



HAROKOPIO UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION & TELEMATICS

Report 1st Assignment: Machine Learning and Applications

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The code can be executed by running:

```
python3test_lr.py
```

This run gives the answers to questions 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3.

Indicative execution result:

```
Exercise 3_1 Answer ===== :  
0.7284008391518103  
=====
```

Exercise 3_2 Answer ===== :
Average RMSE: 0.8103139007144605
Standard Deviation of RMSE: 0.3133107528343484
=====

Exercise 3_3 Answer ===== :
Sklearn linear regression:
Average RMSE: 0.7272591467976938
Standard Deviation of RMSE: 0.009588274075152071
=====

In the archive `linear_regression.py` is the implementation of the `LinearRegression` class (as asked in question 2).

3_3 Question: Comparison - Commenting on Results:

Running query 2's `LinearRegression` 20 times and sklearn's `LinearRegression` another 20 times and comparing the mean and standard deviation of the RMSE, we notice that sklearn has better predicted the true values of y . This is first shown by the RMSE of sklearn, which after 20 trials equals 0.7272591467976938 which is smaller (so has less "errors" in the predictions) than that of the `LinearRegression` class of the 2nd query, which equals

0.8103139007144605. The same is demonstrated by the standard deviation of the RMSE, which after 20 trials equals 0.009588274075152071 in sklearn while in the `LinearRegression` class of the 2nd query it equals 0.3133107528343484.