

# API Documentation

## REST API Endpoints

### Health Check

**Endpoint:** `GET /api/v1/health`

**Purpose:** Verify system status and get performance metrics

**Response:** System health status, uptime, order statistics, and active symbols

**Use Case:** Monitoring and load balancer health checks

### Submit Order

**Endpoint:** `POST /api/v1/orders`

**Purpose:** Create and process a new trading order

**Parameters:** symbol, order\_type, side, quantity, price (for limit orders)

**Order Types Supported:** market, limit, ioc, fok

**Response:** Order status, fill information, and execution details

**Use Case:** Primary order entry point for traders and algorithms

### Submit Advanced Order

**Endpoint:** `POST /api/v1/advanced-orders`

**Purpose:** Create conditional orders that trigger based on market conditions

**Parameters:** symbol, order\_type, side, quantity, trigger\_price, limit\_price (for stop\_limit)

**Advanced Order Types:** stop\_loss, stop\_limit, take\_profit

**Response:** Order confirmation with trigger conditions

**Use Case:** Risk management and automated trading strategies

### Cancel Order

**Endpoint:** `DELETE /api/v1/orders/{order_id}`

**Purpose:** Remove an existing order from the order book

**Parameters:** order\_id (path parameter)

**Response:** Cancellation confirmation and fill summary

**Use Case:** Order management and position adjustment

### Get Order Status

**Endpoint:** `GET /api/v1/orders/{order_id}`

**Purpose:** Retrieve current status and execution details of a specific order

**Parameters:** order\_id (path parameter)

**Response:** Complete order details including fills and timestamps

**Use Case:** Order monitoring and reconciliation

## Get Order Book

**Endpoint:** `GET /api/v1/orderbook/{symbol}`

**Purpose:** Retrieve current market depth and price levels

**Parameters:** symbol (path), depth (query parameter for levels count)

**Response:** Bid/ask ladder with quantities and best bid/offer

**Use Case:** Market data display and trading decision support

## Get Performance Metrics

**Endpoint:** `GET /api/v1/performance`

**Purpose:** Monitor system performance and latency statistics

**Response:** Detailed latency metrics, throughput, and performance data

**Use Case:** System monitoring and performance optimization

# WebSocket API Feeds

## Trade Feed

**Connection:** `ws://localhost:8080/ws/trades`

**Purpose:** Real-time stream of all trade executions

**Data:** Trade details including price, quantity, participants, and fees

**Use Case:** Live trade monitoring, execution analysis, and position tracking

## Order Book Feed

**Connection:** `ws://localhost:8080/ws/orderbook`

**Purpose:** Real-time updates of order book changes

**Data:** Complete bid/ask depth and quantity changes

**Use Case:** Market making, price discovery, and order book analysis

## BBO Feed (Best Bid/Offer)

**Connection:** `ws://localhost:8080/ws/bbo`

**Purpose:** Real-time updates of best bid and ask prices

**Data:** Tightest spreads and market liquidity changes

**Use Case:** Spread monitoring, market liquidity assessment, and arbitrage

# API Design Philosophy

## Request-Response Pattern (REST)

- **Order Management:** All order operations use REST for reliability
- **Data Queries:** Snapshot data requests use REST for simplicity
- **Error Handling:** Structured error responses with clear codes

## Publish-Subscribe Pattern (WebSocket)

- **Market Data:** Real-time feeds for low-latency data distribution
- **Trade Executions:** Immediate notification of order fills
- **System Events:** Live updates for order book changes

## Data Consistency

- **Atomic Operations:** All order processing is atomic
- **Sequential Updates:** WebSocket messages maintain order sequence
- **State Synchronization:** Clients can detect and recover from missed messages

## Error Handling

- **Validation Errors:** Invalid parameters return 400 with specific details
- **Business Logic Errors:** Order rejections include reason codes
- **System Errors:** Internal errors return 500 with request identifiers

