Iteration 2: Identifying Structures to Support Primary Functionality

The goal of this iteration is to reason the units of implementation. This will affect the team's formation, interfaces and means by which the development task may be implemented.

Step 2: Establish Iteration Goal by Selecting Drivers

The goal of this iteration is to address the general architectural concern of identifying structures to support primary functionality. Identifying these elements is useful for understanding how functionality is supported and for addressing CRN-2:Allocate work to the members of the development team. Keeping this in mind, the following are the drivers that we as the architects must account for besides CRN-2:

- UC-2: Buy or Sell arts: This directly supports the core of the project through the purchasing of art pieces and the ability to add to the database by the administrator
- UC-5: Collection Page: This directly supports the core of the project through the ability to modify the art piece collections page
- UC-8: Manage Art Gallery: This directly supports the core of the project through the ability to modify the art pieces database. It also supports modifiability of the back end with a technician

Step 3: Choose One or More Elements of the System to Refine

The elements that are to be refined are those that are directly associated with the different layers that were previously defined by the reference architectures. Specifically, the main functional requirements must be refined in reference to the architecture designed in iteration 1.

Step 4: Choose One or More Design Concepts That Satisfy the Selected Drivers Selected design concepts

The following table summarizes the selection of design decisions in this iteration:

Design Decisions and Location	Rationale and Assumptions
Create a Domain Model for the application	A Domain Model is useful for the system to identify major entities and their relationships within the domain. The Domain Model always exists within a system, however, the earlier it is designed the easier it becomes to understand. So, an initial Domain Model must be created early in the design process.
Identify Domain Objects that map to the functional requirements	After the initial Domain Model, each Domain Object must then be identified and encapsulated in its own building block.
Decompose Domain Objects into generalized and specialized Components	Once the Domain Objects have been identified and encapsulated, they must be specialized into modules and components that are specific to the layer they are located in.

Step 5: Instantiate Architectural Elements, Allocate Responsibilities, and Define Interfaces

The instantiation design decisions made in this iteration are summarized in the following table:

Design Decisions and Location	Rationale
Create only an initial domain model	An initial domain model is created to accelerate this design phase . In this domain model , the entities of the primary use cases are identified and modeled .
Map the system use cases to domain objects	System's use cases are analysed which results in the identification of domain objects. Domain objects of all the use cases are identified to address CRN-2.
Decompose the domain objects across the layers to identify layer-specific modules with an explicit interface	This method of working confirms that the module that maintains all of the features are recognized. The use case will be handled by the architect. This helps the remaining team members to identify the module, which allows the work to be equally distributed.

Step 6: Sketch Views and Record Design Decisions

Several diagrams are created as a result of design decisions made in step 5 are as follows:

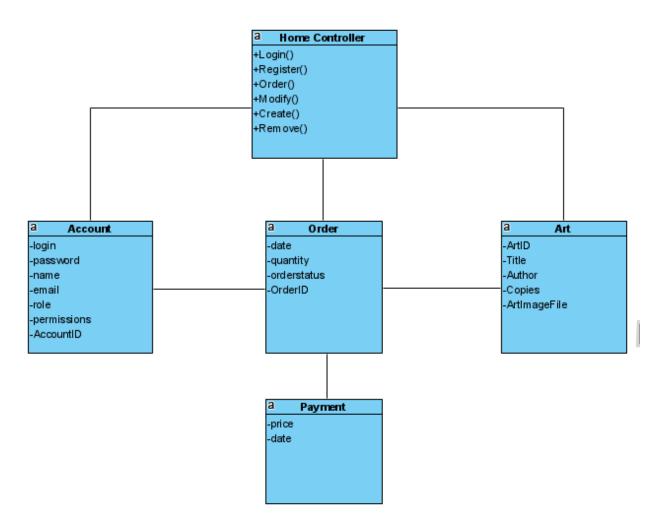


Figure 5: Initial Domain model for the Art Gallery Website

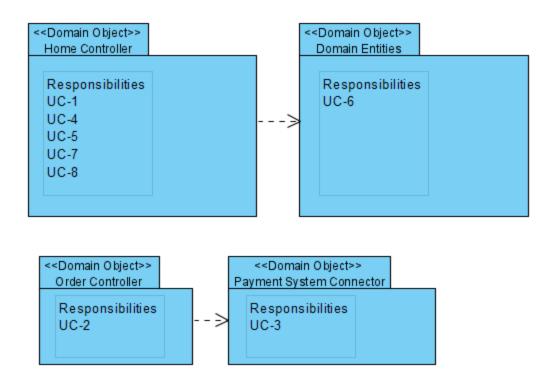


Figure 6:Domain Objects associated with the Use Case Model.

