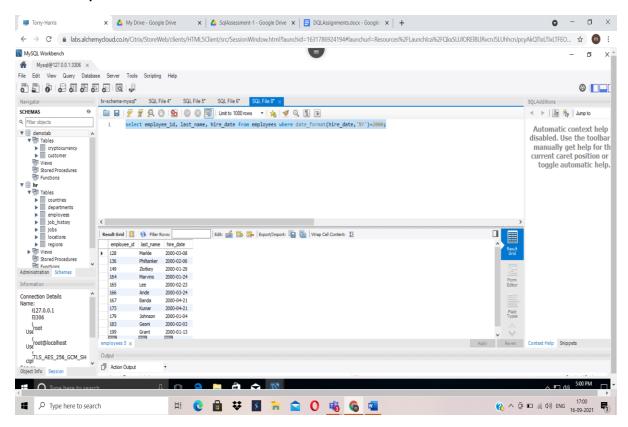
Deletes all records from table cricketers

DML commands:

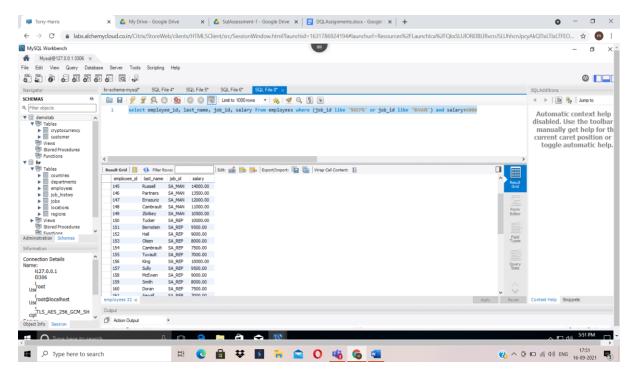
- Select: Select * from employees
 Retrireves data from database
- 2) Insert: insert into cricketers values(1, 'KL', 'Rahul', 111); Insert records into cricketers table
- 3) Update: update employees set salary=10000 where employee id=235;
- 4) Delete: delete table cricketers where bat_id=111; This deletes the specific record of the table cricketers



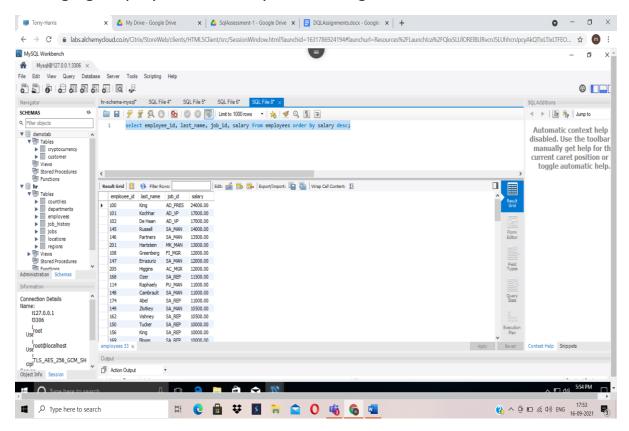
Date format to get the values of employee who joined in the year 2000



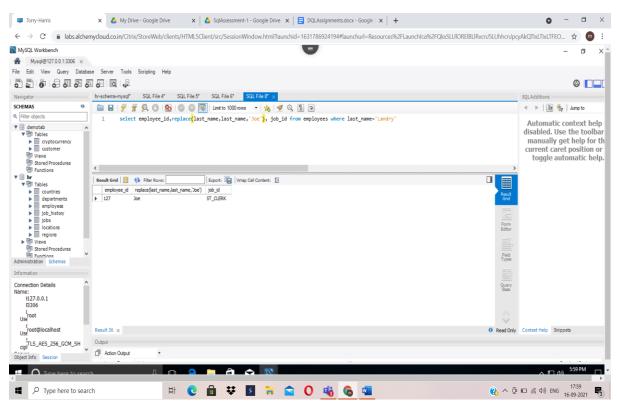
Details of employee who work as representative or manager using %man% to track the word in the id



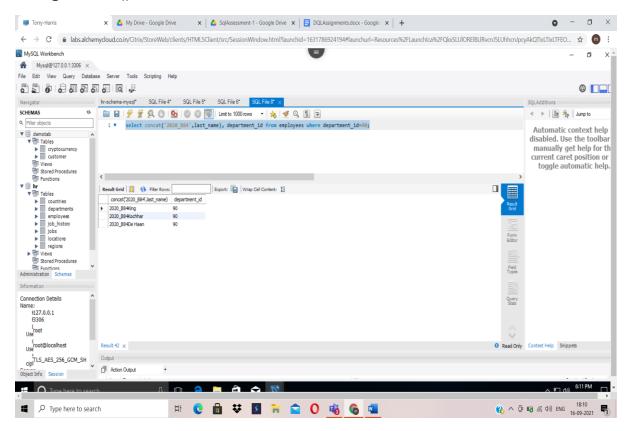
Arranging employees details by descending order of their salaries



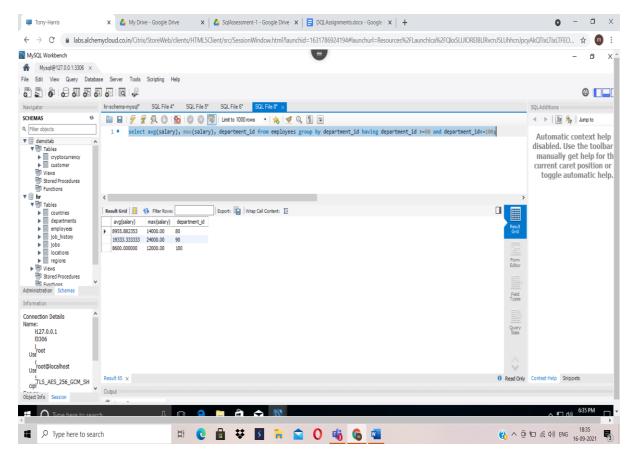
Using replace command



Using concat():



To get avg and max salary



Using distinct()