# Client Integration Guide

## Order Lifecycle

1. Submit order via REST API
2. Receive immediate execution response
3. Monitor fills via WebSocket trade feed
4. Check final status via order status endpoint
5. Cancel if needed via cancellation endpoint

## Market Data Integration

1. Connect to WebSocket feeds
2. Receive initial snapshot
3. Process real-time updates
4. Handle reconnection with sequence numbers
5. Verify data consistency with REST endpoints

## Best Practices

- Use WebSocket for real-time data instead of polling
- Implement exponential backoff for reconnections
- Validate all responses and handle errors gracefully
- Monitor performance metrics for system health
- Use order status API for reconciliation

# API Testing (Examples)

## 1. Basic Limit Order Matching

```
echo "=== TEST 1: Basic Limit Order Match ==="
# Bob sells 1 BTC @ $50,000
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{
    "symbol": "BTC-USDT",
    "order_type": "limit",
    "side": "sell",
    "quantity": "1.0",
    "price": "50000"
  }'

# Alice buys 1 BTC @ $50,000 (should match instantly)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{
    "symbol": "BTC-USDT",
    "order_type": "limit",
    "side": "buy",
    "quantity": "1.0",
    "price": "50000"
  }'
```

## 2. Price Priority (REG NMS Compliance)

```
echo "=== TEST 2: Price Priority Enforcement ==="
# Charlie sells @ $50,100 (worse price)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol": "BTC-USDT", "order_type": "limit", "side": "sell", "quantity": "1.0", "price": "50100"}'

# Bob sells @ $50,000 (better price)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol": "BTC-USDT", "order_type": "limit", "side": "sell", "quantity": "1.0", "price": "50000"}'

# Alice buys with market order
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol": "BTC-USDT", "order_type": "market", "side": "buy", "quantity": "1.0"}'
```

## 3. Time Priority (FIFO)

```
echo "=== TEST 3: Time Priority (First-In-First-Out) ==="
```

```
# David sells @ $50,000 (FIRST)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.0","price":"50000"}'

# Eve sells @ $50,000 (SECOND - same price)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.0","price":"50000"}'

# Frank buys 1 BTC
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"market","side":"buy","quantity":"1.0"}'
```

## 4. Market Order Walking Through Book

```
echo "=== TEST 4: Market Order Price Walking ==="
# Setup multiple price levels
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.0","price":"50000"}'
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"2.0","price":"50100"}'

# Large market buy (needs 2.5 BTC)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"market","side":"buy","quantity":"2.5"}'
```

## 5. IOC (Immediate or Cancel) Order

```
echo "=== TEST 5: IOC Order - Fill What You Can ==="
# Setup liquidity
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.5","price":"50000"}'

# IOC buy for more than available
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"ioc","side":"buy","quantity":"3.0","price":"50000"}'
```

## 6. FOK (Fill or Kill) Order

```
echo "=== TEST 6: FOK Order - All or Nothing ==="
# Only 1 BTC available
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.0","price":"50000"}'

# FOK wants 2 BTC
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol":"BTC-USD","order_type":"fok","side":"buy","quantity":"2.0","price":"50000"}'
```

## 7. Stop-Loss Order (BONUS FEATURE)

```
echo "=== TEST 7: Stop-Loss Order Protection ==="
# Alice places stop-loss sell at $49,000 (if price drops)
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/advanced-orders \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "symbol": "BTC-USDT",
  "order_type": "stop_loss",
  "side": "sell",
  "quantity": "1.0",
  "trigger_price": "49000.00"
}'
```

## 8. Stop-Limit Order (BONUS FEATURE)

```
echo "=== TEST 8: Stop-Limit Order ==="
# Bob places stop-limit sell: stop at $49,500, limit at $49,000
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/advanced-orders \
-d '{
  "symbol": "BTC-USDT",
  "order_type": "stop_limit",
  "side": "sell",
  "quantity": "1.0",
  "trigger_price": "49500.00",
  "limit_price": "49000.00"
}'
```