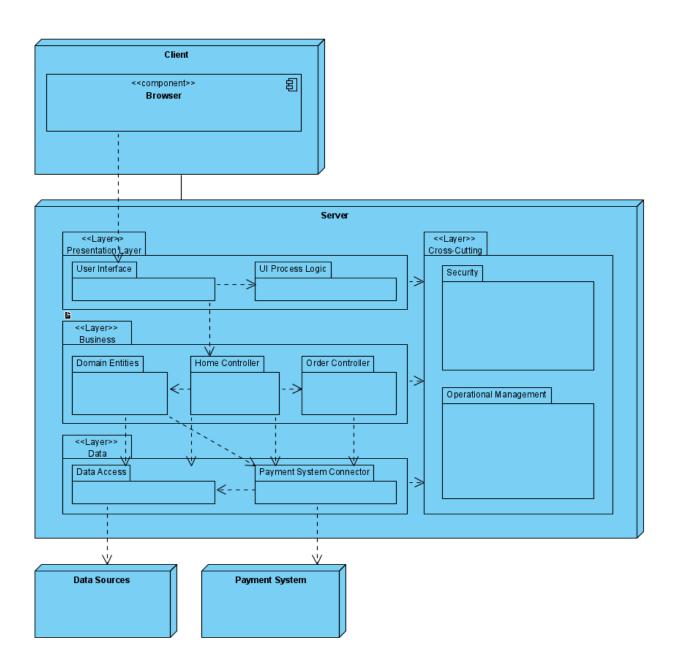


Figure 7: Module view with modules that support primary use cases

The following summarizes the responsibilities for the elements identified in Figure 7:

Element	Responsibility
Browser	Application module that is used by the client to interact with the server applications to provide or display information. Runs on

	the client machine	
User Interface	These components are responsible for receiving/sending information to the users through inputs like buttons, text fields, etc	
UI Process Logic	These components are used to direct the flow of the applications use cases. This can include data validation, providing data from business layer to presentation layer, etc	
Domain Entities	Contains the entities from the domain model. These include account processing, registration, etc	
Home Controller	Contains business logic pertaining to most use cases of the system. This includes logging in, registering, modifying the art gallery, etc (UC-1, UC-4, UC-5, UC-7, UC-8)	
Order Controller	This controller processes business logic pertaining to the ordering of artwork (UC-2)	
Data Access	This module encapsulates persistence mechanisms to provide basic operations like retrieving and storing data	
Payment System Connector	This connector is responsible for communication between the order controller and the external payment system, in other words a service agent	
Security	These components include functionality to handle security aspects such as authorization and authentication	
Operational Management	These components handle cross-cutting concerns such as exception management, logging, and instrumentation and validation	

Sequence Diagrams for primary use cases:

