V2_using_lists_and_tuples

August 12, 2025

1 Activity: Using Lists & Tuples

1.1 Introduction

In this activity you will practice using and creating lists and tuples. This activity contains the following topics: - Creating lists - Creating tuples - Indexing - Slicing - List methods - Unpacking

Question 1 Create a list called countries with the names of 5 different countries of your choice.

```
[24]: countries = ["Brazil", "Japan", "Canada", "Australia", "India"] print(countries)
```

['Brazil', 'Japan', 'Canada', 'Australia', 'India']

```
[25]: # Question 1 Grading Checks
assert isinstance(countries, list), 'Your variable is not a list'
```

Question 2 Using the countries list, assign the first and last countries in the list to the variables first_country and last_country respectively.

```
[34]: countries = ["Brazil", "Japan", "Canada", "Australia", "India"]
first_country = countries[0] # Brazil
last_country = countries[-1] # India

print(first_country)
print(last_country)
```

Brazil India

```
[23]: # Question 2 Grading Checks

assert isinstance(first_country, str), 'Your variable is not a string'
assert isinstance(last_country, str), 'Your variable is not a string'
```

Question 3 Using the countries list, add a country to the end of the list and then assign the last 3 countries to a variable called last_three_countries.

Question 4 You're given a tuple containing superheroes, unpack the tuple into variables superman, batman, and black_panther

```
[29]: # Given tuple
superheroes = ('Superman', 'Batman', 'Black Panther')
```

```
[30]: superman, batman, black_panther = superheroes

print(superman)
print(batman)
print(black_panther)
```

Superman
Batman
Black Panther

```
[31]: # Question 6 Grading Checks

assert isinstance(superman, str), 'Your variable is not a string'
assert isinstance(batman, str), 'Your variable is not a string'
assert isinstance(black_panther, str), 'Your variable is not a string'
```