User Environment

- Environment <=> Process
- Implement protected user-mode environment
- Create single Envi → Load Image → Run
- GCC's Inline assembly language feature
- Context switch, Handling Traps
- Handle System Calls & Exceptions



Comparison

- Struct env
- env_free_list
- NENV
- envs array
- struct Env *curenv = NULL

- Struct pageinfo
- page_free_list
- npages
- pages array



```
struct Env {
struct Trapframe env tf;
struct Env *env link;
envid t env id;
envid t env parent id;
enum EnvType env type;
unsigned env status;
uint32 t env runs;
pde t *env pgdir;};
```



Environment Array

- Save register context when environment is not about to run.
- •On termination, the kernel may re-allocate the same Env array.
- The new envs will have a different env_id, even though re-using the same slot.





• In mem_init() allocate the envs array & map it to UENVS region in memory as read-only.

- Initialize envs, segment descriptors & GDT
- boot_map_region
- boot_alloc
- env_init

Setting the VM

- Set the segment Descriptor(assembly code)
- env_init_percpu
- pde_t *env_pgdir; // Kernel VA address of PD
- Allocate a page for PD. Each environment has a Page Table.
- env_pgdir array is mapped to array of PD entries.
- env_setup_vm



Setting the Env to run

- Allocate memory & init env (env_alloc)
- Initialize parent_id, type to default value.
- Load ELF image to user Addr Space (load_icode)
- Phy memory allocation for env.
- Map it to VA
- Function : region_alloc
- Allocate Page, Insert
- i386_init → env_create → load_icode → region_alloc

