



NORMALIZED ORDER ERD

Proof of 3NF Compliance:

1. The tables are in 1NF:
- each table cell value is single and unique

2. The tables are in 2NF:
-The tables are in 1NF
-The non-key attributes are functionally dependent on the primary key

For the tables to be in 3NF, conditions are:

- 1. The table should be in 2NF
- 2. There should not exist any type of transitivity dependency among non-key attributes

Previously, there existed a transitivity dependency in the Payment table where:

cid -> number

number -> expDate,
number -> cardholder,
number -> billingZipCode

cid -> expDate,
cid -> cardholder,
cid -> billingZipCode

To make the tables in 3NF, a table called CreditCard is generated where number is treated as a primary key.

The non-key attributes no longer have any transitive dependency on one another after the creation of CreditCard table.

The functional dependencies after converting the schema into 3NF form is as follows:

1. CreditCard:

number -> expDate
number -> cardholder
number -> billingZipCode

2. Payment:

cid -> number
cid -> amount
cid -> sid
cid -> pay_type_id

Thus, proved that above relational schema is in 3NF form.

Assumptions:

- 1. one sid can have multiple quantities of same SKU
- 2. one sid can have more than 2 cids (for eg: users pay remainder in multiple installments) (previous design was restricting more than 2 payments)
- 3. number was a primary key for credit card, so created a separate table for Credit card details
- 4. ItemName is non-unique value which renders it to be not considered as a key
- 5. cid is generated as unique id for the payment of every sale

Functional Dependencies:

1. CreditCard:

number -> expDate
number -> cardholder
number -> billingZipCode

2. Payment:

cid -> number
cid -> amount
cid -> sid
cid -> pay_type_id

3. Sale:

sid -> date
sid -> delNotes

4. SaleItemJunction:

sid ->SKU
{sid,SKU} -> quantity

5. Item:

SKU -> ItemName
SKU -> QuantityInStock
SKU -> UnitPrice
SKU -> currencyTypeId

6. ItemCurrencyType:
currencyTypeId ->Currency