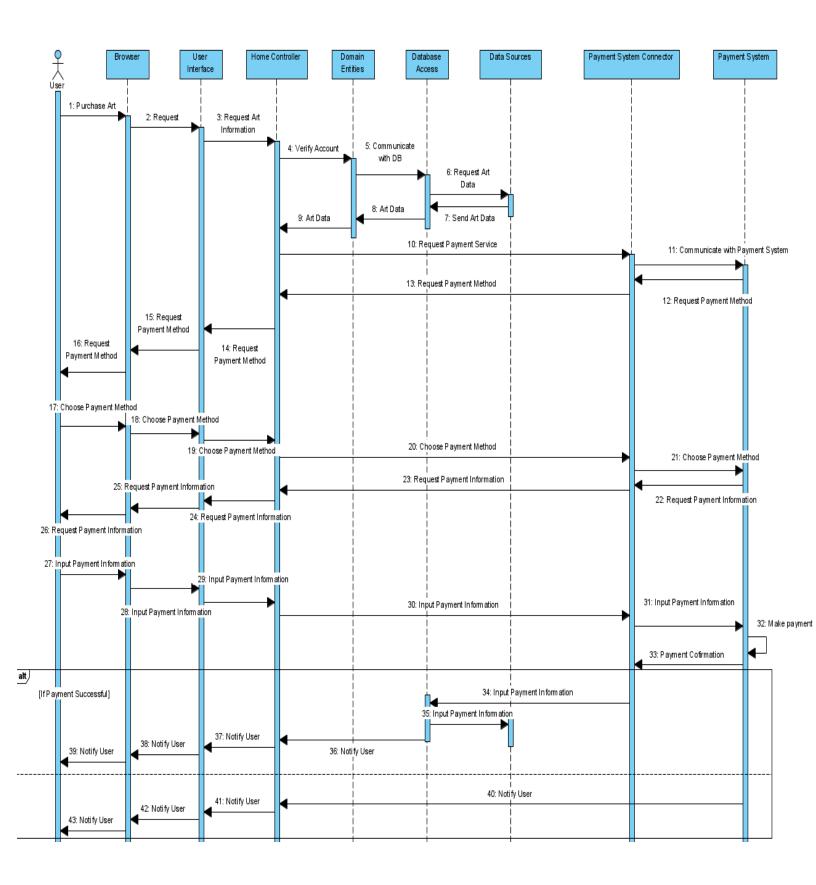


Figure 8: Sequence Diagram for UC-2: Buy or Sell Art

The following table describe the interactive elements of the Figure 8:

Method	Description	
Element: Browser		
Request	Browser is requesting the information pertaining to the art requested by the user	
Choose Payment Method	Payment System asks user what payment method they would like to use, then user selects from given list and browser is passing along parameters	
Input Payment Information	User inputs information for given payment method and browser is passing along parameters	
Element: User Interface		
Request Art information	User interface is requesting the information pertaining to the art requested by the user to display to send to the browser	
Choose Payment Method	User Interface is passing parameters of payment system chosen to payment system connector	
Input Payment Information	User Interface is passing parameters of payment information to payment system connector	
Element: Home Controller		
Verify Account (Request Art Information)	This method verifies that the user account is valid with the account management system in Domain Entities and requesting art information through that	
Element: Domain Entities		

Communicate with DB	This method requests art information that the user requested to purchase	
Element: Database Access		
Request Art Data	This method requests art information that the user requested to purchase	
Input Payment Information	Access Database to input payment information (invoice etc)	
Element: Payment System Connector		
Communicate with Payment System	Connect to the external Payment system Application	
Choose Payment Method	Transfer user inputted information to the Payment System Application	
Input Payment Method	Transfer user inputted information to the Payment System Application	
Input Payment Information	Transfer information from payment (invoice etc) to the database	
Element: Payment System		
Make Payment	Payment System Application uses user inputted information to make a payment	

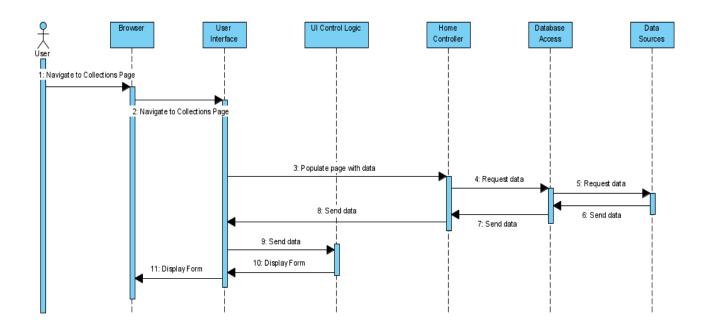


Figure 9: Sequence Diagram for UC-5: Collection Page

The following table describe the interactive elements of the Figure 9:

Method	Description	
Element: Browser		
Navigate to Collections Page	This method calls the User Interface to provide a form for the User Interface	
Element: User Interface		
Populate page with data	Request information from database to display to the user viewing the collections page	
Send data	Send database information to UI Control Logic to receive updated element information	
Element: Home Controller		
Request Data	Request information from database	

