

WALMART SALES EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

Limit to 5000 rows

```
-- Exploratory Data Analysis
-- Viewing the table
SELECT * FROM walmart.sales;
```

Result Grid

	invoice_id	branch	city	customer_type	gender	product_line	unit_price	quantity	tax_pct	total	date	time	payment	cogs	gross_margin_pct
▶	101-17-6199	A	Yangon	Normal	Male	Food and beverages	46	7	16.0265	337	2019-03-13 00:00:00	19:44:00	Credit card	321	4.7619
	101-81-4070	C	Naypyitaw	Member	Female	Health and beauty	63	2	6.282	132	2019-01-17 00:00:00	12:36:00	Ewallet	126	4.7619
	102-06-2002	C	Naypyitaw	Member	Male	Sports and travel	25	5	6.3125	133	2019-03-20 00:00:00	17:52:00	Cash	126	4.7619
	102-77-2261	C	Naypyitaw	Member	Male	Health and beauty	65	7	22.8585	480	2019-03-05 00:00:00	18:02:00	Credit card	457	4.7619
	105-10-6182	A	Yangon	Member	Male	Fashion accessories	21	2	2.148	45	2019-02-27 00:00:00	12:22:00	Ewallet	43	4.7619
	105-31-1824	A	Yangon	Member	Male	Sports and travel	70	7	24.332	511	2019-02-01 00:00:00	15:10:00	Credit card	487	4.7619
	106-35-6779	A	Yangon	Member	Male	Home and lifestyle	44	2	4.434	93	2019-03-27 00:00:00	11:26:00	Cash	89	4.7619
	109-28-2512	B	Mandalay	Member	Female	Fashion accessories	98	6	29.283	615	2019-01-07 00:00:00	15:01:00	Ewallet	586	4.7619
	109-86-4363	B	Mandalay	Member	Female	Sports and travel	60	7	21.028	442	2019-02-14 00:00:00	11:36:00	Credit card	421	4.7619
	110-05-6330	C	Naypyitaw	Normal	Female	Food and beverages	39	6	11.829	248	2019-03-25 00:00:00	20:18:00	Credit card	237	4.7619
	110-48-7033	B	Mandalay	Member	Male	Fashion accessories	33	4	6.524	137	2019-01-29 00:00:00	14:12:00	Cash	130	4.7619

Limit to 5000 rows

```
-- Feature Engineering
select time, (
  case
    when time between '00:00:00' and '12:00:00' then 'Morning'
    when time between '12:01:00' and '16:00:00' then 'Afternoon'
    else 'Evening'
  end
) as time_of_day from sales;

alter table sales
add column time_of_day varchar(50);

update sales
```

Result Grid

	duct_line	unit_price	quantity	tax_pct	total	date	time	payment	cogs	gross_margin_pct	gross_income	rating	time_of_day
▶	Food and beverages	46	7	16.0265	337	2019-03-13 00:00:00	19:44:00	Credit card	321	4.7619	16	7	Evening
	Health and beauty	63	2	6.282	132	2019-01-17 00:00:00	12:36:00	Ewallet	126	4.7619	6	4.9	Afternoon
	Sports and travel	25	5	6.3125	133	2019-03-20 00:00:00	17:52:00	Cash	126	4.7619	6	6.1	Evening
	Health and beauty	65	7	22.8585	480	2019-03-05 00:00:00	18:02:00	Credit card	457	4.7619	23	4.2	Evening

Limit to 5000 rows

```

22
23 -- Add column 'day_name' -----
24 -----
25 • SET SQL_SAFE_UPDATES = 0;
26 • alter table sales
27   add column day_name varchar(50);
28
29 • select date, dayname(date) from sales;
30
31 • update sales
32   set day_name = (dayname(date));
33
34 -- Add column 'month_name' -----

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: [F](#)

product_line	unit_price	quantity	tax_pct	total	date	time	payment	cogs	gross_margin_pct	gross_income	rating	time_of_day	day_name
Food and beverages	46	7	16.0265	337	2019-03-13 00:00:00	19:44:00	Credit card	321	4.7619	16	7	Evening	Wednesday
Electronics and beauty	63	2	6.282	132	2019-01-17 00:00:00	12:36:00	Ewallet	126	4.7619	6	4.9	Afternoon	Thursday
Sports and travel	25	5	6.3125	133	2019-03-20 00:00:00	17:52:00	Cash	126	4.7619	6	6.1	Evening	Wednesday
Home and beauty	65	7	22.8585	480	2019-03-05 00:00:00	18:02:00	Credit card	457	4.7619	23	4.2	Evening	Tuesday

Limit to 5000 rows