## 9. Take-Profit Order (BONUS FEATURE)

```
echo "=== TEST 9: Take-Profit Order ==="
# Charlie places take-profit sell at $55,000
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/advanced-orders \
-d '{
  "symbol": "BTC-USDT",
  "order_type": "take_profit",
  "side": "sell",
  "quantity": "1.0",
  "trigger_price": "55000.00"
}'
```

## 10. Order Cancellation

```
echo "=== TEST 10: Order Cancellation ==="
# Place an order
ORDER_RESPONSE=$(curl -s -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
-d '{"symbol": "BTC-USDT", "order_type": "limit", "side": "buy", "quantity": "1.0", "price": "49000"}')

# Extract order ID and cancel it
ORDER_ID=$(echo $ORDER_RESPONSE | python3 -c "import sys, json;
print(json.load(sys.stdin)['order_id'])")
```

```
curl -X DELETE http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders/$ORDER_ID
```

## 11. Real-time WebSocket Trade Feed

```
// Open browser console and run:
const ws = new WebSocket('ws://localhost:8080/ws/trades');
ws.onmessage = (event) => {
  const data = JSON.parse(event.data);
  if (data.type === 'trade') {
    console.log(`TRADE: ${data.quantity} BTC @ ${data.price} | Fees: ${data.maker_fee}/${data.taker_fee}
  USDT`);
  }
};
```

## 12. Real-time Order Book Feed

```
// Watch order book changes
const ws = new WebSocket('ws://localhost:8080/ws/orderbook');
ws.onmessage = (event) => {
  const data = JSON.parse(event.data);
  if (data.type === 'orderbook_update') {
    console.log('ORDER BOOK UPDATED:', data.bids.length + ' bids, ' + data.asks.length + ' asks');
  }
};
```

## 13. Order Book Depth Query

```
echo "=== TEST 13: Order Book Snapshot ==="
# Get top 10 levels
curl "http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orderbook/BTC-USDT?depth=10"
```

## 14. System Health & Performance Metrics

```
echo "=== TEST 14: System Health Check ==="
curl http://localhost:8000/api/v1/health
```

```
echo "=== PERFORMANCE METRICS ==="
curl http://localhost:8000/api/v1/performance
```

## 15. Fee Calculation Verification

```
echo "=== TEST 15: Fee Calculation ==="
# Make a trade and check WebSocket for fees
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.0","price":"50000"}'
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"market","side":"buy","quantity":"1.0"}'
```

## 16. Persistence & Recovery Test

```

echo "=== TEST 16: Crash Recovery ==="
# Place some orders, then restart server and verify they're still there
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"limit","side":"buy","quantity":"5.0","price":"48000"}'

# Restart server...
docker-compose restart matching-engine

# Check if order survived restart
curl http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orderbook/BTC-USDT

```

## REAL-WORLD TRADING SCENARIOS

### Scenario A: Market Maker Bot

```

echo "=== REAL SCENARIO: Market Making ==="
# Market maker places tight spread
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"limit","side":"buy","quantity":"1.0","price":"49999"}'
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"1.0","price":"50001"}'

```

### Scenario B: Risk Management

```

echo "=== REAL SCENARIO: Risk Management ==="
# Trader with long position sets stop-loss
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/advanced-orders \
  -d '{
    "symbol": "BTC-USDT",
    "order_type": "stop_loss",
    "side": "sell",
    "quantity": "2.0",
    "trigger_price": "48500.00"
  }'

```

### Scenario C: Large Institutional Order

```

echo "=== REAL SCENARIO: Large Order Impact ==="
# Fill book with liquidity
for i in {1..10}; do
  curl -s -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
    -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"limit","side":"sell","quantity":"2.0","price":"'${((50000 + i*100))}'"}' > /dev/null
done

# Institution buys 15 BTC with FOK
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/api/v1/orders \
  -d '{"symbol":"BTC-USDT","order_type":"fok","side":"buy","quantity":"15.0","price":"51000"}'

```