Element: Database Access	
Request Data	Request access to read database information

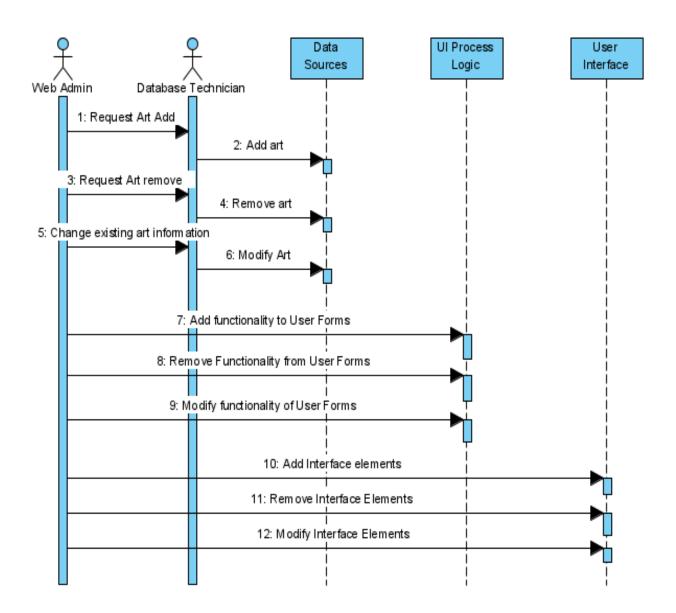


Figure 10: Sequence Diagram for UC-8: Manage Art Gallery

The following table describe the interactive elements of the Figure 10:

Method	Definition	
User: Web Admin		
Request Art Add	Web Admin makes decision about which art to add and then notifies Database Technician	
Request Art Remove	Web Admin makes decision about which art to remove and then notifies Database Technician	
Change existing art information	Web Admin makes decision about which art to modify and then notifies Database Technician	
Add functionality to User Forms	Web Admin makes decision about which functionalities should be added to the system and directly accesses the UI Process Logic to add them	
Remove functionality to User Forms	Web Admin makes decision about which functionalities should be removed to the system and directly accesses the UI Process Logic to remove them	
Modify functionality to User Forms	Web Admin makes decision about which functionalities should be modified to the system and directly accesses the UI Process Logic to modify them	
Add Interface Elements	Web Admin makes decision about which interface elements should be added to the system and directly accesses the User Interface to add them	
Remove Interface Elements	Web Admin makes decision about which interface elements should be removed to	

	the system and directly accesses the User Interface to remove them	
Modify Interface Elements	Web Admin makes decision about which interface elements should be modified to the system and directly accesses the User Interface to modify them	
User: Database Technician		
Add art	Database Technician receives information from Web Admin to update database by adding art information	
Remove Art	Database Technician receives information from Web Admin to update database by removing art information	
Modify Art	Database Technician receives information from Web Admin to update database by modifying existing art information	

Step 7: Perform Analysis of Current Design and Review Iteration Goal and Achievement of Design Purpose

The design decisions in this iteration provided an initial understanding of how functionality is supported in the system. Modules associated with the functionality of the system were identified and defined.

Not Addressed	Partially Addressed	Fully Addressed	Rationale
	UC-2		The payment system to pay for art has been implemented, but a system that pays the users selling art on the website must still be implemented to fulfill UC-2
		UC-5	The collection page is fully implemented as a modifiable page that can be displayed to the user if they wish to browse art on the art gallery
		UC-8	The art gallery is fully modifiable through direct access to the database and the user interface forms are also modifiable directly
	QA-2		The elements that support the associated use case (UC-2) have been identified
	QA-4		The elements that support the associated use cases (UC-2, UC-8) have been identified
	QA-6		The elements that support the associated use case (UC-2) have been identified
QA-7			No relevant decisions made.
	CON-1		No relevant decisions made.

CON-2		Modules responsible for collecting data have been identified.
CON-3		No relevant decisions made.
CON-4		No relevant decisions made.
CON-5		Modules responsible for authentication and data modification have been identified.
	CRN-2	Modules associated with all of the use cases have been identified and work was distributed among the team members.