```

31 • update sales
32   set day_name = (dayname(date));
33
34 -- Add column 'month_name' -----
35 -----
36
37 • alter table sales
38   add column month_name varchar(50);
39
40 • select date, monthname(date) from sales;
41
42 • update sales
43   set month_name = monthname(date);

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: [F](#)

product_line	unit_price	quantity	tax_pct	total	date	time	payment	cogs	gross_margin_pct	gross_income	rating	time_of_day	day_name	month_name
Food and beverages	46	7	16.0265	337	2019-03-13 00:00:00	19:44:00	Credit card	321	4.7619	16	7	Evening	Wednesday	March
Electronics and beauty	63	2	6.282	132	2019-01-17 00:00:00	12:36:00	Ewallet	126	4.7619	6	4.9	Afternoon	Thursday	January
Sports and travel	25	5	6.3125	133	2019-03-20 00:00:00	17:52:00	Cash	126	4.7619	6	6.1	Evening	Wednesday	March
Home and beauty	65	7	22.8585	480	2019-03-05 00:00:00	18:02:00	Credit card	457	4.7619	23	4.2	Evening	Tuesday	March

Limit to 5000 rows

```

1 -- What is the most selling product line ?
2
3 • select product_line, count(product_line) as count from sales
4   group by product_line
5   order by count desc;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [F](#)

product_line	count
Fashion accessories	178
Food and beverages	174
Electronic accessories	170
Sports and travel	166
Home and lifestyle	160
Health and beauty	152

Limit to 5000 rows

```

1  -- What product line had the largest revenue?
2
3  • select product_line, sum(total) as sales from sales
4    group by product_line
5    order by sales desc
6    limit 1;
7

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

product_line	sales
Food and beverages	56153

Limit to 5000 rows

```

1  -- >> Fetch each product line and add a column to those product line
2  -- showing "Good", "Bad". Good if its greater than average sales
3
4  • select product_line, case
5    when avg_sale >= (select ROUND(AVG(total), 2) from sales) then 'Good'
6    else 'Bad'
7    end as performance
8  from (select product_line, round(avg(total), 2) as avg_sale
9    from sales
10   group by product_line
11  ) as subquery;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

product_line	performance
Food and beverages	Bad
Health and beauty	Good
Sports and travel	Good
Fashion accessories	Bad
Home and lifestyle	Good
Electronic accessories	Bad

```

1  -- >> Which branch sold more products than average product sold?
2
3  • WITH qnt1 AS (
4    SELECT branch, SUM(quantity) as qnt
5    FROM sales
6    GROUP BY branch
7  )
8  SELECT branch, SUM(quantity) as qnt FROM sales
9  GROUP BY branch
10 HAVING SUM(quantity) > (SELECT AVG(qnt) FROM qnt1)

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

branch	qnt
A	1859

<div> </div>			
1	-- >> What is the most common product line by gender?		
2			
3	• SELECT gender, product_line, count(gender) as count from sales		
4	group by gender, product_line		
5	order by gender desc;		
6			

<div> Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: </div>			
gender	product_line	count	
▶ Male	Electronic accessories	86	
Male	Fashion accessories	82	
Male	Food and beverages	84	
Male	Health and beauty	88	
Male	Home and lifestyle	81	
Male	Sports and travel	78	
Female	Electronic accessories	84	
Female	Fashion accessories	96	
Female	Food and beverages	90	
Female	Health and beauty	64	
Female	Home and lifestyle	79	
Female	Sports and travel	88	

<div> </div>			
1	-- >> What is the average rating of each product line?		
2			
3	• SELECT product_line, ROUND(AVG(rating),2) AS avg_rating FROM sales		
4	GROUP BY product_line;		

