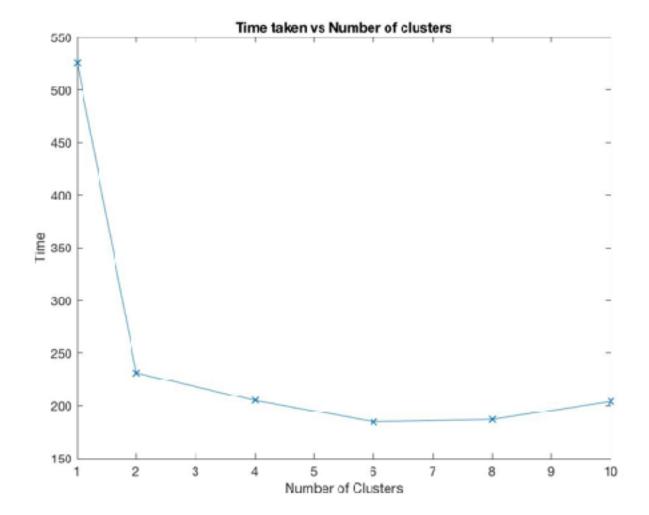
- 1. Answer the questions in the collaboration policy on page 1.
- Did you receive any help whatsoever from anyone in solving this assignment?

NO

• Did you give any help whatsoever to anyone in solving this assignment?

NO

- 2. As we increase number of clusters, time taken to complete the reduce process decreases upto some limit (6 clusters), after that it starts increasing. There can be many reasons behind this:
  - A. Communication overhead: The output of sort operation has to be sent to reducers, as number of reducers increase this time increases. If data set is large enough this time won't have much effect on total time be because of computation overhead. But after certain limit, it will overweight and become more than computation time.
  - B. If every processor in reduce step, does not have same speed or amount of work to do,(data is not evenly distributed across processes), the time taken for whole operation will be determined by processor that has smallest data.



3.

# Mapper 1:

# Pseudo-Code:

```
for line in sys.stdin:
```

```
doc = line.split('\t')
```

 $doc_id = doc[0]$ 

features = tokenizeDoc(doc[1])

D = len(features)

for feature in features:

print "W=\*,D\_ID=", doc\_id, "\t", D #Printing W\* just to calculte avg #lenght in reducer, to avoid unnecessary parsing

### Output:

W=alpha,D\_ID=id1,D=560 1

W=beta,D\_ID=id1,D=560 1

W=zebra,D\_ID=id1,D=560 1

W=\*,D\_ID=id1 560

D=\* 1

W=alpha,D\_ID=id2,D=100 1

W=beta,D\_ID=id2,D=100 1

W=zabra,D\_ID=id2,D=100 1

W=\*,D\_ID=id2 100

D=\* 1

.

.

.

# **Sort After Mapper 1:**

- D=\* 1
- D=\* 1
- D=\* 1
- W=\*,D\_ID=id1 560
- W=\*,D\_ID=id2 100
- W=\*,D\_ID=idn 500
- W=alpha,D\_ID=id1,D=560 1
- W=alpha,D\_ID=id2,D=100 1
- W=beta,D\_ID=id1,D=560 1
- W=beta,D\_ID=id2,D=100 1
- W=zebra,D\_ID=id1,D=560 1
- W=zabra,D\_ID=id2,D=100 1
- W=zebra,D\_ID=idn,D=500 1

### **Reducer 1:**

#### Pseudo-Code:

```
#Calculatea avg doc length and reduce counts
total\_doc\_cnt = 0
total\_word\_cnt = 0
for line in sys.stdin:
  m = line.split("\t")
  event = m[0]
  cnt = int(m[1].replace("\n",""))
  if "W=*" in event: #Using W* just to calculate avg document length
    total_doc_cnt += 1 #Not printing document length again,
    total_word_cnt += cnt #as it is already included in word string
  else:
    if event == event_prev:
       cnt_prev += cnt
    else:
       if event_prev != "":
         print event_prev, "\t", cnt_prev, "\n"
         cnt_prev = cnt
         event_prev = event
```

#To print last event because it won't go in the if as there won't be any event after that

print event\_prev, "\t", cnt\_prev, "\n"

#Print avg\_length of the document

print "avgdl", "\t", (total\_word\_cnt/total\_doc\_cnt)

### Mapper 2:

# Pseudo-Code:

```
for line in sys.stdin:
  m = line.split("\t")
  event = m[0]
  cnt = int(m[1].replace("\n",""))
  if "W=" in event and "Y=" in event:
    if event == event_prev:
                                   #Print as it is and accumulate count
       print event, "\t", cnt, "\n" #W=alpha,D_ID=id1,D=560
                                                                 50
       cnt prev += 1
    else:
       if event prev!= "":
         print event_prev, "\t", cnt_prev, "\n"
         word = extract_word_from_event(event_prev) #extract alpha from
      W=alpha,D_ID=id1,D=560
         print "W=", word, "D_ID=*\t", cnt_prev #Print number of
      documents containing word
         cnt_prev = 1
         event_prev = event
```

#To print last event because it won't go in the if as there won't be any event after that

word = extract\_word\_from\_event(event\_prev) #extract alpha from W=alpha,D\_ID=id1,D=560

$$W=alpha,D_ID=*$$
 60

avgdl 999

#### **Reducer 2:**

#### Pseudo-Code:

#Sort will just bring n(wi) term at the beginning of every W=word,D\_ID=id,D=cnt

#so that it eases calculation in mapper 3 and we don't have to store n(wi) for every word

#W=alpha,D\_ID=\* will automatically come before "W=alpha,D\_ID=id1,D=560" because of sort

# Output:

avgdl 999

D=\* 777

$$W=alpha,D_ID=*$$
 60

### $W=beta,D_ID=*80$

### *W=zebra,D\_ID=\*11*

### Mapper 3:

#### Pseudo-Code:

#This will store query in memory and stream throught the conunts stored from

#reducer 2 and calculte score for every di and qi

#Assume counts from mapper 2 are coming from standard input

```
Q = file.read("Query")
```

for line in sys.stdin:

```
m = line.split("\t")
event = m[0]
cnt = int(m[1].replace("\n", ""))
if event == "avgdl":
```

avgdl = cnt #it will come first because of sorting

if "D\_ID=\*" in line:

$$n_wi = cnt$$

word, did, D = extract\_word\_id\_D\_from\_event(event) #Parsing based on #commas and equal to sign

if word in Q:

#d2,q2 0.04

#### **Reducer 3:**

#### Pseudo-Code:

```
#As every statement in mapper output start with documet id,
# The input to reducer will be sorted based on document id, hence score for
# all queries for document will come sequentilly
#Reducer will just add the scores and print final score for each document
d_prev = ""
for line in sys.stdin:
  m = line.split("\t")
  event = m[0]
  d,q = extract_dq_from_event(event)
  score = int(m[1].replace("\n",""))
  if d == d_prev:
    score_prev += score
  else:
    if d_prev != "":
       print d, "score(", d ,",Q") =, score_prev
       cnt_prev = score
```

$$d_prev = d$$

$$d_prev = d$$

#To print last event becuase it won't go in the if as there won't be any event after that

$$d1, score(d1, Q) = 0.08$$

$$d2, score(d2, Q) = 0.09$$

$$d3, score(d1, Q) = 0.08$$

$$d4, score(d2, Q) = 0.09$$