<div> Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: </div>			
product_line	avg_rating		
▶ Food and beverages	7.11		
Health and beauty	7		
Sports and travel	6.92		
Fashion accessories	7.03		
Home and lifestyle	6.84		
Electronic accessories	6.92		

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> What is the total revenue by month ?
2
3 • select month_name, sum(total) as sales from sales
4 group by month_name;
5
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [FA](#)

	month_name	sales
▶	March	109463
	January	116294
	February	97213

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> Number of sales made in each time of the day per weekday ?
2
3 • SELECT day_name, COUNT(invoice_id) as total_invoice, SUM(total) as sale FROM sales
4 GROUP BY day_name;
5
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [FA](#)

	day_name	total_invoice	sale
▶	Wednesday	143	43731
	Thursday	138	45352
	Tuesday	158	51486
	Friday	139	43923
	Monday	125	37905
	Saturday	164	56118
	Sunday	133	44455

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> What is the city with the largest revenue?
2
3 • select city, sum(total) as sale from sales
4 group by city
5 order by sale desc;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [FA](#)

	city	sale
▶	Naypyitaw	110569
	Yangon	106202
	Mandalay	106199

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> What is the most common customer type?
2 • SELECT
3     customer_type, count(customer_type) as count
4 from sales
5 group by customer_type
6 order by count desc;
7
```

Result Grid

	customer_type	count
▶	Member	501
	Normal	499

Limit to 5000 rows

```
3 • SELECT
4     customer_type, count(invoice_id) as count
5 from sales
6 group by customer_type
7 order by count desc;
8
```

Result Grid

	customer_type	count
▶	Member	501
	Normal	499

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> What is the gender of most of the customers?
2 • SELECT
3     gender, COUNT(gender) as count
4 FROM
5     sales
6 GROUP BY gender
7 ORDER BY count DESC;
8
```

Result Grid

	gender	count
▶	Female	501
	Male	499

Limit to 5000 rows

```

1  -- >> What is the gender distribution per branch?
2
3  • SELECT branch,
4        SUM(CASE WHEN gender = 'Male' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as male_count,
5        SUM(CASE WHEN gender = 'Female' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as female_count
6  FROM sales
7  GROUP BY branch;
8

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	branch	male_count	female_count
▶	A	179	161
	C	150	178
	B	170	162

Limit to 5000 rows

```

1  -- >> Which of the customer types brings the most revenue?
2  • SELECT
3        customer_type, SUM(total) as total
4  FROM
5  sales
6  group by customer_type
7  order by total desc
8  LIMIT 1;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows: |

	customer_type	total
▶	Member	164230

Limit to 5000 rows

```

1  -- >> Which time of the day do customers give most ratings per branch?
2  • WITH rating_counts AS (
3      SELECT branch, time_of_day, COUNT(rating) as count,
4            RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY branch order by count(rating) desc) as ranking
5      FROM sales
6      GROUP BY branch, time_of_day)
7  select branch, time_of_day from rating_counts
8  where ranking = 1;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	branch	time_of_day
▶	A	Evening
	B	Evening
	C	Evening

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> Which day of the week has the best avg ratings?
2
3 • SELECT day_name, ROUND(AVG(rating),2) as avg_rat
4 FROM sales
5 GROUP BY day_name
6 ORDER BY avg_rat DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	day_name	avg_rat
▶	Monday	7.15
	Friday	7.08
	Sunday	7.01
	Tuesday	7
	Saturday	6.9
	Thursday	6.89
	Wednesday	6.81

Limit to 5000 rows

```
1 -- >> Which day of the week has the best average ratings per branch?
2 • WITH avgdf as
3 (SELECT branch, day_name, ROUND(AVG(rating),2) as avg_rat,
4 RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY branch ORDER BY ROUND(AVG(rating),2) DESC) AS avg_rank
5 FROM sales
6 GROUP BY branch, day_name)
7
8 SELECT branch, day_name, avg_rat from avgdf
9 WHERE avg_rank = 1;
10
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	branch	day_name	avg_rat
▶	A	Friday	7.31
	B	Monday	7.34
	C	Friday	7.28